United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received MAY 3.0 1985 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Topeka

city, town

1. Name

historic Mi	ddle Creek Tributa	ary Bridge (Multin	1) Bach Billyou	(Mainsold)
and/or common			•	
2. Loca	ation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
street & number	5.8 miles	west of Princeton	. n/	a_ not for publication
city, town Pr	inceton	_x_ vicinity of		
state Kan	sas c	ode ²⁰ county	Franklin	code ⁵⁹
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) _X structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered n/a	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prop	erty		
name Fran	klin County	······		
street & number	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	v Courthouse		
city, town	Ottawa	vicinity of	state	Kansas
5. Loca	ation of Leg	gal Description	on	
courthouse, real	stry of deeds, etc.	egister of Deeds		
street & number	Franklin County	7 Courthouse		
city, town	Ottawa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	state	Kansas
6. Rep	resentatior	n in Existing	Surveys	
Survey o:	f Historic Bridges epartment of Trans		perty been determined elig	gible? yes _X no
date 1980-			federal state	e county local
depository for su	Irvey records Kansas	s State Historical So		

state

Kansas

.

7. Description

Condition		Check one
excellent	deteriorated	$\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ unaltered
_x good	ruins	altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one _____ original site ____ moved date .

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Middle Creek Tributary bridge is 24 feet long and 25 feet wide curb to curb. The roadway lies 11.5 feet above the water level.

The corrugated metal multiplate arch springs from and is disposed between concrete and stone abutments. The stone spandrel walls project upward to the crown of the arch. They are capped by a course of vertically set stones upon which rests a stone guard railing. The guard rail features a concrete cap. A dressed keystone sits at the crown of the ring stones and extends through the spandrel wall cap stones. Short stone wing walls are located at each approach.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications	• •	g landscape architecture law literature milltary music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	[1930]	Builder/Architect	Jnknown	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Middle Creek Tributary bridge retains its integrity of location, design, setting, materials, feeling and association. It embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type and method of construction no longer being used and may yield information important to the history of engineering.

Research has failed to reveal details about the construction of the Brush Creek bridge. Metal multiplate bridges were being built before World War II and after the metal sections again became available after the war they were widely advocated by companies such as Armco whose Missouri-Kansas division was located in Topeka.

The bridge represents the combination of two materials, steel and stone, that at one time were in serious competition as a bridge building medium. It had become faster and more economical to build the arch out of steel and then the spandrel walls from the readily available stone. The final result was a strong and economical bridge that still harmonized with the natural environment.

THIS STATEMENT REFLECTS CURRENT KNOWLEDGE AND IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

Major Bibliographical References 9.

"Steel is Honorably Discharged," Kansas Engineering Society Bulletin 6 (October, 1945): 6.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <a>Less than one acre Quadrangle name <a>Williamsburg , KansasQuadrangle scale <a>1:24,000 UTM References						
A 1 15 2 9 2 7 8 0 4 2 6 2 8 9 0 Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing					
G						
Verbal boundary description and justification	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
That property on and over which the bridge is built including bridge structure and abutments. SW4 SW4 S12 - T18S - R18E						
List all states and counties for properties overlappin	g state or county boundaries					
state n/a code c	ounty code					
	ounty code					
11. Form Prepared By						
name/title Larry Jochims, Research Historian	and Michael Snell					
name/title Larry Jochims, Research Historian						
organization Kansas State Historical Society	date 2/20/85					
street & number 120 W. Tenth	(913) 296-2973					
city or town Topeka	state Kansas					
12. State Historic Preserv	ation Officer Certification					
The evaluated significance of this property within the state i	e.					
v	bcal					
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. State Historic Preservation Officer signature						
title Executive Director, Kansas State Historical Society date 3/4/85						
For NPS use only						
I hereby certify that this property is included in the Nat	ional Register					
Keeper of the National Register						

date

Attest:

Chief of Registration