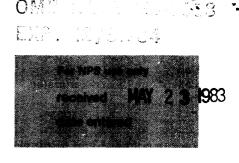
# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections



Typo an ontito	Complete application				
1. Nam	e				
historic	Lawton, The Cha	uncey N. House			
and/or common		and Simeri Law Fi	rm		
2. Loca					
street & number	405 W <del>est</del> Wayne	St <del>reet</del>	N <u>/A</u> not for publication		
city, town	South Bend N/A vicinity of		pengressional district.		
state	Indiana cod	018	St. Joseph	code 141	
3. Clas	sification				
Category district < building(s) structure site object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture _X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Prope	rty			
name		, Joseph V. Simeri ney, Jr., as tenant			
street & number	1246 E. Jeffers	on Boulevard; 1312	E. Wayne St.; 17711	Woodridge Dr., res	
city, town	South Bend	N/A_ vicinity of	state	Indiana	
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descripti	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Coun	ty/City Building, F	Recorder's Office		
street & number	227	W. Jefferson Blvd.			
city, town	Sout	h Bend,	state	Indiana 46601	
	resentation	in Existing	Surveys		
	Historic Sites Structures Inventor	y has this pr	operty been determined el	igible?yes _Xno	
date	1979		federai _X_ sta	te county ioca	
depository for su		Department of Natu n of Historic Prese	ral Resources ervation and Archaeo	logy	
city, town	Indiana	polis	state	Indiana	

#### 7. Description

Condition  excellent deteriorated  X good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one _X_ original site moved date _	N/A
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#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Chancey Lawton House, built in the Italian Villa style, exhibits most of the characteristics of that style as described by Alexander Jackson Downing in Architecture of Country Houses, including the most distinctive feature, the three-story tower. The building is located on the border of the Central Business District in a commercial/residential mixed area on a long, narrow lot. Constructed of brick laid up in a stretcher bond, both the exterior and the interior of this two-story house are detailed with finely crafted wood trim.

One of Downing's major concerns was for "picturesqueness," which he felt could be achieved in the Italian Villa style by irregularity and a tower. Both are exhibited in this house. The plan is asymmetrical, a long rectangle, punctuated by two-story, polygonal bays on the west and south facades and the tower on the east facade. Although the major portion of the roof is flat as prescribed by Downing, the tower is topped by a slate, mansard roof, probably because of the influence of the Second Empire style which was gaining popularity at the time. To the left of the tower is the brick chimney. The tower which displays wrought iron cresting added by a recent owner, has four projecting, hooded dormers with stops supported by small, scrolled brackets. The double-hung, round-arched windows are recessed and topped by keystone motifs. The dormers provide a light, airy, well-ventilated, third floor room in the tower with an excellent view of the area.

Another of Downing's suggestions for the style was projecting eaves which, in this case, are supported by paired, scrolled, incised brackets and large dentils. This careful attention to detail continues on both the soffits and fascia which have recessed, molded panels.

Downing, in his book, prescribed different types of trim for each major style; for the Italian styles, it was the round arch. Although the double-hung windows of the Lawton house are topped by flat, brick lintels, the top corners are rounded. The windows are recessed in heavy, molded wood surrounds and have stone sashes. The fieldstone foundation echoes this window shape in its recessed fenestration.

The round arch is also one of the motifs in the detail of the two front doors. The main entrance, which opens into the foyer, has a transom built into it while the side door (east facade) has a separate transom. Both doors have heavy, ornate molding, as well as finely-executed, incised trim that hints of the careful detailing of the interior.

The most outstanding feature of the interior is the foyer with its curved staircase ending in a polygonal newel post with bird's-eye maple insets. The foyer enters into the library on the north and the drawing room on the west, both of which open into the dining room. In the rear of the house are the kitchen, a new half bath, and what may have been a pantry or scullery. The second floor has three large bedrooms, one small bedroom, and a bathroom.

Other interesting features of the interior include: heavy, three-dimensional molding surrounding doors and windows; elaborate cornices; intricate, artificially-grained door panels; and combination gas/electric chandeliers (still operable) with ornate plaster ceiling medallions.

The house is the only structure on a long, narrow lot. At one time a carriage house and a mid-20th century garage existed on the site but both have been demolished. A wrought iron fence, erected by a former owner, lines the front of the lot at the sidewalk. The only features which were lost and have been or are currently being reconstructed, are the concrete retaining wall, front sidewalks, and front porches (see #8, Significance).

#### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — archeology-historic — agriculture —X architecture — art — commerce — communications		law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1872	Builder/Architect Un	known	

#### Statement of Significance (income paragraph)

The Chauncey Lawton House is important to the history of South Bend as a fine example of the Italian Villa style and one of only two extant in the city. It is in excellent condition and retains its original character. It is also significant, however, as a showcase for the business endeavors of its original owner, who used it to display his and his companies' crafts.

As an Italian Villa style house, the Lawton house exhibits all the features prescribed by designers of the day: irregularity, a tower, projecting bracketed eaves, and rounded window heads. There have been no major alterations or additions; the building exists in its original state. The only features lost were the two front porches, which are currently being reconstructed from old photographs, and the front sidewalks and the concrete retaining wall, both of which were rebuilt by a former owner. The fine, wood detailing of both the exterior and interior has been well-maintained and looks much as it did in Mr. Lawton's day.

Chauncey N. Lawton came to South Bend from Allen County, Indiana, in 1872. That year he built his house at 405 West Wayne and in 1873 joined with Mason N. Walworth and Arteman Corbett to form the Walworth and Lawton Manufacturing Company. He was described as a "practical builder" in ads for the firm, which made doors, sash, frames, moldings, brackets, etc. His residence was evidently a showpiece for his talents as it exhibits finely carved brackets and cornice trim on the exterior, and carefully detailed moldings, cornices, and doors of exotic woods on the interior.

Evidence of the next enterprise he was involved with was also displayed at his home. In 1875, Lawton became the treasurer of the Building Stone and Pipe Manufacturing Company, later renamed Stone Pipe and Cement Company. During his tenure with the company, it began the production of Portland Cement (c. 1876), one of the first three cities in the U.S. to do so. Again, he exhibited his trade at home by building an unusual, concrete retaining wall with decorative, recessed panels and a circular, cement sidewalk to the two front entrances.

Lawton stayed with that firm until about 1880 when he became involved with the Phoenix Flour Mill. He remained with that company until 1888 when he left the area for a few years. He came back to South Bend to retire, and died in 1905.

The house passed on to Lawton's heirs until 1944, when it went to the family nurse; she sold it in 1978. Since then, the building has had two private owners who did the restoration work mentioned earlier, and it is currently owned by a firm of lawyers who use the house for their offices.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Please see continuation sheet

10. Ge	ograp	hical	Data				
Acreage of nom Quadrangle nar UMT References	ne <u>South B</u>	ty <u>Less t</u> Bend west	than one ac	<u>:r</u> e	(	Quadrangle s	scale 1:24,000
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C	<u> </u>			D <u> </u> F <u> </u> Н <u> </u>			
in Block Num	a point 5 bered 4, a ty, of Sou	9 1/4 fee s shown o th Bend,	et East of on the reco thence run	orded Plat Ining East	of William on (Please	S. Vail'see cont	umbered Eight (8), s Addition to the inuation sheet)
	/A	-	code	county	or county bot	illuaries	code
state			code	county			code
11. Fo	rm Pre	pare	d By				
name/title organization street & number	Historic Bend and	Preservat St. Josep	cion Commis h County	reservationsion of So		August 2	<u> </u>
city or town	South Ber		Of Gy Daile	9	state	Indiana	46601
	ate His	storic	Prese	rvatio	n Offic	er Ce	rtification
The evaluated s	gnificance of			ate is: X_ local			
As the designate 665), I hereby no according to the State Historic Pr	ominate this p criteria and p	roperty for in procedures s	nclusion in the et forth by	National Regi	ster and certif		i 1966 (Public Law 89– peen evaluated
title Indiana	State His	storic Pre	eservation	Officer		date 5-	6-83
For NPS use I hereby or Keeper of the	only	property is i	ncluded in the	National Regions 2 to 1 to		date	6/43/83
Attest:	lotani (					date	

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form**

Turners South Bend Annual and Business Mirror, 1869-1877

For NPS use only received date entered

Continuation sheet Chauncey N. Lawton House

Item number

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Page 1

Downing, Alexander Jackson, "The Architecture of Country Houses. New York: 1969

Miscellaneous Record Book B, P. 289, St. Joseph County Recorder's Office

South Bend City Directory, 1871 to 1891

The South Bend Times, June 27, 1905. Obituary of Chauncey N. Lawton

South Bend Tribune, June 24, 1905. Obituary of Chauncey N. Lawton

Unpublished paper by the Portland Cement Association, 1978, Discovery Hall Museum

### **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form**

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Continuation sheet Chauncey N. Lawton House

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the north line of Wayne Street in said City, a distance of 59 1/4 feet, to the Southwest corner of land formerly owned by John H. Dunn; thence North 12 rods to an alley; thence West 59 1/4 feet to a point due North of the place of beginning; thence South 12 rods to the place of beginning, being a strip of land 20.64 feet in width, East and West, taken off of and from the entire width of the East ends of Lots Numbered Five (5), Six (6), Seven (7), and Eight (8), in Block Numbered 4 in said William S. Vail's Addition, and a strip of land 58 1/2 links (or 38.61 feet) in width, East and West, taken off and from the entire length of the West side of the South half of a parcel of land known as "Johnson's Two Acres" in said City of South Bend, all in St. Joseph County, Indiana.

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Historic Resources of Downtown South Bend

Item number

For the sun coly control APR 2:6 1985 tate entered

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Lawton House 405 W. Wayne d. 1872

Continuation sheet

Photo #75; Building #40

This property is individually listed on the National Register.