United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received AUG 2 7 1984

date entered SEP 2 7 1984

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie	`	•	
historic	Farrar Distillery			· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and/or common	Same			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	Noah Fork Road (H	ouston Thomas Ro ad	N/.	A not for publication
city, town	Noah vic.	X_ vicinity of		
state	Tennessee code	Q47 county	Coffee	code 031
3. Clas	sification			
Category district X building(s) structure X site object N/	Ownership public X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible X yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name	Mrs. Adeline Thom	as		
street & number	Route 2, Box 269	A		
city, town	Manchester	X vicinity of	state	Tennessee 37355
5. Loca	ition of Lega	l Description	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Regist	er of Deeds		
street & number	Coffee County Cou	rthouse		
city, town	Manchester		state	Tennessee 37355
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing	Surveys	
title	N/A	has this pro	perty been determined eli	gible? yesX_ no
date	N/A	1	N/A federal state	e county local
depository for su	rvey records N/A			
city, town	N/A		state	N/A

Condition — excellent — good	deteriorated _X_ ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one X_ original site moved date	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Farrar Distillery is located nine miles north of Manchester near the Noah community of north Coffee County in south central Tennessee. The c. 1876 distillery consists of a spring, the remains of a still house, and an intact storage building. The still was situated by the spring on the north bank of the Noah Fork Creek, but it was destroyed in a freshet of 1902, leaving only the extant foundation stones. Sited against the south bank of the creek next to a road, the storage building is of one-story frame construction with a high stone basement and gable roof. The property retains it historical and architectural integrity.

The distillery's storage building was constructed into the side of the low creek bank. The south side of the building is set at ground level at the top of the bank. A plain batten door on center is flanked by 4/2 double-hung sash windows; a small shed porch supported by plain posts extends across this front.

The north side of the building has a full basement story with entrance facing the creek. This portion of the basement wall is constructed of hewn stone; the back portion of the basement is built of brick. There is a small batten door to the basement at the northwest corner, and a group of narrow windows covered with wooden latticework. The frame story above is plain except for a 4/4 sash window in the center. The east and west sides are plain weatherboarded walls.

Originally, the brandy made at the still was stored in the basement. The fruit and grain used in its manufacture were kept in bins in the one-room, first story above. The well-maintained building is now used for storage and has a recent pump for bringing water from the creek for the recent house of the current owner which is near by.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	c. 1876	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The c. 1876 Farrar Distillery in the Noah community of northern Coffee County is nominated under National Register criterion A for its significance to the county and south central Tennessee in local history. The distillery, which operated until around 1901, is a rare surviving example in south central Tennessee of such early operations in the region, which formed an important nineteenth-century commercial enterprise in Tennessee until statewide prohibition in 1909.

The distillery was begun by Alexander Farrar, son of William Farrar, a landowner in the Noah vicinity. Alexander Farrar assembled a large tract of property in the area, partly by inheritance but also by the purchase of three other tracts. One tract, somewhat over three acres, was bought from a neighbor named Keele in July 1876; it is on this site that the distillery was built, probably soon after the purchase of the land.

The still house itself was located at a good spring on the north bank of Noah Fork on the old stage road between Shelbyville and McMinnville; a storage building was located across the creek. The distillery is known to have produced brandy, but it is possible that whiskey or other spirits were also produced. This was a legal operation licensed by the State of Tennessee until 1909. At a time when most farmsteads had a water pail and dipperfor passersby on the road, it is said that Farrar provided a pail of brandy instead.

Alexander Farrar died in 1901, and the still was washed away in a freshet the following year. The foundation stones at the spring mark the site of the still. The storage building across the creek survives in good condition.

Upon Farrar's death, the property eventually passed to his daughter, Laura Farrar Thomas in 1938. In 1939 her son, Leland Thomas, and his wife Adeline purchased the property. Mr. Thomas died in 1974, but Mrs. Thomas continues to live on the property and manage the family farm.

Many Indian artifacts have been found on the site. In 1969-70 Donald Ball and Ralph Periut of the Rutherford County Chapter of the Tennessee Archeological Society did some archeological survey work and testing on the site (Northern Coffee County Multiple Component Site 40-CF-TI, February, 1970). Archeologists from the University of Tennessee have also surveyed the site.

Small distillery operations were common in many areas of south central Tennessee throughout the nineteenth century. Most still owners were farmers who made peach and apple brandy in season and often whiskey the rest of the year. For most Tennesseans there

<u>9. мајо</u>	r Bibl	iograph	<u>ical</u>	Refe	rences		
Gaston, Kay	Baker. "F	deline Thomas Robertson Cou 184, pp. 49-6	nty Dis	•		9." <u>Tennessee Hist</u>	orical
10. Ge	ograpi	nical Da	ta				
Acreage of noming Quadrangle name UTM References	nated propert e Noah, Te	y approx. 3.5 ennessee	acres		(Quadrangle scale 1;24(200
A 1,6 5 7, Zone Eastir C		3 ₁ 9 3 ₁ 7 5 ₁ 3 Northing		B D F H	Zone Easting	Northing Lilia	
Verbal boundar	ry description	on and justifica	tion				
See Continua	tion Sheet	;					
List all states		s for properties		ping state		ındaries	
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	code	N/A
state	N/A	code	N/A	county	N/A	code	N/A
11. For	m Pre	pared B	У				
name/title	Richard (uin, Histori	c Prese	ervation	Planner		
organization	South Cer	itral Tenness ent District		21 VQ 0 (GII	date	February 1984	
street & number	P.O. Box	1346			telephone	615/381-2040	
city or town	Columbia				state	Tennessee 38402	
	te His	toric Pr	ese	rvatio	on Offic	er Certifica	tion
The evaluated sig	····						
	national	state	<u>X</u>	_ local			
	minate this pr criteria and p	operty for inclusion rocedures set for	on in the	National Re	egister and certify	vation Act of 1966 (Public y that it has been evaluate	
title Executive	e Director	, Tennessee	Histori	cal Comm	nission	date 8/21/84	·
Jay	rtify that this	property is includ	ed in the	Entered	egister i in the	date 9-27-8	ý
Meeper of the	National Reg	gister				,	
Attest:	otratio-					date	
Chief of Regis	อเาฮเเปก						

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was no social or religious stigma attached to liquor, and there were no state laws forbidding its manufacture or sale. Alexander Farrar was a typical prosperous farmer of the period who made enough brandy or whiskey for his own use, plus an adequate amount for local sale. In 1909 over the veto of Governor Malcolm Patterson of Memphis, the state legislature passed a law establishing state-wide prohibition. The era of the farmer-distiller was over, and there were no attempts to revive it after national prohibition was lifted in 1933. Consequently the buildings associated with small distillery operations were demolished, allowed to deteriorate, or adapted to other purposes. There are no known complexes which have survived intact in south central Tennessee, and therefore the Farrar Distillery is an important remnant of a bygone industry.

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Verbal Boundary Description and Justification

The irregularly-shaped property is roughly bounded on the east, north, and west by adjoining property lines and on the south by Noah Fork Road (Houston Thomas Road) except where this boundary jogs at a right angle to include the storage building. The nomination includes the minimum land needed to protect the historical integrity of the site.

