orm No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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JUN 2 6 1979

DATE ENTERED

AUG | 4 1979

NAME	Lavennan, F. :	J., Takan		
HISTORIC		.'		
Casa del Fl	ores			
AND/OR COMMON				
F.J. Lauerm	an House (preferred)	·		
LOCATION	I			
STREET & NUMBER				
<u>383 State S</u>	treet		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN Marinette			CONGRESSIONAL DISTR 8th	
STATE		VICINITY OF	COUNTY	CODE
Wisconsin		55	Marinette	075
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	· STATUS	PRES	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)		UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	вотн	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	XPRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATIO
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
IOWNER OF	FPROPERTY	<u> </u>		
-				J
NAME Frank J. La	uerman TTT			
STREET & NUMBER				
383 State S	treet			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
Marinette		VICINITY OF	Wiscons	in 54143
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE,				
	^{ETC} Marinette County Co	ourthouse		
STREET & NUMBER	Hall Avenue			
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Marinette			in 54143
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TÎTLE				
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DATE	uivey of historic Pla			
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DEPOSITORY FOR		······································		
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SURVEY RECORDSSt	ate Historical Societ	y of Wisconsin		
SURVEY RECORDSSt CITY, TOWN Madison	ate Historical Societ	y of wisconsin	STATE	

7' DESCRIPTION

CO	NDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK O	NE
EXCELLENT GOOD FAIR	DETERIORATED RUINS UNEXPOSED	UNALTERED	X_ORIGINALS	SITE DATE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Frank J. Lauerman's "patio dwelling," native to southern California, features a central courtyard surrounded on all sides by rooms. The house is one story with the exception of one second story bedroom at the northeast corner. It has a basement under all but the court. Although a relatively early manifestation of the style, the Lauerman House exhibits elements of the Mission Style, particularly in the plan. The architect classified this patio dwelling as the "Renaissance Style," of which the details are surely characteristic.

When built, the house was situated on the outskirts of the northwestern part of Marinette. The city has gradually approached, and now two major highways intersect at the site.

The tan stucco walls of the house are broken by closely spaced sash windows with enriched cornices. Many of the windows are bayed. A curvilinear parapet tops a modillioned cornice that continues around the protruding entry porch. This porch features four coupled columns of the Roman Ionic order, resting on the elevated entry deck.

The parapet rises from 2-10 feet above the roof, which is flat. An interesting drainage system from the roof helps eliminate water accumulation. Drainage pipes within the walls lead to the basement and from there connect to the city sewer system.

Besides six bedrooms, a dining room, and kitchen, the house features a parlor, music room, library, and the "oriental room" with black woodwork and a collection of oriental furniture. The focal point of the house is the 35' x 45' center court from which all rooms emanate. Only the kitchen does not have a doorway to the court.

The court is surrounded on all sides by an arcade with fluted, Composite columns. A double glass skylight illuminates the room. The exterior light is hipped, while the ceiling light is slightly domed. Sets of three clerestory windows appear to rest upon a modillioned cornice that is accentuated with festoons. The panes of these windows are green; they open into the $4\frac{1}{2}$ foot high attic.

Originally, the floor of the court was cement and the fountain was rectangular. Some years after the house was built, Mr. Lauerman had red tile laid on the floor and had a round fountain installed. The fountain has shells imbedded in it and is illuminated from below. An ornamental birdbath rises from the center. At the corners of the court there are recessed planting beds. A slightly elevated hardwood floor surrounds the court, under the arcade. In a 1909 article in <u>Dry Goods Reporter</u> it was mentioned that the court "contains, palms, banana, fig and bread fruit trees." (p. 26). Some of these trees were 15-20 feet tall.

The interior of the house is lavishly decorated. Throughout, there are hand-painted murals, elaborate plaster trim, and ornate woodwork. Besides the large skylight in the court, there are five smaller ones. Some of these details were included in the architect's specifications while others were Mr. Lauerman's ideas.

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7. DESCRIPTION continued

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The wood trim in the domed entrance hall has an unusual green stain. Beautiful birds-eye maple is featured in the front bedroom and bath, while the dining room has white oak woodwork. The dining room trim was executed by a Mr. Pfiester of Marinette. All of the floors in the house are hardwood, with about a 10" border of inlaid trim on the periphery of each.

There are three large paintings of note in the house. The canvas in the court, by A. Rohlbeck, is glued directly on the wall. It is framed by a border painted on the plaster. The angelic motif that appears in this painting and another are repeated in the plaster trim and paintings on the ceilings in several rooms of the house.

Over the years the house has suffered few changes. The greatest changes on the exterior were the removal of decorative elements from the parapet and the addition of a bedroom at the southeast corner. Apparently the parapet trim was too fragile to survive many Wisconsin winters. Several minor changes have been made too. Three of the four chimneys were removed in about 1930 and the fireplaces were adapted for gas logs. In the late 1930s the vents in the ceilings of each room were covered with insulation. Recent modifications include the replacement of the glass panes in the exterior skylight over the court, the addition of storm windows, and the replacement of the decking and the plinths of the columns on the front entrance porch. In about 1970 a gas furnace replaced the oil heating system and in about 1975 the galvanized drainage pipes from the roof were replaced with plastic pipes. Gradually, the early electrical system has been replaced, although some of the original relay switches are still active.

The owner is most concerned that modifications or renovation to the house are strictly compatible with the original fabric. For example, when the deck on the entry porch was restored, he had 2" planks specially milled since they were not available commercially. The house is in excellent condition, although the flat roof poses constant maintenance problems, particularly in the winter when snow shoveling is crucial.

To the northwest of the house there is a two-story, three car garage of the same vintage as the house. It is a clapboard structure with a hipped roof. The first floor was used for automobile storage and featured a battery charger for electric cars. The second floor, now used for storage, housed a pigeon loft at the southwest corner.

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SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1901 ¹	INVENTION BUILDER/ARC	HITECT L.B. Valk ²	with locally promine individual

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

* 8 SIGNIFICANCE

The Frank J. Lauerman "Casa del Flores" is significant from an architectural and historical perspective. It is a most unusual house in plan and detail to have appeared on the Wisconsin landscape in 1901. The craftmanship and materials are exquisite.

The Lauerman family figures prominently in the history of Marinette. They were actively involved in the commercial, manufacturing, banking and insurance activities there and contributed a great deal to the development of Marinette.

<u>HISTORY</u> Frank Lauerman was born in Muscoda, Wisconsin of Bohemian descent. He attended public schools through the third grade. In about 1890 he joined his brother in partnership at "The Savings Bank" store in Marinette, a mercantile establishment on Main Street. The store was a great success and the brothers were joined by their other brother, Charles, after a few years. In 1903 the store was moved to a larger building that they leased on Dunlap Square. They purchased the building in 1913 and built an addition. By 1924 another addition was needed, and with its completion the store covered an entire city block.

Frank J. Lauerman served as president of the Lauerman Brothers Company for many years. He was considered by some to be "the dynamo of the business" (<u>Wisconsin: Stability, Progress, Beauty</u>, p. 633). In 1893 he married Nellie Fann. Lauerman promised his wife that she could select the plan for their house. She was captivated by a picture of the William Borden house that appeared in a 1900 issue of the <u>Ladies Home Journal</u>. The house had been designed by L.B. Valk, a Los Angeles architect.

Valk's reply to Mrs. Lauerman's initial inquiry is still in existence. It reads in part, "You can build one of these dwellings as it should be built all the way from 3000 dollars up - so if you can send me kind of site - compass points of site and size of rooms you need and cost you can put into it I can show you what you can do"(L.B. Valk, letter to Mrs. F.J. Lauerman, 6 November 1900). The house ended up costing \$20,000. Mrs. Lauerman must have been pleased with her exotic "Renaissance Patio Dwelling," though she only lived for two years after its completion.

Despite Frank Lauerman's elaborate home, an article written while he was still alive mentioned that "in his private life Mr. Lauerman lives plainly and sedately. He has proved to be a good friend and good citizen and played

- 1. Frank J. Lauerman III, Telephone interviews by Barbara Wyatt, March 1979.
- 2. L.B. Valk, Letter to Mrs. F.J. Lauerman, 6 November 1900.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

New York, O Lauerman, Frank Quaife, Milo. <u>M</u> S.J. Clarke Valk, L.B. Lette	ctober 1905. J. III. Telephone i isconsin: Its Histo Publishing Company, er to Mrs. F.J. Laue	nterviews by ory, and Its 1924 erman, 6 Nover		n 1979. nicago:
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11 FORM PREPARED	BY minations Specialis	_		
ORGANIZATION	minacions specialis	L	DATE	·····
	Society of Wisconsi	n	March 26, 197	9
STREET&NUMBER 816 State Street				
CITY OR TOWN	······		(608)262-8904 STATE	
Madison		·	Wisconsin 53	706
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATION	OFFICER	CERTIFICATION	
THE EVAL	UATED SIGNIFICANCE OF T	HIS PROPERTY W	ITHIN THE STATE IS:	
NATIONAL	STATE	<u> X </u>	LOCAL	
As the designated State Historic F hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth b	r inclusion in the National Re			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OF	FICER SIGNATURE	Nelle	med 10 any	
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FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS ACTING CONTACT OF THE NATIONAL		I THE NATIONAL I	DATE 8- (4-79
ATTEST: Cuma pue Say CHEFOF ECISTRATION Regional Coordi	<u>k</u>		DATE 8-13-7	7

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8. SIGNIFICANCE continued

a generous, active part in civic affairs. He has given liberal financial assistance to numerous worthy causes and deserving individuals, all of which were known only to the recipients (Wisconsin: Stability, Progress, Beauty, p. 633). Lauerman's prominence in the community was well-deserved. Besides serving as president of the Lauerman Brothers Company for several years, he served as president of the Marinette Knitting Mills, director of the Badger Paper Company of Peshtigo, director of the Old Line Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, director and vice-president of the First National Bank of Marinette, and as director and treasurer of the Madagin-Lauerman Real Estate Company of Marinette. All but the Marinette Knitting Mills are still in existence and members of the Lauerman family are stockholders. Frank Lauerman was also active in several civic and fraternal organizations and was a member of the Catholic Church. In 1938 he was honored with election to the Rice Foundation Society, a New York organization that recognized men "of character and achievement" (Rice Foundation Society portrait, 1938).

In 1942 Mr. Lauerman's second wife died and he continued to occupy the house with his daughter, Joyce Lauerman, until his death in 1959. Though he had given the house to his son, Frank J. Lauerman, Jr., before his death, Miss Lauerman lived there until 1977. Frank J. Lauerman III, who now occupies the house with his family, assumed ownership in 1976.

ARCHITECTURE L.B. Valk's design for Frank J. Lauerman's house is a manifestation of a new architectural trend that began to sweep through California at the turn of the century. While the house incorporates elements of the emerging Mission style in plan, roof, and the stucco wall treatment, it lacks the simplicity characteristic of the style. The forerunners of the Mission style first appeared in California about ten years prior to construction of the Lauerman House. Often, the simplicity of the true style was embellished in a variety of motifs. Spanish Colonial details, as well as Moorish, Queen Anne, and Sullivanesque motifs appeared on Mission style buildings. Apparently, the application of the Neo-Classical details such as appear on the Lauerman house was an early adaptation of the style, reflective of other architectural trends of the period.

A magazine article that appeared in 1905 describing the patio houses of L.B. Valk stated that the courtyard arrangement was an "adaption from Pompeian dwellings, many specimens of which have recently been exhumed" (<u>Country Life</u> in America, October 1905, p. 616). The article does concede that all patio houses "that have been built bear some resemblance to the Mission architecture

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8. SIGNIFICANCE continued

of California" (Ibid., p. 618).

Although no information is available on the architect, Valk, he may have been of some repute since his design of the prominent Borden family house appeared in the <u>Ladies Home Journal</u>. An article that appeared in <u>Country Life in</u> <u>America in 1905 implied that Valk was one of the major contributors to the</u> <u>Pompeian style patio dwellings</u>. The Borden house was also featured in this article, as was the Lauerman house, Valk's own house, and one he designed in Fort Hamilton, Long Island. The Lauerman House is notable for its probable uniqueness in Wisconsin in plan and details. The flat roof was normally considered impractical here, while the courtyard plan was exotic. Undoubtably, Mr. Lauerman could afford to be innovative and to employ the finest materials in his wife's dream house.

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LAUERMAN, F. J., HOUSE, 383 State Street, Marinette, Marinette County, Wisconsin

		See
CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	below PAGE

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7. Description

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Delete so much of the end of the second sentence of paragraph 1 as reads at the northeast corner and substitute therefor: <u>on the west side of the house.</u>

On the Continuation Sheet, paragraph 3, line 3, delete <u>southeast</u> and substitute therefor: **no**rthwest.

10. Geographical Data

Correct UTM References to read: 16 / 449720 / 4994030. (See attached, corrected Marinette West, Wis.-Mich. USGS Quadrangle.)