CITY, TOWN

 $H_{e1ena}$ 

PH\$356182

### DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED AUG 2 1976

STATE

Montana

INVENTORY NOMINATION FORM			DATE ENTERED SEP 1 1976	
SE	E INSTRUCTIONS IN <i>HOV</i> TYPE ALL ENTRIES	VTO COMPLETE NATION COMPLETE APPLICAB		S
1 NAME	Missoula County C			
AND/OR COMMO	N			
LOCATIO	ON			
STREET & NUMBE	r 20 West Broadway		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ІСТ
STATE	lissoula	VICINITY OF CODE	#1	CODE
	[ontana	30	Missoula	063
CLASSIF	CATION			
CATEGOR	Y OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	X PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITIO		ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	<b>X</b> GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	XYES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
OWNER	OF PROPERTY			
NAME Cou	nty of Missoula			
STREET & NUMBE	R West Broadway			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Mis	soula _	VICINITY OF	Montana	
LOCATIO	ON OF LEGAL DESC	CRIPTION		
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEE	DS,ETC. Clerk & Rec	order's Office, M	issoula County	Courthouse
STREET & NUMBE	r 220 West Br	o a dwa w		
CITY, TOWN	ZZO West Di	Oadway	STATE	
Missoula			Montana	
6 REPRESE	ENTATION IN EXIS	TING SURVEYS		
TITLE 1973	Survey of Historic	Architecture in	Montana, John N	I. DeHaas, Jr
DATE Novem	ber 19, 1973	FEDERAL _XSTATECOUNTYLOCAL		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Recreation & Par	ks Div. Dept. of	Fish & Game 1	420 E. 6th /



\_\_GOOD

XFAIR

#### CONDITION

**CHECK ONE** 

**CHECK ONE** 

\_\_EXCELLENT \_\_DETERIORATED

\_\_RUINS

\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_\_UNALTERED

X\_ORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Missoula County Courthouse occupies a full tree-perimetered city block on a busy thoroughfare. Expressive of the stability of local government, the present building was erected in 1908-10 on the site of the old county courthouse. The building was designed by A. J. Gibson, architect of Missoula. The neo-classical sandstone structure is two stories on elevated basement. The exterior walls are of native sandstone, and the base and piers are heavily rusticated and three feet thick.

The main or south facade differs from the other facades by having a portico of a pediment supported by paired Ionic columns. These columns are giant order and flank the main entry. Entry is gained by a short flight of native granite steps. The other facades have slightly projecting pediments supported by rusticated piers and single columns. The east and west facades have concrete balconies, enhanced by galvanized iron grills at the main floor, below which are doors to the elevated basement. These doors were originally oak with beveled glass. A circular window framed by ornate mouldings is centered in each of the four tympana. The roof cornice and the frames of the pediments are of galvanized iron. The hip roof and the pediments are covered with slate shingles.

Centrally located above the internal axes of the building is an internal dome, crowned externally by a clock tower with clocks on all four sides. The dome of the clock tower is reinforced concrete covered by galvanized iron panels. Within the clock tower is a large bell which weighs two tons. Above the tower dome is a small lantern structure.

The original paired copper doors of the main entry had black iron studs and large beveled glass lights, but they have been replaced by contemporary glass doors. Above the doors is a small triangular pediment supported by piers which in turn are flanked by vertical panels of beveled glass in copper frames. Above the pediment is a semi-circular arched opening with an S-scroll keystone. Within this opening is a large plate glass window framed by an arched panel of glass in copper frames. The north entry is similar to the south entry, but not identical.

Having passed through the main entry, a wide flight of stairs of marble leads to the main or first floor. The stairs have curved cast iron stringers, wrought iron balustrade and grill, and wood handrails. On either side of these stairs a short flight of five risers leads downward to the basement offices. On the main floor a rotunda extends upward through the second floor and culminates in the ornately decorated dome. The upper part of the dome has glass panels with electric lights behind them. The plastered columns that support the rotunda are Doric on the basement level, Ionic on the main floor, and Corinthian on the second floor, the judicial level of the building. Capitals and cornice within the rotunda are also cast plaster.

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY
RECEIVED AUG 2 1976

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE 2 of 2

DATE ENTERED

The interior walls are basically plaster over structural clay tile, and the walls are still painted the original colors. There is a three foot marble wainscot in the entry and rotunda. Throughout the interior one can observe the subtle decorative classical motifs, such as the egg and dart moulding, the Greek fret and acanthus leaf, employed to accent the interior surface plains. With the exception of the main staircase, the floors are ceramic tile. Especially noteworthy are the eight murals mounted on the walls of the south entry. They were executed by the famed western artist, Edgar S. Paxson.

Besides the altered doors, modifications to the courthouse have been minor. Internal wiring and plumbing are basically intact, evident in the old plumbing fixtures. Although many lighting fixtures are still in use today, modern flourescent fixtures have been installed to boost the light level in various areas. The largest alteration to the site has been the 1966 addition on the north of a new adjoining office building, which is slightly larger in volume. It is a reinforced concrete structure with pre-cast concrete panel facade.

### PERIOD AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW

PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORICARCHEOLOGY-HISTORICAGRICULTURE _XARCHITECTURE	COMMUNITY PLANNINGCONSERVATIONECONOMICSEDUCATION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURELAWLITERATUREMILITARY	RELIGIONSCIENCESCULPTURESOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799 1800-1899 	XART  COMMERCE  COMMUNICATIONS	ENGINEERINGEXPLORATION/SETTLEMENTINDUSTRYINVENTION	MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	THEATERTRANSPORTATIONOTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES 19

1908-1910

BUILDER/ARCHITECT Williams & Oliver Co./ A.J. Gibson

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Missoula County Courthouse is a prominent architectural monument to local government in one of the oldest political subdivisions in the state of Montana. Furthermore, it contains eight murals by Edgar S. Paxson, Missoula artist famed for his western paintings.

Missoula County was first designated in 1860 as all of Washington Territory between 115' longitude and the main ridge of the Rocky Mountains. The county seat was placed at Hell's Gate. The county became part of Idaho Territory in 1863 and Montana Territory in 1864, and in 1866 a newly elected county government moved the county seat four miles east to the new town of Missoula. Courthouse quarters were rented until 1870 when the original courthouse was built on the same site as the current courthouse. Missoula county was one of nine original counties of Montana Territory and it has since been subdivided to form Flathead, Ravalli, Sanders and Mineral Counties, and parts of Lake and Granite Counties. In additon, Missoula County annexed portions of Powell and Granite Counties, with final boundary shifts occuring in 1943.

Most of the population of the county today is centered around the city of Missoula. Missoula originated in 1865 when Higgins and Warden moved their stores from Hell's Gate four miles east to the mouth of Hell Gate Pass. They also built a saw mill and grist mill. A second store was established in 1966 by Bonner and Welsh, the county commissioners moved the country seat in that year and the town was begun. Farming, ranching and lumbering have provided Missoula's economic base.

By 1907, the old Missoula County Courthouse had become too small. A bond issue for \$175,000 was passed and A. J. Gibson, a local architect, was hired to design the new building. Williams and Oliver Company of Spokane, Washington, received the contract to build it. The cornerstone was layed in 1908 and the building was completed in 1910.

Edgar Paxson was commissioned to paint the eight murals for the south entrance to the courthouse for a fee of \$1,000. The murals depict Native Americans and early white men and together they highlight the early history of the Missoula County area.

### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Lenora Koelbel, Missoula the Way it Was, Gateway Printing & Litho, Missoula, Montana 1972 Inventory of the County Archieves of Montana, The Historical Record Record Survey, Missoula County, 1938 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 2.02 acres **UTM REFERENCES** VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION All of Block 19, Higgins Additon, Missoula, Missoula County, Montana. LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE CODE CODE COUNTY STATE FORM PREPARED BY John N. DeHaas, Jr., Architect, Fredric L Quie, Architectural NAME / TITLE Historian ORGANIZATION Recreation and Parks Division DATE Department of Fish and Game June 28, 1976 STREET & NUMBER 1420 E. 6th Avenue (406) 449-3750CITY OR TOWN Helena Montana 2 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL \_X NATIONAL \_\_\_\_ STATE\_ As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE TITLE **DATE** Montana State Historic Preservation Officer July 23, 1976 FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE DATE ACULDA KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER