NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

| Secti | ion | Page | | | | | | |
|--------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------|
| | | | SUPPLE | MENTARY I | ISTING | RECORD | | === |
| 1 | NRIS F | Reference | Number: 09 | 001184 | | Date Lis | ted: 1/4/20 | 10 |
| - | | la Bridge ty Name | | | | Park County | MT State | |
| - | | na's Histo ole Name | ric Steel | Truss Br | idges 1 | MPS | | |
|] : | Places subject notwit | in accord | dance with following the Natio | the attention | ached nns, exc | nomination clusions, | of Historian documenta or amendmenta ication inc | tion nts, |
| 1 | Signat | Myle the | e Keeper | | <u>//4/</u> Date | zolo of Action | 1 | |
| | Amende | d Items in | n Nominati | on: | | | | |
| _ | Classific The Nun | cation: nber of Contrib | outing Properti | es Previously | √ Listed s | hould read: 0 | ı | |

These clarifications were confirmed with the MT SHPO office.

[This refers only to resources within the nominated boundaries of this property not to other

DISTRIBUTION:

National Register property file Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment)

bridge locations associated with the MPS context.]

1780

NOV 20 2009

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional certification comments, entries, and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a).

| 1. Name of Property |
|---|
| Historic name Carbella Bridge |
| Other names/site number Yellowstone River Bridge, 24PA1237, MDT No. L34301000+03001 |
| 2. Location |
| street & number Milepost 0 on Tom Miner Road near junction of US Highway 89 |
| city of town Fifteen Miles Northwest of Gardiner 🖂 vicinity |
| State Montana code MT county Park code 067 zip code 59030 |
| 3. State/Federal Agency Certification |
| As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, |
| I hereby certify that this <u>x</u> nomination <u>request</u> for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. |
| In my opinion, the property _x _ meets does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance: |
| Signature of certifying official MINTONA STATE HITCH PRESENTEN OFFICE Title State or Federal agency and bureau |
| In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. |
| |
| Signature of commenting official Date |
| Title State or Federal agency and bureau |
| 4. National Park Service Certification |
| I, hereby, certify that this property is: Signature of the Keeper Date of Action |
| entered in the National Register |
| determined eligible for the National Register |
| determined not eligible for the National Register |
| removed from the National Register |
| other (explain:) |

| Carbella Bridge Name of Property | Park County, Montana County and State | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Montana's Historic Stee | el Truss Bridges MPS | | | |
| 5. Classification | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) | Category of Property (Check only one box) | Number of Resort (Do not include previous | urces within Puusly listed resources | roperty s in the count.) |
| private | multiple property listing) Truss Bridges | 1 Number of contribited in the Nation Current Function (Enter categories from TRANSPORTATION Bridge | 0 ibuting resource onal Register 9 is instructions) | buildings sites structures Objects buildings Total ces previously |
| 7. Description Architectural Classification | | Materials | | |
| (Enter categories from instructions) | (Enter categories from instructions) | | | |
| OTHER: Pratt Through Truss | foundation: Cor | | | |
| | | walls: | | |
| | | roof: | | |
| | | other: Steel, Wo | od | |

| Carbella Bridge Name of Property | Park County, Montana County and State | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| 8. Statement of Significance | <u></u> | | |
| Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing) | Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) | | |
| X Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history. | Engineering Transportation | | |
| B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past. | | | |
| C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction. | Period of Significance 1918-1959 | | |
| D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. | Significant Dates | | |
| | 1310 | | |
| Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply) | Significant Person | | |
| Property is: owed by a religious institution or used for religious | (Complete only if Criterion B is marked above) | | |
| A purposes. | Cultural Affiliation | | |
| B removed from its original location. | | | |
| C a birthplace or grave. D a cemetery. | | | |
| | Architect/Builder | | |

Period of Significance (justification)

within the past 50 years.

a commemorative property.

The Period of Significance for the Carbella Bridge encompasses its construction (1918) through the period when it functioned as a major component on the Yellowstone National Park branch of the Yellowstone Trail (1918-1921) and thereafter as a local access route.

Omaha Steel Bridge Works

Lawrence Link

Criteria Consideratons (explanation, if necessary)

E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.

G less than 50 years old or achieving significance

| Carbella Bridge | Park County, Montana |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Name of Property | County and State |
| | |

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance of the property. Explain contributing and noncontributing resources if necessary. Begin with **a summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, setting, size, and significant features.)

Summary Paragraph

The Carbella Bridge is a single-span steel, pin-connected Pratt through truss structure that was constructed by Park County in 1918. The site includes the steel superstructure and the concrete abutments upon which the bridge ends rest. The bridge was once located on the Yellowstone Trail, an early interstate highway that connected Minneapolis-St. Paul, Minnesota with Seattle. The trail included a branch south through the Paradise Valley from Livingston to the north entrance of Yellowstone National Park at Gardiner. The State of Montana realigned the roadway to the east side of the Yellowstone River in the early 1920s and this bridge served as a component of a county road – and has ever since. The setting of the property is intact as there has been no significant residential or recreational development in this area. With the exception of a newly added glulam deck in 2008, the bridge looks much as it did when constructed.

Narrative Description

The Carbella Bridge is located in upper Paradise Valley of south central Montana. The bridge crosses the Yellowstone River about 14 miles northwest of Gardiner and 14 miles southwest of Emigrant in Park County, Montana. The bridge provides a connection on Tom Miner Road between an old Yellowstone Trail alignment and US Highway 89. The abandoned Yellowstone Park Branch of the Northern Pacific Railway (24PA1120) is located just west of the bridge. The structure is located within the broad Paradise Valley. The Gallatin Range dominates the skyline to the west, while the Absaroka Range of the Beartooth Plateau looms to the east. The valley west of the Yellowstone River consists of sedimentary fill overlain by volcanics that erupted about 50 million years ago from volcanic centers north of Yellowstone National Park. The broad valley is grassy and rocky and utilized primarily for agriculture and grazing with an increasing number of residences being built in the area. The Montana Department of Fish, Wildlife and Parks Crystal Cross Fishing Access Site is located on the east bank of the river just to the southeast of the Carbella Bridge. 1

The Carbella Bridge is a single-span, pin-connected Pratt through truss structure. The bridge is 176 feet in length and 16 feet wide with a roadway width of 15 feet. The bridge rests on concrete abutments with wingwalls. The bottom chords of the superstructure are channel sections with batten plates and the sloping top chords are continuous steel plates riveted to the top flanges of two laced channel sections. The hip verticals are paired angle sections with batten plates and remaining verticals are laced channel sections. The diagonals and counters are eyebars and eyebars with turnbuckles. The top and mid struts are laced angle sections. The sway braces and top lateral braces are eyebars and eyebars with turnbuckles. The portal braces are angle sections. The timber deck is supported by steel I-beam floor beams and eight lines of steel I-beam stringers. Additional support is provided by eyebar bottom lateral braces. The deck is flanked by the original angle section guardrails that have been supplemented with low timber post and beam rails. Concrete "Jersey" rails manufactured with a faux cobblestone finish line the approach road to the bridge. Park County replaced the timber deck and guardrails and added the Jersey rails in the spring of 2008.

<u>Integrity</u>

Built in 1918, the Carbella Bridge is representative of the type of pin-connected Pratt through trusses built throughout Montana between circa 1890 and 1915, when the State of Montana standardized the truss bridge design. The Carbella Bridge is the last pin-connected bridge built in Montana. The bridge retains all of its historic components and appearance and continues to function in its historic capacity on a local access road. The only substantial change to the bridge occurred in 2008 when the rotted timber deck was replaced with new timber decking and new timber guardrails added to the structure to supplement the original angle iron rails. Jersey rails were also added to the approach roads, but do not impact the original steel structure

¹ David Alt and Donald W. Hyndman, *Roadside Geology of Montana*, (Missoula: Mountain Press Publishing, 1991), 202-206.

| Carbella Bridge | | |
|------------------|------|--|
| Name of Property | | |

Park County, Montana
County and State

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (provide a summary paragraph that includes level of signficance and applicable criteria)

The Carbella Bridge is a standard pin-connected Pratt through truss structure with sloping upper chords. The railroads developed the design in the 1840s and it was later adapted by bridge construction companies for use as efficient light-weight vehicular structures that were relatively inexpensive and easy to build. In Montana, Pratt trusses were the standard vehicular river crossing and were built all over the state from about 1892 until 1918. By 1915, however, the counties phased out pin-connected Pratt trusses in favor of the more efficient riveted Warren trusses. State bridge engineers developed the heavier Warren truss in 1915 and encouraged the counties to utilize it instead of the lighter Pratt trusses. State law did not require the counties to adopt that design or submit to state contract oversight. The Carbella Bridge was built by Park County three years after the Montana State Highway Commission developed the standardized Warren truss design. It is not known why the Park County Commissioners chose to ignore the state's recommendations and, instead, build a bridge that was structurally and technologically obsolete. In any case, the Carbella Bridge facilitated tourist traffic between Livingston and Yellowstone National Park and also aided in the agricultural development of the upper Paradise Valley by providing access to the Northern Pacific Railway's Carbella Station.

Narrative Statement of Significance (provide at least one paragraph for each area of significance)

The Carbella Bridge can be listed on the National Register of Historic Places under Criterion A for its association with the development of Park County's agriculture in the upper Paradise Valley, and the expansion of the county's infrastructure to accommodate tourists to Yellowstone National Park. Completed in 1918, the bridge provided access to the Northern Pacific Railway's Park Branch station at Carbella. The bridge was built shortly after the National Park Service allowed automobiles into Yellowstone Park. The bridge is also significant in that it marks the end of the Golden Age of Bridge-Building (1888-1918). Unlike other bridges built at the time in Montana, the Carbella Bridge is a pin-connected Pratt through truss. By 1918, riveted Warren trusses had replaced the older Pratt trusses as the standard river crossing on Montana's highways. Park County Commissioners chose to ignore the State's process for overseeing the construction of new bridges in Montana. It is the last pin-connected Pratt through truss bridge built in the Treasure State.

The Carbella Bridge is an excellent example of a pin-connected Pratt through truss structure. The design of the structure contains elements common to all pin-connected truss bridges built in Montana beginning in about 1892. These include laced channel and angle sections, eyebar diagonals and eyebar with turnbuckle counters, steel stringers, and timber decks. The sloping upper chords are a feature not commonly found on Pratt through trusses in Montana, but seem to be more common in Park County. Until 2008, there had not been any substantial modifications made to the bridge (other than routine maintenance). In 2008, the timber deck was replaced and the original timber guardrails replaced with newer guardrails that echo the design of the originals. All of the original components of the bridge are intact and still function in their original capacity. The bridge is an excellent example of the type and is eligible for the National Register under Criterion C.

Engineering Significance

The Carbella Bridge is an excellent example of a pin-connected Pratt through truss that was built three years after the Montana State Highway Commission dropped the design and began constructing riveted Warren through trusses. All of the classic components associated with the design are intact and unchanged and the bridge continues to function in its historic capacity on a local access road. There have been no substantial changes to the bridge other than the recent replacement of the timber deck and the replacement of the original timber guardrails with units similar in appearance to the original guardrails.

(See continuation pages)

| Carbella Bridge Name of Property | | | | Park County, Montana County and State | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| Montana's Historic Steel Truss Bridges MPS | | | | | · | County | and oldio |
| | Bibliographical Refe | | | | | <u>-</u> | |
| | | s, and other sources used in pre | epariı | ng this form | on one or more | e continuation | on sheets) |
| (see Continu | uation Page) | | | | | | |
| Previous doc | cumentation on file (NPS) | | | Prima | ary location of | additional (| data: |
| | • | ual listing (36 CFR 67 has been | | | State Historic P | reservation | |
| requeste | ed ly listed in the National Reg | nister | | | Other State age Federal agency | | |
| previous | ly determined eligible by th | e National Register | | 1 | Local governme | | |
| | ed a National Historic Land I by Historic American Build | | | | Jniversity Other | | |
| | by Historic American Eng | | | | e of repository: | Montana | Department of Transportation |
| Historic Re | sources Survey Num | ber (if assigned): | | | | | |
| 10. Geogr | aphical Data | | | | | | |
| A = = = = = = = | f Duamouts 2 | | | | | | |
| _ | f Property 2 lude previously listed | resource acreage) | | | | | |
| (| and providedly noted | , cood, or do, odgo, | | | | | |
| UTM Refer (Place addition | rences nal UTM references on a c | ontinuation sheet) | | | | | |
| 1 12 | 507775 (NAD 27) | 5005473 (NAD 27) | 3 | | | | |
| Zone | Easting | Northing | | Zone | Easting | | Northing |
| 2 | | | 4 | | | | |
| Zone | Easting | Northing | | Zone | Easting | | Northing |
| Verbal Bo | undary Description | describe the boundaries | of th | e proper | tv) | | |
| The bound | ary for the Carbella B | ridge measures 176 x 25 Yellowstone River. The | feet | . The bo | undary enco | | |
| Boundary | Justification (explain | n why the boundaries wer | e se | elected) | | | |
| Boundaries | s for the Carbella Brid | ge are drawn to encompa | ass t | he sinale | span of the | bridge its | s immediate approaches and |
| that portion | | River spanned by the bridg | | | | | the measurements of the |
| 11. Form F | Prepared By | | | | | | |
| name/title | Jon Axline/Historian | | | | | | |
| organizatio | n MT Dept. of Trans | portation | | | date Sept | ember 13 | 3, 2009 |
| street & nu | mber 2701 Prospec | t Ave. | | | telephone | (406) 4 | 44-6258 |
| city or towr | Helena/Livingston | | | | state M | Γ | zip code 59620-1001 |
| e-mail | jaxline@mt.gov | | | | | | |

| Carbella Bridge | | |
|------------------|--|------|
| Name of Property | | |

Park County, Montana County and State

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Maps: A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.

- Continuation Sheets
- Additional items: (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Photographs:

Submit clear and descriptive black and white photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map.

(See continuation pages)

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, PO Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

| | Name of Property Carbella Bridge |
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| | County and State Park County, MT |
| | Name of multiple property listing (if applicable) Montana's Historic Steel Truss Bridges |
| Section number 8 Page 1 | |

Developmental history/additional historic context information (if appropriate)

Local legend indicates that Carbella was named for two ranch women who settled in the area in the early 1900s. Cary D'Wart on the Dome Mountain Ranch east of the Yellowstone River and Belle Stewart who established a homestead with her husband Alex west of the river. Carbella became a siding on the Northern Pacific Railway's Yellowstone Park Branch and the site of a post office in 1915.²

The natural river ford at Carbella, however, predates agricultural settlement, the railroad, and even 19th century exploratory parties who followed trails through the "second cañon" to Yellowstone National Park. Archaeological evidence indicates

the Carbella crossing was part of an ancient aboriginal trail system connecting the Gallatin drainage via Buffalo Horn Pass and Tom Miner Creek with the Upper Yellowstone.³

Local residents first asked the Park County Commissioners for a bridge across the Yellowstone River at the old crossing in September 1910. The commissioners rejected the request, but reconsidered within a few years when good roads became a priority for local and state governments. In 1914, the Yellowstone Trail had been established along the west side of the river by the Yellowstone Trail Association, local boosters, and the county commissioners. Beginning in 1915, the National Park Service allowed automobiles into Yellowstone National Park. Sensing an opportunity, local promoters and residents once again petitioned the county commissioners for a bridge at the crossing – this time successfully.⁴

In early March 1917, the county commissioners approved the construction of a bridge across the Yellowstone River at the Northern Pacific Railway's Carbella Station. At the same time, the commissioners instructed County Surveyor and Engineer C. T. Sackett to stake the right-of-way for a road east of the river between the bridge and Corwin Springs. Two weeks later, the County Clerk advertised for bids to construct the foundation for the new bridge. The commissioners awarded the contract to Lawrence Link of Gardiner for \$1,127.75.

By mid-April 1917, the commissioners had begun discussions regarding the bridge with H. C. Harkness, the Montana representative of Omaha Structural Steel Works. For the Carbella Bridge, the company proposed a 175-foot span with a 16-foot roadway and floor joists capable of carrying 85 pounds per square foot. The company estimated that the structural steel would weigh 53.25 tons and it would be delivered by rail to the Carbella Station at a cost not to exceed \$5.30 per thousand pounds. The county commissioners awarded the contract for the bridge to Omaha Structural Steel

² Interview with Tom Gray by Jerry Brekke, 2003; Roberta Carkeek Cheney, *Names on the Face of Montana: The Story of Montana's Place Names*, (Missoula: Mountain Press Publishing, 1990), 41-42.

³ Correspondence. Jerry Brekke to Jon Axline, July 2008.

⁴ County Commissioners Proceedings, Book 3, 114 (September 9, 1910), 117 (October 3, 1910), 126 (November 28, 1910), Clerk & Recorders Office, Park County Courthouse, Livingston, Montana; Harold A. Meeks, *On the Road to Yellowstone: The Yellowstone Trail and American Highways, 1900-1930*, (Missoula: Pictorial Histories, 2000), 115, 116, 120-121; County Commissioners Proceedings, Book 4, 55 (March 7, 1917.

⁵ County Commissioners, Ibid, 57 (March 16, 1917), 62 (April 3, 1917).

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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| | County and State Park County, MT |
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Works on April 16, 1917. The commissioners approved the contract based on a purchase cost of \$6,200 for materials and \$1,250 for the erection of the bridge.⁶

Interestingly, the Montana State Highway Commission had established a system for overseeing bridge contracts in 1913. The process was developed by consensus between the counties and the state. Although the counties were not required by law to follow it, they were strongly encouraged to do so because it met a more uniform bidding process and the construction of bridges that were reliable and cost efficient. The highway commission followed that up in 1915 with the establishment of a bridge department and the development of standardized bridge designs. The design standards specified a riveted steel Warren truss bridge for crossings of this type. The highway commission also supervised the bidding and oversight process to include the presence of qualified state-employed bridge engineers at the construction sites. The historical record indicates that Park County did not follow the state process for this bridge, nor did it utilize the standard riveted Warren through truss design. This would indicate that the Carbella Bridge is the last pin-connected Pratt through truss structure built in Montana.⁷

The county commissioners expressed concerns about the height of the Carbella Bridge abutments at its January 1918 meeting. They approved raising the abutments to an elevation which placed the bottom chord of the structure at "no less than four feet above the high water mark." The decision proved prophetic. Bridge steel arrived at the site on January 20, 1918 and construction began soon after. Omaha Structural Steel Works workers completed the bridge in late May 1918; county employees completed painting the structure on June 3rd. Between June 11 and July 7, 1918, the Yellowstone River reached its highest, historically recorded water level. The new Carbella Bridge survived the flood, but every Yellowstone River bridge downriver in Park County was either destroyed or damaged. The Carbella Bridge continued to carry traffic on

⁶ County Commissioners, Ibid, 67 (April 16, 1917), 85 (July 13, 1917), 125 (January 21, 1918), 128 (February 4, 1918); Letter, C. T. Sackett, County Surveyor, to County Commissioners, June 16, 1916 (Road Folder #496); Ibid January 12, 1917 (Folder #496); Ibid January 19, 1917 (Folder #496).

⁷ Jon Axline, *Conveniences Sorely Needed: Montana's Historic Highway Bridges, 1860-1956*, (Helena: Montana Historical Society, 2005), 59-62; M. J. Steere, *History of the Montana State Highway Department, 1913-1942*, (Helena: State Highway Commission, 1942), 10, 12-13.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

| | Name of Property Carbella Bridge |
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| Section number 8 Page 3 | - Montage of the state of the s |

Tom Miner Road across the Yellowstone River until 2007 when the poor condition of the timber deck and guardrails forced the county commissioners to temporarily close the bridge. The county replaced the deck and guardrails and reopened the bridge in early 2008.⁸

Omaha Structural Steel Works

Nebraska civil engineer and entrepreneur John W. Towle founded Omaha Structural Steel Works in Nebraska about 1907. It was one of several regional bridge-building companies based in Nebraska. While many of its competitors obtained steel from eastern companies, Omaha Structural Steel Works manufactured its own structural steel at its factory in Omaha. By 1916, the company occupied an 8-acre site at the corner of 48th and Leavenworth streets and employed 300 people. In addition to bridge components, the company also manufactured structural iron work, storage tanks, water towers, stand pipes, and smokestacks. The company was still building bridges in 1935 and its successor company, the Omaha Structural Steel Bridge Company, built landing craft for the US military during World War II. The company was not active in Montana and the Carbella Bridge is the only structure built by it in Montana.

⁸ County Commissioners Proceedings, Book 4, 86 (July 3, 1917), 133, 135, 140, 145, 147 (March 6 – June 6, 1918), 165 (August 15, 1918), 170, 180, 182, 185, 206 (August 13, 1918-January 8, 1919).

⁹ James E. Potter and L. Robert Puschendorf, eds., *Spans in Time: A History of Nebraska Bridges*, (Lincoln: Nebraska State Historical Society, 1999), 22, 23, 24, 43; Fredric Quivik, *Historic Bridges in Montana*, (Washington DC: National Park Service, 1982), 40.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

| | Name of Property Carbella Bridge |
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| | County and State Park County, MT |
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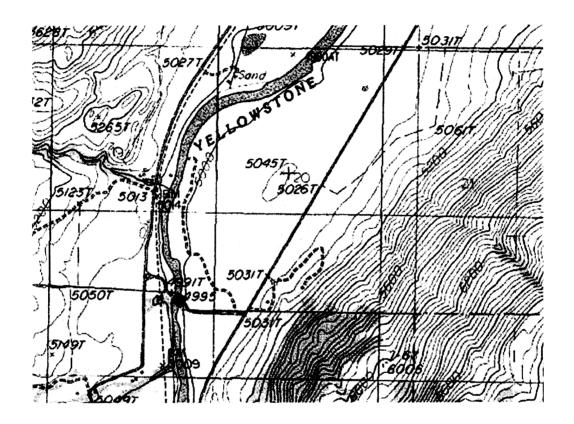
Name of Property Carbella Bridge

County and State Park County, MT

Name of multiple property listing (if applicable) Montana's Historic Steel Truss Bridges

Section number 10

Page 1



Location of the Carbella Bridge (T7S R7E S20, Miner 7.5' quadrangle map, 2000)

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| County and State Park County, MT | |
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Photographs

Page 1

Name: Carbella Bridge (24PA1237)
County and State: Park County, Montana

Photographer: Jerry Brekke
Date of Photograph: March 2008

Location of original negative: Montana Department of Transportation. Helena, Montana.

Description and view of camera: North profile of truss spans and west portal. View to the southeast.

Photograph: 00

0001

Name: Carbella Bridge (24PA1237)
County and State: Lewis and Clark County, Montana

Photographer: Jerry Brekke
Date of Photograph: March 2008

Location of original negative: Montana Department of Transportation. Helena, Montana.

Description and view of camera: West portal. View to the east.

Photograph: 0002

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

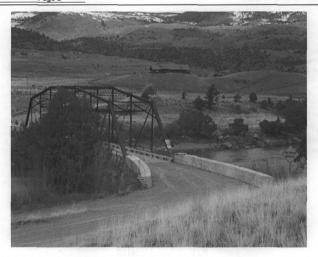
Name of Property Carbella Bridge

County and State Park County, MT

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Photographs

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Photograph 001. North profile of truss spans and west portal. View to the southeast.

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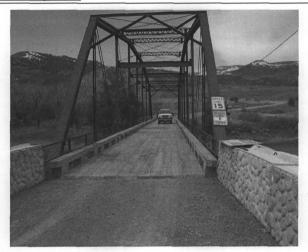
Name of Property Carbella Bridge

County and State Park County, MT

Name of multiple property listing (if applicable) Montana's Historic Steel Truss Bridges

Photographs

Page 3



Photograph 002. West Portal. View to the east.