United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e			
historic	Memorial Hall	·		
and/or common	·			
2. Loca	ition			
street & number	72 Seventh Street			not for publication
city, town	Racine	vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	Wisconsin code	55 county	Racine	code 101
3. Clas	sification	,		
Category districtX building(2) structure site object	Ownership _X_ public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	StatusX_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other: Commemorative
4. Own	City of Racine	ty		meeting plac
street & number	730 Washington Ave	nue		
city, town	Racine	vicinity of	state	Wisconsin 53403
5. Loca	tion of Lega	al Description	on	
courthouse, regis	Regi	stry of Deeds ne County Courthous		
street & number	730 Wisconsin Aven	ue		
city, town	Racine		state	Wisconsin 53403
6. Repr	esentation	in Existing S	Surveys	
	chitectural Survey Johnson & Roy		perty been determined ele	egible? Xyes no
date	1974		federal state	e county X_ local
depository for su	rvey records Racino	e Public Library		
city, town	Racine		state	Wisconsin 53403

7. Description					
Condition		Check one	Check one		
X excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	X original site		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

_ unexposed

fair

Memorial Hall is a rectangular NeoClassical building constructed of Indiana Limestone except for a small portion of the north end which is built of brick. The gable roof extending from the front pediment is covered with copper. The building measures $176' \times 118'$ and is two stories high plus basement and sub-basement.

The south or main facade features a two-story raised portico which projects from the facade and gable end of the roof overhead. The entablature is supported by four Corinthian columns and two engaged pilasters behind. Three recessed doors provide access to the interior. The heavy cornice between the entablature and parapet is carried across the wall surface on the facade behind the portico, and around the east and west walls. A pair of stone eagles and a standing figure and crest decorate the center on the top of the portico. The west facade is punctuated by covered two-story windows alternating with seals commemorating the wars in which U. S. citizens have fought. Inscribed at the corners of the west facade are the names of famous battles. The east facade is composed of two bays to either side of a two-story colonnade of paired columns. (The north facade is of little interest as it abuts the Elks Club building to the north.)

A large, rectangular auditorium occupies most of the interior of the building. Permanent seating is provided by a tiered balcony over the doors at the southern end, opposed by a rectangular stage on the north. Denticulated friezes along the top of the ceramic-block east and west walls are inscribed with the names of American patriots; regularly-spaced at the second-story level underneath on the east are rectangular balconies with overhanging semicircular grills, opposite tall multi-paned windows on the west. The ribs of the barrel-vaulted ceiling are accented by exposed light bulbs. A full-width lobby/foyer interfaces the auditorium and entrance. Decorative iron grills fill the overlights over the inner doors. Simple chandeliers are hung from the barrel-vaulted ceiling. The coursed cut-stone walls are accented by carved and raised classical motifs and decorative elements. Above the three auditorium doors is inscribed, "The Noblest Motive Is the Public Good." Offices occupy peripheral parts of the second floor and the basement. Of special note is the delicately designed formal suite of offices in the southeast corner of the first floor; the spacious recoption salon with carved wood mantelpiece is a surprising inclusion in a building of such bold proportions.

Memorial Hall is located on the highest bank above Lake Michigan in Racine and thus occupies a prominent position in the city's skyline. The building is almost unaltered on the exterior, with the covering of the west windows being the only visible change.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		g landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculptureX_ social/civic theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1924 - 25 ¹	Builder/Architect Ho	oward Van Doren Shaw2	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Memorial Hall was built in 1924-25 as a lasting memorial to the dead of World War I, although the building commemorates all earlier United States wars. Frequently used as a municipal auditorium and as a meeting place for patriotic organizations, the building is an important social landmark in Racine. Former United States Vice-President Thomas Riley Marshall delivered an address at the laying of the cornerstone on Memorial Day, 1924, testifying to the civic importance of the structure. In addition to having strongaassociative significance to the citizens of Racine as a memorial to its war dead, Memorial Hall is significant as an impressive NeoClassical design by a well-known and successful Midwestern architect of the early twentieth century, Howard Van Doren Shaw, of Chicago. The monument occupies a very prominent site in the urban landscape of the city of Racine, making it an important visual asset. Sited at the highest point above Lake Michigan in the city, it is a remnant of a proposed south side lakeshore development which was never completed.

Memorial Hall was designed by a leading Chicago architect, Howard Van Doren Shaw (1869-1926), F.A.I.A. Educated at Yale and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and having traveled extensively in Europe and the Orient, Shaw worked for the famous office of Jenney and Mundy before starting his own highly successful practice. In addition to numerous residences and estates in Lake Forest, Illinois, Shaw's important works include the R. R. Donnelley Printing House, Chicago; Market Square, Lake Forest; The Quadrangle Club of the University of Chicago; the Goodman Theater of the Art Institute of Chicago; and the Memorial Hall in Racine

Racine Journal-News, March 13, 1923, p. 1, "Plans Ready for Memorial Building." 2 1bid.

9. Major	Bibliographical References
Racine Co Wisconsin: (NY, Hast	colas C., Ed., Racine: 'Growth and Change in a Wisconsin County (Racine: bunty Board of Supervisors, 1977) A'Guide to the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Works Project Administration in the Badger State Writers Program of the Works Project Administration in the Works Project Ad
10. Geog	graphical Data UTM MOT VERIFIED
Acreage of nominate Quadrangle name _ UMT References	Recine_South, Wis.
A 1 6 4 3 6 Zone Easting	0 6 0 4 7 3 0 4 4 0 B
C	
Block 31 of Or	description and justification iginal Plat 7,8,9,10, South 12" of Lot 11, South 12' of Lot 2
List all states and	d counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries
state	code county code
state	code county code
11. Form	n Prepared By
	ert D. Long
organization Arch	itectural Conservation Program date October 15, 1979
street & number 73	30 Washington Avenue (City Hall) telephone 414/636-9280
city or town Ra	icine state Wisconsin 53403
12. State	e Historic Preservation Officer Certification
The evaluated signif	icance of this property within the state is:
n	national stateX_ local
665), I hereby nomina	tate Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– late this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated eria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preser	rvation Officer signature Kellewel 18 Welly
title Director,	State Historical Society of Wisconsin date 2/81/80
For HCRS use only I hereby certify Keeper of the Nation	y that this property is included in the National Register date 4/0/80
Attest: Krist	in 70' Connell date 4/9/80

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED FEB 2.7 1980 DATE ENTERED 1.0

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Memorial Hall, Racine, Wisconsin

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 6,9,11 PAGE 1

- 6. Representation in Existing Surveys (continued)
 Historic Architecture of Downtown Racine Nelson Peter Ross
 1975
 local
- 9. <u>Major Bibliographical References</u> (continued)

 Alice Sankey, Racine: The Belle City (Racine: Racine Board of Education).
 - Henry F. and Elsie Rathburn Withey. <u>Biographical Dictionary of American</u>
 Architects (Deceased) Los Angeles: Hennessey and Ingalls, Inc., 1970.
 - H. Russell Zimmerman. The Heritage Guidebook
 Milwaukee: Heritage Banks Inland Heritage Corporation 1976.

Clippings

Memorial Hall. Racine County Historical Society File 163.

Memorial Hall. Racine County Historical Society File 164f.

Surveys

Johnson, Johnson & Roy - Racine Architectural Survey 1974.

Nelson Peter Ross. <u>Historic Architecture of Downtown Racine</u> 1975.

11. Form Prepared By (continued)

Diane H. Filipowicz Architectural Historian Historic Preservation Division State Historical Society 816 State Street Madison, Wisconsin 53706

(608) 262-2970