United States Department of the interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places **Continuation Sheet**

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD				
NRIS Reference Number: 89002191	Date Listed:	1/4/90		
West Sappa Creek Lattice Property Name	Norton County	KS State		
Metal Truss Bridges in Kansas 186 Multiple Name This property is listed in the Na		 Iistoric		
Multiple Name	tional Register of E ached nomination doc ms, exclusions, or a	umentation mendments,		

#7, Description: Materials include 1) Metal: worught iron or steel; and 2) Concrete.

Item #8, Significance: The applicable area of significance is engineering only.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions in Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, styles, materials, and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. For additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a). Type all entries. Name of Property historic name West Sappa Creek Lattice other names/site number West Sappa Creek Lattice 2. Location On unimproved county road 4 miles north & .2 miles west of intersection F.A.S. 1970 & F.A.S. not for publication street & number on unmarked county road vicinity city, town Norton Kansas KS state code county Norton code 57 **zip code**67654 3. Classification Category of Property Ownership of Property Number of Resources within Property private building(s) Contributing Noncontributing x public-local district buildings public-State site sites public-Federal x structure structures object objects Total Name of related multiple property listing: Number of contributing resources previously Metal Truss Bridges in Kansas listed in the National Register ____0 State/Federal Agency Certification As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that In nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR In my opinion, the property X meets does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet. Signature of certifying official State or Federal agency and bureau In my opinion, the property ___ meets | does not meet the National Register criteria. See continuation sheet. Signature of commenting or other official State or Federal agency and bureau 5. National Park Service Certification I, hereby, certify that this property is: entered in the National Register. Beth Bolard See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register. removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)

Current Functions (enter categories from instructions)
Transportation: Road Related Vehicular: Bridge
Materials (enter categories from instructions)
foundation
walls
rcof
other Metal: Wrought Iron or Steel

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The West Sappa Creek bridge, erected ca. 1900, is a lattice girder of rivited construction. The single span is 38 1/2 feet long and 15 1/2 feet wide. The concrete deck rises 3 feet above the bottom of the stream channel. The bridge is located at a slight bend of the road and sits on a slight northeast-southwest alignment. This is often true with early bridges as this misalignment allowed a right angle approach to the river and a saving of money in both bridge length and amount of fill required.

The members of a truss bridge are designated either as chord members or web members. Chord members are those mainly defining the outlines of the structure and they are termed lower or upper chord members depending on whether they are found at the bottom or the top of the structure. Members between the chords are web members. They are called posts or ties if they sustain compression or tension respectively. In the instance of the West Sappa Creek bridge, the chords and endposts are fabricated from angle stock rivited to a top cover plate. A bar lattice is used to form the two respective panels, which become a strong and stiff web. No external sway bracing is used in this particular design. Iron eye bars are wrapped around and over the top chord and attached to the bottom chord by the use of a pin. This consists of metal I beams suspended below the bottom chord at these pin connection points. Cast iron sunflowers form a decorative element on both panels. The road is very highly traveled and the bridge retains a high degree of structural integrity.

8. Statement of Significance		
Certifying official has considered the significance of this proper nationally	rty in relation to other properties: statewide Iocally	
Applicable National Register Criteria A B CC	□D	
Criteria Considerations (Exceptions)	□D □E □F □G	
Areas of Significance (enter categories from instructions) Engineering	Period of Significance	Significant Dates Ca 1900
Transportation	CA 1900	Ca 1900
	Cultural Affiliation N/A	
Significant Person N/A	Architect/Builder Canton Bridge Company	

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Town lattice truss was patented by Ithel Town in 1820. The closely spaced diagonal members created a stiff web that was quite strong. The early examples were constructed of wood, but by the late 19th century a few were constructed of metal, generally wrought iron.

No construction data has presently been located about the West Sappa Creek bridge. It was selected as a candidate in this nomination as it is a good example of late lattice truss design with good integrity. Approximately ten lattice pony trusses are known to exist in Kansas. All are approximately the same length of 36 feet. Eight of these ten bridges remain in Norton county.

The Canton Bridge Company, Canton, Ohio, was advertising in the Engineering Record, as early as 1876, but little is known about their early history. It was incorporated in 1891 by W. E. Sherlock, President, and V. H. Hammond, Vice President, and C. E. Timkler, Chief Engineer. It is possible that V. H. Hammond was a relative of Wrought Iron Bridge Company's D. Hammond. The company operated independently until 1925, when it was purchase by Massillion Steel Joist Company of Massillion, Ohio. In 1927 the two companies were merged into the Macomber Steel Company and the Canton Bridge Company name was dropped.

The Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT) carried out a statewide inventory of historic bridges between 1980 and 1983. The bridges to be included were identified through computer printouts developed by KDOT, from information supplied by the counties (since almost all of the historic bridges were located on secondary rather than the primary road system), and by direct observation by field personnel. All bridges were inspected by KDOT personnel to verify the data on file. That information was jointly evaluated by representatives of KDOT, Kansas State Historical Society, and

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Each structure was evaluated using a points rating system adapted from the points evaluation rating developed by the Ohio Department of Transportation and Ohio Historic Preservation Office. Consideration was given to areas such as age, builder, number of spans, length, special features, history, integrity, surviving numbers, and preservation potential.

In many instances there is little information about individual structures. Often bridge plaques which may have contained information have been removed, or the county's records are not complete or have been destroyed. Due to the large numbers of similar structures there is often little to choose from in differentiating among individual bridges other than condition and the likelihood of preservation.

The purpose of the KDOT study and subsequent evaluation was to identify a representative selection of bridges of each class. Through this approach KDOT and KSHS hope to preserve for posterity some examples of each type.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
Victor C. Darnell, American Bridge Buildin	g Companies, Washington, DC:
Society for Industrial Archeology Occ	casional Publication 4, 1984.
David Weitzman, <u>Traces of the Past: A Fiel</u> New York: Charles Schribner's Sons, 1	
James L. Cooper, <u>Iron Monuments to Distant</u> F.H.W.A., Indiana Dept. of Highways, N.P.S., 1987.	
Dan G. Deibler, <u>A Survey and Photographic</u> <u>in Virginia</u> , Charlottesville: Virgin	
Research Council, 1975.	See continuation sheet
Previous documentation on file (NPS):	
preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67)	Primary location of additional data:
has been requested	State historic preservation office
previously listed in the National Register	Other State agency Federal agency
previously determined eligible by the National Registor designated a National Historic Landmark	Local government
recorded by Historic American Buildings	University
Survey #	Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering	Specify repository:
Record #	Kansas State Historical Society
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property <u>less</u> than one acre	
UTM References A 1 4 4 0 6 2 2 5 4 4 2 6 6 8 0 Zone Easting Northing	Zono Easting Northing
	See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The nominated property is located on the NV	N 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4,
section II, township 1 south, range 25 west	on a tract measuring 38 1/2' x
15 1/2' whose northeast corner is represent the bridge. Beginning at the northeast cor	ted by the northeast corner of
38 1/2' southwest, 15 1/4' northwest, 100'	northeast and 161 southeast to
the point of beginning.	See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary includes only that area that i	s historically associated with
the nominated property.	is miscorreally associated with
	See continuation sheet
11. Form Prepared By	
name/title Larry Jochims	
organization Kansas State Historical Society	date September 20, 1989
street & number 120 W. 10th	telephone (913) 295-3251
city or town Topeka	stat- KSzip code 66612