United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

received **JUN 2 7** 1985 date entered JUL 2 5 1985

N/A not for publication

code

089

For NPS use only

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Agnes Lee Chapter House of the United Daughters of the Confederacy

013

code

and/or common Same

2. Location

street & number 120 Avery Street

city, town Decatur

N/A vicinity of

state Georgia

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district	public	XXX occupied	agriculture	museum
XX building(s)	XX private	unoccupied	commercial	park
structure	both	work in progress	educational	private residence
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment	religious
object	<u>N/Ain process</u>	XXX yes: restricted	government	scientific
	being considered	yes: unrestricted	industrial	transportation
		no	military	_XX other: club house

county

DeKalb

4. Owner of Property

name Mrs. Otis L. Baskette, President, Agnes Lee Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederac

street & number P.O. Box 114

city, to	own	Tucker	<u> </u>	vicinity of	state	<u>Georgia 30084</u>
5.	Lo	ocation	of Legal De	scription		
courth	house	, registry of deeds	s, etc. Superior Cour	t		
street	& nui	mber DeKalb	County Courthouse			
city, to	own	Decatur			state	Georgia
6.	Re	epresen	tation in Ex	isting Surveys	5	
title		toric Structu alb County, G	res Field Survey: eorgia	has this property been deter	mined e	ligible? yes _X no
date	1975	5		federal	<u>x</u> sta	te county local
depos	sitory	for survey records	Historic Preserv	vation Section, Georgia	Dept.	of Natural Resources
city, to	own	Atlanta			state	Georgia

7. Description

Condition		Check one
excellent	deteriorated	X unaltered
X good	ruins	altered
fair	unexposed	

Check one X original site moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Agnes Lee Chapter House of the United Daughters of the Confederacy is a one-story, frame, Colonial Revival building that resembles the residences in its neighborhood. It has painted weatherboard siding, rests on brick piers, and has an unusual front portico/entrance with a curved or wavy roof. On the rear is an enclosed screened porch with an open area underneath. On the interior, one enters from the front door directly into a large meeting room with a fireplace and a Federal-style mantel on the north end. The rest of the main floor contains a kitchen, powder room, and reception room which opens through French doors onto the screened porch. The walls are painted plaster and there are built-in bookshelves on either side of the fireplace. There are no outbuildings, and the grounds have a minimum of landscaping and a magnolia tree. The house sits in an early 20thcentury residential neighborhood adjacent to an industrial zone and a block from a major thoroughfare. There are no known changes to the building.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement	landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	Science Sculpture X social/ humanitarian theater
Specific dates	1916	Builder/Architect Wilson	A. Gosnell, archi	tect

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Agnes Lee Chapter House is significant in architeture as a good example of the use of the Colonial Revival style for a functionally designed meeting house that also is in keeping with its surrounding residential neighborhood. Elements of the Colonial Revival style include the accentuated front door with elaborate pediment/ porch supported by slender columns and a symmetrically balanced facade with balanced windows and a centered doorway. Ets design also embodies the historic character of the group for which it was built, and the grounds include a magnolia tree, symbolic of the "Old South". The house is also important as an early work of Wilson A. Gosnell, architect, who worked for several prominent architects in Atlanta and later practiced out of state. The house is also significant in social/humanitarian history for being the meeting place for a local chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, a membership club, whose goals are to commemorate history, help educate, provide patriotic and commemorative services, and especially to honor those who served the Confederate States of America. The organization also sought to preserve the memories of the role of women in the War Between the States and its aftermath. The UDC statewide, as well as each local chapter, has for many decades had a major influence in activities related to "The War."

These areas of significance support property eligibility under National Register Criteria A and C.

See Continuation Sheet

9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet.

10. Geographical Data Acreage of nominated property <u>less than one acre</u> Quadrangle name <u>Northeast Atlan</u>ta, Ga. UTM References

Zone	[7]5]0]9]6]0] Easting	<u>3 7 3 9 8 5 0</u> Northing			
c					
E					
G					

B Zone	Easting	Northing
D		
F		
н		

Quadrangle scale <u>1:24000</u>

Verbal boundary description and justification

The nominated property is all that is owned by the current owners and all that has ever been associated with this chapter house. It is marked on the enclosed Tax Map #15-234D, Farcel 41.

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

state	N/A	code	county	code
state		code	county	code
11.	Form Prep	ared By		

name/title	Kenneth	H. Thomas,	Jr,	Histori	Lan				
	Historic	Preservat:	ion	Section		2			
organization	Georgia	Department	of	Natural	Resources	date	6-7-85		

street & number 270 Washington Street S.W. telephone (404) 656-2840

city or town Atlanta

state Georgia 30334

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

__ national XXX_ state ____ local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– 665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

State His	storic Preservation Officer signature	Elizakth a. In	/	
title	Deputy State Historic Press	Elizabeth A. Lyon	date 6/	11/85
	IPS use only ereby certify that this property is inclu Millours Byun	Entered in the	date	7-25-85-
Keep	er of the National Register	National Register	date	
Chief	of Registration			

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

Continuation sheet Significance

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Historical Narrative

The United Daughters of the Confederacy was formed in 1894 as a woman's organization dedicated to preserving the memory of the Confederate States of America, honoring Civil War veterans both living and dead, and other patriotic endeavors.

In January, 1901, a group of ladies gathered in Decatur, Georgia to form a U.D.C. chapter there, primarily to facilitate the local veterans who did not want to have to travel into Atlanta to attend Confederate memorial services and other patriotic events. The name "Agnes Lee" was selected to honor the youngest daughter of Confederate General Robert E. Lee who had died in early childhood. One of the group's first official acts was to present U.D.C. Crosses of Honor to the veterans that attended on Lee's birthday, January 19, 1901 at the DeKalb County Courthouse. Confederate Memorial Day, April 26, was another big day in the UDC year. The chapter was given a room in the basement of the county courthouse as a meeting space.

During 1902, when the chapter had 40 members, they organized a Children of the Confederacy Chapter. The Agnes Lee Chapter raised money for various Confederate memorials or causes including the Winnie Davis Memorial at the State Normal School in Athens and the Confederate Soldiers' Home in Atlanta. At each place the chapter furnished a room. They also provided scholarships.

In July, 1914 Mrs. Thomas N. Fulton announced that her husband would donate a lot, 50 x 75 feet, on which to build a chapter house. The chapter immediately went to work to raise the necessary money in a variety of ways. It was built at a cost of \$2,500. The architect, Wilson A. Gosnell, was working then in the office of Walter T. Downing of Atlanta, a well-known architect of the day. Gosnell later moved to Chattanooga, Tennessee to practice.

In June, 1916 the chapter house was opened with a chapter membership of 117. Various interior furnishings were given by members or friends. Other Confederateoriented groups put valuable memorabilia on permanent loan to the chapter to be kept in the Chapter House.

One of the projects the chapter supported during the early years after the house was completed was the Stone Mountain Memorial Carving. They also assisted the World War I war efforts by forming the Camp Gordon Ward No. 2 Auxilliary through which they supplied refreshments and other needed items to troops stationed at Camp Gordon northeast of Atlanta in Chamblee. Similar efforts were provided at Fort McPherson. They entertained recouperating soldiers in the chapter house in July, 1918. In 1922, they were hostess to the State UDC convention which included a reception for all attendees at the chapter house.

During the Depression and pre-World War II years the chapter continued to donate to various funds despite the financial emergencies of the day. Many of these honored Confederate heroes; others were educational funds. Each of the regular chapter meetings included a talk on a historical or patriotic subject or a vital issue of the day, a cause to pursue. Chapter members participated in Memorial Day services in the local schools and held picnics for the veterans, whose ranks dwindled with the passing years. Many times their guests were important figures, such as the 1933 visit of Moina Michael, the Poppy Lady.

Since its hey-day of the 1920s and 1930s, the UDC and the Agnes Lee Chapter



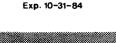
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have continued to carry on the mission of the organization: "The objectives of the United Daughters of the Confederacy are historical, educational, benevolent, memorial and patriotic to honor the memory of those who served and those who fell in the service of the Confederate States of America . . . to mark places made historic by Confederate valor . . to preserve material for a truthful history of the War Between the States". They also were commissioned to honor the role of women in the War and afterwards, to assist the survivors and their dependents, and to assist in the education of the descendants. The Agnes Lee Chapter still meets 10 times a year and devotes 12 days a year for special memorial efforts.

The National Headquarters of the UDC is in Richmond, Virginia, with each state being a "Division". Within the Georgia Division there are 65 surviving chapters. Nationally, there are approximately 800 chapters. This chapter house is the only one known to have been built specifically by and for a UDC chapter on land donated for that exclusive purpose.



OMB No. 1024-0018

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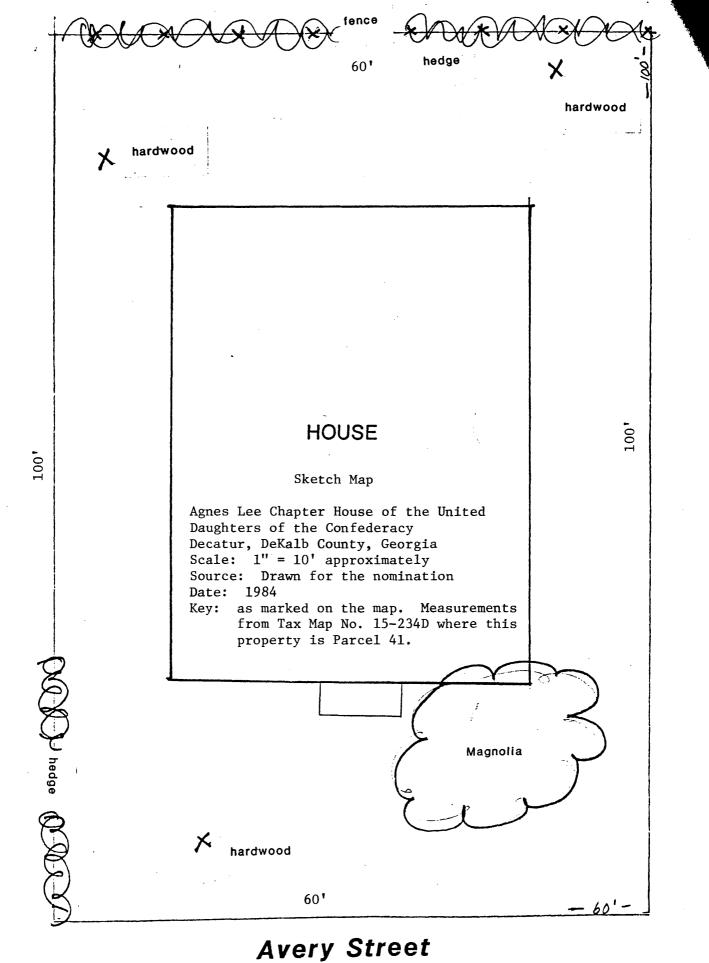
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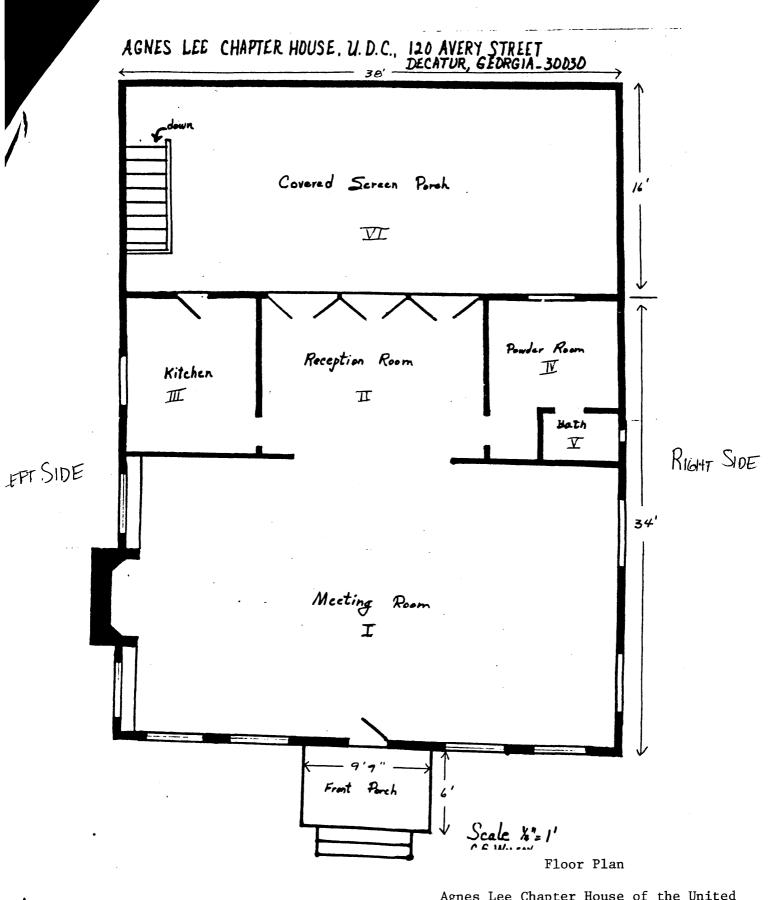
Burgess, Becky. "Chapter House-Agnes Lee Chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy." Historic Property Information Form. September 7, 1984. On file at the Historic Preservation Section, Department of Natural Resources, Atlanta, Georgia. This application included a large amount of supportive material including a history of the chapter by Mrs. Katie Kerr.

Poppenheim, Mary B., et al. The History of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, 2 volumes published as one. Raleigh: Edwards and Broughton, 1956.



Business

Private Residence



Agnes Lee Chapter House of the United Daughters of the Confederacy Decatur, DeKalb County, Georgia Scale: not to scale Source: Drawn by Carolyn G. Wilson Date: 1984 Key: as marked on the plan