National Register.

Register.

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

	RECEIVED 2280
	SEP 6 1996
NAT	REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an Item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable," For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property					
historic name	Goedert M	leat Marke	t		
other names/site number_	Main Stre	et Mall			
2. Location					
street & number	322 Main	Street		<u>N/A</u>	not for publication
city or town	McGregor				_ 🗆 vicinity
stateIowa	code	IA county_	Clayton	code043	
3. State/Federal Agency	Certification				
Signature of certifying offic State of Federal agency a	esterica	DSH110 D Socie	9-12-9 Date the of Ja	wa	
In my opinion, the propert comments.)	y 🗋 meets 🗋 doe	is not meet the Nat	ional Register criteria.	(See continuation sh	eet for additional
Signature of certifying offic	ial/Title		Date		
State or Federal agency a	nd bureau				
4. National Park Service	Certification				
hereby certify that the property for the National Register	is: legister. sheet.	a f		Beall	Date of Action 10 - 16 - 96
See continuation		•_•••••			

Goedert	Meat	Mar	ke	t
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Goedert Meat Market		Clayton, Iowa				
Name of Property		County	and State			
5. Classification						
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of (Do not include	Resources within Proper previously listed resources in the	ty he count.)		
I private	☑ building(s) ☐ district	Contributing	Noncontributing O	6 99 JO.		
public-State public-Federal	☐ site □ structure	0	0	building sites		
	object	0	0 ·	structur		
		0	0	objects		
			· 0 .	Total		
Name of related multiple pi (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of	roperty listing of a multiple property listing.)	Number of contributing resources previously list in the National Register				
N/A		0				
6. Function or Use						
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functi (Enter categories f	rom instructions)	•		
Commerce/Trade Domestic		Commerce/Trade Domestic				
7. Description						
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories fi	rom instructions)			
Late Victorian		foundationLi	mestone			
Italianate		wallsBr	ick			
•		Wo	od			
		roofAs	phalt			
		otherRu	lbber			
		Me	tal			

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Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

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8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield. information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property.
- G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibilography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # __

County and State

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)

Architecture

Period of Significance 1889

Significant Dates

1889

Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

NA

Cultural Affiliation

Primary location of additional data:

- X State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- Other
- Name of repository:

Architect/Builder Unknown

Clayton, Iowa

Goedert Me	at Market	Claytor	1, Iowa			
Name of Property		County and State				
10. Geographic	ai Deta					
Acreage of Pro	perty less than one acre					
UTM Reference (Place additional UT	S M references on a continuation sheet.)					
1 1.5 64 Zone Eastin 2 1	8480 4674740 Northing	3 Zone 4	Easting Northing			
Verbal Boundar (Describe the bound	y Description lanes of the property on a continuation sheet.)					
Boundary Justi (Explain why the bo	fication undaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)					
11. Form Prepa	ared By					
name/title	Barbara N. Corson					
	·	date Ma	y 31, 1996			
street & number	3397 Mount Vernon Drive	telephone	319-233-0448			
city or town	Waterloo	state _Iowa	zip code			
Additional Docu	tems with the completed form:					
Continuation St						
Maps						
·	map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the	nonetty's location				
A Sketci	h map for historic districts and properties hav	ring large acreage or r	numerous resources.			
Photographs						
Represe	ntative black and white photographs of the	property.				
Additional items (Check with the SHF	s PO or FPO for any additional items)					
Property Owner			······································			
(Complete this item	at the request of SHPO or FPO.)					
name	Barbara N. Corson		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
street & number	3397 Mount Vernon Drive	telephone	319-233-0448			

street & number	3397 Mount Verno	n Drive t	telephone <u>31</u>	9-233-044	+8
city or town	Waterloo	state _	Iowa	zip code	50701

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 Page 1 Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iov

Narrative Description

The former Goedert Meat Market building is now an antique store providing thirteen units for dealers in antiques and collectibles. The second floor of the two-story building serves as a residence as it always has. The building, which is at 322 Main Street, sits on Lot 5 and two feet of Lot 6, Block 7 of the James MacGregor Addition, McGregor, Iowa. Lots in that block are 50' by 100' beginning at the sidewalk in front and ending at the drainage canal in the back. The building itself is 98' long taking up almost the entire length of the lot except for a two foot walkway at the back. It is situated in the middle of a block containing the public library, several commerce/trade buildings and a private residence.

The building sits on a limestone foundation. The front 42' of the building is 25' wide and constructed of brick. The brick was supplied by Geo. H. Jenkins, Manufacturer of Common and Repressed Redbrick, who lived in McGregor in 1885 but by 1895 had moved to Monona, the site of his brickworks. The brick was shipped by railroad from Monona to Marquette then by wagon to the building site. Mr. Jenkins advertised free delivery to McGregor. The brick cost \$6.00 per thousand for lots of 100,000 or more and \$6.50 for lots under 100,000. The majority of the brick used are 8" X 2" X 4" laid in a common bond pattern. They are not uniform in color ranging from red with an orange cast to red with a purple cast. The windows and doors in this section are topped with a curved wood lintels. On the first floor the lintels over the doors and windows have two curved rows of bricks over them. On the second floor above the door are two rows of brick and the windows have one.

The next 28' section going toward the back of the building is also 25' wide but of wood construction. The first floor has horizonal wood boards while the second floor has vertical. At one time a narrow porch existed on the west side of this section of the second floor with one of two out-side staircases leading to it. The porch was later enclosed and incorporated into a large unfinished room at the back of the second floor. The outside staircase was removed. An asphalt-shingled, gabled roof tops these first two parts of the building.

The back 30' of the building is also of wood construction but is 49' wide. This back part of the building is one story with a shed roof which slopes to the back. Slaughtering was done in this back part of the building. The oversized bifold doors are still in place at the end of the drive that runs down the east side of the building and has been incorporated into the present courtyard. A room in the northwest corner was used for rendering lard and making sausage.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _____ Page ____ Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iowa

Narrative Description (continued)

The shape of the building forms an upside down L with a brick courtyard filling in the space to form a rectangle. The courtyard is laid over what was once the driveway and unloading area for farmers bringing livestock to the meat market for processing. It still provides for vehicle access to the garage. The brick courtyard is laid in the herringbone pattern with Purrington Paver bricks taken from the streets of Chicago. This courtyard was laid during a refurbishing of the property in 1976 and interspersed with landscape islands. At that time the other outside staircase which went up along the front of the building on the east side was removed and replaced with an iron spiral staircase.

Cne of the destinctive exterior features of the building is its ornate cast-iron storefront made by the Mesker Bros. Front Builders of St. Louis, Missouri. It was purchased by John Goedert then proprieter of Central Meat Market who advertised "Fresh, Salt & Smoked Meats Constantly on Hand - Game & Poultry of All Kinds in Their Season - Highest Price Paid for Hides, Pelts, Tallow and Livestock - Shipping a Specialty." He bought it to enhance his new building and his claim to have the "finest meats west of New York." The Italianate design of the elaborate, castiron storefront forms a squared facade in front of the gabled roof. Although it is unusual, it does seem most likely that the storefront was attached to the gable-roofed building at the time of its construction. A picture of the 300 block of McGregor taken around 1876 shows a vacant lot where the building stands. A great grandson, Jack Burke, a retired attorney living in St. Paul, Minnesota, is quite adamant that John Goedert built the building about 1890. Mr. Burke recently made it possible now to have the letters for JOHN GCEDERT made and re-installed at the top of the storefront. The storefront is the only cast-iron storefront in McGregor, although there are a number of other gable-roofed fronted buildings, three in the same block.

Because the building was built as a meat market, the first section served as a store. It has wainscotted walls and ceiling and two large front windows, one on either side of a center door. The middle section has walls constructed of tile which helped keep the hanging meat at a cool temperature. In 1976 this middle section was remodeled into an apartment and law offices for Tom Miller, the present attorney general for the State of Iowa. This section has since been readapted for commercial use. The back part where sausage was made is a part of the present store. The slaughtering area serves as a large garage and storage area.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number ____ Page ___ Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iowa

Narrative Description (continued)

The second floor contains five good-sized finished rooms plus two bathrooms. It appears as if the bathrooms were taken from what was formerly a sixth room. The function of the rooms may have changed from time to time but the location and arrangements seems unchanged. The woodwork is intact and was most likely milled at a sawmill in Marquette which was responsible for much of the woodwork in the McGregor/Marquette area. Across the back of the second floor is a large unfinished room which now includes the small second-story porch.

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Section number _____ Page ____ Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iowa

Statement of Significance

The former Goedert Meat Market building is eligible under Criterion C for several reasons. The building is a good example of Italianate influenced commercial design and contains the only complete cast-iron storefront in McGregor. Its elaborate cast-iron storefront was made by the Mesker Bros. Front Builders of St. Louis, Missouri. The building is representative of those built when all aspects of the meat business from slaughter to processing to sales could be, and often were, housed in one building. It is also typical of a time when shopkeepers lived in close proximity to, in this case above, their shops, as did John Goedert.

Although gable-fronted commercial buildings, especially those built of brick, are more typical of pre-Civil War construction in Iowa, there are four brick gable-fronted buildings in the 300 block of McGregor, this building being one of them, that apparently were built in the late 1800's and early 1900's. At least three of these do not appear in the circa 1876 picture. There are no buildings on these three sites. The building on the fourth site does not appear to be the building presently located there. Two of the other brick gable-fronted buildings are presently owned by the same person. He has determined 1902 to be the construction date for one of them. It was constructed with the gable roof. While the majority of brick commercial buildings in McGregor have flat roofs, the brick buildings in the 300 block have gabled roofs except for one.

The land on which the Goedert Meat Market was built is a part of the James MacGregor, Jr. addition in McGregor, Iowa. James MacGregor, Jr. was a brother to the founder of McGregor, Alexander MacGregor. For many years the MacGregor brothers were involved in lawsuits over the ownership of properties Alexander MacGregor had purchased for his brother, James. Consequently, clear titles to the land were difficult to obtain for a number of years. In January, 1889, John Goedert purchased Lot 5 of Block 7 of the James MacGregor, Jr. addition for his meat market and shortly thereafter began construction of the building. In the following year, he purchased Lot 6 of Block 7. Two feet of Lot 6 still belong with the property on which the building sits.

Early in the 1890's John Goedert purchased the Italianate cast-iron storefront, which makes the building so distinctive, from the Mesker Bros. Front Builders of St. Louis, Missouri, a city noted for its waterfront buildings with cast-iron fronts. The cast-iron storefront was developed by James Bogardus, a builder, in the 1840's. By the 1850's foundries were turning out the prefabricated parts which were assembled at the building site. The iron fronts had commercial value because they required

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Section number ______ Page _____ Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iowa

Statement of Significance (continued)

a minimum of maintenance. They were considered by some to be superior to brownstone which flaked and eroded and marble which stained and became discolored. The storefront on the Goedert Meat Market was patented October 4, 1887, by Mesker Bros. who were also responsible for many of the St. Louis cast-iron fronted buildings. It was shipped up the Mississippi River from St. Louis to McCregor by barge.

Shortly after establishing the business, John Goedert formed a partnership with H. F. Renziehausen which lasted until 1900 when John Goedert sold the business to J. J. Burke his son-in-law who had married Mildred, John Goedert's oldest daughter. Burke remained in partnership with Renzienhausen for one year then sold his half of the business back to his father-in-law. In 1903 Goedert sold his half of the business to Renzienhausen making him sole owner.

In 1927 Edward L. Bergman purchased the building and moved his meat market to that location. Bergman came from a well-established McGregor family known to be in the meat business in McGregor as early as 1856. Edward's father and uncle, Albert E. Bergman and Frank C. Bergman, owners of the Bergman Bros. Pioneer Meat Market, were responsible for building a stately Queen Ann side-by-side brick duplex in 1885 and 1886. It is located in the 600 block of Main Street. Bergman lost the business during the Depression and the building was ultimately sold at a sheriff's auction.

John E. Corlett, a member of another long-time McGregor family, purchased the building in 1944. He operated a second-hand store, Trash and Treasures, in the building for a number of years. Like previous owners he housed his family in the second-floor living quarters.

In 1972 John Culver, congressman for the second district of Iowa, purchased the building in anticipation of making a run for the senate in 1974. His expectation of making the building his northeast Iowa office never fully materialized even though his candidacy was successful. In 1975 Senator Culver began the process of cleaning, refurbishing and restoring the building. He had hoped to complete the project in time for the Bi-centennial. The exterior was cleaned, the brick tuckpointed, and the storefront and wood parts of the building painted. Senator Culver arranged for the installation of the brick courtyard paved with Purrington Paver bricks from the streets of Chicago and age appropiate to the building. The bricks are laid in the same herringbone pattern as those at the Villa Louis in Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin. The interior walls in the storefront were stripped down to the wainscotted wood. New plumbing, wiring, and heating systems were installed. The clay tile walls in the part of the building used for processing were preserved as was some of the overhead tracking.

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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 9 & 10 Page 6 Goedert Meat Market, Clayton County, Iowa

Bibliography

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Dalzell, Ralph J. and Gilbert Townsend. <u>Masonry Simplified</u>. Alsip, Illinois: American Technical Publishers, Inc., 1973, pp. 78-79.

Dilts, James D. and Catharine F Black, Ed. <u>Baltimore's Cast-Iron</u> <u>Buildings & Architectual Ironwork</u>. Centerville, Maryland: Tidewater Publishers, 1991. pp. vii-xiv; 3-21.

Hitchcock, Henry-Russell. Architecture Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries. Baltimore: Penquin Books, 1958, pp. 115-129.

McAlester, Virginia and Lee. <u>A Field Guide to American Houses</u>. New York: Alfred A Knopf, 1984.

Myers, Lena A. <u>Alexander MacCregor</u> and <u>His</u> <u>Town</u>. McGregor, Iowa: McGregor Iowa Public Library, 1971, pp. 51-59; p. 78.

Poppeliers, John C., s. Allen Chambers, Jr., Nancy B. Schwartz. <u>What</u> Style Is It? Washington, D.C.: The Preservation Press, 1983.

Self, Charles R. The Brickworker's Bible. Blue Ridge Summit, PA.: Tab Books Inc., 1980. pp. 30-31.

Verbal Boundary Description

Lot 5 and 2' of Lot 6 Block 7, James MacGregor, Jr. addition, McGregor, Iowa

Boundary Justification

The nominated area includes that portion which has been historically associated with the Goedert Meat Market.



Description of Plat gives size of Lots as 50 by 100 feet.

Plat certified to by Sanford L. Peck, Surveyor.

Plat acknowledged by James LacGregor, Junior, as owner of land in Plat.

Approval of the County Judge of Clayton County, Iowa, adfixed to Plat.

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WARRANTY	DEED.

James MacGregor Jr. to Amos Pearsall and George Church. Dated March 22, 1862. Acknowledged March 22, 1862. Filed August 4, 1862. Consideration \$1350.00. Book 4 Deeds page 565.

Conveys:--Lot 5 in Block 7 of James McGregor Jr's. Addition to Town of McGregor, and other.

Amos Pearsall, Amelia Pearsall and WARPANTY DEED. Dated April 10, 1866. Acknowledged April 10, 1866.

