#### **United States Department of the Interior**

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**National Park Service** 

MAY 1 8 1987

# National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

1. Name of Property			
	rs, George House		
other names/site number N/A	·		
2. Location			
street & number 305 North 1	Maple Street		not for publication
city, town Black Creek			ti ∕ <u>A</u> vicinity
state Wisconsin code	WI <b>county</b> Outaga	amie <b>code</b> 08	7 zip code 54106
3. Classification		<del></del>	
Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Reso	ources within Property
x private	X building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing
public-local	district	1	buildings
public-State	site		sites
public-Federal	structure		structures
public-i ederal	object	·	objects
			- Total
Name of related multiple property lis	ting:		ibuting resources previously
N/A		listed in the Nat	ional Register0
4. State/Federal Agency Certifi	cation		
National Register of Historic Place In my opinion, the property of me  Signature of certifying official  State Historic Preserv  State or Federal agency and bureau  In my opinion, the property me  Signature of commenting or other office	eets does not meet the Nation	al Register criteria. See	continuation sheet.  SIGET  Date
State or Federal agency and bureau			
5. National Park Service Certifi	cation		
I, hereby, certify that this property is			
entered in the National Register.  See continuation sheet.  determined eligible for the Nation Register.  See continuation sheet  determined not eligible for the National Register.	Allores Sy	Intered in the National Reg	
removed from the National Regis other, (explain:)	ter		
	Signati	ure of the Keeper	Date of Action

6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)			
Domestic / Single Dwelling	Domestic / Single Dwelling			
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)			
	foundation Limestone			
Bungalow	walls Brick			
Colonial Revival				
	roof Asphalt			
	other Shingle			
	Concrete			

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The George Peters House is located one block east of Main Street near the intersection of Highways 47 & 54 on a <u>tree-lined residential street</u>. Abutting the principal commercial district of Black Creek, the building is a <u>one-story</u> Colonial Revival Bungalow of masonry construction built in 1909.

The plan configuration of the building is rectangular and the roof is hipped with a pedimented central dormer on the north, east and south elevations. The foundations are rock-faced ashlar limestone, the walls are red brick with a stretcher bond, the roofing materials are composition shingles, and the dormers are surfaced in wood shingles. Each of the proinent roof dormers contains a series of three, double-hung windows. A canted bay is located on the north facade, a right-angle bay on the south facade. The windows have double-hung single-paned wooden sash and painted concrete lintels and sills. The broad, overhanging eaves are boxed and ornamented by flat modillions.

The enclosed full-width front porch is colonaded and included under the main roof. The colonade members consist of painted rock-faced limestone pedestals and shafts, crowned by denticulated capitals. An enclosed, wooden rear porch is located on the northwest corner of the house and features a slender wood column at the corner. A single brick chimney rises from the roof. Simple unornamented concrete steps lead up to main entry.

The front entry leads into an L-shaped area segregated into three high-ceiling rooms by columned archways and Craftsman-style ceiling fixtures. Two bedrooms and a kitchen complete the first floor, the later having been the dining room prior to the removal of the basement kitchen to the first floor. The second floor consists of one large room.

The property is distinguished from its neighborhood by a riverstone retaining wall along the front property line, and by the mature cedars which surround the house and create a small grove to the south. No outbuildings exist on the lot.

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8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this proper	erty in relation to other properties:  statewide	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B Z C	□D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	□D □E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)  Architecture	Period of Significance 1909	Significant Dates 1909
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Builder: Kundert, J.N. 1	
∑. Je		

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The George Peters House is nominated to the National Register for its local significance under criterion C. The Peters House embodies the distinctive characteristics of the <u>Bungalow period of construction</u> as influenced by Colonial Revival design. Featuring among other typical details, the low ground-hugging profile, sizable porch areas and prominent roof dormers of the Bungalow style, the building is reflective of a period of significant growth and achievement in the community.

Historical Background

The George Peters House is located in Black Creek, a small lumber settlement which came to life with the arrival of the Green Bay & Western Railroad in 1871. Largely populated by German immigrants in the 19th century, Black Creek developed into a trade and shipping center for local dairy and farm products after the turn of the century. The Bank of Black Creek organized in 1903, and in 1904 with a population of 486 the village incorporated and began construction of its village hall and fire station. A post office and opera house followed in 1911, electricity in 1915, and the Wisconsin Northern Railraod in 1917.

The George Peters House was built in 1909 during this period of development. Peters was the only son of a prominent German immigrant and pioneer. He began his business career as manager of a local general store and became cashier of the Bank of Black Creek, which was organized by his family. Peters acted as cashier until his death in 1936, and served as treasurer of various civic entities, including the local fire company, school board, and boosters. In the absense of a local attorney, he also studied law and provided free legal counsel to the residents of Black Creek. Peters' widow lived in the house until her death in the 1960s.

Architecture

The George Peters House embodies the distinctive characteristics of the

See continuation sheet

9. Major Bibliographical Heterences	
Burdick, A.E. Black Creek: History From	Early Days. Private 1937. Black Creek, WI.
	mie County State Centennial Committee, 1949. r Printing Co. Appleton, WI.
Ryan, Thomas H. History of Outagamie Cou	nty. Goodspeed Historical Assoc. Chicago, II
**************************************	ement in Wisconsin: Vol 2. Madison: State sconsin. 1986. (Architectural themes)
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	See continuation sheet
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	Primary location of additional data:  State historic preservation office  Other State agency  Federal agency  Local government  University  Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Specify repository:  NRHP files
10. Geographical Data  Acreage of property	
UTM References  A 1 6 3 8 4 7 1 0 4 9 2 5 6 5 0  Zone Easting Northing  C 1	B Zone Easting Northing D
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Original Plat, Block 1, Lots 8 and 9 and 9 Village of Black Creek.	the North 10 feet of Lot 10.
	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes the entire city lot with the property.	area that has historically been associated
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title xxx Peter J. Adams	
organization Peter James Adams & Associates	·
street & number P.O.Box 341	
city or town <u>Neenah</u>	state <u>WI</u> zip code <u>54956</u>

#### United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

### National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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		9-	Peters,	George House,	Black Creek	Outagamie	County,	W.

Bungalow period of construction as influenced by Colonial Revival design. Constructed during a period of local prosperity, the Peters House is distinguished from other Bungalows in Black Creek by the formality of its colonaded porch and central pedimented dormers, by the vivid contrast of the red brick walls against the white lintels and sills, and by the cultivated restraint of its classical interior and exterior detail.

The architectural study unit of the Cultural Resource Management Plan identifies the Colonial Revival influence as one of the three major stylistic variations in the Bungalow period of construction. The CRM Plan states that a systematic study of the Bungalow has not been undertaken, but that intensive surveys have identified architecturally significant Bungalows and Bungalow districts that portray a significant era in local architectural developement. While Black Creek has not been the subject of an intensive survey, comparable Bumgalows can be found at various locations on the north and east sides of the village. (104 S. Maple Street, 310 S. Maple, 407 and 501 N. Clark 206 South Main, and 501 North Main.) These other examples are more typical clapboard and stucco Bungalows and do not contain the refinements and stylistic motifs visible on the Peters House. They do not constitute a Bungalow district, a context consideration of specific note in the CRMP. Thus within the local environment, the Peters House stands as a distinctive example of a period and style of construction closely associated with an era of dynamic growth and change.

- 1) Black Creek Times: August 19,1909, page 1
- 2) Ryan, Thomas H. History of Outagamie County, p. 1368.
- Kelly, Muriel. Outagamie County: Yesterday and Today, p.37
- 4) Burdick, A.E. Black Creek: History From Early Days, p.35
- 5) Ryan, p.1369
- 6) Black Creek Times, June 9, 1904, 1; July 16, 1908, 1; March 8,1917, 1.
- 7) Adella Peters Melchert: interview February 3, 1987.

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Section number Photos Page \_\_\_ 1 Peters, George House, Black Creek, Outagamie County, WI

Photographic materials - Identification Peters, George House Black Creek, Outagaimie County, WI Photo by Peter Adams: 1986 November. Negatives at State Historical Society of Wisconsin. -Photo # 1 of 8 View from East. -Photo # 2 of 8 View from southeast corner. -Photo # 3 of 8 View from southwest corner. -Photo # 4 of 8 View from west (rear of house). -Photo # 5 of 8 View from morthwest corner. -Photo # 6 of 8 View from northeast corner. -Photo # 7 of 8 Front Riverstone wall. -Photo # 8 of 8 View of front rooms looking towards entry.