United States Department of the Interior National Park Service NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF TH

1 Name of Property	FEB 2 3 1993
historic name: <u>Charter, Lathrop Russell, House</u> other name/site number:	REGISTER
2. Location	
street & number: 109 High Street no city/town: West Union state: West Virginia code: WV county: Doddridge cod	ot for publication: n/a
	=======================================
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National His of 1986, as amended, I hereby certify that this request for determination of eligibility meets standards for registering properties in the Nation Places and meets the procedural and professional r in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend considered significant nationally statewid (see continuation sheet)	<pre> nomination the documentation al Register of Historic requirements set forth</pre>
Signature of Certifying Official D	2.16.43
Signature of Certifying Official D	ate
State or Federal agency and bureau D	ate
In my opinion, the property meets does n Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for	ot meet the National additional comments.)
Signature of Certifying Official D	ate
State or Federal agency and bureau	

(check as many boxes as apply) (check only one box) x private x building(s) _ public-local _ district _ public-state _ site _ public-federal _ structure _ object NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITH PROPERTY (do not include previously listed resources in the count.) Contributing Noncontributing 2 _ buildings _ sites _ structures _ objects 2 _ 0 _ TOTAL NAME OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING n/a (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)	4. National Park Service Certification			
5. Classification Commership of Property: Category of Property (check as many boxes as apply) (check only one box) x private x building(s) - public-local district - public-state site - public-federal structure - object NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITH PROPERTY (do not include previously listed resources in the count.) Contributing Noncontributing 2 buildings sites structures objects - structures objects - Structures objects - Structures objects - STRUCTURES OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING n/a	I, hereby certify that this property is entered in the National Register See continuation sheet. determined eligible for the National Register See continuation sheet. determined not eligible for the National Register removed from the National Register	: Signature of	D Keeper of	
Ownership of Property: Category of Property (check as many boxes as apply) (check only one box) x private x building(s) - public-local district - public-state site - public-federal structure - object NUMBER OF RESOURCES WITH PROPERTY (do not include previously listed resources in the count.) Contributing Noncontributing 2 buildings sites structures objects 2 0 TOTAL NAME OF RELATED MULTIPLE PROPERTY LISTING n/a (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)	other (explain):			
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(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)	2 0			
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of	a multiple pro		

6. Function or Use	
HISTORIC FUNCTIONS	CURRENT FUNCTIONS
(enter categories from instructions)	(enter categories from instructions)
domestic/single dwelling	domestic/single dwelling
•	
7. Description	
ARCHITECTURAL CLASSIFICATION:	MATERIALS
	(enter categories from instructions)
late Victorian/Italianate	foundation stone
Tate Victorian/Italianate	walls brick
	mont motal/tin
	roof metal/tin other wood
	metal
NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION (Describe the historic and current commore continuation sheets.)	ondition of the property on one or
8. Statement of Significance	
APPLICABLE NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA	
(Mark "X" in one or more boxes for the for National Register listing.)	ne criteria qualifying the property
A Property is associated with ever contribution to the broad patter	
B Property is associated with the past.	lives of persons significant in our
possesses high artistic values,	ve characteristics of a type, period, presents the work of a master, or or represents a significant and apponents lack individual distinction.
D Property has yielded, or is like in prehistory or history.	ely to yield, information important

CRITERIA CONSIDERATIONS (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)	
Property is: A owned by a religious institution or used f	or religious purposes.
B removed from its original location.	
C a birthplace or grave.	
D a cemetery.	
E a reconstructed building, object, or struc	ture.
F a commemorative property.	
G less than 50 years of age or achieved sign 50 years.	ificance within the past
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (enter categories from instructions) architecture	
PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE 1877	
SIGNIFICANT DATES n/a	
SIGNIFICANT PERSON (complete if criterion B is marked above) n/a	
CULTURAL AFFILIATION n/a	
ARCHITECT/BUILDER unknown	

NARRATIVE STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

*
9. Major Bibliographical References
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BIBLIOGRAPHY
(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form
on one or more continuation sheets.)
The state of the s
Previous documentation on file (NPS): n/a
_ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been
requested.
_ previously listed in the National Register
previously determined eligible by the National Register
_ designated a National Historic Landmark
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #
recorded by miscoric American Engineering Record #
Primary Location of Additional Data:
w Chata Migharia Dragoryation Office
x State Historic Preservation Office
_ other state agency
_ federal agency
_ local government
_ university
_ other repository name:
10. Geographical Data
UTM References: Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing
1 17 519570 4349240 2
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheets.)
(besorred the soundaries of the property on a continuation should,
BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheets.)
(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheets.)
11. Form Prepared By
name/title: Stacy Sone, structural historian
organization: <u>WV SHPO</u> date: <u>December 16, 1992</u>
street & number: Cultural Center telephone: 304-558-0220
The second secon
city or town: Charleston state: WV ZIP: 25305

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ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

Submit the following items with the completed form:

CONTINUATION SHEETS

MAPS

- -USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location
- -sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

PHOTOGRAPHS

-representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

PROPERTY OWNER

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name: Frank & Kay Sunderland

street & number: 109 High Street telephone: 304-873-1074

city or town: West Union state:WV ZIP: 26456

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

(NPS Form 10-900)

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

		Charter House
section7	page <u> </u>	Doddridge County, WV

The L.R. Charter House, located at the end of High Street in West Union, is an intact and representative example of the Italianate style. The two-story house, constructed in 1877, remains substantially unaltered from its original appearance when the Charter family occupied the house. The building's most significant characteristics are its size; tall, crowned windows; low-pitched, hipped roof with broad, bracketed eaves; and two-story side porch. The Charter house has undergone few alterations and it retains the characteristics that are most illustrative of the Italianate style.

The house sits on a coursed, rough stone foundation and under a its original metal roof. It has a T-shaped plan and an intersecting hipped roof.

The front main block of the house is a symmetrical two-story box with three bays across both levels of the front and one bay of paired windows on the side. The main entrance faces south towards High Street. The panelled double doors are located in the center of the facade. The doors stand behind the original wooden storm doors in a segmental-arched frame. A molded, wooden crown tops the opening.

The house's porch was recently removed because of its rotted condition but photographs taken during the 1970's reveal a typical Italianate porch located in front of the center bay. Arched openings, broad fluted supports, and a bracketed cornice adorned the porch. The porch supported a balcony above with a closed railing and finials on its corners. Tall, paired windows stand directly over the entrance and open onto the balcony. These windows and all other windows on the main block of the house stand in segmental arched openings and display decorative metal crowns over the top.

Other decorative features that embellish the house are the brick quoins that define each corner, the corbelled brick string course under the roofline, and the paired center chimneys. Another characteristic typical of Italianate houses is the bracketed roofline. The brackets across the eaves are small, simple, and decorative. On the corners of the house and over the brick pilasters flanking the entrance bay are larger, more elaborate scroll brackets that are only decorative but appear to be holding the broad eaves. The low-pitched hipped roof with its overhanging eaves and pronounced brackets, recalls the style's Italian Renaissance roots from which it is derived.

The building's three-story rear wing was probably constructed at the same time or shortly after the front section. It was built more simply than the front section but still displays the same Italianate detail. The windows and doors stand in segmental arched openings and have exterior shutters. The

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

section	7	page2	Doddridge County, WV	

crowns over the windows are similar to those on the front but on the wing, they are made of brick flush with the wall. On the east side of the rear wing is a two-story porch under a hipped roof.

The house's grounds contribute significantly to its setting. It is situated prominently on the end of a hill in the town's highest point. The yard on the east side of the house is terraced and is perfectly suited for a flower garden. A small house on the property which was once a city surveyor's office is a contributing building that the current owners now use as a guest house. It is a front gabled frame building with a car port attached.

The house's interior remains intact and displays some of its most significant features. It contains the original interior wooden shutters, ceiling medallions, cast metal fireplaces, and panelled doors. The interior retains its original room arrangement except for the earlier dining room which is now the kitchen and the old kitchen which is now a dining nook. The current dining room was originally a parlor.

Except for the missing porch, the house retains its original appearance. The current owners bought the house after it had been abandoned for several years and had fallen into disrepair. They have carefully restored the house so it retains the qualities that are characteristic of the Italianate style.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

section	8 page	Charter House Doddridge County,	WV

The Charter house is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places under criterion C in the area of architecture. Constructed in 1877 for Dr. L.R. Charter, the house is intact and representative of the Italianate style. It displays typical Italianate characteristics such as a low-pitched hipped roof, bracketed cornice, panelled front doors, and crowned windows. The house is in excellent condition and has undergone only minimal alterations so that it retains its architectural integrity of design, materials, workmanship, and location.

In the middle of the nineteenth century, the well-known architect and pattern-book writer A.J. Downing introduced a variety of house types in the United States in reaction to the formal classical styles that had dominated house design for more than a century. Traditional styles, Downing argued, were stark looking, inflexible, and unsuitable for private residences.

The introduction of the new balloon frame, which was a lighter and stronger method of construction, allowed Downing and other pattern-book writers to design houses with more flexible plans that were easier to build. Reform-minded architects, with Downing in the lead, began to design houses in the 1840's that they believed were functional, livable, and suited to the surrounding landscape. He introduced the Gothic revival style first which was designed to be a family's perfect setting for Christian nurture. This style emphasized a steeply-pitched roof, pointed dormers, and decorative woodwork in the gables. The most popular midcentury style that Downing promoted was called bracketed. This was the most modest of all the new styles and was characterized by simple, functional plans and heavy brackets under the eaves.

Another popular design that was more formal than the bracketed type was the Italianate style. These houses were inspired by those in the Mediterranean and were identified by their asymmetrical plan, flat-roofed tower, and a broad porch. The Italianate style that Downing initiated resembled Italian villas and because of its size and complexity, very few were built. What did become popular, however, was a variation of the bracketed and formal Italianate styles. These were built nation-wide in a variety of sizes and shapes for wealthy and middle-class Americans during the mid nineteenth century.

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Section		page		boddriage county, wv

Downing popularized the Italianate style and it quickly spread to cities throughout the country including growing cities in West Virginia. A variety of Italianate houses were built in Wheeling, Clarksburg, and Fairmont, West Virginia. While the style thrived in the cities, house builders in rural areas also became familiar with the style and requested it for their own houses.

Dr. L.R. Charter was on such person who chose a fashionable new style for his West Union house. Charter, who studied medicine in New England, came to West Union in 1845 and began his practice as a physician and surgeon. The well-known and highly respected resident built his house in 1877 in the popular Italianate style. It is likely that he traveled widely and would have been familiar with the latest trends in house design from visits to nearby cities.

The house Charter remains as one of the state's exemplary Italianate houses and is significant as a high-style Italianate house in a rural area. Although the style is well-represented in West Virginia's northern cities, it is less often found, with as much detail, in rural towns. The house beautifully displays the characteristics of the style. Its low-pitched hipped roof, overhanging eaves, and bracketed roofline are typical of the style as are the crowned windows, and panelled doors. The interior remains intact with its original wood floors, cast-iron fireplaces, ceiling medallions, and chandelier. The current owners have carefully maintained the house so that it stands unaltered from its 1870's appearance.

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Secrion	$-\frac{3}{10}$	page	

Charter House Doddridge County, WV

9. bibliography

- Callahan, James Morton. <u>History of West Virginia Old and New</u>. Chicago & New York: American Historical Society, 1923.
- Comstock, Jim. <u>Hardesty's West Virginia Counties</u>; Doddridge. Richwood, WV: 1973.
- Downing, A. J. <u>The Architecture of Country Houses</u>. New York: D. Appelton and Co., 1850. Reprint, New York: Dover Publications, 1969.
- Earl, J.A. A Biographical History of Schools and Education in Doddridge County, WV. WV State Archives, unpublished material, 1958.
 - . The History of Methodism in Doddridge County and West Union with Related Church and State History. WV State Archives, unpublished material, 1958.
 - McAlester, Virginia and Lee. <u>A Field Guide to American Houses</u>. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1984.
 - Sunderland, Frank and Kay, property owners. site visits, November 11 and 19, 1992.
 - 10. <u>verbal boundary description</u> parcel number 159 and 159.1, sheet 03 of West Union Corporation tax map; April 1962

boundary justification

The boundary includes all of the property historically associated with the L.R. Charter House.