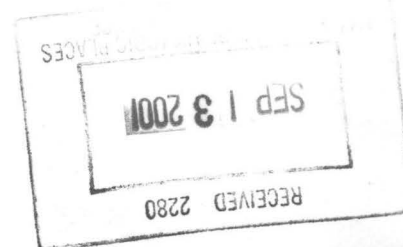


United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places  
Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name Three States Lumber Company Mill Powerhouse

other names/site number Burdette Plantation

2. Location

street & number Old Mill Road ☐ not for publication

city or town Burdette ☐ vicinity

state Arkansas code AR county Mississippi code 093 zip code 72321

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this ☒ nomination ☐  
request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic  
Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set for in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property ☒ meets ☐  
does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant  
☐ nationally ☒ statewide ☐ locally. (See continuation sheet for additional comments.)

Cathie Matthews  
Signature of certifying official/Title

9/05/01  
Date

Arkansas Historic Preservation Program

State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property ☐ meets ☐ does not meet the National Register criteria. (☐ See Continuation sheet for additional comments.)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of certifying official/Title

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

I hereby certify that the property is:

☒ entered in the National Register.

☐ See continuation sheet

☐ determined eligible for the  
National Register.

☐ See continuation sheet

☐ determined not eligible for the  
National Register.

☐ removed from the National  
Register.

☐ other, (explain:) \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of the Keeper

Date of Action

Entered in the  
National Register

10/28/01

**5. Classification****Ownership of Property**

(Check as many boxes as apply)

- ☒ private  
☐ public-local  
☐ public-State  
☐ public-Federal

**Category of Property**

(Check only one box)

- ☒ building(s)  
☐ district  
☐ site  
☐ structure  
☐ object

**Number of Resources within Property**

(Do not include previously listed resources in count.)

Contributing	Noncontributing	
1	0	buildings
2	0	sites
0	0	structures
0	0	objects
3	0	Total

**Name of related multiple property listing**

(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)

N/A

**Number of Contributing resources previously listed in the National Register**

N/A

**6. Function or Use****Historic Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions)

INDUSTRY/PROCESSING/EXTRACTION: energy facility

INDUSTRY/PROCESSING/EXTRACTION: manufacturing facility

COMMERCE/TRADE: business

COMMERCE/TRADE: specialty store

**Current Functions**

(Enter categories from instructions)

VACANT/NOT IN USE

**7. Description****Architectural Classification**

(Enter categories from instructions)

OTHER: Early 20<sup>th</sup> Century Industrial**Materials**

(Enter categories from instructions)

Foundation CONCRETE

walls BRICK

roof CONCRETE

other

**Narrative Description**

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1

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### SUMMARY

The Three States Lumber Company Powerhouse/Burdette Plantation Company Store located on Old Mill Road in Burdette, Arkansas, was built in 1909 to be used as the powerhouse for the Three States Lumber Company Mill. It was originally part of a large timber mill complex, but the other buildings associated with the mill were removed in 1922. This building and several concrete foundations are all that remain of the complex. The building is divided into two sections, constructed of brick, and covered by a poured concrete roof. The north portion of the building is two-story and covered with a gable roof. The smaller south portion of the building is a single-story with a shed roof. One of the prominent features of the building are the concrete encased skylights that rise up from the roof. Seven such lights are located at various points on both sections of the building.

### ELABORATION

The Three States Lumber Company Powerhouse/Burdette Plantation Company Store was built in 1909 to house the power plant for the Three States Lumber Company. It was originally part of a large timber mill complex, but the other elements of the mill were removed in 1922. Although a large portion of the original Three States Lumber Company Mill was removed, the section that remained and became Burdette Plantation looks much like it has for the past eighty years. Several fires occurred at the mill from 1905-1922 that makes changes and alterations difficult to date. The threat of fire probably played a large part in the choice of materials used for this portion of the mill. Most of the mill was constructed from materials that could easily be disassembled and moved to a different location, but this portion of the mill needed to be more durable. The choice of brick for the walls and concrete for the roof make the building virtually fireproof. This was important because fires often broke out in the power rooms of such operations. Since the powerhouse was made of nonflammable materials a fire could be contained and the rest of the mill spared. It also made fires that started in other parts of the mill out of the powerhouse. This was important because the mill's power plant not only gave power to the mill, but also to the entire town.

The building is divided into two sections constructed of brick and topped by a poured concrete roof. The north portion of the building is two-story and is covered with a gable roof. The smaller south portion of the building is a single-story sheltered beneath a shed roof. Seven skylights are located at various points on both sections of the building. The wedge shaped skylights are encased in concrete and each are covered with a concrete shed roof. Each skylight displays three, four-pane, casement windows. The windows provided ventilation that helped in cooling the building. The bottom portion of what was once a towering smokestack pierces the roof on the north side of the building.

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National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 2

A small oxbow lake lies just south of the building. There are still some remaining pylons from the railroad trestle that crossed the oxbow leading to the mill. Concrete foundations that were part of the sawmill building are located west of the remaining building. There is also an unidentified freestanding concrete structure directly behind the building. A large concrete circle that served as the foundation for the air dome is located directly north of the building.

### East Elevation

The building's front façade is comprised of a small single-story section on the south side and a larger two-story section on the north side. The main entrance into the building is located on the south side section of the building. The door is flanked by eight pane windows and is crowned by a three light transom window.

Alterations include the concealment of one original window with plywood. The transom and north side window has also been covered with plywood. The entryway, which was originally comprised of a utility door now, displays the present door from when the building became Burdette Plantation.

The two-story section of the building had an entryway near the center of the building, however the entryway has been boarded up. Two windows fenestrated the building on the second story, but they have also been covered in plywood at an unknown date. A ghost sign that reads "Burdette Plantation" is still visible in the gable end of the building.

### North Elevation

The north elevation is comprised of the two-story section of the building and faces what was at one time a sixty-acre lumberyard. Seven windows fenestrate the elevation, six on the top story and one on the bottom. All of these windows have been covered with plywood. Two sets of double utility doors are also located on the elevation; the doors are not original and an exact date of change has yet to be established.

### West Elevation

The west elevation is the portion of the building that was only inches away from the actual mill building. The only fenestration on the elevation is a metal, furnace type door, and the exact function of the door has yet to be determined.

### South Elevation

The south elevation was at one time fenestrated by four four-pane windows. The windows along with a door were all infilled with brick at an unknown date. A pair of doors also fenestrate the elevation. It is unknown what was originally in the space, but at some point a portion of the opening was infilled with cinder blocks shrinking the size of the opening.

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National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 3

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### Integrity

Although a large part of the original complex was removed in 1922 the remaining portion of the mill looks much like it did when Burdette Plantation moved into the building. The form of the building has remained the same for nearly eighty years. The building is located on a natural oxbow lake that still has pylons where a railroad trestle crossed the water going to the mill. Located just across the street from the mill is a pair of company houses where mill workers once lived. The close proximity to these things along with the large nearby tracts of farmland gives the building strong association of both the mill and the plantation. Although windows have been boarded up and some entryways altered the building remains very sound structurally, and with the exception of the south elevation, no permanent alterations have occurred. All alterations have occurred are easily reversible.

**8. Statement of Significance****Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- ☒ **A** Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- ☐ **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- ☒ **C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- ☐ **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

**Criteria Considerations**

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- ☐ **A** owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- ☐ **B** removed from its original location.
- ☐ **C** birthplace or grave of a historical figure of outstanding importance.
- ☐ **D** a cemetery.
- ☐ **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- ☐ **F** a commemorative property
- ☐ **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

**Levels of Significance** (local, state, national)  
state**Areas of Significance** (Enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE

SOCIAL HISTORY

**Period of Significance**

1909-1951

**Significant Dates**

1909

1922

**Significant Person** (Complete if Criterion B is marked)

N/A

**Cultural Affiliation** (Complete if Criterion D is marked)

N/A

**Architect/Builder**

Three States Lumber Company

**Narrative Statement of Significance**

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

**9. Major Bibliographical References****Bibliography**

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

**Previous documentation on file (NPS):**

- ☐ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- ☐ previously listed in the National Register
- ☐ Previously determined eligible by the National Register
- ☐ designated a National Historic Landmark
- ☐ recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey  
# \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ recorded by Historic American Engineering

**Primary location of additional data:**

- ☒ State Historic Preservation Office
- ☐ Other State Agency
- ☐ Federal Agency
- ☐ Local Government
- ☐ University
- ☐ Other

Name of repository:

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 1

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### SUMMARY

The Three States Lumber Company Powerhouse/Burdette Plantation is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under **Criterion A** with **state significance** for its association with the development of the Delta region of Arkansas from a heavily forested wetland to the agricultural center of the state. It is also being nominated under **Criterion C** as the only known example of a large industrial building associated with the early deforestation of the region. Since most timber mills were made to be, and were, disassembled after the completion of operations, a building of this permanence is quite rare. The fact that it later served as a plantation headquarters makes it even more significant, because it shows a clear transition from logging to agriculture as the eastern half of Arkansas's chief economic provider. Constructed in 1909 to house the powerplant of the Three States Lumber Company Mill, the building was the only part of the complex that was not disassembled and moved upon completion of the company's logging operation in Mississippi County in 1922. Although windows have been boarded up the building appears much like it did at the time of its construction and at the time of the mills disassembly in 1922.

### ELABORATION

In Arkansas, Mississippi County was one of the last areas in state to be developed. The county was formed in 1833, three years before Arkansas became a state. Early European settlers were hunters and trappers or small subsistence farmers. Because its topography and environment did not encourage immediate widespread settlement; nor did the state government have the means or the inclination to improve conditions, the population of Mississippi County grew very slowly. In the 1800s, like many other Delta counties, Mississippi County was swampy and insect infested; humid in the summer and cold and damp in the winter; and home to wild animals including bears and panthers. The county generally lacked the attractions other areas of the state had to offer. It had a history of natural disasters such as earthquakes and floods, and in fact, the first of the three large quakes that became known as the New Madrid earthquake of 1811-1812 occurred near the present town of Blytheville, which is only a few miles north of Burdette. The eastern border of the county was the untamed Mississippi River where river overflows were annual events. The roads that existed were frequently impassable and there was no railroads making transportation difficult, therefore the Mississippi River was the county's lifeline.

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 2

What the area did have to offer was thousands of acres of virgin hardwood timber and amazingly fertile alluvial soil. The last decade of the nineteenth century saw national expansion and a nation-wide building boom. A number of northern lumber companies saw the opportunity to expand and purchased large tracts of timber throughout the south. One of these companies was the Three States Lumber Company, an Eau Claire, Wisconsin corporation.

### **The Three States Lumber Company**

Three States incorporated in Arkansas in 1894, shortly after it purchased approximately 35,000 acres of land in Mississippi County. Three States also owned land in south Arkansas, Missouri, and Mississippi. For a number of years it contracted with local timber and lumber operators to cut and mill, and ship the lumber to its Cairo and Joppa, Illinois yards. In 1905 Three States Lumber Company purchased a mill from one of its primary contractors in Luxora, closed it down, and relocated to Burdette. Parts of the Luxora mill were transported by company railroad to Burdette, and framing was shipped down river from an earlier Three States operation at James Bayou, Missouri.

The Burdette operation was quite large. The Burdette mill opened in 1906 and was operated by the company until it closed in 1922. In 1917 the company had on hand 1,201,138 board feet of logs. It cut 22, 500,848 board feet of new logs and produced 21,973,799 board feet of lumber. It marketed 17, 118, 742 board feet of lumber in the same year. Property assets of the company were listed as \$1,497,581.98 at the end of 1916. As was the case with many logging/lumber operations, the company built a town to support its facility. It also operated the Blytheville, Burdette, and Mississippi County Railway to transport logs to the mill and then to transport lumber to river ports or to connect with other railroads to ship the lumber north.

Burdette was incorporated in 1905 after being chosen as the site for the Three States Lumber Company's mill. The town was named Burdette in honor of Alfred Burdette Wolverton, who was the first superintendent at the mill. Transportation was still primitive and caused the town to be relatively self-sufficient. The company provided a store, doctor's office, hotel, bathhouse, ice cream parlor, pool hall, open air movie theater, and a

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National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 3

park with a bandstand where concerts and lectures were held. William Jennings Bryan spoke there on the Chatauqua circuit, and W.C. Handy played at the town's honky tonk. There were also a jail, baseball diamond, community garden and canning kitchen, and schools for both white and black children. The town had sewage and water systems and as a result of the generator used to power the mill, residents had electricity.

Three States Lumber had finished their logging operation by 1922. Like most timber mills, the setup was meant to be temporary so the mill could disassemble and move elsewhere upon completion of each operation. The powerhouse was more permanent due to its solid brick and concrete construction. The rest of the components of the mill were sold to the R.J. Darnell Lumber Company and were shipped down the Mississippi River to Louisiana. Citizens of Burdette that had relied on the mill for employment would have to find new occupations.

With timber being harvested in increasingly large numbers, both the landscape and economy of Mississippi County begin to change. Large areas of land were opened up as the timber was harvested; however, the land was still not suitable for farmland. Although the trees were gone stumps still remained throughout the recently cleared land. There was also the problem of drainage. Much of the county remained under water for large periods of the year. The rich alluvial soil, a result of an almost yearly overflow of the Mississippi River, would remain useless until stumps were cleared and a drainage system was in place. Three States Lumber Company President W.A. Gilchrist saw the potential of the land and was a strong supporter of early drainage efforts in the county.

### **Burdette Plantation**

As early as 1914 the company had a farm manager to oversee the cutting of drainage ditches, clearing of stumps, and the sale of the improved agricultural land. When the Three States Lumber Company left Burdette, the company's farm manager James Tompkins formed Burdette Plantation Incorporated and purchased a 3,200-acre block of this land. Since the powerhouse could not be moved, Three States also sold it to Tompkins. The building was converted to the plantation headquarters and company store. The building, though deteriorated, appears much the same as it did when Burdette Plantation purchased it in 1922.

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National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 8 Page 4

Residents of the town who decided to stay after the mill left went to work for Burdette Plantation. The town, though smaller in scale, continued to be essentially a company town. The economics of the area had shifted from timber to agriculture, and the landscape had also changed. What had been swamp and forest less than a quarter of a century before was now some of Arkansas's finest farm land.

Burdette Plantation was a typical agricultural operation of its time and place. The lumber company had cleared the land but much of it was still very rough, filled with stumps and with little drainage. The combination of mule and man power resulted in the clearing of the "wild lands", digging of ditches that drained the swamps, and planting and harvesting of crops that made Mississippi County one of the state's leading agricultural producers. The Plantation offices and store occupied this building through the 1960s when mechanization, migration and population shifts, and modern transportation made its mode of operation obsolete. During its heyday it exemplified both the good and the bad of the twentieth century plantation system. It stands today as a symbol of a way of life experienced by many citizens of Mississippi County and the Arkansas Delta.

### Significance

The Three States Lumber Company Powerhouse/Burdette Plantation is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places under **Criterion A** with **state significance** as the most extant resource associated with the deforestation of the Arkansas Delta. The building's transition from part of a timber operation to a plantation headquarters and company store shows the transition from an economy based on timber to one based on agriculture. It is also being nominated under **Criterion C** as the best example of a large industrial building associated with the deforestation of the Arkansas Delta. Constructed in 1909 as part of the Three States Lumber Company Mill, it is the only surviving building of the mill complex that was disassembled and moved in 1922. Although windows have been boarded up the building appears much like it did at the time of its construction.

Three States Lumber Mill Powerhouse  
Name of Property

Mississippi County, Arkansas  
County and State

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9 Page 1

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### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Fischer, Duane Dale. The John S. Owen Enterprises. Ph.D. dissertation, University of Wisconsin, 1964.

Fischer, Duane Dale. Notes for and unpublished draft of manuscript on Three States Lumber Company, ca. 1965-2001.

Fox, J.A. The Garden Spot of the Mississippi Valley: Mississippi County in the St. Francis Basin of Arkansas, Osceola, AR, published by the author, 1902.

Blytheville Courier News, Mid-Century Edition, Oct. 10, 1950, Section E, p. 11 and Section D, p. 16.

Map of Burdette, AR up to 1922 as Remembered [by] Charles Ramey and Emily Tompkins Sullivan in 1995. Privately printed, 1999.

Real Estate Record Card, Mississippi County Courthouse, Osceola, AR.

Interview with Jim Tompkins, County Assessor, Mississippi County, and legal representative of Burdette Plantation, October, 2000.

Name of Property

County and State

**Acreage of Property** 2.84 acres

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1	<u>16</u>	<u>234370</u>	<u>3967420</u>
	Zone	Easting	Northing
2			

3 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Zone Easting Northing  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_

☐ See continuation sheet

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

20-14-11 Burdette Irreg. Lots. Burdette City. 2.84A Lot SE 1/4 SW 1/4- Bayou-

The boundary includes all of the area historically associated with the mill that retains historic integrity.

name/title Ruth C. Hale (edited by Zac Cothren)

organization Arkansas Historic Preservation Program

date 8/15/01

street &amp; number 323 Center St. Suite 1500

telephone (501) 324-9880

city or town      Little Rock

State	AR
Alabama	1990
Alaska	1990
Arizona	1990
Arkansas	1990
California	1990
Colorado	1990
Connecticut	1990
Delaware	1990
District of Columbia	1990
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Idaho	1990
Illinois	1990
Indiana	1990
Iowa	1990
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Kentucky	1990
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New Jersey	1990
New Mexico	1990
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North Carolina	1990
North Dakota	1990
Ohio	1990
Oklahoma	1990
Oregon	1990
Pennsylvania	1990
Rhode Island	1990
South Carolina	1990
South Dakota	1990
Tennessee	1990
Texas	1990
Utah	1990
Vermont	1990
Virginia	1990
Washington	1990
West Virginia	1990
Wisconsin	1990
Wyoming	1990

zip code 72201

Submit the following items with the completed form:

## Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Representative **black and white** photographs of the property.

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

## (Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

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city or town \_\_\_\_\_ state \_\_\_\_\_ zip code \_\_\_\_\_

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement:** This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listing. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 *et seq.*)

**Estimated Burden Statement:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P. O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20303.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES  
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY NAME: Three States Lumber Company Mill Powerhouse

MULTIPLE  
NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: ARKANSAS, Mississippi

DATE RECEIVED: 9/13/01      DATE OF PENDING LIST: 10/25/01  
DATE OF 16TH DAY: 11/09/01      DATE OF 45TH DAY: 10/29/01  
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 01001175

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N  
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N  
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

\_\_\_ACCEPT \_\_\_RETURN \_\_\_REJECT \_\_\_\_\_DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

RECOM./CRITERIA \_\_\_\_\_

REVIEWER \_\_\_\_\_ DISCIPLINE \_\_\_\_\_

TELEPHONE \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N



1. Three States Lumber Company Mill Powerhouse
2. Mississippi County, AR
3. Zac Cochran
4. March 2001
5. AHP
6. Looking West



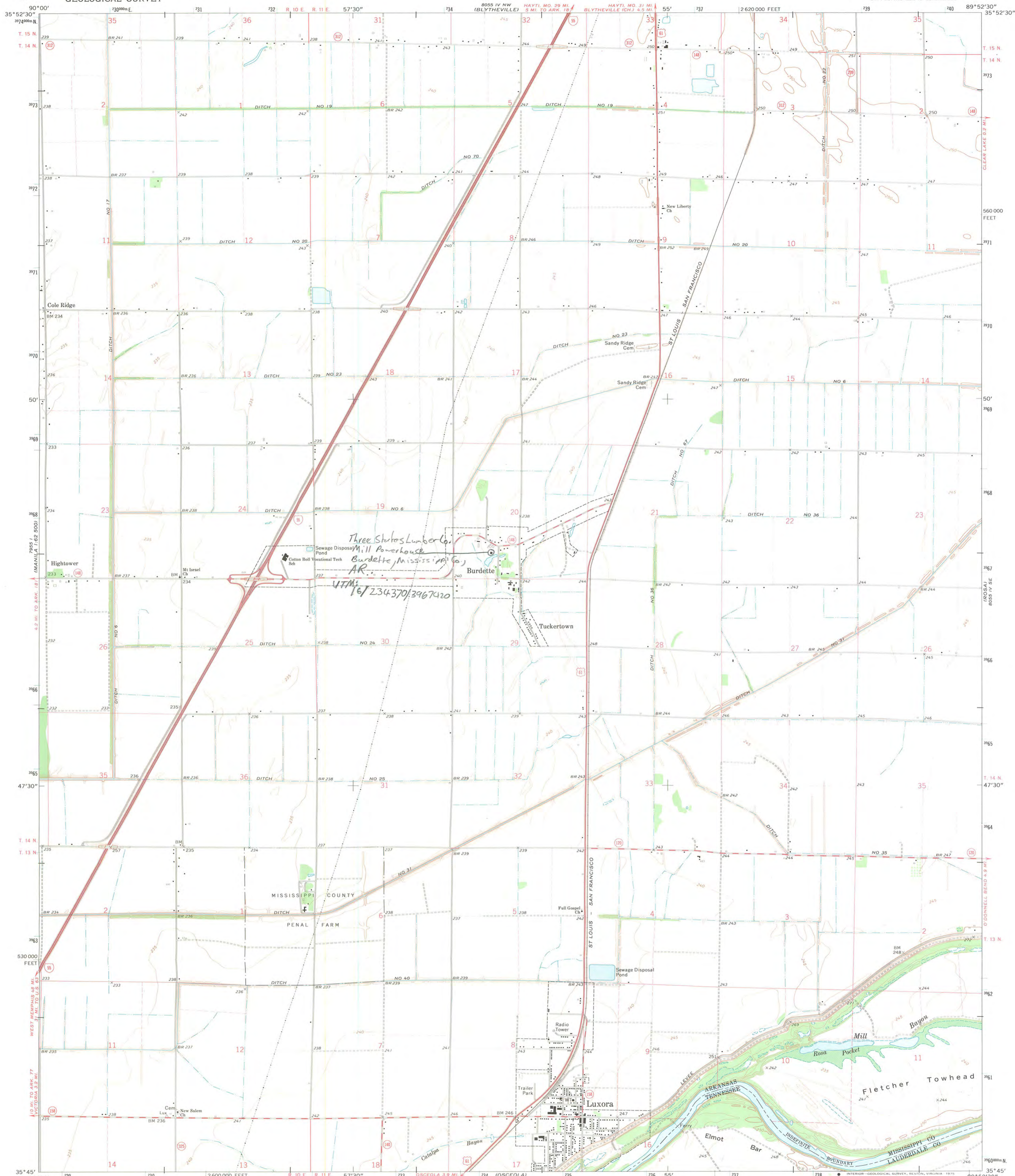
1. Three States Lumber Company Mill Powerhouse.
2. Mississippi County, AR
3. Zac Cuthren
4. March 2001
5. AHPP
6. Looking South



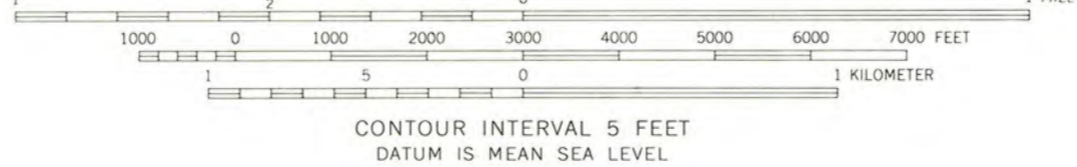
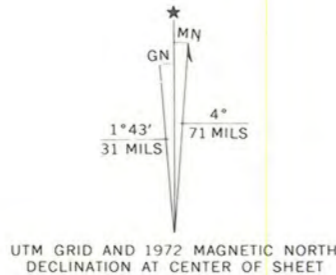
1. Three States Lumber Co Mill Racehouse
2. Mississippi County, AR
3. Zac Cotton
4. March 2001
5. AHPP
6. Looking East



1. Three States Lumber Co. Mill Powerhouse
2. Mississippi County, AR
3. Zae Cuthren
4. March 2001
5. AHPP
6. Looking North



Mapped, edited, and published by the Geological Survey  
Control by USGS and USC&GS  
Topography by photogrammetric methods from aerial  
photographs taken 1971. Field checked 1972  
Projection and 10,000-foot grid ticks: Arkansas coordinate  
system, north zone (Lambert conformal conic)  
1000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks,  
zone 16, shown in blue. 1927 North American datum  
Fine red dashed lines indicate selected fence and field lines where  
generally visible on aerial photographs. This information is unchecked



THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY STANDARDS  
FOR SALE BY U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, COLORADO 80225, OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092  
ARKANSAS GEOLOGICAL COMMISSION, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS 72201  
AND TENNESSEE DIVISION OF GEOLOGY, NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37219  
A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST



ROAD CLASSIFICATION	
Primary highway, hard surface	Light-duty road, hard or improved surface
Secondary highway, hard surface	Unimproved road
Interstate Route	U.S. Route
	State Route

LUXORA, ARK.-TENN.  
SW 1/4 BLYTHEVILLE 15' QUADRANGLE  
N3545-W8952.5/7.5  
1972  
AMS 8055 IV SW-SERIES V884



# The Department of Arkansas Heritage

Mike Huckabee, Governor  
Cathie Matthews, Director

Arkansas Arts Council

Arkansas Natural Heritage  
Commission

Historic Arkansas Museum

Delta Cultural Center

Old State House Museum



## Arkansas Historic Preservation Program

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September 4, 2001

Carol D. Shull  
Chief of Registration  
United State Department of the Interior  
National Register of Historic Places  
National Park Service  
800 North Capitol Street, Suite 250  
Washington, D.C. 20002

RE: Three States Lumber Company Mill Powerhouse- Burdette, Mississippi  
County

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the nomination of the above-referenced property. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nominating procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathie Matthews  
State Historic Preservation Officer

CM:zc

Enclosures

An Equal Opportunity Employer

