			Utah State Histor		iety	Outside of Site No. platted area			
Property Type:			Historic Pre	servation Researc	h Office	Site No Sign. Site #			
			Structure	/Site Informatio	n Form				
	Street Address	s: E.	of Beaver of N	IT 153	UTI	M : 12/359075/42	37575		
	Name of Struc	ture:			Т.	R.	S.		
	Present Owner	r: Fre	ed B. and Dixie	e Harris	Les	s than one acre	:		
	Owner Addres	s: Bea	aver vicinity,	Utah					
	Year Built(Ta Legal Descript			ective Age: d of Building:					
2	T 29 S., R 7	7 W., Salt ., then Ea			g North 150		īt.,		
STATUS/USE	Original Use: residence			Presont Use:	Present Use: residence				
	Building Cond	ition:	Integrity:	Preliminary Eval	uation:	Final Register St	atus:		
0,	 ☑ Excellent □ Good □ Deteriorated 	□ Site □ Ruins	 Unaltered Minor Alterations Major Alterations 	Significant	Not of the Historic Period	 National Landmark National Register State Register 	DistrictMulti-ResourceThematic		
DOCUMENTATION S	Photography: Date of Slides:		Slide No.:	Date of Photo	graphs:	Photo No.:			
	Views: 🗆 Front 🗋 Side 🗆 Rear 🗌 Other		her View	Views: 🗆 Front 🗆 Side 🗆 Rear 🗆 Other					
	Research Sources: Abstract of Title Sanborn Maps Plat Records/Map City Directories Tax Card & Photo Biographical Encyclopedias Building Permit Obiturary Index Sewer Permit County & City Histories		 Newspapers Utah State Histori Personal Interview 		 U of U Library BYU Library USU Library 				

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Harris, interviewed 8/26/80 in Beaver by L. L. Bonar. 1933 photo on tax card, County Assessor's Office, Beaver, Utah. Mr. and Mrs. Mike Robinson, interviewed 8/29/80 in Beaver by Linda L. Bonar. Zoe Palmer, interviewed by telephone 8/29/80 by L. L. Bonar.

Street Address: E	. of	Beaver	on	\mathbf{UT}	153
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Building Materials: Pink Rock (tuff)

Building Type/Style:

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

The home begins with a three foot tall, black rock foundation. This rock is squared and joined with beaded mortar joints. The home has a rectangular plan and all of it, excepting two small frame additions on the east side, was originally built in 1910. The gables are infilled with decorative shingles in a scallop pattern and the broad, wooden cornice not only extends across these gables, but all the way around the house.

The masonry on the front facade is quite unusual for Beaver. The pink rock displays a tooling pattern that is not encountered elsewhere in town. The tooling is very fine and was done somehow with an axe into which teeth were filed. Such a modified axe was commonly used to "chop" the pink rock blocks from the quarry, but it is unusual to find the same tool used to refine the stone. It makes a very pleasant pattern, but a very unique one. The stone, as it was set in courses on the front facade, probably was done by different masons. The rock work on the east side of the front is much more neatly done, with even, straight courses, while those on the west half are often curved and irregular. The edges of the blocks on the corners of the house are **a**l tooled to a smooth perfection.

The home is quite large and the rock is only tooled on the front facade. On the remainder of the house, the rock work is flat, but not squared. The interior has been extensively remodeled.

Statement of Historical Significance:

Construction Date:

The home is significant because of its historic date, its stone construction materials, its unimpaired architectural integrity and its unique masonry. It was built for William Robinson, who was born in Parowan, Utah in 1869. At a young age, Will moved to Beaver and lived with and worked for the John Riggs Murdock family.

When he married, and acquired a family, he earned his living as a farmer and kept some milk cows as well. He later moved his family out ot town to live in this pink rock house so that his children could be near Murdock Academy. Will was reportedly the farm manager for the Academy and in that capacity was responsible for overseeing the Academy's experimental farms and vegetable gardens. He worked part-time for the Telluride electircal plant, and also sold "stubs" to the plant, which they used with electric poles. Then stubs were juniper posts, which acted as a foundation for the fir tree logs that actually carried the wires.

An interesting story, related by more than two sources, is that the William Robinson house was built with the labor of prisoners. Mr. Robinson served as Beaver County's Sheriff and it is quite possible that the prisoners worked on his house as part of their "chain gang" labor.

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