National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie						
historic	Evans, Jonatha	n H., House					
and/or common	McKinley, Margaret, House						
2. Loca		arce, nouse	18-70-0				
street & number	440 West Adams	Street		not for publication			
city, town	Platteville	vicinity of	congressional district	3rd			
state	Wisconsin cod	e 55 county	Grant	code 043			
3. Clas	sification						
Category district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered X_N/A	Status _X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted _X yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park X private residence religious scientific transportation other:			
4. Own	er of Prope	rty					
name	Margaret McKir	ley					
street & number	390 West Adams	Street					
city, town	Platteville	vicinity of	state	Wisconsin 53813			
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descripti	on				
courthouse, real	stry of deeds, etc. Gra	nt County Courthou	se				
street & number		Maple Street					
		caster		Licensin 52012			
city, town			State	Wisconsin 53813			
6. Repi	resentation	III EXISTING	Jurveys				
title Wisconsin	Inventory of Histor	ic Places has this pr	operty been determined e	elegible? yes _X_ n			
date 198	1		federal <u>X</u> sta	ate county loca			
depository for su	rvey records State H	istorical Society	of Wisconsin				
city, town	• Madison		state	Wisconsin 53706			

7. Description

Condition excellent deteriorated X good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unalteredX_ altered	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Check one} \\ \underline{X} \text{ original site} \\ \underline{} \text{ moved} \qquad \text{date } \underline{} \\ \end{array}$
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Situated on the crest of a gently sloping hillside and surrounded on three sides by an expansive tree-studded lawn, the Jonathan H. Evans House is a well-preserved frame structure composed of two intersecting gabled units and embraced on the front facade by a broad porch. Characterized by an angular profile and crisp detail, the Evans House combines elements of the late Italianate and early Queen Anne styles in an essentially modest domestic design.

Sided with clapboards, the Evans House rises two stories from a low stone foundation and culminates in an attic story. An unornamented frieze underscores the projecting eaves while thin corner boards articulate each unit of the house. Tall four-over-four sash windows are symmetrically disposed across the facades and surmounted by projecting cornice hoods, while round headed attic ventillators punctuated the gable ends. On the first story (and on the first and second stories of the front facade), the windows are paired with thin wooden mullions separating them. A small fixed panel of glass, bordered with square panes, ornaments the wall of the entry vestibule. A bay window projects from the west facade, and the doors on either side of the veranda are framed with simple architraves and cornice hoods.

Supported by thin Tuscan columns, the veranda wraps around the front facade, united by a ballustrade and anchored at either end by pedimented gables with scallop shingles. Metal cresting ornaments the porch roof while an elaborate lattice-like stick pattern embellishes the porch ceiling. A porch on the west facade features scroll-shaped brackets while an east porch is screened. A cream brick chimney with corbelled cap rises from the center of the house and a frame summer kitchen is built on the rear.

Although now subdivided into apartments, the interior of the Evans House retains the original floor plan and much of the original interior trim, including the maple bannister which rises up the front stairway and wraps around the second floor balcony. Wooden window frames, door surrounds, and hardwood floors are featured throughout.

Located in a residential neighborhood, the Evans House shares its hilltop location with the neighboring Beebe House of 1870 (NRHP 1979), and together the buildings visually dominate the immediate area. Two frame sheds, built in the 19th century, and a 20th century concrete block garage stand immediately to the rear of the house but do not contribute to the significance of the property.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	.	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X_ other (specify) association historically
Specific dates	c. 1870–1875 ⁸ ,9	Builder/Architect Not	known	significant person

through 1919 Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Historically significant for its close association with a prominent leader of Wisconsin's normal school system, distinguished Grant County civic leader, and influential Platteville businessman, the Evans House was the long-time home of Jonathan Henry Evans (1830-1919) whose varied career, ranging from president of the village of Platteville to president of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, helped shape both his community and Wisconsin's emerging system of higher education.

Jonathan Evans first arrived in Wisconsin from his native Pennsylvania in 1846 when his family settled on a farm in the Lafayette County town of Kendall. Although Evans recalled that nearby Platteville was, at the time, a small "village located in a dense forest," he was attracted to the community, attending the Platteville Academy in 1851-52 and afterward working variously as school teacher, bookkeeper, and store clerk.

Evans demonstrated an early interest in the political life of the region, helping form the Republican Party in Grant County in the mid-1850s.⁴ But his career as a public servant began in earnest in 1856 when he was elected Grant County Register of Deeds. Evans served two terms in that position, until 1862 when he was appointed sutler to the 33rd Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry.⁵

Returning to his home after the War, Evans began a career in business, operating a successful Platteville general store and retail grocery (Evans and Bevans) for the next twenty years, during which time he was numbered among the leading merchants of southwest Wisconsin. Meanwhile, Evan's political career blossomed: In 1869, he was elected County Supervisor for the towns of Platteville, Hazel Green, and Smelser; in 1870, he was elected president of the board of trustees of the village of Platteville, and from 1870-71 he represented the village on the County Board of Supervisors.

It was during this period of local financial and political success that Evans built the large Victorian residence which served as his home from about 1870 until his death 49 years later. Having purchased the property in 1870, Evans's new house appears on an 1875 bird's eye view map of Platteville as an imposing residence on the northwest edge of the village, next door to the home of prominent lawyer and inventor Lucius Beebe (NRHP 1979). Eventually, Evans and Beebe closed off a street between the residences to create a spacious private drive for their homes.

Evans's career in civic affairs was soon to expand beyond the borders of Platteville, however. In 1872, Republican Governor Cadwallader C. Washburn appointed Evans to the Board of Regents of the state normal school system, a developing system of teacher's colleges which at the time included institutions in Platteville, Whitewater, and a just-opened facility in Oshkosh. For the next twenty years, under succeeding appointments by Governors Washburn, Taylor, Smith, Rusk, and Hoard, Evans served on the board as regent, vice-president, and, from 1878-1892, as president of the Board. During his

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9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

10. Geogra	phical Data			
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E		F		
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state	code	county	cod	e
state	code	.· county	cod	9
Historic organization State Hi	T. Garfield/Histori Preservation Divis istorical Society of	ion Wisconsin date	October 14, 1981	
city or town Madiso	on	state	Wisconsin 53706	
12. State H	istoric Pres	ervation O	fficer Certifi	cation
The evaluated significance	of this property within the	state is: _X_ local	-	•
665), I hereby nominate this	storic Preservation Officer (s property for inclusion in t d procedures set forth by t	he National Register and	d certify that it has been eva	
State Historic Preservation	Officer signature	- Viellernel	Menny,	
itle Director, State	e Historical Society	of Wisconsin	date 4//	162
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that the	his property is included in t	he National Register Entered in the National Postato	date 6/	182
	reman	THE STATE OF THE PARTY		/
Keeper of the National Re	eglster			

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long tenure, the system expanded to include the state's fourth normal school (at River Falls, 1875) and its fifth (Milwaukee, 1885). 10

Evans's role as regent was far more than a honorary title. Proceedings and annual reports indicate that he was a central figure and guiding hand in the development of the system, closely supervising everthing from the maintenance of buildings to the development of curriculum to the structuring of the "model schools." As "resident regent" from Platteville, Evans had particular responsibility for the administration of the school in his own city, and reported to the board on the status of that institution. As president during the system's years of growth in the late 19th century, Evans closely monitored the normal schools' expansion, reporting annually to the governor on the state of the system. 11

Much of Evans's administration was concerned with putting the normal schools, in his words, upon "a better professional basis." To that end the Board, under his leadership, continually increased professional standards, enlarged courses of study, raised standards of admission, gave advanced standing to students of meritorious academic background, and created a special one-year course of strictly professional teacher training. During his long service as regent," it was reported at his death, "he had much to do with shaping the plans and educational policy of the Normal School system of Wisconsin." 14

Even as Evans assumed this important statewide role, he remained active in local Platteville affairs. Leaving his successful mercantile business in 1884, Evans served as executor of many large Grant county estates and, from 1884-1890, served as assignee of a Platteville bank. In 1890, Evans established an important real estate firm which platted and marketed 23 subdivisions to the city of Platteville before his death. One history of Wisconsin remarked that "few have done more to foster the development and upbuilding" of Platteville than Evans. 15 "To J.H. Evans," extolled an obituary, "is due the very important fact that Platteville is a city of homes with ample and well-proportioned grounds, 16 a real estate principle reflected in Evans's own spacious property.

In addition to his real estate activities, Evans organized the First National Bank of Platteville in 1890 and served as vice-president and director of the bank until his death. By the early 20th century, Evans was an owner of the Platteville Light and Power Company. He was a substantial supporter of the local library and his collection of minerals and fossils formed the nucleus of the geology collection at the Platteville Normal School. Known as the "dean of Freemasons in southwest Wisconsin" his energetic participation in Masonic activities led to statewide offices and honors. 18

In the last years of his life, Evans was perceived as an important figure in the development of the region. In 1908, Reuben Gold Thwaites, Secretary of the State Historical Society, interviewed Evans at his Platteville home in an attempt to preserve his memories of Grant County for future generations. 19 A history of Wisconsin, published five years before his death in 1919, noted that "it has been largely through

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his progressive spirit that the charming little city of Platteville has become one of the best developed interior towns in the state."²⁰ The same "spirit" manifested itself in Evans's long service to the State Normal School system. As the structure most closely associated with that important life and career, the Jonathan Evans House is a locally significant historical resource in the city of Platteville.

Jonathan Henry Evans, in an interview with the editor, "Some Reminiscences of Early Grant County" in <u>Proceedings of the SHSW 1909</u> (Madison: SHSW, 1910), p. 232.

² Evans, p. 234.

History of Grant County (Chicago: Western Historical Society, 1881), p. 904.

Julius Bleyer, ed., <u>Freemasonry in Wisconsin</u> (Milwaukee: Evening Wisconsin Printing Co., 1900), p. 50.

History of Grant County, p. 904.

Ellis B. Usher, <u>Wisconsin: Its Story and Biography, 1848-1913</u> (Chicago: Lewis Publishing Co., 1914), p. 2116.

History of Green County, p. 904.

⁸ Property abstract in possession of Mrs. Margaret McKinley.

J. Brosius, <u>Bird's-Eye View of Platteville</u>, 1875.

For a history of the state normal schools, see William Harold Herrmann, Rise of the Public Normal School System in Wisconsin (Madison: Board of Regents of the State Universities, 1953).

See Abstract of Proceedings of the Board of Regents of Normal Schools, (Madison: Board of Regents of Normal Schools, 1874-1892), and Annual Reports of Board of Regents of Normal Schools of Wisconsin, (Madison: Board of Regents of Normal Schools, 1878-1890.

¹² Herrmann, p. 266

¹³ Herrmann, p. 275.

Commemorative Biographical Record of the Counties of Rock, Green, Grant, Iowa, Lafayette, Wisconsin. (Chicago: J.H. Beers, 1901), p. 41.

¹⁵ Usher, pps. 2112, 2117.

^{16 &}quot;Memorial to Companion Jonathan H. Evans" <u>Proceedings of the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons of the State of Wisconsin</u> (Milwaukee: Burdick-Allen-Dietas Company, 1920), p. 46.

¹⁷ Usher, p. 2117.

^{18 &}quot;Memorial to Companion Jonathan H. Evans," p. 46.

Evans, p. 234.

Commemorative Biographical Record, p. 42.

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9. Major Bibliographical References

Evans, Jonathan H., "Some Reminiscences of Early Grant County." <u>Proceedings of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin 1909</u>. Madison: SHSW, 1910, pp. 232-245.

Usher, Ellis B., <u>Wisconsin</u>: Its Story and Biography, 1843-1913. Chicago: Lewis Publishing Company, 1914.

Herrmann, William Harold., Rise of the Public Normal School System in Wisconsin. Madison: Board of Regents of the State Universities, 1953.

Board of Regents of Normal Schools. <u>Abstract of Proceedings, 1874-1892</u>. Madison: Board of Regents, 1874-1892.

10. Geographical Data

Verbal boundary description and justification (continued):

to the right and proceed 125 feet, then turn 90° to the right and proceed 175 feet to point of beginning.

N Shed Shed garage ! 80 approx. ft. house Concaster Rd. Jonathan H. Evans W. Adams St. House PLAN SITE boundary