Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) NHL, Travel and Communication (XVIII) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

NAME

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## SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS* TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

#### HISTORIC S-BRIDGE, NATIONAL ROAD AND/OR COMMON S-Bridge, National Road 2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER U.S. Route 40, five miles east of Old Washington \_NOT FOR PUBLICATION CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Old Washington X VICINITY OF 18th COUNTY Muskingumcode STATE CODE 39 Ohio Guernsev 059 **3 CLASSIFICATION** CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS PRESENT USE \_\_DISTRICT X\_PUBLIC \_\_OCCUPIED \_\_\_AGRICULTURE \_\_\_MUSEUM \_\_\_BUILDING(S) PRIVATE XUNOCCUPIED \_\_\_COMMERCIAL \_\_\_PARK X\_STRUCTURE \_\_вотн ----WORK IN PROGRESS \_\_\_EDUCATIONAL PRIVATE RESIDENCE \_\_\_SITE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE \_\_ENTERTAINMENT \_\_RELIGIOUS \_\_OBJECT .....IN PROCESS .....YES: RESTRICTED \_\_\_GOVERNMENT -SCIENTIFIC -BEING CONSIDERED XYES: UNRESTRICTED \_INDUSTRIAL \_\_\_TRANSPORTATION \_\_\_MILITARY \_\_NO XOTHER COmmemorative 'site **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY** NAME Guernsey County Commissioners STREET & NUMBER County Courthouse CITY, TOWN STATE VICINITY OF Guernsey Ohio LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE. Registry of Deeds, Guernsey County Courthouse REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC STREET & NUMBER Wheeling Avenue CITY, TOWN STATE Cambridge Ohio **REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS** TITLE Historic American Building Survey (5 ext. photos, 1 data sheet) DATE 1971 TEDERAL \_\_\_STATE \_\_\_COUNTY \_\_\_LOCAL DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Library of Congress/Annex CITY, TOWN STATE Washington D.C.

# 7 DESCRIPTION

CONDIT	TION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
EXCELLENT GOOD &_FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	X_UNALTERED ALTERED	X_ORIGINAL SITE MOVED DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The S-Bridge is located five miles east of Old Washington, just off County Road, formally U.S. Route 40, which has now been supplanted by Interstate 70. The S-Bridge is a single arch structure with stones laid in an irregular ashlar fashion. The bridge is approximately 185 feet in length, including the approaches, and rises only 18 feet from the waterline below to the height of the crown. The bridge traverses a rippling brook. It measures 26 feet between parapets. The bridge proper is straight. The approaches curve, rather sharply, which gives the appearance of an S-shape in plan. There are large buttresses at each end of the single segmented arch.

Though over 130 years old, the bridge remains in structurally sound condition. A sign supplied by the Guernsey County Highway commissioners indicates it can withstand a weight of five tons. Stones have begun to fall from the walls of the structure and it is apparent that no attention has been given the bridge in recent years. The State of Ohio has placed historical markers at each end of the structure which relate the significance of the bridge's construction. The area adjacent to the bridge is rural in character. To the east, dense trees block vision while on the west a small fenced pasture provides grazing for cows.

# **8 SIGNIFICANCE**

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<b>ೱ_</b> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	XTRANSPORTATION
1900-		INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

#### SPECIFIC DATES 1828-present (bridge is BUILDER/ARCHITECT

### <del>still in use).</del> STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Congressional Act of April 30, 1802, creating the State of Ohio, also included a provision for the construction of a road to the west. This road came to be known as the National, or Cumberland, Road and by 1818 it reached Wheeling. There the artery stopped and no extension of it occurred for several years. Congress appropriated \$10,000 in 1820 for a survey of the route from Wheeling to Zanesville. Five years later \$150,000 was appropriated for this extension. Officials turned the first spades of earth for the highway in Ohio at St. Clairsville on July 4, 1825. As laborers subsequently pushed the highway towards Zanesville, they followed the route of Zane's Trace, the State's first road. Construction of the road proceeded without too much difficulty because of the easy terrain; a mile of road in eastern Ohio cost about \$3,400, whereas between Cumberland, Maryland, and Uniontown, Pennsylvania, the same distance had cost about \$9,745 because the highway had been thrown over the mountains. After the Cumberland Road entered Zanesville, additional Congressional appropriations had carried it to Columbus by 1833 and to the Indiana border by 1837.

Swarms of traffic began to move over the pike's completed sections, even before the National Road reached Ohio's western border. And as had happened in Maryland and Pennsylvania, the highway's crushed stone paving tended to deteriorate under the constant pounding that it received. Only the bridges bore the great parade of wagons without collapsing, and the S-Bridge near Old Washington testifies to the excellence of their construction.

When the Cumberland Road reached its terminus in Vandalia, Illinois in 1852, Ohio possessed more of the road than any other state, and her pride in the highway and realization of its value led to legislation to protect it. As early as 1828 the State had provided for its maintenance and for the punishment of those who damaged the highway. Anyone who mutilated the milestones, culverts or bridges, for example, could be fined \$500, or imprisoned for up to thirty days, or both. When the National Government gave the completed sections of the road to the State in the 1830's, the State erected tollhouses. The State collected over a million dollars in tolls from users of the highway between 1831 and 1877.

Ohio benefited tremendously from the National Road. The broad highway not only brought hordes of settlers into the Buckeye State, but also gave her citizens an excellent means of shipping produce to the East. Rapid development of the area resulted, and Ohio soon became a major force in the Union. The S-Bridge across a small stream on U.S. Route 40, five miles east of Old Washington

### **9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES**

 Hulbert, Archer B., The Old National Road--The Historic Highway of America, in Publications, IX (1901), Ohio Archaeological and Historical Society.
 Jordan, Philip D., The National Road, (Indianapolis, 1948).
 Stewart, George R., U.S. 40, Cross Section of the United States of America (Boston, 1953)
 Wittke, Carl (ed.), the History of the State of Ohio (6 vols., Columbus, 1941-43).

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DA	TA less than 1 a		
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _ UTM REFERENCES			
	4,4,3,2,6,30 ORTHING	BL L ZONE E DL L	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	ÖN		
See continuation sheet			
LIST ALL STATES AND COL	JNTIES FOR PROPERTI	ES OVERLAPPINC	G STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY	ζ		
Joseph S. Mendinghal	ll, Historian (c	original for	m prepared by S. Sydney Bradford)
ORGANIZATION <u>National Park Servi</u> o	Historic Site	es Survev	DATE
STREET & NUMBER	C HIDEVELC	<u> </u>	TELEPHONE
1100 L Street, N.W.			
CITY OR TOWN			STATE
Washington, D.C.			
<b>12 STATE HISTORIC PR</b>	ESERVATION	<b>J OFFICER</b>	CERTIFICATION
THE EVALUAT	ED SIGNIFICANCE OF T	THIS PROPERTY V	VITHIN THE STATE IS:
NATIONAL	STATE	: 	LOCAL
•	usion in the National Re		servation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I that it has been evaluated according to the
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE			
TITLE			DATE
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PRO	PERTY IS INCLUDED	N THENATIONAL	REGISTER
	Muit	71	DATE (26/77
ATTEST BOL LO DOWN		ESERVATION	DATE 1/25/79
NEW CONTRACTOR AND A CONTRACTOR OF CONTRACTO	TER		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(NATIONAL HISTORIC LANDMARKS)

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 2

is a tangible reminder of the old artery and a fine memorial to its contributions to Ohio.

The Bridge was constructed in 1828 and is one of four of its kind extant in Ohio. Many legends offer explanations for their unusual design. One tale has it that an English engineer and an Irish builder met in a tavern, and the Irishman proclaimed that he could build any bridge that a man from England could design. The Englishman, after several drams, produced the plan of the S-Bridge and placed it before the Irishman. Undaunted, the contractor took the drawing and in the following days erected the bridge. The best conjecture today, however, is that the S-Bridge involved the easiest kind of arch to make and called for the least amount of building material.

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10 **CONTINUATION SHEET** ITEM NUMBER PAGE

Commencing at a point three (3) feet west of the intersection of old US Route 40 with the north edge of present Route 40 (County Road), proceed in a northeasterly direction along the west side of the bridge to a point ten (10) feet northwest off the northeast corner of the bridge, which sits adjacent to an old farmhouse, thence proceed in a southeasterly direction to the point three (3) feet from the opposite edge of Old Route 40, thenceproceed in a southwesterly direction to a point of intersection with the north side of County Road, thence west to the point of origin.

Sketch Map S-Bridge, National Road



S-Bridge = National Road Joseph Scott Mendinghall •