

CONSTRUCTION DATE/SOURCE: 1704-12/1703 deed	NUMBER OF STORIES: 1-1/2 CELLAR: Yes (front sect. only No
BUILDER: Cosyn Herring (Haring) FORM/PLAN TYPE: "D", 36'2" x 35'3" deep. Frame wing to south.	CHIMNEY FOUNDATION: Unknown Stone Arch Brick Arch, Stone Foundation Other
FRAMING SYSTEM: Intermediate Summer Beam	FLOOR JOISTS: Front: 10" x 8" deep. Rear: 6" x 8" deep. FIRST FLOOR CEILING HEIGHT: 7'5"
Intermediate Bearing Wall Clear Span Other	FIRST FLOOR WALL THICKNESS: 17" GARRET FLOOR JOISTS: Front: 6"x10". Rear: 6"x8".
EXTERIOR WALL FABRIC: Front: soursed sandstone. Sides & rear: roughly coursed snadstone. Stone goes up beyond eave line on west gable end.	GARRET: Unfinished Space Finished Space
FENESTRATION: Front: 2'10" x 5'2" sash (12/12). Rear & sides: 2'10" s 4'4" sash (12/8).	ROOF: Gable Gambrel Curb Other
ENTRANCE LOCATION/TYPE: 2 front doors. 2'11" x 5'10-1/2" split leaf panelled Dutch style doors w/ transom above.	EAVE TREATMENT: Sweeping Overhang Supported Overhang (front) No Overhang (rear) Boxed Gutter Other

This house is significant for its architecture and its association with the exploration and settlement of the Bergen County, New Jersey area. It is a reasonably well preserved example of the Form/Plan Type as shown and more fully described herein. As such, it is included in the Thematic Nomination to the National Register of Historic Places for the Early Stone Houses of Bergen County, New Jersey.

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Block 2, Lot 18 - Old Tappan Tax Map

1.15 acres

U.T.M.

18 585 900 4541 760 Nyack, New York-New Jersey



PLANS

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SIUNE NUUSE SUNNE!
Haring-DeWolf House
95 De Wolf Road, Old Tappan LOCATION:

Provincial Legislature. sons, Pieter and Cornelius Haring, later represented the county in the and built the brick [fronted] house at Tappan (plate 48). Two of the community by Daniel De Clark, who soon married the widow, Grietje Cosyns, in December of 1683. He was succeeded in the leadership of the Tappan Settlement was commenced immediately, but without their leader, who died and obtained a patent from Governor Dongan of New York March 24, 1686/7. 1781/2 for a large tract of land on the west side of the Hudson River, and a few others obtained a deed from the Tappan Indians March l?, Under the leadership of Jan Pieterse Haring, a group of Bouwery villagers beyond the wall in New Amsterdam) and had four sons and three daughters. called the Bouwery (which grew up around Gov. Stuyvesant's bouwery bap. 1658. Jan and Margrietje Lived on a 100 acre farm in the settlemnt 19, 1654 Herman Theuniszen of Zell in Munsterlant and had a daughter 5, 1641 at New Amsterdam, and at the age of thirteen years married April Cosyns, daughter of Cosyn Gerritszen and Vrouwile. She was baptized May Whitsuntide 1662 at the Church in the Bouwery, Jan married Margrietje son Jan Pieterse Haring, b. Dec. 26, 1633 at Hoorn in North Holland. On tieter Jansen emigrated early in the seventeenth century with his

Although only a lad, Cosyn Janse Haring, the second son, was mentioned as one of the Tappan patentees. In addition to his many purchases he eventually received over 900 acres in the various divisions of the patent, of which one-half was located at Old Tappan. Cosyn Haring, bap. March 31, 1669 at New York, died 1743 at Old Tappan, married the Tappan patentees (see plate 42); they had three sons and five daughters, of whom only John, Marretje (wife of Johannes Bogert), Margrietje (wife of Jacobus Demarest - plate 83), and Maria (wife of Ornellus Eckerson) survived their father and are mentioned in his will of the Tappan Church, assessor, and Captain of the militia. He built s... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of erection has been set as 1704, immediately as... house...; the date of the patentees are the built as... house...; the date of the patentees are the built as... house...; the date of the patentees are the patentees as the built as... house...; the date of the patentees are the patentees as the patentees are the patentees are the patentees and the patentees are the patentees

This house, which is shown on a map of about 1725 [1747], was inherited by his only surviving son lan Cosyn Haring, b. Nov. 24, 1693 a Tappan, d. June 16, 1771, m. Jan. 15, 1718 Aeltye Van Dalsen, born at Haarlem in Holland. They had three sons who inherited or built the three adjoining Haring houses...

(The above is quoted from Rosalie Fellows Bailey's Pre-Revolutionary Dutch Houses and Families in Northern New Jersey and Southern New York.

(Condition - Continued): It is my opinion (CKI) that the wing replaced an earlier dwelling and that this stone house is not as old as purported. Louise H. Burnett visited the house on Nov. 18, 1968 and reported that many changes had been made. Charles DeWolf showed her through and said he had rebuilt the north fireplace early this century since the old one was hazardous. The attic was panelled concealing the construction. Further renovation was then in progress and the doorway between the two front rooms was being closed up. An unusual feature is the thickness of front rooms was being closed up. An unusual feature is the thickness of the partitions (probably also stone) which makes the house unique among others in Bergen County. It seems highly unlikely that so many additions builder.