UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

Atlanta

FOR NPS USE	ONLY			
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RECEIVED				
	NOV 1 4 15	179	_	
DATE ENTERE	D	700	20 90	

Georgia

INVENTORY NOMINATION	FORM DATE	ENTERED	<u> 20 (2)</u>
SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES	TO COMPLETE NATION COMPLETE APPLICAB		5
1 NAME			
HISTORIC			
Dorough Round Barn and Far	rm		
AND/OR COMMON			
Round Barn			
LOCATION No Muckey	y head on		
STREET & NUMBER	1		
Villa Rica Road		NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DISTRI	ICT
Hickory Level we X	VICINITY OF	Sixth	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
Georgia	013	Carroll Carroll	045
CLASSIFICATION			
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENT USE
DISTRICTPUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	X_AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
$\underline{X}_{\text{BUILDING(S)}}$ $\underline{X}_{\text{PRIVATE}}$	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTUREBOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XPRIVATE RESIDEN
SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
_OBJECTIN PROCESS	\underline{X} YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
	NO	MILITARY	_OTHER:
OWNER OF PROPERTY NAME Mr. and Mrs. Herschel Doroug STREET & NUMBER	gh		
Route 1		STATE	
Temple	VICINITY OF	Georgia	
LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCR			
COURTHOUSE. REGISTRY OF DEEDS,ETC. Superior Court			
STREET & NUMBER Carroll County Cou	ırthouse		
CITY, TOWN		STATE	
Carrollton		Georgia	
REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
Historic Structures Field Su	rvev: Carroll Coun	tv. Georgia	
DATE		-,,	
January, 1977	federal X	STATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Historic Preservation	n Section, Dept. of	Natural Resources	
CITY, TOWN		STATE	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED

X ORIGINAL SITE

_GOOD

__UNEXPOSED

__RUINS

__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Dorough Round Barn and Farm is located on the Villa Rica Road one mile northeast of Hickory Level. The farm complex, consisting of several structures, is situated on 196.31 acres of land.

The Round Barn is actually a fourteen-sided structure of oak board-and-batten construction. The two-story structure has a diameter of ninety feet and is forty feet tall. The foundation is of reinforced, poured concrete. A circular monitor is located on the roof. A nail pattern appears over the double doors on the first floor.

The Round Bar contains a 150-ton silo, located in the center of the barn. It is held together with steel rods. On the first floor, feed bins circle the silo and stalls for dairy cattle are located on the outer wall. The threshold has been removed to allow the entry of large machinery into the barn. The first floor is now used to store farm machinery. The second floor is open and spacious. It is presently vacant. Irregularly placed holes provide ventilation for the barn.

The farmhouse is a nineteenth-century, one-and-one-half-story frame structure. The rear of the structure dates from the early-nineteenth century, while the main portion of the house was added in the late-nineteenth century. The roof is pitched with a high central gable. The central entrance is flanked on each side by a window. A shed porch, supported by four square wood columns, is attached to the front of the house.

Also located on the property are several other structures. A carriage house is located directly behind the farmhouse. It now serves as the farm's workshop. Directly behind the carriage house is the privy, now used as a storage room for farm tools. A tenant house is located behind the privy and is in a deteriorated condition. A small barn is located between the Round Barn and the farmhouse. It is used for storage of farm equipment. A well-house is located near the northeast corner of the farmhouse.

Structures that no longer exist today are documented by available maps. These structures include several tenant houses and several barns. Many of the tenant houses collapsed from deterioration. Several barns were torn down when the Round Barn was completed.

A twentieth-century house has been constructed in the northwest corner of the nominated property. It does not contribute to the significance of the property.

[continued]

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The majority of the gently rolling terrain of the Dorough farm is no longer under agricultural production today. While approximately two-thirds of the nominated property is now forested, the remaining property is cleared. On the cleared land, the Doroughs grow hay and have a garden. A stream is located in the forested region of the nominated property.

SPECIFIC DATES		BUILDER/ARCHITECT				
		INVENTION				
X 1900- 1917	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)		
X1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION		
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER		
1600-1699	X ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN		
1500-1599	ZAGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE		
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE		
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION		
PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW					

Experience of the control of the con

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Dorough Round Barn and Farm is significant to the architectural and agricultural history of Georgia. The Round Barn is an unusual example of agricultural architecture. As an early dairy farm in Carroll County, the construction of a round barn attempted to introduce new methods of increasing productivity of dairy products. The acreage that is being nominated has been associated with the farm for many years and the 202.5-acre land lot remains almost intact. The land has remained in the Dorough family for several generations.

The Round Barn is architecturally significant due to its circular shape, a progressive agricultural building technique at that time. It is one of the most unusual utilitarian structures found in west Georgia. It is one of four round barns that have been located in Georgia to date. The Round Barn employs progressive architectural techniques, such as the reinforced, poured-concrete foundation as opposed to the more common fieldstone foundation. A round barn allowed for more utilized floor space and a central silo would enable the farmer to store large amounts of feed in a small, readily accessible location. An example of design pretension is found in the nail pattern over the double doors.

Many articles in periodicals and books published prior to the construction of the Dorough barn described the advantages of the American centric barn. Publications promoted the construction of circular barns around the turn of the century. Articles found in periodicals such as <u>Building Age</u> and <u>Hoard's Dairyman</u>, described progressive architectural techniques in barn building. Many books offered architectural plans for centric barns. Whether publications such as these influenced E.W. Dorough and his decision to build a round barn is not known; however, the county agent of Carroll County had access to such publications, as well as information from the University of Georgia's School of Agriculture.

Returning from a trip to Arkansas in 1917, E.W. Dorough was encouraged by the county agent of Carroll County to engage in the dairy business. Deciding to establish a dairy operation, Dorough determined to achieve the easiest method of tending a herd of dairy cattle. He chose to build a round

[continued]

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Arthur, Eric, and Witney, Dudley. The Barn: A Vanishing Landmark in North Greenwich, Conn.: New York Graphic Society, Ltd., 1972. Barry, D.P. "Plans for an Octagon Barn," Building Age, May, 1913. [continued] 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _ 196.31 QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24,000 QUADRANGLE NAME Villa Rica UTM REFERENCES A 1, 6 6 8 6 0 2 0 3, 7, 2, 8, 4, 3, 0 B 1, 6 | 6 | 8, 6 | 9, 6, 0 | 3, 7 | 2, 8 | 4, 2, 0 NORTHING ZONE | 3, 7| 2, 9| 3, 2, 0 D 1, 6 6 8 6 0 2 0 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Boundaries are indicated by heavy black line on Carroll County Tax Map 150. nominated property is parcel 29 of land lot 72. LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE CODE CODE STATE COUNTY FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Kacy Ginn, National Register Researcher DATE Historic Preservation Sec., Dept. of Natural Resources Sept. 24, 1979 TELEPHONE STREET & NUMBER 270 Washington Street, S.W. (404) 656-2840 STATE CITY OR TOWN Atlanta Georgia 30334 12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: STATE_X NATIONAL_ LOCAL As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE Elizabeth A. Lyon DATE Acting Chief, State Historic Preservation Officer FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER DATE YEST: DATE

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barn, patterned after a round barn he had seen in Arkansas. Although the idea of a "round barn" was scoffed at by his neighbors, Dorough employed Floyd Lovell to construct his barn. According to Dorough family tradition, Lovell cut each piece of wood before the actual construction began. He used thirteen kegs of nails and approximately 53,000 wooden shingles to construct the original roof. The cost of the barn was \$7,500; the silo was built at an additional cost.

The Dorough dairy operation was an early dairy business in Carroll County. The industry received its greatest boost in the late 1940s and early 1950s with the establishment of the Carroll Creamery. The Dorough dairy operation began in 1917 with the completion of the Round Barn and existed until 1925-26. Dorough encountered several problems that eventually led to the demise of his dairy operation: (1) the long hauls to the creamery were not practical, (2) the dirt roads proved impassable during the rainy season, and (3) the winter season proved to be a hazard to the infant dairy operation. In 1925-26, Dorough abandoned his dairy operation.

The land lot that has been associated with the Dorough family for several generations was granted to W.H. Taylor in 1835. The property remained in the Taylor family until it was deeded to Florence Taylor Dorough, wife of E.W. Dorough, in 1907. The property now belongs to E.H. Dorough, E.W. and Florence Dorough's son. The property has been farmed continuously since it was granted to W.H. Taylor. The "heyday" of the farm existed at the time the Round Barn was built in 1917. The main crops were wheat and oats, but other crops, such as peanuts and cotton, were produced. Three tenant families lived on the Dorough place and helped on the farm. Six to eight mules were used to aid in the farming process. It was during this time that many of the outbuildings were constructed. The farmhouse and other structures created a farm complex that enabled the Dorough family to successfully operate a dairy and farm.

In 1919, the boll weevil hit the Dorough cotton fields and destroyed all but three bales of cotton. The farm never regained its former level of production. Today, E.H. Dorough plants a garden and several acres of hay. Three generations live on the Dorough property today: E.H. Dorough, his son and granddaughter.

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No formal archaeology has been reported for the nominated property. Knowledge of previous structures is available through a 1936 plat map and oral family tradition. Knowledge of these former structures are important to the understanding of the farm complex.

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CONTINUATION SHEET Bibliography ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 2

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