United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received SEP 1 6 1980 date entered NOV 1 7 1980

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	le				
historic	<i>Sf</i> S aint Paul's Episc	opal Church			
and/or common	Saint Paul's Episcopal Church				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	10th and Sage St.	S		not for publication	
city, town	Evanston	vicinity of	congressional distric	First	
state	Wyoming code	56 county	Uinta	code 041	
3. Clas	sification				
Category districtX building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Useagriculturecommercialeducationalentertainmentgovernmentindustrialmilitary	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty			
name	Saint Paul's Episc	opal Church			
street & number	10th and Sage				
city, town	Evanston	vicinity of	state	Wyoming	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	l Descripti	on		
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Uinta	County Courthouse	2		
street & number	Courthouse Square				
city, town	Evanston		state	Wyoming	
6. Rep	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys		
title Wyoming	g Recreation Commissi	on has this pro	pperty been determined	elegible? yes no	
date	1967 (revised 1973)	federal s	tate countyX local	
depository for su	urvey records 604 East	25th Street			
city, town	Cheyenne		state	Wyoming 82002	

7.	Description			
		 		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Evanston is a picturesque example of the Carpenter Gothic style as it was expressed by protestant communities throughout rural Wyoming. Constructed in 1884-1885, it features the basic floor plan of 19th Century parish churches with standard Gothic treatments such as gabled roof, lancet windows of stained glass and tracery bargeboards in the gable. The bell tower is situated atop the intersecting gables of the narthex and features an octogonal witches cap with rectangular window louvers at its base. The quatrafoil cutouts ornamenting the interior of the narthex gables demonstrate stick style influence.

The apse is set apart from the nave by a hipped gable with angled corners on the extension, creating an intersecting multi-sided effect on the interior. The apse features one large central lancet window with tracery and two smaller lancet windows flanking it. On the interior the apse is set apart from the nave by a Gothic arch. Directly opposite the apse at the far end of the nave is a traditional grouping of three lancet windows below a large quatrafoil window. Most window frames are rectangular and feature geometric cutouts. The lancet and quatrafoil grouping, however, share a lancet frame with cutouts and arches along the base. The bargeboards are supported by four brackets also with cutouts. The building is wood frame with beveled drop siding and shingled roof. The exterior fabric of the building continues to be maintained and is in good condition. The building stands virtually unchanged since its completion, however, plexiglass has been added to the exterior to protect the original stained glass windows.

The interior features wainscoting and plaster walls. The ceiling is high beamed with carved wood. The floors are wooden as are the pews, some of which have been added in recent years. A natural gas furance has replaced its coal burning predecessor.

8. Significance

1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community planning	law literature military music	re X religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	August, 1884	Builder/Architect U	 Inknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

In the mid 19th Century many American church architects were strongly influenced by a group of English Ecclesiologists who actively promoted the construction of Gothic parish churches as the only suitable structure for Christian worship. This influence was enhanced by an increasing demand by designers and parisheners alike that church buildings reflect their use. Innovative Americans adapted the best of the sanctioned English styles to the needs and capabilities of their own religious communities; an architectural principle that is to be considered one of the Gothic revivals most lasting contributions to the development of a new aesthetic in American Architecture.

- St. Paul's is exemplary of that new aesthetic. It is a religious property deriving its primary significance from architectural distinction because it embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period and method of construction prevalent in small frontier communities of the late 19th Century.
- St. Paul's is likewise important because it is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of south western Wyoming's social history.

Religion had a part to play in the hard driven lives of the frontier settlers. More than a mere foundation for morality, it offered hope for the future and served as an emotional outlet. It was a social thing, providing occasions to set aside the the daily toil and gather with neighbors, to pray, to weep, to talk, to celebrate. One historian notes, "it was important when you were alone, not to feel alone." St. Paul's satisfied this basic need. Not only was it the only Episcopalian church in the county, but more importantly it was the only Protestant church in the community. Thus, St Paul's was for some time the single alternate religious outlet in an area dominated by Mormon influence; not just Episcopalians, but Lutherans, Methodists, Presbyterians and others came here to worship. The church guild and other voluntary organizations nurtured a strong community spirit and encouraged social cohesion by sponsoring numerous community activities such as rummage sales, pancake dinners, wedding receptions and banquets.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Chief of Registration

See Addendum, Item #9, Page 1	ACCEPTED FOR	The Carlotte
10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of nominated property less than one acre Quadrangle name UMT References CHURCH A 112 5 012 71610 415 618 01710 Zone Easting Northing C	RECTORY B 1 2 5 0 2 7 Zone Easting D F H s nomination includes	not included in the
List all states and counties for properties overlap	ping state or county bour	ndaries code
state code	county	code
11. Form Prepared By name/title Jim McIntosh organization Jr. Warden, St. Paul's Episcopa		st 19, 1980
street & number 908 Uinta Street	telephone 30	07-789-9814
12. State Historic Prese		er Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state national state As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the laccording to the criteria and procedures set forth by the laccording to Preservation Officer signature	Local the National Historic Preservational Register and certify	that it has been evaluated
title State Historic Preservation Officer For HCRS use only Thereby certify that this property is included in the		date ////////////////////////date ////////////////////////////////////
Keeper of the National Register		

United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

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Continuation sheet

Addendum

Item number

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BOOKS:

- Rifkind, Carole. A Field Guide to American Architecture. New York: New American Library, Signet Key Book, 1980.
- Scully, Vincent J. The Shingle Style and the Stick Style. New Haven and London: Yale University Press, 1955.
- Stanton, Phoebe B. The Gothic Revival and American Church Architecture. Baltimore: John Hopkins Press, 1968.
- Stone, Elizabeth Arnold. <u>Uinta County Its Place in History</u>. Laramie Printing Company, Laramie, Wyoming, 1924.

BOOKLETS:

Minutes of meetings held by St. Paul's Episcopal Church, 1887-1899.

Records of services, St. Paul's Episcopal Church, 1899-1912.

Register of church services, St. Paul's Episcopal Church, 1933-1975.

Membership Directory of St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Evanston, Wyoming.

NEWSPAPERS:

"The Wyoming Churchman", Feb., 1956, Vol. VI, No. 3.

"The Wyoming Press", Evanston, Wyoming, May 3, 1902.