U IATI	NITED STATES I NAT ONAL REGI	HOG40325 DEPARTMENT OF THDA TIONAL PARK SERVICE STER OF HISTORI NOMINATION H	C PLACES	B. The Contemplati IPS USE ONLY IVED JAN 17197 ENTERED SEP	
**		NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T	O COMPLETE NATION	IAL REGISTER FORM	
1	NAME	TYPE ALL ENTRIES (UMPLETE APPLICAB	LESECTIONS	<u></u>
	HISTORIC Legare - Morga AND/OR COMMON	an House e, Legare House			
2	LOCATION		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
	STREET & NUMBER 241 Lauren St CITY. TOWN Aiken			NOT FOR PUBLICATION CONGRESSIONAL DIST # 3	RICT
<u> </u>	STATE		CODE 045	COUNTY	CODE 003
3	South Carolin		045	<u>Aiken</u>	003
	CATEGORY DISTRICT X_BUILDING(S) STRUCTURE SITE OBJECT	OWNERSHIP PUBLIC YPRIVATE BOTH PUBLIC ACQUISITION IN PROCESS BEING CONSIDERED	STATUS XOCCUPIED UNOCCUPIED WORK IN PROGRESS ACCESSIBLE YES: RESTRICTED YES: UNRESTRICTED XNO	PRES AGRICULTURE COMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL ENTERTAINMENT GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	SENT USE MUSEUM PARK X_PRIVATE RESID RELIGIOUS SCIENTIFIC TRANSPORTATI OTHER:
4	NAME	PROPERTY <u>e Morgan Arbuthnott</u> treet, S.W.			
	CITY, TOWN		VICINITY OF	STATE	arolina 278
5		OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION		
	COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	atc. Aiken Count	y Courthouse		
	STREET & NUMBER	Park Avenue			
	CITY, TOWN	Aiken		STATE South Ca	arolina
6	TITLE	TATION IN EXIST Historic Places in So			
	DATE 1973 (update)	FEDERAL X	STATECOUNTYLOCA	L
	DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS S	outh Carolina Departm			
	CITY, TOWN Columbia			state South Ca	

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

CHECK	ONE
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CHECK ONE

X ORIGINAL'SITE DATE

_EXCELLENT DETERIORATED __UNALTERED XGOOD LALTERED __MOVED ___RUINS __FAIR __UNEXPOSED

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Legare House is a small, one-story clapboard structure located in Aiken, South Carolina. The oldest portion of the structure--consisting of three rooms--was probably built before 1837 as evidenced by a deed of that time which conveys the property "consisting of Houses and Lot...." Located to the left is a wing consisting of two rooms. This wing was built ca. 1850 by James Mathewes Legare as a studio. Originally a separate building, it was later moved to adjoin the house. Around 1900 to 1910 a balancing wing was added to the right side of the structure. Recently other alterations and additions have been made to the rear: the porch was enclosed and an addition was made to the left side.

The front facade is defined by a projecting central section flanked by balancing wings. This central section is the original configuration of the house and is distinguished by large 6/6 windows, clapboard siding, a gabled roof, exterior chimneys with corbeled caps, and a pedimented portico. The front door is presently of singular configuration, but was probably altered ca. 1900 when the north wing was added. The porch was apparently altered at the same time. The wings on either side of this projecting bay each have two windows along the front. All of these windows--except those of the original studio--are 6/6 with louvered shutters. Those of the studio are 4/8 and open as French doors.

The rear elevation reveals further alterations which have been made. A porch which apparently ran the length of the structure has been enclosed, and a wing, which extends perpendicular to the porch, has been added to the left end of the structure.

The oldest portion of the structure consists of a dining room, parlor, and Interior: another large room (now used as a studio apartment). To the right is a wing consisting of a kitchen and hall which was added ca. 1900 to 1910. To the left is the wing consisting of two rooms, originally constructed as a separate studio. In this studio there are several examples of the artwork of James M. Legare. There are three panel paintings and a decorative molding over the fireplace made of plastic cotton--a hard, synthetic material Legare patented.

All of these rooms (except the kitchen area) have heart pine floors and plaster walls. The ceilings are approximately twelve feet high and have simple cornices. The mantels are simple.

Located at the rear of the structure are the enclosed porch and recent addition.

Surroundings: The property consists of approximately two acres. Located to the rear are a stable and a later structure which have been converted into apartments.

1. South Carolina Department of Archives and History, Barnwell County Deeds, Book V, p. 447.

8. SIGNIFICANCE

SPECIFIC DATES		BUILDER/ARCHITECT		
1900COMMUNICATIONS		INDUSTRY _XINVENTION	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1700-1799 (<u>X</u> art	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
_1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS		SCULPTURE
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	VLAW	SCIENCE
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Legare House is a small clapboard structure located in Aiken, South Carolina, the oldest portion of which was probably built ca. 1835. Between ca. 1850 and 1859 it was the home of James Mathewes Legare--noted artist, poet, and inventor.

In 1837 Thomas Legare, Sr., of Charleston purchased the property "consisting of Houses and Lot" on Laurens Street in Aiken, South Carolina.¹ Legare owned the property until his death, at which time it was inherited by his children. In 1847 Solomon Legare, his son, purchased full rights to the property from his siblings. Three years later he gave it in trust to Mary Legare, wife of John D. Legare of Charleston. It was this family (and primarily James M. Legare) for whom the structure became recognized.

It was in the field of literature that James M. Legare (1823-1859) was most widely known. In 1848 he published <u>Orta Undis</u>, and <u>Other Poems</u>, and he contributed both poetry and prose to periodicals. In 1850 the editors of <u>Graham's Magazine</u> wrote: "We hope soon to lay before our readers a series of articles from his pen, which place Mr. Legare in the front of the contributors to Graham."² Legare's work also appeared in the <u>Knickerbocker Magazine</u>, a nationally-read periodical; and he was a contributing author to the <u>Knickerbocker Gallery</u>, an 1855 tribute to the magazine's editor.

Further supporting evidence of Legare's reputation as a writer is found in his correspondence with Henry Wadsworth Longfellow. In 1849 Legare wrote Longfellow who responded: "Let me assure you, I already knew you. I have long possessed and highly prized your volume of Poems, so full of tenderness and 'the dew of youth.'"³

Other tributes to Legare's work were to come posthumously. After Legare's death, William Gilmore Simms wrote his family requesting biographical data for a sketch he intended to write. (An 1861 article in the Charleston <u>Mercury</u>--a portion of which is devoted to Legare's life--is attributed to Simms.)

In 1906 several of Legare's poems appeared in <u>An American Anthology</u>, edited by Edmund Clarence Stedman; while Jay B. Hubell's 1954 edition of <u>The South in American</u> <u>Literature</u> claims "James Mathewes Legare was one of the best Southern poets of his time...." Several of Legare's poems also appear in <u>A Tricentennial</u> <u>Anthology of</u> (continued)

1. S. C. Department of Archives and History, Barnwell County Deeds, Book V, p. 447.

Curtis Carroll Davis, <u>That Ambitious Mr. Legare</u> (Columbia: University of South Carolina Press, 1971), p. 94, taken from Editor's Table, <u>Graham's Magazine</u>, XXXVI (June 1850), 418.
 Davis, p. 54.

4. Jay B. Hubbell, <u>The South in American Literature</u> (Durham: Duke University Press, 1954), p. 559.

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Davis, Curtis Carroll. <u>That Ambitious</u> <u>Mr. Legare</u>. Columbia: University of South Carolina Press, 1971.

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EASTING

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(continued)

NORTHING

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10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY <u>2 acres</u>

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUP	NTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES	
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE	
11 FORM PREPARED BY	(Leslie Garn Council of	ett and Susan [Government)	Dudley, Lower Savannah Regional	
Cappy McNulty Organization			DATE	
South Carolina Department of	Archives and	History	August 25, 1976	
STREET & NUMBER		·····		
2.0. Box 11,669 Capitol Sta CITY OR TOWN	t10n		803-758-5816 STATE	
Columbia			South Carolina	
THE EVALUATE NATIONAL		f this property w	ITHIN THE STATE IS: LOCAL	
	sion in the National	Register and certify t	ervation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hat it has been evaluated according to the	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER	SIGNATURE	Harl	LE. LA	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS TITLE Charles E. Lee State Historic Pres			DATE 12-6-74	
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICERS TITLE Charles E. Lee State Historic Press OR NPS USE ONLY	ervation Offi	cer	DATE 12-6-74	
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY

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DATE ENTERED SEP 2 2 1977

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE ONE

South Carolina Literature 1670-1970.

Legare was also an imaginative inventor and artist. One of his inventions, plastic cotton, could be molded into furniture, frames and decorative moldings. (Legare received two patents on his inventions.) Unfortunately, failing health prevented him from pursuing these developments.

Legare's paintings were primarily of landscape and genre scenes. In 1856 he entered examples of both his inventions and art in the Institute Fair in Charleston. Here Legare was awarded a gold medal for his plastic cotton, while several of his paintings were also recognized. The <u>News and Courier</u> commended Legare's paintings and noted of one: "'Kids in the Cornfield,' a rural scene, by the same artist, is regarded by practiced eyes as exquisite in conception and well delineated."⁵

Located in the rooms which were originally Legare's studio are examples of both his painting and inventions. Two painted panels flank the folding entrance door, while a third is on an adjoining wall. Depictions of landscape and animals, these paintings have darkened over the years. Above the fireplace is a decorative molding made of "plastic cotton," the hard, plastic-type material which he invented. In the hall there is also a book shelf of plastic cotton which Legare made.

Legare died in 1859. In 1870 his family sold the property on Laurens Street to Thomas C. Morgan. Descendants of Mr. Morgan continue to occupy the structure today.

5. "Walk Around the Gallery of Paintings," Charleston <u>News</u> and <u>Courier</u>, November 26, 1856, p. 1.

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CONTINUATION SHEET

item number 9 page two

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"The Institute Fair." Charleston News and Courier, November 26, 1856, p. 1, col. 1.

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