National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

SEP 05 1989

NATIONAL REGISTER

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in *Guldelines* for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries.

(Commodulation).	1	
1. Name of Property		
historic name Hayre Residential Historic District	t.	
other names/site number		
2. Location		
street & number Roughly bounded by 3rd St; 7th Ave.; 10th	h St : and r	n /a not for publication
city, town Hayre Montana A		n/a vicinity
state Montana code 030 county Hill	code 04	
state MONEGIIG code 020 coditis UTTI	COGO 04.	2ip code 33301
3. Classification		
Ownership of Property Category of Property	Number of Dec	ausee within Dranerty
		ources within Property
x private	Contributing	Noncontributing
y public-local x district	419_	203 buildings
public-State site		sites
x public-Federal structure	1	structures
object	1	objects
	420	<u>203</u> Total
Name of related multiple property listing:	Number of cont	tributing resources previously
n/a , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		tional Register6
4. State/Federal Agency Certification		
National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and profession	itation standards fo onal require <u>me</u> nts	set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.
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Properties previously listed in the National Register of Historic Places

Carnegie Public Library, 439 Fourth Ave., built in 1914 and listed in the National Register on July 24, 1986.

Young-Almas House and Carriage House, 419 Fourth Ave., built in 1914 and listed in the National Register on October 14, 1980.

H. Earl Clack House and Garage, 532 Second Ave., built in 1927 and listed in the National Register on October 24, 1985.

Havre Post Office and Courthouse, 306 Third Ave., built c. 1932 and listed in the National Register on March 14, 1986.

6. Function or Use	
Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions)	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)
Domestic: single dwelling, multiple	Domestic: single dwelling, multiple
dwelling, secondary structure	dwelling, secondary structure
Education: school, library	Education: school, library
Religion: church	Religion: church
Government: county courthouse, post office	Government: courthouse, post office
7. Description	``````````````````````````````````````
Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions)	Materials (enter categories from instructions)
	foundation stone, concrete
Queen Anne, Colonial Revival, Craftsman	walls stucco, weatherboard, shingle
	brick, sandstone, limestone
	roof wood shingle, asphalt
	other pressed tin, terra cotta,
	asbestoes

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

Located immediately to the south of the town's commercial core, the Havre Residential Historic District consists of approximately 37 blocks of solidly upper and middle-class, early 20th century housing. Roughly bounded by Third St., Sixth Ave., Eleventh St., and First Ave., the Havre Residential Historic District also includes within its boundaries two significant civic buildings, four historic churches and two historic school buildings. The vast majority of the buildings within the district are single- or multi-family residences (412) with their associated garages (178). The historic buildings contained within the district's boundaries represent settlement and development in Havre, Montana from c.1895 to 1940. The architectural integrity of buildings is high and the historical associations are intact.

Havre is situated on the Bull Hook Creek and Milk River flood plain and surrounded by a series of bluffs and ravines. The Bear Paw mountains rise from the gently rolling plains ten miles southeast of the city. Evidence suggests that the site was once used as a camping place by the nomadic Blackfeet, Gros Ventre and Chippewa-Cree Indians.

The tree-lined streets of the historic district delineate a standard grid-pattern, which was platted during the first years of the 20th century on mostly level ground with some small rises. The lots measure 30 x 100 feet. The regular spacing and setbacks of the houses lend an impression of orderliness and economic security for the owners. The houses, schools, churches and civic buildings within the historic district are associated with both the early settlement of Havre and the evolution of the city from a largely frontier community economically reliant upon trade with Fort Assinniboine to the progressively-oriented Montana division point of the Great Northern Railway. The vast majority of persons who chose to build within the historic district depended largely upon the Great Northern Railway and trade associated with the agricultural settlement of the northern plains for economic stability.

The Havre Residential Historic District clearly exemplifies the three distinct phases of development in Havre from c.1895 to 1940. Ninety per cent of the houses in the district were built within a thirty year period from 1900-1930 and reflect the changes in the city's economy and social composition during that time. Although a limited number of early Queen Anne/Colonial Revival, Neo-Colonial and American 4-square residences add interest to the streetscapes, the Craftsman style and bungalow dwellings dating from 1907-1929 visually

8. Statement of Significance	\	
Certifying official has considered the significance of this prope	erty in relation to other properties:	
nationally	statewide X locally	
Applicable National Register Criteria XA BXC	\Box D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions) XA B C	DD DE DF DG	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions)	Period of Significance	Significant Dates
	1	1904-07
Architecture	1895-1940	1913-17
Community Development		1927-29
	:	
	Cultural Affiliation	
	n/a	
Significant Person	Architect/Builder	
n/a	Frank Bossuot, Chris	t Fuglevand.
	Charles C. Harper	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Havre Residential Historic District represents the development of Havre, Montana from its origins as a small supply depot on the Great Northern Railroad right-of-way to a progressive, middle- and working-class city with a fairly diversified economic base. The residences constructed within the historic district between 1895 and 1940 illustrate the transition from large Queen Anne/Colonial Revival houses to more modest, single-family, Craftsman and bungalow style dwellings, which reflects the change in the character of the residential district from an essentially elite enclave to a large middle-class neighborhood during the early 20th century. As the influence of Progressive era reformers became quite pronounced during the early 20th century, the city began to develop water and sewer systems, light the main streets, introduce natural gas for domestic use and, most importantly, lobby for the creation of Hill County, with Havre as the designated seat of county government. Havre's influential progressives also organized the Home Builders Investment Company in 1913 for the specific purpose of providing affordable homes for purchase, rental or speculation to the community's growing middle-class. While Havre's commercial district has been greatly altered and largely demolished since 1940, the residential historic district that developed concurrently exists today as an architecturally intact and cohesive collection of buildings that mark off the city's historic periods of unusual prosperity.

During the first years of settlement, Havre's entrepreneurs by and large relied upon trade with the U.S. military personnel stationed at Fort Assinniboine, located five miles southwest of town. Supply and entertainment industries dominated the city's economy even after Havre was designated as a Great Northern Railway division point in 1893. The fortunes of many of Havre's early capitalists who built their homes within the historic district were accumulated from the profits of supplying the Fort with its particular needs during the 1880s

Grits, Guts and Gusto: A History of Hill County. Compiled by the Hill County Bicentennial Commission. (Havre: Bear Paw Printers, 1976), p. 56.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
see continuation sheet	
·	
	X See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	X State historic preservation office
x previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register	Federal agency
designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository: Hayre-Hill County Library
Record #	mayre-niii County Library
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property <u>ca. 110 acres</u>	
Acreage of property	
UTM References	
A 1, 2 5 9, 8 0, 4, 0 5, 3 7, 8 0, 5, 0	B 1 2 5 9 7 8 4 0 5 3 7 7 2 0 0
Zone Easting Northing	Zone Easting Northing
$C \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 9 & 7 & 4 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 3 & 7 & 7 & 3 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	D 1 2 5 9 7 2 3 0 5 3 7 7 7 0 0
F 4445555555555555555555555555555555555	
E: 12/597220/5378070	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
Verbai boundary Description	
see continuation sheet	
T22N. D16F. conting 0	X See continuation sheet
T32N; R16E; section 8	
Boundary Justification	
see continuation sheet	
see continuation sneet	
	X See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Jon Axline	
organization Bear Paw Development Corp.	date March, 1989
street & number Third Ave.	telephone <u>265-9226</u>
city or townHavre	state Montana zip code 59501

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dominate the historic district. More unusual styles, such as Beaux Arts and Neo-Classical are represented by the major civic buildings found at the north edge of the district: the Hill County Courthouse, the Federal Courthouse and Post Office, and the Masonic Temple.

Three short booms in residential construction occurred in Havre during the historic period, resulting in the construction of over fifty percent of the existing residences within the district: & between 1905-07, 35% between 1913-1917, 11% between 1927-29. Each peak in residential construction was characterized by distinct preferences in architectural styles, and reflected significant social and economic changes in the community.

For the purposes of this nomination, three broader construction periods have been identified, based upon the predominant styles and qualities of residences erected, as described below.

1895-1906 Early Settlement

During the initial settlement phase, the bulk of the housing construction activity in Havre was centered within the commercial district and on the east side of town where the Great Northern Railway shops were located. Within the Havre Residential Historic District, a few large residences were erected by Havre's social and economic elite, built when the city began to expand southward away from the commercial district shortly after the turn of the century. Predominant housing styles employed during the first phase of building within the historic district were Queen Anne and transitional Queen Anne/Colonial Revival. The houses were concentrated primarily at the northwestern edge of the district on First and Second Avenues and Third Street.

Outstanding examples of the Queen Anne style residences are the first house of H. Earl Clack at 320 First Ave. (c.1904), the H.W. Stringfellow House at 332 Second Ave. (1903), the J.H. Matthews House at 124 Third St. (c.1895), the A.D. Smith House at 202 Third St. (c.1904), and the turreted Joseph Gussenhoven House, which is known as "The Castle" at 26 Third St. (1903). With the exception of the stone first story of the Clack House and the two-and-one-half-story brick Gussenhoven House, all of the 55 buildings dating to this early phase of settlement were of frame construction.

The best preserved example of Queen Anne styling within the district is the W.T. Barrett House at 412 Second Ave. (c.1902). This well designed, gable-fronted residence features the classic irregular plan and highly textural sheathing materials, composed of narrow-reveal clapboard, imbricated shingle banding, a sunburst pattern in the gable end and basket weave lattice work on the porch pediment. A number of smaller Queen Anne cottages were also constructed in the district during this period by local businessmen and railroad employees. These houses often exhibit influences of the Stick style and Shingle style.

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Speculative building played an important role in the history of the development of the Havre Residential Historic District, and this trend began at the start of the historic period. At least four sets of triplicate houses were built between 1900 and 1906. Three vernacular four-square, hip-roofed cottages were erected to accommodate railroad workers c. 1902 at 437, 441 and 443 Second Ave. A number of vernacular gable-front-and-wing houses of the period were built for rental purposes, including the triplicate houses at 52 and 48 Third St. and 312 First Ave., which were built c.1902. Three one-and-one-half-story, gable-fronted residences were built in 1902 at 421, 427 and 431 Second Ave. A popular design for a two-story, gable-front with side bay transitional Queen Anne/Colonial Revival house featuring a sunburst pattern in the gable end was built at 509 Third Ave. in c.1903, at 402 Third Ave. in c.1905, and again at 438 Second Ave. in c.1906.

1907-1929 Progressive Era Construction

The Craftsman bungalow became the preferred housing style by 1907. Over two hundred Craftsman style dwellings were erected within the historic district during this period of intense growth. Compared to Queen Anne style dwellings, the Craftsman style houses were generally smaller, one-story, wood frame residences with gable roofs and clapboard siding. As the middle class became more entrenched in Havre, and the civic improvements enacted by the Progressive Era politicians were completed, the need for a substantial number of new single-family dwellings became more apparent. The Craftsman houses provided a more open design suitable for the families of the growing middle-class. As a direct expression of progressive idealism in the United States, the decorative detailing on the Craftsman house, such as exposed rafters and brackets, was intrinsic to the structural integrity of the dwelling--making this housing style not only practical, but also efficient, and enormously popular. The relative low-cost of Craftsman style, single-family houses contributed to a decline in the number of boarding houses present on Havre's east side.

The first example of the Craftsman style house was built c.1904 at 437 1/2 Third Ave. Out of the hundreds of surviving examples of Craftsman style residences in Havre, some of the more outstanding are located at 803 Sixth Avenue, built in 1915 and 900 Sixth Avenue, built in 1914.

A distinctive variation of the Craftsman style residence, the Craftsman bungalow also enjoyed tremendous popularity in Havre. Bungalows incorporated exposed rafter ends and brackets into its design, and were often considerably larger than the simple Craftsman style residence when the second stories were opened up with shed-roofed or gable-roofed dormers. Full width, open front porches supported by battered columns were distinctive features of the bungalows. While the Craftsman

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houses were usually purchased by railroad workers such as conductors, engineers, car men or dispatchers, the bungalows more often became the homes of Havre's economic leaders such as Dr. Wright at 808 Fourth Ave. (1915), James Holland at 914 6th Ave. (1915), L.W. Mack at 628 Fourth Ave. (1913) and Claude F. Morris at 839 Fourth Ave. (1916). Some of the most architecturally significant examples of bungalow design in Havre are located at 900 Fifth Avenue (1916) and 536 Tenth Street (1917). The bungalow remained popular in Havre through the early 1920s.

Beginning with the city water and sewer systems in 1905, new services offered by the city and private companies increased almost annually. In 1911, the first electric street lights were operational along Second Street and Third Avenue and were quickly expanded onto the historic district's streets. In 1914, natural gas was offered to the community for domestic use by the Havre Natural Gas Company. When the gas lines were completed in 1916, Havre became the first Montana city to have natural gas for heating and cooking purposes. 2

The important Home Builders Investment Company (HBIC) was created by Havre's progressive group in 1913 to provide affordable housing to the many new arrivals in the city. The HBIC built many of the over one hundred houses constructed in Havre between 1913 and 1917 for either sale, rent or speculation. Since the majority of the new arrivals in Havre were employed in the railroad's passenger depot and freight warehouses, these new residents made substantially higher wages than their fellow workers in the shops.

The HBIC, moreover, provided opportunities for the myriad of independent contractors in the city, who were hired to build the HBIC houses. Principle among these was the firm of Fuglevand, Haberger and Sundberg. This company specialized in the construction of Craftsman and bungalow houses in the city. Examples of these are found at 606 Third Avenue (1914) and 835 Sixth Avenue (1915). Their work was characterized by a high degree of craftsmanship and an ability to work fast and complete a given number of houses each year for the HBIC. Other contractors who were employed by the HBIC during the 1910s included Delaney and Bossuot (408/412 and 416 Tenth St.) and Charles C. Harper. Many other contractors, such as Levi Forssen (905 Fourth Ave.) and Andrew Sundahl (900 Fifth Ave.), worked independently or for the big commercial companies such as F.A. Buttrey and the H. Earl Clack Companies. Havre entrepreneur L.W. Mack worked

Havre Plaindealer, April 22, 1911.

² <u>Havre Plaindealer</u>, November 27, 1915.

³ Articles of Incorporation. Home Builders Investment Company, dated October, 1913. Clerk and Recorders Office. Hill County Courthouse. Havre, Montana; <u>Havre Plaindealer</u>, October 25, 1913.

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both independently and with the HBIC to provide homes for the city's immigrants during the 1910s, such as the houses at 910 and 710-714 Fifth Ave.

The American declaration of war against the Central Powers in April, 1917 quickly put an end to the progressive influence on the city as the needs of the war took precedent over the needs of the private citizen. The scarcity of building materials contributed to a severe decline in the number of housing starts made in Havre in 1918, dropping from fourteen in 1917 to three in 1918.

Drought, insect infestation, declining agricultural prices and the needs of the U.S. military all contributed to a reverse migration from Montana between 1918 and 1923. Housing starts fell to a ten year low in 1922. The few houses constructed during this period remained the popular Craftsman and bungalow, but most were simpler in design and many of the more decorative features associated with the style during the previous decade were abandoned. Higher building material costs influenced a number of contractors to apply stucco to the exterior of their projects rather than more expensive clapboard siding. 702 Fifth Avenue, built in 1919, 604 Fifth Avenue, built in 1925 and 824 Sixth Avenue, built in 1922, are good examples of residences constructed during this period.

In 1925, the government awarded a contract to Havre plumber H. C. Ohland to demolish twenty-six of the remaining brick buildings at Fort Assinniboine and sell the materials as salvage to Havre builders. Ohland, in turn, offered the material at cheap prices and used some of the brick and a salvaged heating plant from one of the buildings to erect the Woodrow Apartments located at 622-636 Fifth Ave. Another documented use of the brick salvaged from Fort Assinniboine between 1925 and 1939 is found on the porch of 209-211 Seventh St.

Beginning in 1926, economic prosperity returned to Havre with a short, but intense, expansion of the Great Northern Railway's facilities in the city. The influx of new money contributed to a short building boom in Havre. Most of the houses on the 600 block of Sixth Ave. were built between 1927 and 1929 by Christ Fuglevand, shortly after he dissolved his partnership with Edward Sundberg. 629 Sixth Ave. is an unusual example of English Cottage style architecture built by Fuglevand for himself in 1929. Most of the late-1920s houses feature the less

⁴ 14. Michael Malone and Richard Roeder. Montana: A History of Two Centuries. (Seattle: University of Washington Press, 1976), pp. 217-18.

Havre Daily Promoter, July 12, 1925; Ibid, November 3, 1925.

⁶ Ibid, February 13, 1924; Havre Daily News Reporter, November 1, 1926.

Hill County Democrat, October 4, 1927.

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expensive stucco exterior. Another example of a house built in the late 1920s, is the Edward Athern house at 826 Fifth Ave. Unlike its stucco clad contemporaries a block to the east, this house is built of brick with stucco used as filler between the false half-timbering on the gable-end of the facade. The residential construction during the 1920s in Havre tended to follow the basic design precepts initiated during the Progressive era, but the simplification of form and decorative elements lend these houses a distinctive recession-period appearance.

1930-1940 Depression Era Construction

The immediate impact of the Great Depression was felt in Havre in 1930 when the railroad cut back services and many of the businesses in the city began to close their doors. Housing starts, which were on the rise from 1927 to 1929 once again drastically fell off. Instead, the number of building permits for additions to already existing houses increased as many residents of the city constructed apartment additions to their homes. This was done partially in response to a housing shortage for Northern Montana College students beginning in 1929, and the need to supplement smaller incomes by taking in boarders.

During the 1930s, the economic slow-down of the Great Depression dictated that housing built in Havre during the decade would continue in the pattern of simplified design and use of relatively inexpensive materials. The spare, onestory, stucco-clad Craftsman style house at 530 Sixth Ave., built in 1933, and the small one-story, clapboard-sided house at 612 First Ave., built in 1935, are good examples of this type of Depression era residences built during the 1930s. The decade also saw an increase in the number of duplexes built in the city to take advantage of the rental needs of the Northern Montana College students and people who were financially unable to purchase their own home in Havre. Of the five duplexes built during the decade, 530/536 Fifth St. (1938) and 625-627 Sixth Ave. (1938), both built by Christ Fuglevand, are typical examples of this housing development during the Great Depression. The H. Earl Clack Company built three duplexes in 1936 at 104-106, 110-112 Fourth Street and 405-415 First Avenue. Architectural styles in the Havre Residential Historic District culminated with the construction of an International-style house at 417 Ninth St. in 1940. The box-like design of the house with its distinctive banded windows set at the corners represents the only example of International styling within the historic district. Although this house stands as a clear stylistic departure from the previous three decades of housing construction, the garage located at the rear of the property reflects the old Craftsman style influence that still dominated architectural preference within the district.

The Works Progress Administration (WPA) was also active in Havre, and financed

⁸ Malone and Roeder. Montana, pp. 226-227.

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the construction of the two-story, brick Havre Junior High School (now Robins School) at 425 Sixth St. Typical of public buildings of the era, which are sometimes labeled stylistically as "Starved Classicism", the Junior High School is a simple block building with symmetrically organized multi-light casement windows and spare ornamentation. WPA workers also were involved in expanding the Devlin School on First Ave. (located outside the district boundaries) and in building stone retaining walls for houses located on the 700 block of Second Ave. The Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) was active making improvements on Beaver Creek in the mid-1930s.

A significant number of buildings within the Havre Residential Historic District were modified during two distinct periods: 1930-1938 and 1946-1951. The first batch of building additions were undertaken to provide apartment space for students attending Northern Montana College, which opened in 1929, and to allow homeowners to supplement their incomes by taking in boarders during the Great Depression. The construction of basement or second-floor apartments accessed by new exterior doorways typified the kinds of alterations completed during this period. In some instances, the interior floor plans of Craftsman style houses were divided in half lengthwise and new double-entry stoops were built to replace full-width front porches. In one case, two small Craftsman style houses were joined together in 1935 to make a three-unit dwelling (408-412 Tenth St.) Since these building alterations were completed during the historic period and reflected the changing economic and social patterns in the neighborhoods, they are considered to add to the historical significance of the district.

After the Second World War, returning soldiers flocked to the nation's colleges in quest of an education under the newly enacted G.I. Bill. Havre experienced another housing shortage during this period that was addressed primarily by another round of conversions of single-family houses into apartments. The upsurge in building permits that occurred between 1946-1951 reflects this pattern. Homeowners continued to add basement apartments and change a single-family unit into duplexes. Many of these late-1940s alterations were undertaken in a sensitive manner, using compatible materials, and do not seriously detract from the over-all integrity of the historic district.

Summary

Unlike the often severe deterioration of historic residences on the east side of Havre, which was a predominantly working class neighborhood, the condition of the buildings within the Havre Residential Historic District remains good to excellent. The residents of the historic district are still largely of the middle class today, which enables them to maintain the buildings in much the same manner as when they were constructed. While a few houses have lost a

⁹ Hill County Journal, January 27, 1935.

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considerable amount of historic fabric and distinctive decorative detailing as the result of modernization and owner preference, the vast majority have been well maintained through the years and accurately portray their original design and material qualities. A significant number of historic residences have been restored during recent years, such as the houses at 900 Fifth Ave., 419 Fourth Ave., and 509 Second Ave. Only seven historic houses within the historic district have been altered to point where their original styling is almost unrecognizable due to the application of synthetic siding, porch removal and replacement of original windows with fixed thermopane or sliding casement units. The majority of the 203 noncontributing elements in the historic district are recently constructed garages, which are located at the rear of the lots along the alleys and do not detract from the historic quality of the streetscapes.

The Havre Residential Historic District has remained virtually unchanged since the neighborhood attained near complete housing density prior to the Second World War. Few houses have been removed or demolished, indicating the enduring viability of this large neighborhood. Specific streets, such as Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Avenues, were developed at specific times during the 1910s and 1920s, which lends each a distinctive character that directly reflects the effect of the railroad and agricultural trade on the community development. The overall integrity of the houses and entire streetscapes within the Havre Residential Historic District remains very high, which gives the district a distinctive historical appeal.

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and 1890s. 11 As the U.S. Government began to phase out the Fort after the Spanish-American War in 1899, the importance of the railroad to the local economy grew. 12 Beginning in 1901, the railroad brought large numbers of people to Havre with the expansion of the railroad machine shops and roundhouse on the east end of town and the establishment of extensive passenger facilities and freight warehouses in the city. 13 When plans were made to expand the railroad shops, the population of the city more than quadrupled from 983 people in 1900 to 3,619 people in 1910. 14 The railroad also played an important role in advocating the enactment of the Enlarged Homestead Act in 1909, which, in turn, brought thousands of people to settle the sparsely populated high plains of north-central Montana beginning in 1910.

A major fire in 1904, which leveled almost 90% of the business district, had a significant impact on the community, sparking the transformation of Havre from a small frontier community characterized by wood frame, false-fronted commercial buildings to a modern "progressive" city with a substantial, new business district. The 1904 fire forced the city council to enforce more stringent fire codes, which, in turn, caused the city to build a public water utility and to require new buildings in the commercial district to be of masonry construction. The fire also induced many of the city's residents to rebuild their homes to the south of the commercial core within the historic district.

The earliest development within the Havre Residential Historic District was the construction of the larger residences of Havre's social and economic elite shortly after the turn of the century. The historic district would continue to be the preferred area to live in Havre throughout first four decades of the 20th century. When the enormous influx of homesteaders to the region resulting from the Enlarged Homestead Act caused a four-year building and business boom in Havre, almost all of the new residences built during the peak construction years

Nicholas P. Hardeman. "Brick Stronghold of the Frontier: Fort Assinniboine, 1879-1911." Montana, The Magazine of Western History. (Spring, 1979), p. 64.

¹² Hardeman. Ibid, p. 66.

¹³ Milk River Eagle, July 20, 1901.

¹⁴ Twelfth and Thirteenth Census of the United States, 1900 and 1910. Havre-Hill County Library, Havre, Montana.

^{15 &}lt;u>Havre Plaindealer</u>, November 18, 1905; <u>Ibid</u>, February 20, 1904.

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of 1913-1917 were erected within the boundaries of the present Havre Residential Historic District.

With a stable, railroad-based work force, the city of Havre matured as the primary agricultural trade center for north-central Montana. The burgeoning middle-class, composed of business people, dentists, doctors, contractors, insurance salesmen, and white collar railroad workers consistently chose to build their new homes within the Havre Residential Historic District, which expanded from about 50 buildings in 1906 to over 500 by 1940. The kind and quality of housing found within Havre's residential neighborhoods accurately reflect the historical patterning: the social and economic upper class established a small enclave at the extreme west end of the historic district at the turn of the century, the working class clustered in the eastside neighborhood near the rail yards (outside the historic district), and the middle-class families built on the undeveloped land between the two older neighborhoods during the early decades of the 20th century.

Community Development

Evidence of the influence of a small group of "progressively-minded" individuals in Havre during the first two decades of the 20th century may be found throughout the boulevarded streets of the Havre Residential Historic District. In addition to the successful campaigns to build the water works, pave and boulevard the streets and install a sewer system, the Havre progressives worked hard to establish the city as an important transportation and agricultural center in Montana. Their efforts met with unusual success and most of their civic improvement projects were completed by 1917. While they failed to effectively close the red light district, they did succeed in confining the district to small area outside the city's western limits. This small cadre of individuals in the community also founded the Havre Chamber of Commerce and platted the additions to the city where the new houses would be constructed.

The Progressive movement in Havre began in 1900 with the arrival of Dr. Joseph Wright, who represented the new breed of individual that began to settle in the young city to take advantage of the business opportunities afforded by the expansion of the shops. Wright, together with James Holland, L.W. Mack, L.K. Devlin, A.L. Ritt, G.A. Hulfish, Walter Brown, and F.F. Bossuot, were characterized by a strong political belief in Progressive reform, which had its origins in the eastern metropolises in the wake of the influx of immigrants to

Gary Wilson. Honky-Tonk Town: Havre's Bootlegging Days, (Helena: Montana Magazine, Inc., 1985), pp. 31-38.

¹⁷ Milk River Eagle, December 1, 1900.

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the United States. The Progressive reform movement advocated moral, clean cities ruled by efficient city governments. The demographic character of Havre was not unlike the eastern cities in that there was a large, mostly unskilled, immigrant population in Havre, coupled with city's opportunity to rebuild itself after nearly ninety-percent of the business district was destroyed in the 1904 fire. While the city was dominated by the Great Northern Railway, it was guite different from the Montana company towns of Butte, Anaconda and Great Falls in that the locally dominant company staged no opposition to the reform movement.

Through the political influence of Havre's vanguard of progressives, who began intensive lobbying efforts in 1907, Hill County was created with Havre as county seat in 1912. The Hill County Courthouse, a monumental Classical Revival building designed by local architect Frank Bossuot, was completed in 1915. Havre's businessmen also played a significant role in encouraging the Great Northern Railroad to expand their services in Havre. The railroad built a modern passenger depot at the northern end of Third Ave., constructed new freight warehouses on the west end and increased the number of passenger and freight trains passing through Havre each day. As a result of these achievements, coupled with the enormous increase in the county population base as homesteaders streamed onto the northern plains, the city of Havre experienced an unprecedented rise in population and consequent construction boom that lasted from 1913 to 1917.

One of the most important undertakings of Havre's progressives was the formation of the Home Builders Investment Company (HBIC) in 1913. The HBIC was responsible for the construction of well over one hundred houses in Havre between 1913 and 1917. These relatively low-cost, Craftsman style homes were built for sale, rent or speculation. Since the majority of new arrivals in Havre were employed in the railroads passenger depot and freight warehouses, they made substantially higher wages that their fellow workers in the shops. The HBIC provided the financing and employed independent contractors to build the houses, which went up at a rate of 50 per year at the peak of business.

Architectural Significance

Although historic construction within the Havre Residential Historic District spans a 45 year period from 1895 to 1940, the visually dominant architectural style is the Craftsman style. The majority of houses within the historic district were built between 1906 and 1917 and reflect the expansion of middle-class families in Havre during this period. The Craftsman and bungalow style houses, which stand in marked contrast to the earlier Queen Anne, Colonial

¹⁸ Havre Plaindealer, February 20, 1904.

¹⁹ Grits, Guts and Gusto, p. 56.

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Revival and American 4-square styles of the early twentieth century, represent the increased importance of white collar railroad workers in community. This large neighborhood of middle class houses reflects the transition of Havre from a small frontier outpost to a modern economically stable city.

There are four architecturally significant churches within the Havre Residential Historic District. The earliest is the wood frame, Gothic style First Presbyterian Church at 625 Fourth Ave., which was completed in 1901. Although moved from its original location at the corner of Fourth Ave. and Seventh St. in 1915 when the Presbyterians sold the building to the Baptists, this small Lshaped church with its inset corner tower is an important, well preserved example of early vernacular design and construction. At the original location of their first church, the Presbyterians erected an imposing Classical Revival style building in 1917, which today stands as a major component of the streetscape. This two-story, brick building is set high on a daylight basement, with an expanse of concrete steps leading from street level to the main entry. A monumental portico supported by square, Doric columns of brick nearly spans the facade. St. Mark's Episcopal Church, built in 1911 at 539 Third Ave., was designed in the English Gothic tradition by Kalispell architect Mario Riffo. The stone bearing walls were masterfully executed, making this church building one of the finest in the State in terms of craftsmanship. The Church of Christ Scientist erected an interesting Classical Revival building at 425 Fourth St. in 1935. Plans for the building were draw by first-year architectural student and church member Betty Jane Harper, who remembers that she wanted to design something "Roman." Set on a corner lot, the Church of Christ Scientist features symmetrically placed pointed-arched leaded glass windows and a modestly scaled Classical portico projecting at the level of a strong dentiliculated frieze, which wraps the building at the base of the parapet wall.

The most productive builders and architects who had a significant impact upon the appearance of the Havre Residential Historic District are Frank F. Bossuot, Christ Fuglevand, and Charles C. Harper. A brief summary of the work of each of these individuals follows.

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FRANK F. BOSSUOT

Born in Maguokata, Iowa in 1871, Frank F. Bossuot arrived in Havre in 1896, where he initially worked as a contractor. The devastation caused by the 1904 fire forced the Havre city council to construct a modern water works to prevent a recurrence of the disaster. Bossuot was chosen to design the facility—his first major project in Havre. This may be the period in which Bossuot became associated with fellow contractor James H. Delaney. The partnership lasted well into the 1930s. Bossuot was also involved in a number of other enterprises, including ownership of the Havre Coal Mine just north of town.

Beginning with the construction boom immediately after the 1904 fire, Delaney and Bossuot constructed a number of houses which were apparently built for speculation and rental purposes. Most of the remaining Delaney and Bossuot houses are located on Tenth St. While the company constructed a number of houses, they seem to have been primarily involved in the construction of commercial and institutional buildings.

With the homestead and railroad boom of the 1910s, Bossuot became more involved in the architectural aspect of the company, leaving the actual construction to James Delaney. In 1911, Bossuot became associated with Kalispell architect Mario B. Riffo and may have been partially responsible for the design of the Carnegie Library on Fourth Ave. in 1914 and St. Mark's Episcopal Church in 1911 on Third Ave. since Riffo was commissioned to design the buildings. In 1913, Bossuot was named as the architect for the fledgling Home Builders Investment Company and served on the board of directors. It is unclear, however, how many houses Bossuot may have designed or whether Delaney constructed any of the dwellings for the company. Bossuot also designed the Masonic Temple, F. A. Buttrey and H. Earl Clack Houses, First Presbyterian Church, St. Jude's Catholic Church and the Hill County Courthouse during this time. In addition, he also designed the Havre High School, several elementary schools, Buttreys Department Store and Donaldson Hall on the Northern Montana College Campus. For a brief period from 1911 to 1920,

²⁰ Havre Plaindealer, February 25, 1905.

²¹ Grits, Guts and Gusto, pp. 217-218.

Havre Plaindealer, April 8, 1911; Ibid, June 3, 1911; Ibid, October 11, 1913.

Havre Plaindealer, November 8, 1913.

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his brother A. G. Bossuot worked as a contractor for his firm. 24 Bossuot's home is located at 620 Fourth Ave. It was constructed in 1905 and was one of the first bungalow style houses built in Havre. Bossuot died in 1962.

Buildings Constructed by Delaney and Bossuot (partial)

F.F. Bossuot House	620 Fourth Avenue	1905
James Delaney House	700 Third Avenue	1909
Unknown	627 Fourth Avenue	1912
Archie Bossuot House	806 Fifth Avenue	1913
Unknown	416 Tenth Street	1913
Unknown	408-412 Tenth Street	1913
Paul Krezelak House	125 Seventh Street	1927
Auld Apartments	602-604 Second Avenue	1929
James Delaney House	222 Seventh Street	1930

Buildings Designed by F.F. Bossuot (Partial)

Water Works St. Marks Church Carnegie Library Lou Lucke, Sr. House	West of Havre 535 Third Avenue 439 Fourth Avenue 900 Third Avenue	1905 1911 * 1914 * 1914
Barbara Thackeray House		1914
C.M.C. Taylor House	805 Third Avenue	1914
Young-Almas House	419 Fourth Avenue	1914
Masonic Temple	305 Third Street	1915
Hill County Courthouse	Fourth Street	1915
Hill County Jail	Fourth Street	1916
Presbyterian Church	703 Fourth Avenue	1917
F.A. Buttrey House	535 Second Avenue	1919
St. Judes Church	624 Fourth Street	1924
H. Earl Clack House	532 Second Avenue	1927
High School Gymnasium	705 Third Avenue	1928
Catholic Sisters Home	438 Seventh Avenue	1928

^{*} In association with Mario B. Riffo.

²⁴ Havre Plaindealer, July 15, 1911.

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Christ Fuglevand

Perhaps the most prolific and active builder/contractor in Havre between 1912 and 1966 was Christ Fuglevand. Born in Lardal, Norway in 1887, Fuglevand arrived in Havre in 1911. By 1912, Fuglevand, in response to the housing shortage in Havre, entered into partnership with Minnesota-born carpenter Edward Sundberg. The Fuglevand and Sundberg Company was the most active building and contracting firm in Havre between 1913 and 1926. The firm was later renamed the Fuglevand, Haberger and Sundberg Company.

Although they were independent contractors, Fuglevand, Haberger and Sundberg were frequently employed by the Home Builders Investment Company (HBIC) to build houses for consignment, sale, speculation or rental purposes. The construction company soon became adept at building small Craftsman or bungalow style houses quickly and efficiently. Much of HBIC director J. S. Almas' claim that the company would be able to build fifty dwellings a year may have been based on the abilities of the Fuglevand, Haberger and Sundberg Company. Primarily home builders (unlike the Delaney and Bossuot Company which appear to have specialized in commercial and institutional buildings), Fuglevand, Haberger and Sundberg specialized in the construction of single or multiple family residences. Their specialization was reflected in the great number of high quality Craftsman-styled houses built by the company during the 1910s and 1920s.

In 1919, Haberger left the company upon the return of Fuglevand from a short stay on the West Coast. Fuglevand and Sundberg created a new company—the Fuglevand and Sundberg Company—with a capital stock of \$75,000.27 The company continued to build homes and churches in Havre, even through the depression of 1919 to 1923. By 1925, however, the company showed a severe loss when it was only able to claim \$50,000 worth of stock in the annual report. In 1927, Sundberg bought Fuglevand's interest in the company and renamed it Sundberg and Company. Fuglevand, consequently, operated independently as a general contractor.

Fuglevand continued to operate independently until 1956 when he formed the Chris

²⁵ Grits, Guts and Gusto, p. 247.

²⁶ Havre Plaindealer, December 13, 1913.

Articles of Incorporation, Fuglevand and Sundberg Company, dated June 2, 1919. Clerk and Recorders Office. Hill County Courthouse, Havre, Montana.

Havre Daily Promoter, January 27, 1925.

Hill County Democrat, October 4, 1927. Sundberg died in 1927.

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Fuglevand Company with his brother Andrew and his son, C. William. The company, which listed capital stock of \$250,000, continued to build homes, construct additions and build garages in Havre until Chris's death in 1966.30 Fuglevand constructed at least 51 houses in the historic district between 1912 and 1938. Fuglevand, along with Sundberg and Haberger, set a standard of excellence and craftsmanship that benefitted Havre throughout that period.

Buildings Constructed by Christ Fuglevand, 1912-1938.

Unknown	522 Tenth Street	1913
James Holland, Jr. House	900 Sixth Avenue	1914
Christian Blough House	919 Fourth Avenue	1914
Exzelia Pepin House	606 Third Avenue	1914
Harry Randall House	929 Third Avenue	1914
Fred Dauterman House	927 Third Avenue	1914
Unknown	522 Ninth Street	1914
Young-Almas House	419 Fourth Avenue	1914
Unknown	1033 Fifth Avenue	1915
Thomas Lobb House	835 Sixth Avenue	1915
Unknown	914 Sixth Avenue	1915
Unknown	932 Sixth Avenue	1915
Unknown	433 Second Avenue	1915
James Auld House	610 Sixth Avenue	1915
Unknown	528 Tenth Street	1915
R.S. Marsden House	810 Sixth Avenue	1916
Unknown	938 Sixth Avenue	1916
Masonic Temple	305 Third Avenue	1916
D.E. McPherson House	612 Ninth Street	1916
Unknown	520 Eleventh Street	1917
Unknown	535 Eleventh Street	1917
Unknown	705 Fifth Avenue	1918
F.A. Buttrey House	535 Second Avenue	1919
Max P. Kuhr House	636 First Avenue	1919
Christ Fuglevand Duplex	711 Fifth Avenue	1919
Margaret Utter House	116 Third Street	1923
Unknown	919 Fifth Avenue	1924
Christ Fuglevand House	715 Fifth Avenue	1925
Christ Fuglevand House	821 Fifth Avenue	1926
H. Earl Clack House	532 Second Avenue	1927
Margaret Utter House	100 Third Street	1928
Emil Sandquist House	611 Sixth Avenue	1928

^{30 6.} Articles of Incorporation, Chris Fuglevand Company, dated March 30, 1956. Clerk and Recorders Office, Hill County Courthouse, Havre, Montana.

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Section number 8 Page 9 Havre Residential Historic District E.E. Walrath House 615 Sixth Avenue 1928 Cyril Holihan House 827 Fifth Avenue 1928 730 Third Avenue Harry Atkinson House 1928 407 Fourth Avenue Holland Apartments 1928 611-613 Sixth Street John McCauley Duplex 1929 536 Eleventh Street Dan Carlin House 1929 537-539 Sixth Avenue 610 Sixth Avenue John McCauley Duplex 1929 Andrew Olson House
Christ Fuglevand House
Charles Wilson House
Krinbring House
C. B. Elwell House
Charles Wilson House
730 Sixth Avenue
730 Fifth Avenue
7317 First Avenue Andrew Olson House 1929 1929 1929 1929 1929 Mrs. James Kelly House 615 First Avenue 1930 C. B. Elwell House 711 First Avenue Vincent Goligoski House 710 Sixth Avenue E. A. Walther House 530 Sixth Avenue 1930 1930 1933 530-536 Fifth Street Frank Mason Duplex 1938 Christ Fuglevand Duplex 625-27 Sixth Avenue 1938

Charles C. Harper

Born on a farm in Goshen, Indiana in 1884, Charles Harper was the second youngest of eight children. Harper began his career working for both a blacksmith and a carpenter in Goshen. By 1904, he already owned his own contracting business.

Harper arrived in Montana in 1909, when he moved to Kalispell with a fellow Goshen contractor. He quickly established a contracting company and purchased a cherry orchard near Somers. In 1911, he returned to Goshen to marry Lorene Sheline. Because of an economic downturn in the Kalispell area, Harper and his family moved to Havre in 1914 to take advantage of the economic opportunities caused by the Great Northern Railway expansion and homestead boom.

Charles filed on a 320 acre homestead near St. Joseph and also worked in construction in Havre. Like many other homestead families, the Harpers eventually purchased a home in Havre for use by the family school and winter months. In 1919, Harper received the patent on his homestead and moved permanently to Havre.

Charles C. Harper was a prolific builder in Havre and, apparently, also dabbled in real estate speculation in areas adjacent to Havre's city limits. Like the Fuglevand and Sundberg Company, Harper specialized in the construction of houses in Havre. In addition, he also built schoolhouses in Hingham, Brockton and Fresno. Unlike Fuglevand and Sundberg, however, Harper experimented with a variety of designs in Havre--most notably the Alvin Lucke house at 924 Third Avenue--during the Twenties. He is perhaps best known for the construction of the

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First Church of Christ Scientist on Fifth Street.

Harper retired from the contracting business in either 1944 or 1945 and returned to his cherry orchard near Kalispell. Ultimately, the Harpers moved to Bozeman where he died in 1972.

While not as prolific as Christ Fuglevand, C. C. Harper nonetheless played an important role in the growth of Havre during the 1920s and 1930s. His designs and quality of construction made him one of the most dependable and sought-after contractor-builders in Havre through-out his career.

Buildings Constructed by Charles C. Harper

624 Sixth Street	1921
505 Fifth Street	1928
514 Fifth Street	1928
515 Fifth Street	1928
530 Seventh Avenue	1928
924 Third Avenue	1928
705 Third Avenue	1928
421 Fifth Street	1929
524 Eleventh Street	1929
836 Fifth Avenue	1929
30 Third Street	1930
	1935
424 Second Avenue	1938
	514 Fifth Street 515 Fifth Street 530 Seventh Avenue 924 Third Avenue 705 Third Avenue 421 Fifth Street 524 Eleventh Street 836 Fifth Avenue 30 Third Street 425 Fifth Street

²² Conversation with Harper's daughter, Betty Jane Sigmundin, May 1988 by Richard Bernstein.

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Havre Residential Historic District

BUILDING LIST
p: primary c: contributing nc: noncontributing

	b. brimar	y c. concribating	ne. Honconcer	cucing .	
312 Firs	st Ave.	Paschal Conley House	Gable-front	c.1902	nc
318 Firs	st Ave.	Grant Conley House	Am. 4-square		С
320 Firs	st Ave.	H.E. Clack House Quee	en Anne/Col. Rev.		p
321-33 F	First Ave.	F. Sailor Triplex	triplex	c.1945	nc
326 Firs		H.D. Fuller House	residence	c.1909	nc
336 Firs	st Ave.	Phil Clack House	Queen Anne cott.		C
400 Firs	st Ave.	City Pump #3	cinderblock	1931	С
405-15 F	First Ave.	H.E. Clack Apts.	six-plex	1936	C
		garage	six-bay	c.1939	С
412 Firs	st Ave.	Milo Moe House	Cape Cod	c.1939	С
		garage	one-bay	c.1945	nc
418 Firs	st Ave.	Chas. Gorman House	Pict. Rev.	c.1939	C
		garage	two-bay	c.1950	nc
424 Firs	st Ave.	Unknown	Crafts-infl.	c.1920	С
425 Firs		Kress Long House	Bungalow	1923	nc
426 Firs	st Ave.	Christenson House	alt. residence	1924	nc
428 Firs	st Ave.	Unknown	alt, residence	c.1920	nc
		garage	two-bay	c.1968	nc
429 Firs	st Ave.	Ingebritson House	Craftsman	1923	C
		garage	two-bay	1928	C
432 Firs	st Ave.	Emmett Vernon House	Bungalow	c.1920	C
		garage	one-bay	1943	nc
433 Firs		Fred Teela House	Bungalow	1921	C
439 Firs	st Ave.	Unknown	Craftsman	1916	C
		garage	one-bay	c.1945	nc
440 Firs	•	Unknown	residence	1944	nc
443 Firs	-	Unknown	Bungalow	c.1920	nc
451 Firs		Phil Clack House	Craftsman	1917	nc
607 Firs	-	Leroy McKenzie House	Bungalow	1914	nc
608 Firs	-	O'Neil/Fuglevand House		1944 1935	nc
612-1/2	First Ave.	Dewey Bostic House	Neo-Col.		C
61 E m'		garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc
615 Firs	-	Mrs. Jas. Kelley House		1930	С
620-22 F	First Ave.	Hopen four-plex	Craftsman	1929	C
co3 -:		garage	four-bay	1933	С
621 Firs	st Ave.	Ray Love House	Craftsman		C
607 7'		garage	two-bay	c.1939	C
627 Firs		Weaver Clack House	Craftsman	1929	C
628 Firs	st ave.	F.O. Stromberg House	Bungalow	c.1917	C
COO ====	.b 3	garage	one-bay	1929	C
629 Firs		A. Kaepernick House Max P. Kuhr House	Craftsman Bungalow	192 4 1919	р р
030 4175	or use.	raa F, Ruit House	Dungarow	1719	٢

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	garage	two-bay c.1980	
700 First Ave.	L.V. Beaulieu House	Crafts/4-sq. 1914	
ma.c. ml	garage	2 x 1 bay c.1920	
716 First Ave.	Raleigh Linebarger House		
200 0	garage	one-bay c.1920	
300 Se∞nd Ave.	Unknown	residence 1973	
320 Second Ave.	Unknown	residence 1948	
322 Second Ave.	Unknown	residence 1948	
324 Second Ave.	Jas. Gibson House	residence 1948	
332 Second Ave. 402 Second Ave.	Stringfellow House Queen		
412 Second Ave.	W.B. Pyper House Wm T. Barrett House	Am. 4-square c.1905	=
412 Second Ave.		Queen Anne c. 1902	•
421 Second Ave.	garage Unknown	one-bay c.1939 Gable-front c.1902	
421 Second Ave.	Pratt Apartments		
424 Second Ave.	H. Manaras House		
424 Second Ave. 426-1/2 Second Ave.		•	
420-1/2 Second ave.		Cape Cod 1939 four-bay c.1939	
427 Second Ave.	garage Unknown	Gable-front c.1902	
427 Second ave.		two-bay 1945	
428 Second Ave.	garage F. Reichel House Queen A		
420 Second Ave.	garage	one-bay c.1925	
430-4 Second Ave.	C.B. Griffin House	Apt. House c.1905	
430 4 Decoma ave.	garage	two-bay c.1935	
431 Second Ave.	David Adams House	Queen Anne c.1902	
433 Second Ave.	Unknown	Craftsman 1915	
437 Second Ave.	Rose Harvey House	Am. 4-square c.1902	
137 Decond live.	garage	two-bay c.1960	
438 Second Ave.		n Anne/Col. Rev. 1906	
441 Second Ave.	John Davey House	Am. 4-square c.1902	
	garage	two-bay c.1920	
443 Second Ave.	John Davey House	Am. 4-square c.1902	
	garage	one-bay c.1920	
449 Second Ave.	John Davey Apartments	Craftsman 1919	
500 Second Ave.	E.T. Broadwater House	Col. Rev. 1911	p
	garage	two-bay 1973	nc
503 Second Ave.	Gerald Casman House	Eng. Cottage c.1903	c photo# 17
509 Second Ave.	R. Rathbone House Queen		p
	garage	one-bay c.1904	C
515 Second Ave.	Francis Black House	Bungalow 1913	nc
	garage	one-bay c.1913	c ·
520 Second Ave.	K. Lokensgard House	residence 1948	nc
521 Second Ave.	F.A. Carnal House Queen	n Anne/Am. 4-sq. 1905	С
	garage	one-bay 1905	С
525 Second Ave.	H. Archibald House	Cottage c.1903	C
	garage	carport c.1960	nc

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532 Second Ave.	H.Earl Clack House	Geo. Rev. 1927 p
	garage	one-bay c.1930 c
535 Second Ave.	F.A. Buttrey House	Neo-Col. $1919 c$
	garage	two-bay 1984 nc
602-4 Second Ave.	Auld Apartments	Beaux-Arts 1929 p
609-13 Second Ave.	•	Craftsman 1924 c
610 Second Ave.	Jas. Auld House	Bungalow c.1915 c
	garage	one-bay c.1950 nc
620 Second Ave.	E.C. Stevens House	Craftsman 1924 c
	garage	one-bay c.1970 nc
621 Second Ave.	Unknown	Gable-front c.1900 c
	garage	One bay c.1980 nc
626 Second Ave.	Adrian Adams House	Bungalow c.1917 c
	garage	one-bay c.1917 c
627 Second Ave.	Chas. Craft House	Am. 4-square c.1915 c
631 Second Ave.	E.C. Carruth House	Am. 4-square c.1907 nc
	garage	one-bay c.1920 nc
634 Second Ave.	Paul Krezelak House	Craftsman c.1920 nc
305 Third Ave.	Masonic Temple	Egy. Rev. 1915 p
324 Third Ave.	_	Loan commercial 1976 nc
410 Third Ave.	United Savings Bank	
413 Third Ave.	L.K. Devlin House	Dutch Col. 1906 c
	garage	two-bay c.1955 nc
415 Third Ave.	Geo. Bowery House	Craftsman 1925 c
	garage	one-bay c.1925 nc
415 1/2 Third Ave.		Bungalow 1946 nc
416 Third Ave.	Doctor's offices	commercial 1982 nc
419 Third Ave.	Al Webber House	Queen Anne/Col. Rev. 1908 c
	garage	one-bay c.1950 nc
425 Third Ave.	Wm Ryan House	Queen Anne/Col. Rev. 1905 nc
427 Third Ave.	Unknown	residence 1950 nc
432 Third Ave.	Olson Apartments	residence c.1903 nc
	garage	two-bay c.1946 nc
437-1/2 Third Ave.	C.A. Quinn House	Craftsman c.1904 c photo# 18
	garage	two-bay c.1930 c
439 Third Ave.	Unknown	residence 1956 nc
440 Third Ave.	Louis Bayrill House	Bungalow c.1903 c
445-7 Third Ave.	McKenzie Duplex	Crafts/Am. 4-sq. c.1905 c
	garage	two-bay c.1930 c
448 Third Ave.	Presbyterian Manse	Eclectic c.1905 p
502 Third Ave.	Jos. Valadon House	
-	garage	one-bay c.1920 c
503 Third Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow c.1920 c
509 Third Ave.		ueen Anne/Col. Rev. c.1903 p
	Quonset	two-bay c.1945 nc

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Section number8	Page Havre	Residential	Histor	ic	District
		·			
512 Third Ave.	William Kendig House	Craftsman	c.1903	C	
	garage	two-bay	c.1970	nc	
515 Third Ave.	John Padden House	Am. 4-square	c.1905	C	
	garage	one-bay	c.1970	nc	
519 Third Ave.	Charles Bowles House	Gable-front	c.1905	nc	
520 Third Ave.	Geo. Langston House	Am, 4-square	1908	nc	
	garage	two-bay	c.1970	nc	
524-6 Third Ave.	John Lamey House	Bungalow	c.1903	C	
	garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc	
50.6 1 1 3	garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc	
530 Third Ave.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n Anne/Stick	c.1903	g	
506 - 1 1 3 5	garage	one-bay	c.1940	C	
536 Third Ave.	Jas, Carnal House Queen			þ	
539 Third Ave.	St. Marks Epscpl Church		1911	þ	
601-5 Third Ave.	Schaefer Insurance Co.	commercial	1958	nc	
606 Third Ave.	Exzelia Pepin House	Neo-Classical		þ	photo# 21
COO 11 Whimi 3	garage	two-bay	c.1920	C	
609-11 Third Ave.	Unknown	Am. 4-square		nc	
614 Third Ave.	T.C. Richards House	Craftsman	c.1906	С	
C10 mhind 3	garage	two-bay	1935		
619 Third Ave.		n Anne Cottage		C	
620 Third Ave.	Frank Elwell House	Craftsman	1928	C	
CO3 Maind Book	garage	one-bay	1928	C	
621 Third Ave. 625 Third Ave.	Howard Hickman House	residence	1982	nc	
626 Third Ave.	Sarah McHale House	Bungalow	1916	C	
637 Third Ave.	Hanson Apartments George Coulter House	Am. 4-square	1913 1914	C C	
657 Illitu ave.	garage	Bungalow two-bay	c.1955	nc	
638 Third Ave.	Chas. Hanson House	Bungalow	1909	C	
700 Third Ave.	Jas. Delaney House Quee			c	
705 Third Ave.	High School Gymnasium	Gymnasium	1929	C	
706-8 Third Ave.	Jas. Lamey Jr. House	Queen Anne	1916	c	
, 50 0 11121 11101	garage	two-bay	c.1916	c	
716-8 Third Ave.	Mike O'Neil House	Am. 4-square		C	
	garage	one-bay	c.1955		
724-1/2 Third Ave.	Harry Atkinson House	Am. 4-square			
·	garage	one-bay	c.1930		
730 Third Ave.	Harry Atkinson House	Craftsman	1928	С	
	garage	shared	1928	С	
738 Third Ave.	R.G. Erler House	Craftsman	1916	С	
	garage	one-bay	c.1920	C	
800 Third Ave.	A.L. Ritt House	Bungalow	1916		
805 Third Ave.	C.M.C. Taylor House	Craftsman	1914		
813 Third Ave.	L.J. Christler House	Craftsman	1914		
813 1/2 Third Ave.		Queen Anne	c.1900		
816 Third Ave.	Ben Hur Moore House	Craftsman	1914	C	

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	garage	one-bay	c.1920	C	
817 Third Ave.	James Cook House	residence	c.1970	nc	
822 Third Ave.	W.G. Woodward House	Bungalow	1921	C	
	garage	one-bay	c.1921		
824 Third Ave.	Adelbert Willkie House	residence	1914		
	garage	one-bay	c.1945	nc	
827 Third Ave.	Louis Pierson House	Craftsman	1916	C	
	garage	two-bay	c.1940	nc	
831 Third Ave.	John Bolin House	Am. 4-square	1926	C	
	garage	one-bay	1933		
837-1/2 Third Ave.		Bungalow	1914		
	garage	two-bay	c.1970		
900 Third Ave.	Lou Lucke, Sr. House	Craftsman	1914		
	garage	one-bay	c.1914		
912 Third Ave.	Unknown	residence	1951		
916 Third Ave.	Barbara Thackeray House		1914		
	garage	one-bay	c.1914		
	shed	4	c.1970		
919 Third Ave.	S.R. Faust House	Craftsman	1915	C	
	garage	one-bay	c.1939	-	
	shed	7.7	c.1915		
921 Third Ave.	S.R. Faust House	Craftsman	1915		
921 1/2 Third Ave.		residence	c.1915		
924 Third Ave.	Al Lucke House	Sp. Col. Rev.		p	
925 Third Ave.	Grace Easter House	Craftsman	1914		
	garage	one-bay	c.1960	nc	
929 Third Ave.	Harry Randall House	Craftsman	1914	С	
	garage	one-bay	c.1920		
932 Third Ave.	Chas. Syvenrud House	residence	1916	nc	
	garage	one-bay	c.1920	C	
938 Third Ave.	G.E. Gibbs House	residence	1915	nc	
	garage	one-bay	c.1920	С	
1009 Third Ave.	Anna Weir House	Queen Anne	1914	С	
	garage	one-bay	c.1914	С	
1011-13 Third Ave.	George Langston House	Duplex	1916	nc	
	garage	two-bay	c.1916	C	
1020 Third Ave.	James Kelley House	Craftsman	1914		
	garage	two-bay	c.1914		
1024 Third Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1915		
	garage	one-bay	c.1915		
1026 Third Ave.	Unknown	Craftsman	1915		
1031-33 Third Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1913		
2002 00 21.210 1.10,	garage	two-bay	c.1913		
	2		-,	_	
407 Fourth Ave.	Holland Apartments	Col. Rev.	1929	р	photo# 3
10, 1000 ms 11701	garage	nine-bay	1929	C	
	3-1-30			_	

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415 Fourth Ave.	Law Offices	commercial		nc
419 Fourth Ave.	Young-Almas House	Spanish		p photo#16
100 - 11 -	garage	four-bay		C
420 Fourth Ave.	Benson Apartments	apartment hs.	-	nc
430 Fourth Ave.	Geo. Davis House	Bungalow		C
433 Fourth Ave.	Unknown	residence		C
434 Fourth Ave.	Rudolph Bentzin House	Col. Rev.		ρ
436 Fourth Ave.	Abe Crosson House	Col. Rev.		nc
	garage	one-bay		2
438 Fourth Ave.	F.A. Buttrey House	New England		2
439 Fourth Ave.	Carnegie Library	Neo-Classical	•	p
501 Fourth Ave.	Chestnut House	Prairie		p
508 Fourth Ave.	Geo. Bickle House	Craftsman		C
508 1/2 Fourth A		Am. 4-square		2
514 Fourth Ave.	Geo. Jones House	Craftsman	· -	nc
517 Fourth Ave.	J.C. Benson House	Crafts/Dutch		C
	garage	one-bay		nc
519 Fourth Ave.	Andrew Sundahl House	Craftsman	1928	C
520 Fourth Ave.	F.W. Gough House	Craftsman	1906	
523 Fourth Ave.	J.A. Fifer House	Am. 4-square	1908	
	outbuilding	!	c.1915 d	C
525 Fourth Ave.	Chas. Wilson House	Prairie	1910 0	3
	garage	two-bay	c.1970 r	nc
526 Fourth Ave.	J. Rogers House Que	en Anne/Col. Rev	. 1905 d	3
536 Fourth Ave.	J.A. Wright House Que	en Anne Cottage	1905 d	2
603 Fourth Ave.	Nick Faber House	Bungalow	1915 թ	•
606 Fourth Ave.	Harry Hollister House	Bungalow	1908	2
611 Fourth Ave.	Nick Faber House	Bungalow	1917	C
	garage	one-bay	19 17 d	C
612 Fourth Ave.	C.C. Wallace House	residence	1946 r	nc
619 Fourth Ave.	Bert McCormick House	Bungalow	1910	C
620 Fourth Ave.	Frank Bossuot House	Bungalow		D
624 Fourth Ave.	Bourne-Mack House	Bungalow	1911 (2
	garage	one-bay	c.1920 c	
625 Fourth Ave.	First Baptist Church	Gothic-style	1901 (C
	garage	one-bay		nc
627 Fourth Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1912	C
628 Fourth Ave.	L.W. Mack House	Bungalow	1913	
	garage	one-bay	c.1913 d	2
703 Fourth Ave.	First Presbyterian Chu	rch Classical	1917 g	o O
711 Fourth Ave.	Presbyterian Manse	Colonial		o
719 Fourth Ave.	Thomas Fitch House	Craftsman	1918	-
	garage	one-bay		3
729 Fourth Ave.	John Howe House	Bungalow	1913	2
	garage	one-bay	c.1920 c	2
		·, -		

1919

c.1950

C

photo# 26

Craftsman

two-bay

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

702 Fifth Ave.

Unknown

garage

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Havre Residential Historic District Section number 8 Page 17 735 Fourth Ave. Mike Thackeray House residence 1945 nc 800 Fourth Ave. Tewnwey's Grocery Craftsman 1920 photo# 6 С 802 Fourth Ave. Unknown residence 1910 nc 803 Fourth Ave. Unknown Bungalow 1912 C 808 Fourth Ave. John Sutherland House Craftsman 1915 C garage c.1945 one-bay nc 809-11 Fourth Ave. F.B. Wilbur Duplex Spanish Col. 1926 photo# 1 р garage 1926 two-bay 814 Fourth Ave. 1916 W.B. Sands House Bungalow C 815-17 Fourth Ave. Roper Duplex Craftsman 1913 C garage two-bay 1913 photo# 2 C 825-29 Fourth Ave. Edward White Duplex Craftsman 1926 nc garage one-bay c.1926 832 Fourth Ave. Clyde Roper House 1913 Bungalow C photo# 12 838 Fourth Ave. Jean Kuhr House residence 1951 nc 839 Fourth Ave. C.F. Morris House Bungalow 1916 С 900 Fourth Ave. L.D. Williams House Bungalow 1916 c.1950 garage two-bay nc 903 Fourth Ave. F.A. Buttrey House residence 1913 nc 905 Fourth Ave. F.A. Buttrey House Craftsman 1913 photo# 23 910 Fourth Ave. Phil Jestrab House Craftsman 1914 C garage one-bay 1943 nc 916 Fourth Ave. A.W. Schrontler House 1917 Bungalow C one-bay c.1925 garage C 919 Fourth Ave. Unknown 1914 Craftsman 920 Fourth Ave. Margaret King House Bungalow 1923 c.1923 garage one-bay 921 Fourth Ave. James Hullett House Craftsman 1913 nc 924 Fourth Ave. Gus Haglund House Craftsman 1914 nc 925 Fourth Ave. 1916 George Bonine House Bungalow 930 Fourth Ave. 1913 Nannie Murphy House Bungalow 515 Fifth Ave. c.1930 Wilford Cole House Bungalow 521 Fifth Ave. Wilford Cole House Craftsman 1924 C 525 Fifth Ave. Estelle Lundt House Craftsman 1932 C 1975 535 Fifth Ave. Dairy Queen commercial 604 Fifth Ave. Adolph Pepin House 1925 Bungalow p 610 Fifth Ave. Beverly Heitart House residence 1970 nc 611 Fifth Ave. Bramble Grocery Store 1923 Craftsman С photo# 7 615 Fifth Ave. Elizabeth Schaller House residence 1949 nc 616 Fifth Ave. H.C. Ohland House Bungalow 1920 photo# 13 р 621 Fifth Ave. Sylvester Erickson House Bungalow 1921 622-36 Fifth Ave. Woodrow Apartments Apartments 1935 c photo# 4 six-bay 1935 garage C

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705 Fifth Ave. Benton Apartments Crafts/Am. 4-sq. 1918 c photo# 5

705 Fifth Ave.	Benton Apartments	Crafts/Am. 4-sq		С	photo#	5
	garage	three-bay	c.1918	C		
710-14 Fifth Ave.	Mack Apartments	four-plex	1916	C	photo#	25
711 Fifth Ave.	Chris Fuglevand Duplex		1919	C		
	garage	two-bay	1919	C		
715 Fifth Ave.	Chris Fuglevand House	Craftsman	1925	nc		
718-20 Fifth Ave.	Unknown Duplex	Craftsman	1920	nc		
725 Fifth Ave.	Unknown	residence	1921	C		
	garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc		
729 Fifth Ave.	Lutheran Church Parson	_	1923	C		
	garage	one-bay	1950	nc		
736 Fifth Ave.	George Hulfish House	Bungalow	1925	C		
739 Fifth Ave.	Fred Knopes House	residence	1953	nc		
803 Fifth Ave.	Martin O'Neil House	Bungalow	1917	g		
804 Fifth Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1916	C		
806 Fifth Ave.	Archie Bossuot House	Bungalow	1913	C		
811 Fifth Ave.	R.E. Hammond House Col	L.Rev./Am. 4-sq.		С		
	garage	two-bay	c.1912	С		
820 Fifth Ave.	Oscar Axvig House	Bungalow	1925	C		
	garage	one-bay	c.1960	nc		
821 Fifth Ave.	Chris Fuglevand House	Craftsman	1926	C		
	garage	one-bay	c.1945	nc		
826 Fifth Ave.	F.D. Athern House	Craftsman	1929	C		
	garage	two-bay	1929	С		
827 Fifth Ave.	Cyril Holihan House	Craftsman	1928	C		
836 Fifth Ave.	W.C. McKelvy House	Cottage	1929	C		
900 Fifth Ave.	Andrew Sundahl House	Bungalow	1916	þ	photo#	15
005 mistle 2	garage	two-bay	c.1950	nc		
905 Fifth Ave.	Krinbring House	Spanish	1929	C		
Old Difth Bro	garage	one-bay	1929	C		24
910 Fifth Ave.	Peter Barrett House	Bungalow	1913	C	photo#	24
911 Fifth Ave.	Xeno Wentworth House	Craftsman	1916	nc		
919 Fifth Ave.	garage Unknown	one-bay Craftsman	c.1916	nc		
919 FILLI AVE.			1924 c.1924	C		
920 Fifth Ave.	garage Harry Thomas House	one-bay Craftsman	1916	C		
925 Fifth Ave.	William Kendig House	Craftsman	1916	þ		
926 Fifth Ave.	Elizabeth Herwig House	Bungalow	1924	C		
931 Fifth Ave.	John Foster House	Bungalow	1916	nc		
934 Fifth Ave.	E.J. Sartain House	Craftsman	1915	C C		
937 Fifth Ave.	Cronin House	Bungalow	1914	C		
1004 Fifth Ave.	Unknown	Col. Rev.	1914	C		
1005 Fifth Ave.	Jack Clark House	residence	1946	nc		
1015 Fifth Ave.	Jack Clark House	residence	1951	nc		
1033 Fifth Ave.		-sg./Col. Rev.	1915	p		
TAGE LITTER CIVES	C1111111111111111111111111111111111111	-21/ COT! NOA!	- Ja. J	۲		

720 Sixth Ave.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Havre Residential Historic District 19 Section number _ Page 501 Sixth Ave. Unknown 1952 residence nc 510-14 Sixth Ave. Hamilton Tri-plex Craftsman 1928 C garage three-bay c.1928 511 Sixth Ave. Johanna Suzaz House Bungalow 1921 520 Sixth Ave. Clifford Banks House Cape | Cod c.1940 two-bay garage c.1940 521 Sixth Ave. Anton Borde House Gable-front 1927 C garage 1945 one-bay nc 523 Sixth Ave. M.E. Ashline House Spanish 1929 nc 527 Sixth Ave. Anton Schwan House residence 1955 nc 527 1/2 Sixth Ave. William Shephard House residence 1929 nc 530 Sixth Ave. E.A. Walther House Craftsman 1933 р photo# 9 536 Sixth Ave. E.L. Hammon House Craftsman 1922 C garage one-bay c.1922 C 537-9 Sixth Ave. J.A. McCauley Duplex Craftsman 1929 garage two-bay 1935 603 Sixth Ave. Unknown residence c.1945 604 Sixth Ave. Sixth Ave. Church church c.1945 nc 610 Sixth Ave. Andrew Olson House 1929 Craftsman C 611 Sixth Ave. Emil Sandquist House Eclectic 1928 garage one-bay c.1939 615 Sixth Ave. E.E. Walrath House Craftsman 1928 c.1939 garage one-bay 620 Sixth Ave. Joseph Tribe House Bungalow 1928 624 Sixth Ave. Byron Clark House Craftsman 1928 c 625-7 Sixth Ave. Chris Fuglevand Duplex Gable-front 1938 garage two-bay c.1970 628 Sixth Ave. Finley Ross House Craftsman 1927 garage one-bay c.1927 629 Sixth Ave. Christ Fuglevand House 1929 photo# 29 Cottage C shop c.1929 1935 garage two-bay C 1928 635 Sixth Ave. John Kiesling House residence C 636 Sixth Ave. John Amundson House 1926 Craftsman 700 Sixth Ave. C.C. Hodgdon House residence 1959 nc 705 Sixth Ave. Peter Hulm House Craftsman 1935 c.1935 one-bay garage 709 Sixth Ave. R.W. Holliday House Craftsman 1915 one-bay c.1935 710 Sixth Ave. Vincent Goligoski House Craftsman 1930 C one-bay 1931 garage C 713 Sixth Ave. c.1921 Andrew Buhring House Bungalow C one-bay 1929 C garage 716 Sixth Ave. Louise Kaepernick House Ranch 1922 two-bay 1950 nc garage

Howard Moon House

1952

residence

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=0	· · · ·					
12	6 Sixth Ave.	John Kaepernick House	Arts & Crafts			
		garage	one-bay	c.1928	nc	
72	7 Sixth Ave.	Hubert Cross House	Bungalow	c.1929		
	m =1 .1 =	garage	two-bay	1979	nc	
	Ø Sixth Ave.	Chas. Wilson House	Col. Rev.	1929	C	
	3-5 Sixth Ave.	William Seal Duplex	Craftsman	1936	C	
	2 Sixth Ave.	T.J. Troy House	Bungalow	1917	C	
	3 Sixth Ave.	Daniel McKenty House	Craftsman	1915	þ	photo#19
81	Ø Sixth Ave.	R.S. Marsden House	Bungalow	1916	C	
		garage	two-bay	c.1940		
	1 Sixth Ave.	Louise Trump House	Bungalow	1926		
	$1 \frac{1}{2}$ Sixth Ave.	"Mother-in-Law"	residence	c.1955	nc	
	5 Sixth Ave.	Fred Gertson House	residence	1955	nc	
	6 Sixth Ave.	William Merrill House	Craftsman	1916	C	
81	7 Sixth Ave.	Louise Trump House	Craftsman	c.1915	C	
		garage	two-bay	1930	C	
82	4 Sixth Ave.	Peter Brainerd House	Bungalow	1922	C	photo# 27
		garage	One-bay	c.1950	nc	_
82	5 Sixth Ave.	Oscar Wermanger House	Bungalow	1913	C	
		garage	two-bay	c.1930	nc	
83	Ø Sixth Ave.	A.F. Killslee House	Bungalow	1917	C	
		garage	one-bay	c.1960	nc	
83	l Sixth Ave.	James Sherry House	Bungalow	1914	C	
		garage	one-bay	c.1920	C	
83	5 Sixth Ave.	Thomas Lobb House	residence	1915	nc	photo#22
83	5 1/2 Sixth Ave.	Unknown	residence	c.1950	nc	-
83	8 Sixth Ave.	Thomas McDonough House	Bungalow	1917	С	
90	Ø Sixth Ave.	Jas. Holland, Jr. House	Craftsman	1914	g	photo# 20
		garage	one-bay	c.1920	nc	
90	l Sixth Ave.	Havre Day Activity Cente	r residence	1946	nc	
	6 Sixth Ave.	L.M. Ormseth House	residence	1954	nc	
90	9 Sixth Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1916	C	
		garage	one-bay	c.1920	nc	
91	4 Sixth Ave.	James Holland House	Bungalow	1915	þ	
	l Sixth Ave.	Clifford Gilles House	residence	c.1945	nc	
	9 Sixth Ave.	Ray Miller House	Bungalow	1914	C	
92	9 1/2 Sixth Ave.	"Mother-in-law"	residence	1952	nc	
93	Ø Sixth Ave.	H.J. Jordonnais House	Bungalow	1916	p	
93	2 Sixth Ave.	Unknown	Craftsman	1915	C	
		garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc	
93	5 Sixth Ave.	Clack Trustee House	residence	1945	nc	
93	8 Sixth Ave.	Unknown	Bungalow	1916	C	
		garage	one-bay	c.1940	С	
			1			

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435 Seventh Ave.	St. Jude's Catholic Scho		1915	
438 Seventh Ave.	St. Jude's Parish Center		1928	C
514 Seventh Ave.	Lewis Melvin House	Bungalow	1920	C
	garage	one-bay	1928	С
520 Seventh Ave.	Peter Brengard House	Bungalow	1921	С
	garage	one-bay	c.1925	С
526 Seventh Ave.	Arthur Decker House	Craftsman	1916	
	garage	one-bay	c.1935	
530 Seventh Ave.	Peter Brengard House	Craftsman	1928	С
26 Third St.	Gussenhoven House Quee	en Anne/Col. Rev	7. 1903	p
26 Third St.	well-house		c.1903	C
26 1/2 Third St.	Gussenhoven Outbuilding	residence	c.1920	nc
	garage	one-bay	c.1922	C
30 Third St.	Gussenhoven House	residence	1930	C
30 1/2 Third St.	Gussenhoven Outbuilding	residence	c.1920	nc
48 Third St.	Paschal Conley House			nc
52 Third St.	Paschal Conley House	Gable-front	c.1902	nc
56 Third St.		Queen Anne Cot.	c.1906	C
100 Third St.	Margaret Utter House	Am. 4-square	1928	C
110 Third St.	Levi Turner House	Craftsman	1923	С
	garage	two-bay	c.1940	С
112 Third St.	Frank Utter House	Craftsman	1917	nc
	garage	two-bay	c.1950	nc
116 Third St.	Margaret Utter House Co	ol. Rev./Am. $4-sc$. 1923	C
	garage	one-bay	c.1950	nc
120 Third St.	Ray Sands House	Duplex	c.1895	C
120 1/2 Third st.	Unknown	residence	c.1955	nc
124 Third St.	J. Matthews House Col.	Rev./Queen Anne		p
	garage	one-bay	c.1955	nc
132 Third St.	D.H. Boone House Queer	n Anne/Am. 4-sg.		С
	garage	one-bay	c.1955	nc
202 Third St.	A.D. Smith House	Cottage	c.1904	þ
210 Third St.	Olaf Skylsted House	Dutch Col.	c.1907	nc
104-6 Fourth St.	H. Earl Clack Duplex	Craftsman	1936	С
105 Fourth St.	Floyd Sailor House	Craftsman	1936	C
110-12 Fourth St.	Clack Duplex #2	Craftsman	1936	c photo# 11
lll Fourth St.	William Hullett Apts.	Pict. Rev.	1937	c photo# 30
114 Fourth St.	Dan Winch House	Bungalow	1928	C
115 Fourth St.	Ole Flaten House	Craftsman	1923	C
	garage	one-bay	c.1960	nc
128 Fourth St.	Unknown	4-square/Cot.	c.1929	C
213 Fourth St.	Joseph Boyer House	residence	1941	nc
217-9 Fourth St.	George Wright House	Cape Cod	1939	C
	garage	one-bay	c.1939	С

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301 Fourth St. 624 Fourth St.	Hill County Courthouse S. Jude's Parish Center	Neo-Classical Classical Rev.	1915 1928	b
112-16 Fifth St.	Patterson Apartments	five-plex	1925	С
115 Fifth St.	Phil Clack House	residence	1949	nc
220 24 7/5/1 6/	garage	one-bay	1953	nc
312-14 Fifth St.	Unknown		1925	С
221 mifth ch	garage	•	1945	nc
321 Fifth St.	Unknown		1945	nc
322 Fifth St.	garage Leo Pink House	two-bay c. residence	.1945	nc
416-18 Fifth St.	George Daniel House	residence	1949 1948	nc
421 Fifth St.	Jennie Smith House	residence	1929	nc c
421 FILCH 5C.	garage		1929	nc
422 Fifth St.	George Daniels House	residence	1948	nc
425 Fifth St.	Church of Christ Sci.	Class, Rev.	1935	p
504 Fifth St.	Sam Hildebrand House	Craftsman	1928	C
	garage		1939	nc
505 Fifth St.	Kost Sofos House	Craftsman	1928	C
000 12000 20.	garage		1928	c
514 Fifth St.	Frank Mason House	Neo-Col.	1928	c
	garage		1928	C
515 Fifth St.	Levi Fossum House	Craftsman	1928	C
	garage		1928	c
516-18 Fifth St.	Ünknown	duplex	1947	nc
530-36 Fifth St.	Frank Mason Duplex	residence	1938	c photo# 10
	garage	two-bay c.	1938	c
614 Fifth St.	Joe Pleskac House	residence	1947	nc
616 Fifth St.	Eglantine Roper House	residence	1926	C
	garage	one-bay	1929	С
630 Fifth St.	Eglantine Roper House Co.			C
eac mich a	garage	one-bay	1935	C
636 Fifth St.	Eglantine Roper House	residence	1926	С
24-6 Sixth St.	Chris Fuglevand Duplex	Craftsman	1944	nc
38 Sixth St.	Ruth Erickson House	residence	1952	nc
100 Sixth St.	Paul Moody House	Cape Cod	1936	C
	garage	one-bay	1936	C
110 Sixth St.	W.C. Lange House	Bungalow	1914	C
202-10 Sixth St.	Mrs. Lou Lucke Apts.	five-plex	1923	C
224 Sixth St.	<u> </u>	. Rev./Queen Anne		þ
	shed		1915	C
318-20 Sixth St.	David Adams House	Jap./4-sq.	1908	C
325 Sixth St.	A.R. Altman House	residence	1959	nc

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garage

Page _23 Havre Residential Historic District Section number _ 326-8 Sixth St. Burleigh Farmer House 1952 residence nc 405 Sixth St. Adventist Church church 1942 406 Sixth St. Nick Faber House 1915 Bungalow C 418 Sixth St. Nick Faber House residence 1915 nc 420 Sixth St. Adolph Pepin House residence 1925 425 Sixth St. Robin's School 1936 p photo# 32 WPA 510 Sixth St. Henry Gilmore House residence 1929 nc 516 Sixth St. Henry Gilmore House Craftsman 1921 C 516 1/2 Sixth St. Unknown residence 1946 nc 527 Sixth St. 1935 c Parsonage Craftsman 611-13 Sixth St. John McCauley Duplex 1929 Craftsman C 618 Sixth St. Christ Fuglevand House Neo-Col. Rev. 1941 garage one-bay c.1941 105-11 Seventh St. Filicetti Four-plex residence 1959 nc 125 Seventh St. Paul Krezelak House Craftsman 1927 nc 201-3 Seventh St. Frank Thompson Duplex 1907 Queen Anne C 209-11 Seventh St. Carl van Leuven Duplex 1909 Am. 4-sq. c photo# 28 garage one-bay c.1920 222 Seventh St. James Delaney House residence 1930 C 303 Seventh St. George Coulter House Craftsman 1913 C 325 Seventh St. 1913 c Mary Barrett House Craftsman 420 Seventh St. Unknown 1917 Bungalow C c.1950 garage one-bay nc 430 Seventh St. Frank Jestrab House Bungalow **1916** c **Bungalow** 431 Seventh St. 1914 E.C. Richmond House C shed c.1914 501 Seventh St. Unknown Craftsman 1923 C 510-12 Seventh St. Carlson Apartments residence 1950 nc 511 Seventh St. Unknown Bungalow 1923 nc 515 Seventh St. John Nickels House Craftsman 1923 c 524-8 Seventh St. Hodgdon Apartments residence 1951 605 Seventh St. Kiesling House residence 1957 226 Eighth St. Mrs. C.L. Hanson House residence 1945 nc 314 Eighth St. Bill Hafdahl House Cape Cod 1938 c Neo-Col. Rev. 1912 406-8 Eighth St. Unknown 418-20 Eighth St. Margaret McIntyre House Craftsman 1916 c 1945 nc 419-23 Eighth St. Clack Duplex residence 1916 c 425 Eighth St. Delormier House Bungalow 1916 429 Eighth St. Joseph lackman House Bungalow C c.1922 one-bay C garage Bruce McMaster House 1954 residence 511 Eighth St. nc 516-24 Eighth St. 1947 Margaret Morris House residence nc Bungalow 1914 619 Eighth St. John Taylor House C

one-bay

c.1955

Havre Residential Historic District

United States Department of the interiorNational Park Service

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516 Tenth St.

522 Tenth St.

528 Tenth St.

536 Tenth St.

504 Eleventh St.

511 Eleventh St.

514 Eleventh St.

520 Eleventh St.

521 Eleventh St.

524 Eleventh St.

531 Eleventh St.

535 Eleventh St.

536 Eleventh St.

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Art Lamey House

L.W. Mack House

Holland/O'Neil House

George Glass House

Victor Griggs House

Frank Newman House

Frank Millson House

Frank Newman House

Ed Ahern House

Dan Carlin House

Unknown

Unknown

garage

garage

garage

garage

garage

Unknown

garage

302-10 Ninth St. Western Apartments residence 1959 nc 412-14 Ninth St. Unknown 1917 duplex 417 Ninth St. George Gibson House International 1940 c photo# 31 garage two-bay c.1940 c 425 Ninth St. W.C. McKelvy House Craftsman 1930 c commercial 513 Ninth St. Rainault Grocery Store c.1929 nc photo# 8 515 Ninth St. Joseph Rainault House Craftsman 1929 nc 516 Ninth St. Joseph Krinbring House Craftsman 1914 c 522 Ninth Street James Holland House 1914 c Bungalow 523 Ninth St. Thomas McDonough House Bungalow 1917 nc one-bay garage c.1917 c 612 Ninth St. D.E. McPherson House Craftsman 1916 nc 325 Tenth St. Pict. Rev. Unknown c.1920 408-12 Tenth St. Unknown Craftsman 1913 c photo# 14 411 Tenth St. Unknown residence c.1951 nc 416 Tenth St. Unknown Craftsman 1913 c.1913 c one-bay garage 422 Tenth St. Bungalow Pat Yeon House 1916 c garage one-bay c.1916 c 425 Tenth St. Unknown Craftsman 1915 c 427 Tenth St. Unknown Craftsman 1915 c 428 Tenth St. William James House Craftsman 1925 c garage one-bay c.1925 € 510 Tenth St. L. Newman House Bungalow 1917 c

Bungalow

residence

Bungalow

one-bay

Bungalow -

residence

Craftsman

Craftsman

one-bay

Bungalow one-bay

Craftsman two-bay

Craftsman

two-bay

Craftsman

one-bay

Craftsman

two-bay

Bungalow

1917 c

1913 nc

1915 c

c.1915 c

1917 c

1913 c

1913 c

1914 p

1932 c

1915 c

c.1955 nc

c.1935 nc

1929

1917 c

1929 c

c.1980

c.1917

р

nc

nc

1929

c.1925 c

1917

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PRIMARY SOURCES

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Coroner's Inquests, 1912-1938. Clerk of Courts Office. Hill County Courthouse. Havre, Montana.

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Havre Police Department Correspondence, 1904-1906. Montana Historical Society Library, Helena, Montana.

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- Martha Ann Endy. "Havre, Montana: It's Historical Development."
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- Gary Wilson. <u>Honky-Tonk Town: Havre's Bootlegging Days</u>. Helena: Montana Magazine, Inc., 1985).
- Clifford D. Yuill. <u>Historic Homes of Montana</u>. Volume 1. (Great Falls: VisYuill enterprises, 1986).

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Verbal Boundary Description

From point A East on Third Street for three blocks to lot 9 of Block 21 of Original Townsite Addition; South to alley; East to Fourth Avenue; South on Fourth Avenue to Fourth Street; East on Fourth Street to Alley of Block 1 of Pepins Second Addition; South on the alley to lot 13 then east to Fifth Avenue; South on Fifth Avenue to lot 11 of Block 2 of Pepins Second Addition; East to alley then south to Fifth Street; East on Fifth Street to Sixth Avenue; North on Sixth Avenue to Fourth Street; East on Fourth Street to Seventh Avenue; South on Seventh Avenue to Sixth Street; West on Sixth Street to alley of Block 9 of Pepins Second Addition; South on alley (for four blocks) to Tenth Street; West on Tenth Street to Sixth Avenue; South on Sixth Avenue to alley of Block 3 of University Place Addition; West through alley to Fifth Avenue; North on Fifth Avenue to alley of block 2 of Third High School Addition; West on alley to Fourth Avenue; North on Fourth Avenue to Tenth Street; West on Tenth Street to alley of Block 3 of Lucke-Taylor Addition; South on alley to line of bluffs; follow bluffs west to alley of Block 4 of Lucke-Taylor Addition; North (for four blocks) on alley to Seventh Street; West on Seventh Street to First Avenue; South on First Avenue to Lot 26 of Block 1 of Ken-Wright-Hills Second Addition; East to alley; North through alley to Sixth Street; East on Sixth Street to alley of Block 1 of Broadwater Addition; North through alley to Lot 2; West to First Avenue; North to Fifth Street; West on Fifth Street to alley of Block 2 Ken-Wright Hills Addition; North through alley to Fourth Street; Curve Northwest along Montana Avenue to point A.

Boundary Justification

The Havre Residential Historic District contains highest concentration of transitional Queen Anne/Colonial Revival, American 4-square, Craftsman and bungalow residences in Havre. A few small, neighborhood grocery stores, the county courthouse and numerous churches are also located within the district boundaries. Unlike many of the houses on Havre's east side, the majority of the buildings within the historic district still retain a high degree of architectural integrity. Buildings within the district also still retain their historic cohesiveness representing the early upper and middle class development of Havre over a forty-five year time span. The Havre Residential Historic District includes the oldest surviving houses in Havre, and was the part of the city that received the first of the civic improvements, which began in 1905 (water and sewer mains, natural gas for domestic use, electric street lamps, paving and boulevarding the streets). The historic district best exemplifies middle and upper class development in Havre from 1895 to 1940 and yet retains its historical and architectural identity.

The boundaries for the historic district were drawn so as to exclude from nomination that areas immediately to the west, south and southeast represent relatively recent construction mostly occurring from 1946 to 1989. The commercial district to the north of the Havre Residential Historic District also does not retain enough integrity for inclusion in the National Register.

HAVRE RESIDENTIAL HISTORIC DISTRICT

Havre, Montana

Photographers: Jonathan Axline and Richard Bernstein Montana State Historic Preservation Office Helena, Montana

F. B. Wilbar Duplex	809-811 Fourth Avenue	August 24, 1988	SW	#1
Roper Duplex	813-817 Fourth Avenue	January 14, 1988	SW	#2
Holland Apartments	407 Fourth Avenue	December 31, 1987	БИ	#3
Woodrow Apartments	622-636 Fifth Avenue	January 2, 1988	SE	#4
Benton Apartments	705 Fifth Avenue	December 31, 1987	SW	#5
Tewmey's Grocery	800 Fourth Avenue	August 25, 1988	NE.	#6
Bramble's Grocery	611 Fifth Avenue	December 31, 1987	SW	#7
Rainault's Grocery	513 Ninth Street	January 29, 1989	SW	#8
E.A. Walther House	530 Sixth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#9
Frank Mason Duplex	530-536 Fifth Street	January 2, 1988	NE	#10
Clack Duplex #8	110-112 Fourth Street	January 14, 1988	Hill	#11
Clyde Roper House	832 Fourth Avenue	December 31, 1987	SE.	#12
H.C. Ohland House	616 Fifth Avenue	January 30, 1989	NE	#13
Delaney & Bossuot Duplex	408-412 Tenth Street	january 14, 1988	NE	#14
Andrew Sundahl House	900 Fifth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#15
Young-Almas House	419 Fourth Avenue	December 31, 1987	SW	#16
Rathbone House	509 Second Avenue	December 3, 1987	SW	#17
C.A. Quinn House	437 1/2 Third Avenue	December 3, 1987	NW	#18
Daniel McKenty House	803 Sixth Avenue	January 1, 1988	NW	#19
James Holland, Jr. House	900 Sixth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#20
2nd Exzelia Pepin House	606 Third Avenue	January 30, 1989	NE	#21
Thomas Lobb House	835 Sixth Avenue	January 1, 1988	W	#22
F.A. Buttrey House	905 Fourth Avenue	August 24, 1988	SW	#23
P.C. Barrett House	910 Fifth Avenue	August 29, 1988	NE	#24

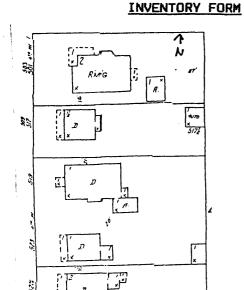
L.W. Mack Apartments	710-714 Fifth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#25
Unknown	702 Fifth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#26
Peter Brainerd House	824 Sixth Avenue	January 2, 1988	NE	#27
Carl van Leuven Duplex	209-211 Seventh Street	January 14, 1988	SW	#28
Christ Fuglevand House	629 Sixth Avenue	January 30, 1989	NE	#29
William Hullett Apts.	111 Fourth Street	January 14, 1988	SW	#30
George Gibson House	417 Ninth Street	January 29, 1989	5E	#31
Robbin's School	425 Sixth Street	January 29, 1989	SE	#32
Streetscape	400 Blk-Second Avenue	January 29, 1989	E	#33
Streetscape	100 Blk-Third Street	March 24, 1989	s	#34
Streetscape	First Blk-Third Street	March 24, 1989	S	#35
Streetscape	HS Gymnasium-Third Ave.	March 24, 1989	Ε	#36
Streetscape	900 Blk-Fourth Avenue	March 24, 1989	W	#37
Streetscape	800 Blk-Fourth Avenue	March 24, 1989	Ε	#38
Streetscape	600 Blk-Fourth Avenue	March 24, 1989	W	#39
Streetscape	400 Blk-Fourth Avenue	March 24, 1989	E	#40
Streetscape	600 Blk-Sixth Avenue	March 24, 1989	W	#41
Streetscape	Cath. School & Parish Ct	r. March 24, 1989	SW	#42



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Havre Residential Historic District	Hill County, Montana
ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION APPROVAL	Delme 9/14/93

MONTANA HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL





Roll# 33 Frame# 24 Roll# 38 Frame# 18

<u>Legal Description</u>:Morris-Smith-McCulloh Addition, Block 2, lots 5 & 6

Address: 519 Fourth Avenue

Ownership Name: Arvid & Dorothy Leindet

Address: *Jack & Linda Ehry, 519 Fourth Ave. Havre, MT 59501

private: x
public:

Historic Name: Andrew Sundahl House

Common Name: Unknown

Date of Construction: 1928 (Sewer Record)

Architect: N/A

Builder: Andrew Sundahl

Original Owner: Andrew Sundahl

Original Use: Single-family Residence Present Use: Single-family Residence

Physical Description:

One story, wood frame Craftsman residence. 4 x 2 bay. Gable roof over T-shaped plan. Asphalt shingled roof (originally wood shingled). Exposed rafters and brackets support overhanging eaves. Clapboard siding except under eaves and on gable ends where it is Decorative vertical boards and water table. Two exterior brick chimneys with corbelled caps on south and east. Bracketed gable hood over oriel on on southside (corresponds with dining room). Concrete block foundation with daylit basement.

Open porch on facade (W). Gable roof with exposed rafters is supported by square columns. Gable end has decorative vertical boards siding. Columns are supported by brick piers. Entry is central to facade and is reached by concrete steps.

Windows have heavy wood trim and sills. 4/4 double-hung sash windows throughout house. Daylit basement has casement windows.

Attached matching one-bay garage at south of house. Gable roof with asphalt shingles. Clapboard siding. Doors are pivoting with single light casement window in each side. There is a recent detached garage at the rear of the property.

Site is level.

Historical Information

The 1939 Sanborn map shows this dwelling as being wood shingled with an open porch.

The Sewer Record shows the original owner of this house as Andrew Sundahl. Sundahl, who built several other houses in the Historic District for rental purposes, probably built this house. According to the 1929-30 Polk Directory, Sundahl lived in this house which was numbered "521."

Footnote Sources:

Polk Directory, Havre and Chouteau County, 1909.

Polk Directory, Havre and Hill County, 1915-16 and 1929-30

Sanborn Maps, 1910, 1920 and 1939.

Research Sources:

Assessor's Records, Hill County, Hill County Courthouse, Havre Montana

Sewer Record no. 818 (1928), Department of Public Works, City of Havre, Havre, Montana

Integrity:

This structure retains its original configuration, historic fabric and many distinctive features indicative of its craftsman styling.

Significance:

This building maintains a high level of architectural integrity and would strongly contribute to the proposed Historic District. It would qualify for the National Register under criteria C as a good local example of a craftsman-styled residence.

Form Prepared by:

Name: Jonathan Axline

Address: Bear Paw Development Corp., PO Box 1549, Havre, MT 59501

Date: November 14, 1988.

Geographical Information

Acreage: Less than one acre USGS Quad: Havre, Montana

UTM's: