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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property
historic name Oakenshawe Historic District
other names B-5084
2. Location
street & number Roughly bounded by York Rd., University Pkwy., Calvert St., & Southway not for publication city or town Baltimore
state Maryland code MD county Independent city code 510 zip code 21218
3. State/Federal Agency Certification
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, I hereby certify that this is nomination is request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets is does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant in antionally statewide is locally. (In See continuation sheet for additional comments).
In my opinion, the property 🗌 meets 🗋 does not meet the National Register criteria. (See continuation sheet for additional comments).
Signature of certifying official/Title Date
State or Federal agency and bureau
4. National Park Service Certification
I hereby, certify that this property is: I determined eligible for the National Register. Bee continuation sheet. Determined not eligible for the National Register. content (explain):

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5. Classification						
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count)				
 ➢ private ☐ public-local ☐ public-State ☐ public-Federal 	 building(s) district site structure object 	Contributing 334	Noncontributing 5	_ buildings _ sites _ structures objects		
		334	5	_ Total		
Name of related multiple prop (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of	• -	number of contrib listed in the Nation	uting resources pre nal Register	viously		
N/A		0				
6. Function or Use						
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from ins	tructions)			
DOMESTIC; single dwelling		DOMESTIC: single dv				
DOMESTIC: multiple dwelling DOMESTIC: secondary structure		DOMESTIC: multiple dwelling DOMESTIC: secondary structure				
7. Description						
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from ins	structions)			
		foundation Stone	e, concrete			
LATE VICTORIAN: Gothic, It		walls Brick, wood	l, vinyl, formstone, asbe	estos, metal		
LATE 19 TH AND 20 TH CENTU						
Colonial Revival; Neoclassical I	Revival		lt, metal, slag			
		other	- (- K) (

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

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B-5084 Oakenshawe Historic District Name of Property

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Description Summary:

The Oakenshawe Historic District is a residential neighborhood in north central Baltimore, comprising 334 contributing resources which reflect its development during the period 1890-ca. 1926. The district is primarily characterized by brick rowhouses of the "daylight" type, constructed in the 1910s and 1920s; their floor plan, innovative at the time of their construction, admitted natural light throughout the interior. Exterior treatments reflect the influence of the Colonial and Neoclassical revivals, with brick facades, multipane sash windows, and related traditional detailing. The district also includes several detached houses representing the area's condition prior to the rowhouse development; these houses have vernacular forms, typical of the city's residential buildings in the period, and are detailed with elements of the Victorian Gothic and Italianate styles. The district is highly cohesive and retains a high degree of integrity.

General Description:

The Setting and the Layout of the Historic District

The Oakenshawe Historic District is a residential subdivision of approximately 18 acres in north central Baltimore City, located between the National Register-listed districts of Guilford to its north and Charles Village/Abell (historically called Peabody Heights) to its south. Oakenshawe is roughly bounded on the south by an alley south of University Parkway, on the west by Calvert Street, on the north by the alley south of Southway Road, and on the east by property lines separating the west side of the commercial corridor of York Road from the adjoining residential uses. The neighborhood evolved in two stages on the 19th-century Wilson estate, a forested tract whose terrain was gently rolling in the north and generally flat in the southern and eastern sections. After the Wilsons sold off a portion of the estate, a number of frame houses reflecting vernacular interpretations of the Victorian Gothic and Italianate styles were gradually built on the property; this first phase of growth is represented by houses dating from 1890 to circa 1910. The second stage of development began in the World War I era, when several developers transformed the remaining property by constructing a neighborhood of brick rowhouses. The intensive phase of rowhouse construction continued through the 1920s, and development was substantially complete by ca. 1926.

Consistent with the practice in other Baltimore subdivisions of the period, when the rowhouses of Oakenshawe were constructed, the developers retained many of the old growth hardwood trees that existed on the Wilson family's country estate.

Oakenshawe is laid out in a grid system off the main thoroughfare of University Parkway, which runs diagonally from northwest to southeast. The primary streets run north and south, including Calvert Street, Oakenshawe Place, Guilford Terrace, University Place, and Barclay Street. Secondary streets are Calvin Street, Venable Street, Homewood Terrance and Birkwood Place, which are oriented east-west, and Brentwood Street

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runs north-south. There is an alley system in this district. The major roadway is University Parkway running northwest to southeast.

Architectural Styles Represented in the Historic District

Neoclassical Revival

This style is based on Greek and Roman architectural orders. It includes early Neoclassical subtypes, in part influenced by the Adam brothers. There are 137 houses of this style in the district.

Colonial Revival

This category includes a broad range of architecture that incorporates design elements used in English and German colonial settlements of the Eastern seaboard. Common to this category are straightforward, rectangular massing, simple gable roofs, and symmetrically organized facades. Character defining features include symmetrical fenestration; windows are typically double-hung, multi-pane and placed in vertical, rectangular openings. Ornamentation is usually applied to window and door openings, eaves and cornice lines. Cornices are often detailed with dentils, entablatures and friezes. The district includes 37 houses of this style.

Dutch Colonial Revival

This style incorporates design elements used in Dutch colonial settlements of the Eastern seaboard. The principal character defining feature is a gambrel roof, which may be manifested in rowhouses as a front-facing gable whose shape evokes the gambrel form may appear as a front-facing. Six houses in Oakenshawe reflect Dutch Colonial influence.

Victorian Gothic

Victorian Gothic influence is seen in 33 houses in the district, many of which exhibit regional vernacular forms upon which elements derived from the gothic style are applied, such as a front-facing gable with a single semicircular-headed window. Others may have been derived from pattern books; these houses employ irregular massing, multiple gables, and a variety of surface textures.

<u>Italianate</u>

Houses reflecting Italian influence have tall, narrow windows and are two or three stories high with a lowpitched roof above broad overhanging eaves featuring decorative brackets. There are 6 houses of this style in this district.

Resource Analysis

With the exception of five commercial garages, all buildings in the district are residences or private garages associated with residences. Brick is the predominant material; While there are 33 frame houses, brick is the predominant wall material. The majority of the buildings in the district are brick rowhouses of the "daylight"

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type which vary in width from 16 to 25 feet. The district also includes 33 detached and semi-detached houses of frame construction, reflecting the earliest phase of development in the neighborhood, 1890-ca. 1910.

Buildings in the district represent 8 major architectural styles. Neoclassical Revival Style houses make up 53% of the district's buildings, 14% are Colonial Revival Style, 13% are Victorian Gothic Style, and 12% are Colonial Revival Style. The remaining 8% of residences are greatly varied. The district incorporates several houses dating from the turn of the 20th century, which existed on the property before the Mueller Building Company development was begun. The majority of buildings were constructed between 1917 and 1926. The period of significance is 1890 to ca. 1926.

Five professional architects are known to have worked in Oakenshawe. The majority of the architect-designed houses are attributed to Benjamin Flournoy and Parke P. Flournoy. Frederick E. Beall and Stanislaus Russell, whose work is widely represented in a number of Baltimore neighborhoods, also worked in Oakenshawe.

The integrity of the buildings and landscape remains very high. Of the 261 houses and 78 garages in the Oakenshawe Historic District, only 5 commercial garages (less than 2 % of the resources) are non-contributing, as their function is not consistent with the overwhelmingly residential character of the district. (Private garages associated with houses in the district are considered contributing.) The effect of the commercial garages on the overall character of the district is negligible.

The table on the following pages lists the properties included in the Oakenshawe Historic District, indicating their street address, status (N = non-contributing), construction date, style, architect or builder (if known), materials, and resource type.

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Oakenshawe Historic District									
	Address		Style	Date Built	Architect	Material	Resources		
		\square					Non-contributing		
3304	Barclay St.	N		c.1940		slate,asphalt/stucco/concrete	garage		
3307	Barclay St.	Ν		1926	J. S. Nussear, Jr.	slag/brick/stone	Non-contributing garage		
			Victorian						
3401	Barclay St.		Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/vinyl/stone	house		
			Victorian			asphalt/wood			
3403	Barclay St.		Gothic	c.1900		shingle, vinyl/stone	house		
			Victorian			asphalt/wood			
3407	Barclay St.		Gothic	c.1900		shingle, vinyl/stone	house		
				1000			1		
3409	Barclay St.	<u> </u>	vernacular	c.1900		asphalt/asbestos/stone	house		
			Victorian	1000					
3501	Barclay St.		Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/shingle/stone	house & garage		
			Victorian						
3503			Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/vinyl/stone	house & garage		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
300			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
301	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial				-		
302	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial				-		
303	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
304	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
305	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial				1		
306	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
307	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
308	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
309	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		
	Birkwood		Colonial						
310	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house		

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	Birkwood		Colonial				
311		1	Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood	1	Colonial	1			
312			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood	\uparrow	Colonial				
313			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial	1720			nouse
314			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood	+	Colonial	1723			
315			Revival	1022	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
515	Birkwood	+	Colonial	1923	William D. Oci wig		
316			Revival	1022	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
510	Birkwood	+		1923	william D. Oci wig	slag/brick/stone	house
217			Colonial Povivol	1022	William D. Commis	alag/bright/store	house
317	Place	+	Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
210	Birkwood		Colonial	1000		-1	1
318			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial			1 4 . 1 / .	
319			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
320			Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
321	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
322	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
323	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
324	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
325	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
326	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood		Colonial				
327	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood	T	Colonial	1	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
328	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Birkwood	1	Colonial	1			
329	Place		Revival	1923	William B. Gerwig	slag/brick/stone	house
	Brentwood						Non-contributing
3402	Ave.	N		c.1920		slag/brick/stone	garage
5402	Brentwood	<u></u>		0.1920			Non-contributing
3404	Ave.	N		c.1920		slag/brick/stone	
5404		μ n		0.1920			garage
2407	Brentwood		1	1010		alaa/hriala/atara	house
3407	Ave.	<u> </u>	vernacular	c.1919		slag/brick/stone	house

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	Brentwood						
3409	Ave.		vernacular	c.1919		slag/formstone/stone	house
	Brentwood						
3411	Ave.		vernacular	c.1919		slag/brick/stone	house
	Brentwood						
3413	Ave.		vernacular	c.1919		slag/wood shingle/stone	house
	Brentwood					<u> </u>	
3415	Ave.		vernacular	c.1919		slag/stucco,formstone/stone	house
	Brentwood						Non-contributing
3416	Ave.	N		c.1929		slag/conc.block,stucco/stone	garage
			Neoclassical				
3501	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical				
3503	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3505	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3507	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
			Neoclassical		Ť		
3509	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical				
3511	Calvert St.		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		attr.Flournoy &		
3512	Calvert St.		Revival	c.1926	Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
			Neoclassical				
3513	Calvert St.		Revival	1926	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
			Neoclassical		attr.Flournoy &		
3514	Calvert St.		Revival		Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		.		
3515	Calvert St.		Revival	1926	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		attr.Flournoy &		
3516	Calvert St.		Revival		Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical		-		
3517	Calvert St.		Revival	1926	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
			Neoclassical				
3519	Calvert St.		Revival	1926	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
			Neoclassical		, <u> </u>		·····
3521	Calvert St.		Revival		Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	2		Neoclassical				
3523	Calvert St.		Revival	1926	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
		-	Victorian	1-1-20			
400	Calvin Ave.		Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/abs. shingle/stone	house
			Victorian	0.1700			
401	Calvin Ave.		Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/abs. shingle/stone	house
101			Goune	0.1900	L	uspilato aos. simigio stolle	prouse

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		1			1
400		Victorian	1000		
402	Calvin Ave.	Gothic Victorian	c.1900	asphalt/asphaltshingle/stone	house
403	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
105	Curvin rive.	Victorian			
404	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
		Victorian			
405	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
406	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1900	slag/brick,asbestos/stone	house
		Victorian			
407	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	slag/stucco/stone	house & garage
408	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1900	slag/stucco,asbestos/stone	house
400		Victorian	1000	1 /	1
409	Calvin Ave.	Gothic Victorian	c.1900	slag/stucco/stone	house
410	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
+10	Calvin Ave.	Victorian	0.1900		nouse
411	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	metal/vinyl/stone	house
		Victorian			
412	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house & garage
		Victorian			
413	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/wood shingle/stone	house
414	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1900	slag/brick/stone	house
415	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1900	slag/brick/stone	house
416	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1920	slag/brick/stone	house
417	Calvin Ave.	Italianate	c.1900	slag/brick/stone	house
- 17		Victorian	0.1900		nouse
418	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
		Victorian			
419	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1900	asphalt/wood shingle/stone	house
		Victorian	1		
420	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1910	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house & garage
401		Victorian	1010		1
421	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1910	asphalt/asbestos/stone	house
422	Calvin Ave.	Vernacular	c.1900	slag/stucco/stone	house
424	Calvin Ave.	Vernacular	c.1910	slag/stucco/stone	house & garage
		Victorian			
426	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1910	asphalt/vinyl//stone	house

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1	L I	Victorian	1	I	1	1
128	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1910		asphalt/vinyl/stone	house
420	Calvin Ave.	Victorian	0.1910			nouse
430	Calvin Ave.	Gothic	c.1910		asphalt/shingle/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical	0.1310			nouse
3408	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Guilford	Neoclassical		<u> </u>		
3409	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3410	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3411	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3412	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical	1	· · · · ·	****	
3413	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3414	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3415	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3416	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3417	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3418	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3419	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3420	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3421	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical	1017		1, 7, 1, 1,	1
3422	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
2.00	Guilford	Neoclassical	1017			1
3423	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
2424	Guilford	Neoclassical	1017	Flournoy & Flournoy	alata/hmials/stong	house
3424	Terrace	Revival	191/	r_{10} $arrow r_{10}$	slate/brick/stone	house
2425	Guilford	Neoclassical Revival	1017	Flournou & Flournou	alata/hrialk/ators	house
3425	Terrace	Revival	191/	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
2427	Guilford	Neoclassical	1017	Flournou & Flournou	alate/brials/stone	house
3427	Terrace	Revival	191/	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
2420	Guilford	Neoclassical Revival	1017	Flournov & Flournov	slate/brick/stone	house
3429	Terrace	Revival	191/	Flournoy & Flournoy	state/orick/stone	house

OMB Approval No. 1024-0018

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					and the second se	
1	Guilford	Neoclassical	1		1	
3431	Terrace	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3433		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,asphalt/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3435		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3437		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3439	, ,	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3441	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Guilford	Neoclassical				
3443	Terrace	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical		·····		
200	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
202	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
204	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
206	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
208	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
210	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
212	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
214	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
216	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
218	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
220		Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
222	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
224	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
226	Terrace	Revival	1923	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Homewood	Neoclassical				
228	Terrace	Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage

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,	1 1	h		1	1	1
220	Homewood	Neoclassical	1021		-1-+-/1	1
230		Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
232	Homewood Terrace	Neoclassical Revival	1021	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
2.52	Homewood	Neoclassical	1921	mainew O. muener	state/offick/stoffe	house & garage
234		Revival	1021	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
234	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1921	Maturew O. Muerier		house
3400		Revival	1023	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
5400	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1925	r tournoy & r tournoy	State/Drick/Stone	nouse
3401		Revival	1017	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
5401	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1917	riounioy & riounioy	State/Offen/Stoffe	nouse
3402		Revival	1023	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
5402	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1725		State, offen, stone	nouse & galage
3403		Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
5105	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3404		Revival	1923	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
5401	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1723			
3405	1 1	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1711			
3406		Revival	1 92 3	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical		<u> </u>		
3407	Place	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3408	Place	Revival	1923	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3409	Place	Reviva1	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3410		Revival	1923	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3411	Place	Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3412		Revival	1923	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical				
3413		Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1000		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
3414		Revival	1923	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	Oakenshawe	Neoclassical	1017	F1		1
3415		Revival	1917	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
000	E.University	Neoclassical	1000	D1 0. D1		1
200		Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
000	E.University	Neoclassical	1000	D1	alata (briala (atom -	house & come
202	Pkwy	Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
204	E.University	Neoclassical Revival	1022	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
204	Pkwy	Revival	1922	$r_{10}u_{11}u_{10} \propto r_{10}u_{11}u_{10} y$	SIAIC/UTICK/SIUTE	nouse & galage

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	E.University	Neoclassical				
206	Pkwy	Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
208		Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
210		Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Neoclassical				
212	r	Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
214		Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
216		Revival	1922	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
218		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
220		Revival	<u>1919</u>	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Neoclassical				
222	Pkwy	Revival	<u> 1919</u>	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
224		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Neoclassical				
226		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
228		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Neoclassical				
230		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical				
232	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Neoclassical	1010		1	
234		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Late Gothic	1000			
A	Pkwy	Revival	1920	John Freund	tin/brick/stone	apartment house
200	E.University	Dutch	1017	Enclarials E. Daall	-1-4- (h-mi1-/-+	1
300		Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate/brick/stone	house
	E.University		1010		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
301	Pkwy	Italianate	1919	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	apartment house
	E.University	Dutch	101-		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	
302	Pkwy	Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial				
303	Pkwy	Revival	<u>191</u> 7	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Dutch				
304	Pkwy	Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial		~		
305	Pkwy	Revival	<u>191</u> 7	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house

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	E.University	Dutch	1	1	1	1
306		Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial	1		,	
307		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Dutch				
308		Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial				
309		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
507	E.University	Dutch				
310		Colonial	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
510	E.University	Colonial	- 1717			
311		Revival	1017	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
511	E.University	Colonial	171/	Stanislads Russen	Side, Side, Oriek, Stone	
312		Revival	1010	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
512	E.University	Colonial	+ 1717	i louinoy & i louinoy	Since, Sing/ Office/ Stolle	
313		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
515	E.University	Colonial		Stanislads Russen		
314		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
514	E.University	Colonial	1717		State, stag, briek, stone	
315		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
515	E.University	Colonial	1717		Side, Side, Offer, Stoffe	
316		Revival	1010	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
510	E.University	Colonial	1717		Slate, slag, briek, stone	
317		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
517	E.University	Colonial	1917		state, stag, brien, stone	
318		Revival	1010	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
510	E.University	Colonial	1717		Slute, Slug offen Stone	
319		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
515	E.University	Colonial	1211	Stuffishuus Russell	Since, Sing, Brien, Stone	
320		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial				
321	Pkwy	Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
322		Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial				
323	Pkwy	Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
324	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate, slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
325		Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
326	•	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
520	E.University	Colonial		r tournoy or r tournoy		
327	Pkwy	Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate, slag/brick/stone	house & garage
521	rkwy	ncevivai	191/	Stamstaus Russell	state, stag/offek/stone	mouse & garage

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328	E.University Pkwy	Colonial			I	1
328						
]	ILVVY	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
1 347	Pkwy	Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial				
330	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
331	Pkwy	Revival	1917	Stanislaus Russell	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial			- <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	
332	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial		······································		
334	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
336	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
338	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial		- -		
340	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	E.University	Colonial				
342	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	E.University	Colonial		ž		
344	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
H	E.University	Colonial				
346	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
H	E.University	Colonial				
348	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
F	E.University	Colonial				
350	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
I	E.University	Colonial				
352	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
I	E.University	Colonial				
354	Pkwy	Revival	1919	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3400	P1.	Revival	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3401	P1.	Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3402	<u>P1.</u>	Revival	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3403	P1.	Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3404	Pl.	Revival	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3405	Pl.	Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house

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	University	Neoclassical				
3406	P1.	Revival	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3407	P1.	Revival	1921	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3408	Pl.	Revival	1917	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3409	P1.	Revival	1922	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3410	Pl.	Revival	1917 I	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3411	Pl.	Revival	1922 I	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
3410	University	Neoclassical				
.5	P1.	Revival	1917 I	Frederick E. Beall	slate,slag/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3412	Pl.	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical		f	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3413	Pl.	Revival	1922	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3414	Pl.	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3415	Pl.	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3416	Pl.	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
\square	University	Neoclassical				
3417	P1.	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3418	P1.	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3419	P1.	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
I T	University	Neoclassical				
3420	P1.	Revival	<u>1924</u> F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
I T	University	Neoclassical				
3421	<u>Pl.</u>	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3422	<u>P1.</u>	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3423	<u>P1.</u>	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3424	<u>P1.</u>	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3425	Pl.	Revival	1922 N	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3426	P1.	Revival	1924 F	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage

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					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	University	Neoclassical				
3427		Revival		Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
5127	University	Neoclassical				
3428		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical	172	riounicy a riounicy		
3429		Revival	1922	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
5727	University	Neoclassical	1722	iviatule w G. Iviacilei		
3430		Revival	102/	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
5-50	University	Neoclassical	1727	riounoy & riounoy		
3431		Revival	1022	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
		Neoclassical	1922	Matulew O. Mueller		nouse
2422	University		1024	Elemente P. Elemente		1
3432		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
2422	University	Neoclassical	1000		1 1	1
3433		Revival	1922	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3434		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
3435		Revival	1922	Matthew G. Mueller	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
	University	Neoclassical				
<u>3436</u>		Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house
	University	Neoclassical				
3438	Pl.	Revival	1924	Flournoy & Flournoy	slate/brick/stone	house & garage
		Victorian				
400	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/shingle, vinyl/stone	house
401	Venable Ave.		c.1920		slag/brick/stone	garages
		Victorian				
402	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/shingle,vinyl/stone	house
		Victorian				
404	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/shingle/stone	house
		Victorian				
405	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1920		asphalt/asphaltshingle/stone	house
		Victorian				
406	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/vinyl/stone	house
		Victorian				
407	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/wood shingle/stone	house & garage
- 		Victorian	1			
408	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/ vinyl/stone	house
408	· chuoic rive.	Victorian	0.1900			
410	Venable Ave.	Gothic	c.1900		asphalt/shingle/stone	house
	venaule Ave.	Victorian	0.1900		asphart simigre/ stone	110450
411	Varable Arra		1000		amhalt/winvil/atomo	house
411	Venable Ave.	Gothic	1890	L	asphalt/vinyl/stone	house

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad pattern of our history.
- **B** Property associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply)

Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- **B** removed from its original location.
- **C** a birthplace or grave.
- **D** a cemetery.
- **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property.
- **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets)

Previous documentation on files (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
- recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

Area of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

ARCHITECTURE COMMUNITY PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

Period of Significance

1890-ca. 1926

Significant Dates

Significant Person

(Complete if Criterion B is marked above)

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

Multiple architects and builders; see continuation sheet

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State agency
- Neoclassical agency
- Local government
- University Other

Name of repository:

Baltimore City, Maryland County and State

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Summary Statement of Significance:

The Oakenshawe Historic District is significant under National Register Criteria A and C for its association with the urban development of Baltimore beginning at the turn of the 20th century, and as an example of a type of residential subdivision which characterized the area in the period. Oakenshawe is distinctive among the early 20th century subdivisions of north Baltimore for its consistent architectural character. While a significant number of buildings survive to reflect the area's history through the first decade of the 20th century, the majority of houses in Oakenshawe reflect its development as a rowhouse neighborhood which began around World War I. These are attached houses of the "daylight" type, featuring an early 20th century plan innovation that allowed natural light throughout the building. Although the neighborhood is the creation of several unrelated developers, it exhibits a noteworthy consistency in building type, architectural style (predominantly Colonial or Neoclassical revival styles), and in the quality of design and construction (reflecting the work of several capable local architects and builders).

The period of significance, 1890-ca. 1926, spans the period between the construction of the earliest surviving building in the area through the late 1920s, by which time the development of Oakenshawe was substantially completed.

Resource History and Historic Context:

Baltimore was incorporated as a city in 1797. As the city grew through the 19th century, a series of annexations brought new land into its boundaries; in 1888, the northern limit of the city was moved beyond North Avenue, taking in an area that then remained largely rural. The pastoral character of the landscape was a positive feature of the earliest suburban developments in the newly annexed area; most notable was Roland Park, where the Olmsted firm was employed to lay out streets and lots that respected the existing landforms and vegetation, and many of the city's most capable architects designed houses in picturesque styles. These design principles continued to affect subsequent residential developments, such as Guilford (located immediately north of Oakenshawe). Also around the turn of the 20th century, civic and institutional planning in the area reflected an awareness of design, exemplified in the transformation—under the Olmsteds' guidance--of an unremarkable northwest diagonal roadway known as Merryman's Lane into a grand parkway linking the developing suburbs with major thoroughfares, parks, and the new Homewood campus of Johns Hopkins University, itself an Olmsted project. Oakenshawe contributed to this development, offering housing comparable in quality of design and construction to that in adjoining neighborhoods, but more modest in size and cost.

The process of suburbanization in north central Baltimore City that contributed to the emergence of Oakenshawe involved a number of stages beginning with the transformation of country estates.

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The Country Estate

James Wilson purchased a tract of land from Ebenezer Smith Thomas on Dec. 16, 1809 for the purpose of creating a country seat; shortly thereafter, a house was constructed on this land and given the name Huntington. For nearly one hundred years various members of this family remained resident on this estate and gradually expanded its holdings; by 1872, the Wilson land extended eastward all the way to York Road.

Northern Expansion of the Urban Center

From the late 19th century to the World War I era, residential development in Baltimore proceeded northward along major arteries including North Charles, Saint Paul, Calvert, Guilford, and Barclay Streets and Abell Avenue, filling these areas with rowhouse neighborhoods that were predominantly urban in character. This development coincidentally reached Merryman's Lane just as the Olmsteds were transforming it into University Parkway.

Development of Oakenshawe

The property north of the present University Parkway between Barclay Street and York Road was deeded to Mary L. Patterson by William C. Wilson in 1873. Of the standing residences in Oakenshawe, the earliest was constructed in this Patterson section on the south side of Venable Avenue in 1890. More houses were constructed about ten years later on Venable Avenue, Calvin Avenue and Barclay Street. In the first decade of the new century, the remaining houses on Calvin Avenue were constructed.

The next phase of development resulted from the activities of several developers, working independently of each other but approximately simultaneously. Shortly before World War I, Philip C. Mueller purchased the remainder of the Wilson Estate for the purpose of a residential subdivision. World War I created limitations on building supplies and manpower for new construction, so construction did not begin until after the war. In 1916, Mueller sold a small portion of his land to another developer, James Keelty, who employed local architect Frederick E. Beall to design 13 houses for the parcel. Around the same time, the Mueller Building Company hired Parke Poindexter Flournoy, Jr. to design houses for their considerably larger tract. Early in 1917 James Keelty commissioned W.T. Childs to build houses on the north side of University Parkway and University Place, to designs by Frederick E. Beall. At the same time, the Philip C. Mueller Building Company began its development on Guilford Terrace and on Oakenshawe Place. A few weeks later, the Guilford Building Company, apparently a developer and construction company, started the rowhouses on the south side of University Parkway using designs by local architect Stanislaus Russell.

Whereas Keelty and the Guilford Building Company were involved in Oakenshawe during a relatively short period of time, the Mueller Company's involvement was longer-lived. By October 1917, the Mueller Company was selling houses on Guilford Terrace. Construction slowed until November 1918, when a wartime ban affecting building materials was lifted. In January 1919 the Company announced plans for continuing their development on Guilford Terrace and part of University Parkway.

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In August 1919 the Muller Construction Company purchased two lots, part of the former Wilson estate, that allowed the extension of their development east to what would become Barclay Street. However, they almost immediately sold the northern part of this purchase to the builder George A. Cook. Cook had been active in the construction of dwellings on Calvert Street just south of Oakenshawe. In 1922, Cook employed the locally known builder-architect William B. Gerwig to design dwellings on Birkwood Place.

In 1921 the Mueller Company built a group of four houses on Homewood Terrace; the following year it constructed 14 additional houses on University Place and nine houses on University Parkway in the westernmost section of the district. In 1923 the Mueller Company constructed the remaining 14 houses on Homewood Terrace, and George A. Cook completed the development of Birkwood Place. Between 1924 and 1926 development was completed on Calvert Street, Oakenshawe Place and University Place.

Architectural Design Considerations

Although the rowhouses in Oakenshawe were constructed by several developers who worked independently of each other and who employed different architects, the character of the neighborhood is remarkably cohesive. The rowhouses all share the two-room-deep "daylight" plan, an early 20th century innovation; unlike previous rowhouse plans that involved a dark interior room, this plan allowed light directly into every room in the house (hence the "daylight" name). Architect Edward L. Palmer, Jr. pioneered the "daylight" design for rowhouses in Baltimore in 1909 with a group of five houses on University Parkway in Roland Park. In 1913, Palmer designed Bretton Place and two groups of nine houses each on Newland Road in Guilford, immediately north of Oakenshawe. By 1917, Parke Flournoy had begun to design "daylight" houses for the Mueller Building Company in Oakenshawe. Each group followed the basic design principles Palmer had used in his work a few blocks away on Newland Road: brick was uniformly laid in Flemish bond, and all units had front porches; cross gables marked the central and end units, while intervening units had traditional pitched roofs with shed dormers.

Architects Who Significantly Influenced the Design of Oakenshawe

Parke Poindexter Flournoy, Jr. (no biographical information available)

Benjamin Courtland Flournoy (1877-1939)

Flournoy was educated in the public schools of Washington, D.C. and later at Washington and Lee University in Lexington, Virginia. Before beginning private practice in 1921, he worked as an architect in the Office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury. In addition to his work in Oakenshawe, he designed buildings at Washington and Lee University and the University of Maryland as well as the Presbyterian Church of the Pilgrims located in northwest Washington, D.C. at 22nd and P Streets.

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Stanislaus Russell (1876-1958)

Stanislaus Russell graduated from Drexel Institute in 1903 after completing his earlier education in Hume, Virginia. From Drexel, he received a degree in architecture and structural engineering. Over a period of six years, partly before attending Drexel and partly while a student there, he worked for his father who was a builder. After his graduation from Drexel he worked in the Philadelphia architectural office of T.P. Chandler for two years. In 1905, Russell started his own practice in Baltimore. Russell's Baltimore work includes hundreds of rowhouses throughout the city, as well as: Phoenix Court, Mount Royal Drive opposite Druid Lake-1912 Walbrook Methodists Church, North Ave. and Bloomingdale Ave.-1912 Carey Theater, 1440 North Carey St.-1916 Mishkan Israel Synagogue, 2245 Madison Ave.-1920 Shaarel Tfiloh Temple next to Druid Hill Park near Mondawmin -1925. Little Theater 523 North Howard St. -1927 Lithuanian Association on Hollins St. Tzemik (Sedik) Beth Tfiloh Synagogue. Frederick E. Beall (no biographical information available) Appears to have been working from 1905 to 1942. A sample of his work includes: Motion picture theatre at 1940-1942 West Pratt Street - 1910 4028 Roland Avenue- 1911 430-432 Roland Avenue- 1912 203, 205 and 305 Southway Rd. -1920 4338 N. Charles St. – 1920 309 Suffolk Rd. – 1921 212 Chancery Rd. - 1921 303 Wendover Rd. - 1924 Thirty-six brick dwellings for James Keelty on Franklin, Dennison Streets and Gwynns Avenue - 1925 3201-3213 St. Paul Street-1925 3800 Canterbury Road - The Lincoln Apartment House.-1925 Five-story Tudor Style Apartment House east side of Charles Street between 29th and 30th Streets.-1927

John Freund, Jr. (no biographical information available) Appears to have been working from 1905 to 1930, and is credited with the following work in Baltimore: 300A East University Parkway, 1919. Gregory Memorial Baptist Church, 5701 York Road, 1919, Shaarei Zion Synagogue, 3457 Park Heights Ave., 1925.

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Hauswald's Bakery, Edmondson Avenue, 1926. Nurses' Home, West Baltimore General Hospital, 1926.

William B. Gerwig (no biographical information available)

Builders

Boone, R. C. Cook, George A. Keelty, James Guilford Building Company Mueller, Matthew G.

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Old Country Seats Scenes of Gaiety, The Baltimore News, Saturday July 25, 1914.

10. Geographical Data Acreage of Property Approximately 18 acres **UTM References** Baltimore East, MD guad (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet) 18-360892-4354945 18-361236-4354330 Zone Easting Northing Easting Northing Zone 18-361270-4354723 18-360765-4354690 в D See continuation sheet Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet) **Boundary Justification** (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet) 11. Form Prepared By Dean R. Wagner, Consultant name/title date July 2002 organization 1213 Roundhill Road street & number telephone **Baltimore** state MD zip code 21218 city or town Additional Documentation Submit the following items with the completed form: **Continuation Sheets** Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location. A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Photographs Representative black and white photographs of the property. Additional Items (Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items) **Property Owner** (Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO) name street & number telephone city or town state zip code

Paperwork Reduction Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et. seq.).

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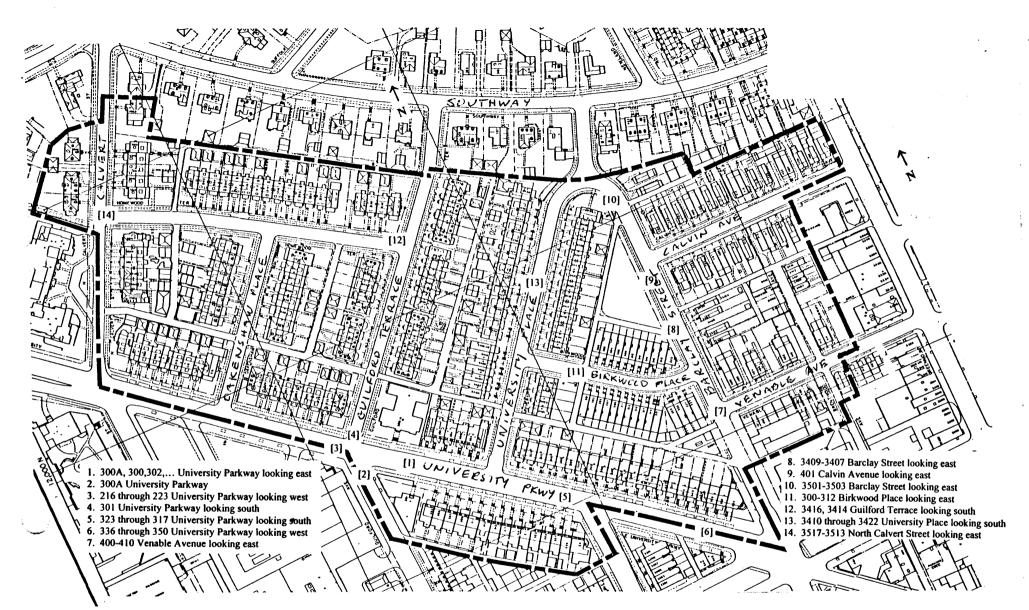
Verbal Boundary Description:

Boundaries are depicted on the map which accompanies this documentation.

On the north, the Guilford Historic District adjoins Oakenshawe. The southern boundary generally follows University Parkway. The district is bounded on the west by Calvert Street, including the houses at 3512-3514 and 3516 North Calvert Street. The eastern boundary is defined by the rear property lines of the commercial properties that face on York Road.

Boundary Justification:

The district's boundaries represent a major portion of the historic Wilson estate from which the neighborhood was developed, and essentially coincide with the area currently under the jurisdiction of the Oakenshawe Improvement Association (excluding a modern apartment building on the west side of Calvert Street). Although nearby commercial resources facing on York Road and on 33rd Street between York and University Parkway also are located on former Wilson estate property, they are excluded because their function is inconsistent with the residential character of Oakenshawe. Three houses at 417-421 Venable Avenue are excluded from the district because although they are not architecturally incompatible with the houses within the district, their construction date of 1941 falls outside the period of significance. The development of Oakenshawe was substantially complete by ca. 1926, and its historic character was established at that date. The houses at 417-421 Venable Avenue are not directly related to the historic trends that produced Oakenshawe as a cohesive subdivision with a distinct identifiable character, but rather appear to be products of the random infill process that occurred throughout Baltimore beginning immediately before World War II.



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NATIONAL REGISTER BOUNDARY MAP

The National Register boundary is shown by the broken line; numbers in brackets correspond to photographs which accompany this documentation, and indicate the locations depicted in the photos.