Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74)

# PH0353523

DATA SHEET

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
<b>INVENTORY NOMINATION FORM</b>

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## SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

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<b>1</b> NAME

HISTORIC

AND/OR COMMON

LOCATION	our miles south	nwest of Elmdal	e. just off l	15-50		
		7, T 20 S, R 7	E	NOT FOR PUBLICATION		
CITY, TOWN Elmdale				congressional district No. 5, Joe Skubitz		
state Kansas		code 20		COUNTY Chase	code 017	
CLASSIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ					
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS		PRES	ENTUSE	
	_PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM	
XBUILDING(S)		UNOCCUPIE	ED	COMMERCIAL	PARK	
STRUCTURE	_BOTH	WORK IN PI	ROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENCE	
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISI	TION ACCESS	IBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	YES: RESTR	ICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC	
an an an Araba an Ar <u>a</u>	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRES	STRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION	
		XNO		MILITARY	OTHER:	
	<b>ROPERTY</b> . Prather Heir	s Trust	we work week			
STREET & NUMBER					· · · ·	
CITY, TOWN				STATE		
LOCATION O	F LEGAL DE	SCRIPTION			<u> </u>	
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Register of	Deeds		<ul> <li>A state of the st</li></ul>	1997 - 1997 -	
STREET & NUMBER	Chase County	Courthouse	•	2	<u> </u>	
CITY, TOWN	Cottonwood F	alls		state Kansas	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
6 REPRESENTA	<b>TION IN EX</b>	<b>ISTING SUR</b>	VEYS	······································		
TITLE						
	ites Survey					
DATE .1975			FEDERAL XSTATE	COUNTYLOCAL		
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS Ka	nsas State His	torical Society	/			
CITY, TOWN			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	STATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
То	noka			Kansas		

# 7' DESCRIPTION

	CONDITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
EXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	UNALTERED	XORIGINAL SITE
XGOOD	RUINS	XALTERED	MOVED DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED		

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The main house of the Clover Cliff Ranch is sited on the tope of a long, sloping incline. It is an irregularly shaped two story stone building that was constructed in two phases. The oldest part of the house has become a wing which extends to the north. The newer part of the house, which was built in 1883, has an east-west orientation with the main facade facing south. The stone work on the 1883 addition is squared rock-face with dressed quoins, while that of the original house is squared rubble. Before the replacement of the south porch the design of the house showed more of the influence of the Italian Villa style.

The main entrance is centered on the south facade. A wood door with a leaded glass window is set in a segmental arched frame with a leaded glass transom and sidelights. The building projects forward to the west of the door. There are two evenly spaced windows on each story of this projection. Another window has been placed on the second story over the main doorway, and there are two windows on each story to the east of the door. The windows have been set in a vermiculated quoined opening and capped with a carved stone lintel. These lintels have carved keystones An oval stone plaque inscribed with the name "Clover Cliff" and the and corbels. date of construction "1883" has been set to the east of the window above the door. The wood entablature which crowns the building has modillions and intricately molded brackets. The frieze is a repeating pattern of two raised panels separated by a modified ballflower set between the ends of the brackets. Originally the house had a one story wood porch with a flat roof accented by metal cresting that ran east from the projection across the south facade. This has been replaced by an elevated one story veranda with a flat roof supported by stone pillars which extends further to the south than the original and wraps around the east side of the building. The wood entablature of the veranda is a close replica, on a smaller scale, of the building's entablature. The house has a metal truncated hip roof with metal cresting around the ridge. Two chimney stacks rise from the flat ridge of the roof.

There are two windows on each story of the 1883 addition on the east facade. A narrow, one story stone addition runs the length of the original building that extends to the north. The original building has a flat roof with a narrow stone band entablature.

A one story addition with a pitched roof has been attached to the north facade of the original building. A narrow, one story wood frame addition with a shed roof has also been built on the west facade of the original house.

There are several small, stone out buildings to the north of the main house. The barn to the south of the house which appears in early photographs no longer remains.

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PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CI	HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING		THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	e-PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS		POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X_OTHER (SPECIFY)
			Wester	n Settlement
			5 5 5 6 4 C 2 C	A 11 A 12

#### SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

8 SIGNIFICANCE

The imposing two-story stone ranch house southwest of Elmdale was built in 1883 by Jacob Ramer Blackshere.

J.R. Blackshere was born in 1834 in what was then Marion county, Virginia, but West Virginia after 1863. In 1857 he opened a dry goods store in Mannington, Virginia. Three years later he came to Chase county, Kansas and preempted and purchased 960 acres, made improvements and stocked some cattle. In the spring of 1861 he returned to Virginia (West Virginia) and evidently remained there until 1866 when he disposed of his business and returned to Chase county.

Blackshere was regarded as a pioneer and experimenter in agricultural practices. He was the first to introduce Galloway cattle into that section of the state. He also introduced grain sorghums into Chase county as a dependable grain crop. In 1875 he purchased one and one-half bushels of alfalfa seed from San Francisco through the Emporia, Kansas firm of J. M. Griffith and Bro. for \$32,25. Although this marked the introduction of the crop to Chase county, there had been some scattered test plots elsewhere in the state. However, they appear to have been shortlived; it was Blackshere's planting that brought about the first continuous alfalfa growing in Kansas. At one time Blackshere had 1,200 acres in alfalfa out of his total holdings of close to 5,000 acres. He was said to have made a fortune from the sale of alfalfa seed. Blackshere also recognized the value of the native bluestem grasses of the Kansas Flint Hills for the rapid and economical fattening of cattle.

The old part of the ranch house was reportedly built in the 1860's. It was in 1883 that the large front portion was added. Construction evidently began in July, and a September 6 Cottonwood Falls newspaper reported that ten stone masons were working on the house and pushing for an early completion.

Blackshere was interested in public affairs and was for many years chairman of the Democratic County Central Committee. He served as county commissioner in 1874 and 1875 but otherwise refused to run for office, preferring to devote his time to the management of his Clover Cliff Ranch. He was also one of the organizers and directors of the Chase County Bank at Cottonwood Falls. In 1873, he helped organize the Agricultural Society of Chase County and was elected vice-president.

He died from typhoid fever at his home on November 10, 1894. After his death the property stayed in the family for another 17 years; apparently his wife's death in February, 1911, led to the sale of the property. A son, Earl Blackshere, managed the ranch from 1894 until its sale December 14, 1911, to H.L. Prather of

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Chase County <u>Courant</u> (Cottonwood Falls), March 15, 29, June 7, July 12, August 9, September 6, November 1, 1883.

<u>Chase County Historical Sketches</u>, Volume II (n.p., Chase County Historical Society, 1948), pp. 391, 393.

# **10**GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

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ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2\_\_\_\_ UTM REFERENCES

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	
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LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE

STATE CODE COUNTY CODE

# **11** FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE	Richard Pankrat Cornelia Wyma,	z, Director, Architectural	Historic Sites Historian	Survey		
OPCANIZATION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			DATE	

Kansas State Historical S	ociety		October 4, 1976	1 2
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE	
120 West Tenth		2 <sup>11</sup>	913-296-3251	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE	
Topeka			Kansas	

## **12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION**

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL	STATE	LOCAL X
		(1) A set of the se

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

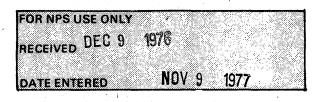
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Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

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4.

Mr. Ivan O. Poe Attorney at Law 1020 Union National Building Broadway and Douglas Wichita, Kansas 67202

Mr. Allan H. Poe 11700 Claychester Street St. Louis, Missouri 63131

Mr. Harold P. Poe 2002 Manor Drive Dodge City, Kansas 67801

Clover Cliff Ranch House	
Form 10-300a UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR (Dec. 1968) NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	state Kansas
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM	Chase
INVENIORI- NOMINATION FORM	FOR NPS USE ONLY
(Continuation Sheet)	NOV 9 1977
(Number all option)	<u> </u>

7. Additional descriptive material requested by the National Register office:

The original house at Clover Cliff ranch was a one-room stone structure built from field stones found on the property. The room was heated by a large open fireplace. This room now forms the north end of the ' house.

A kitchen, dining room and upstairs bedroom were added to the south of the original room in 1865-1866. The rooms still serve these same functions.

More bedrooms on the second floor and sitting rooms on the first story were added to the house in 1883. In this addition was placed' a serpentine staircase of walnut and maple.

The roof was resurfaced in 1917 with an alloy of copper, lead and tin. The metal cresting which is original to the 1883 addition was left undisturbed at the time.

No major changes have been made to the interior except to take small portions of existing rooms and convert them to bathrooms as that type of plumbing became available.



### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

8.

Madison, Kansas. When the Prathers acquired the property, they added the large front porch and a back porch. Ownership of the property is now held by the Katheryn B. Prather Heirs' Trust.

J.R. Blackshere was a pioneer agricultural innovator; his successful raising of alfalfa showed the way for a crop that has become a mainstay of the state's agricultural economy. The Clover Cliff Ranch House is a good example of the sophistication of the local stone masons and of a prosperous rancher's house. It reflects a style of living which played an important part in the development of the Kansas Flint Hills.

9.

- Connelley, William E., editor, <u>A Standard History of Kansas and Kansans</u> (Chicago, Lewis Publishing Co., 1918) p. 1300.
- "Death of J.R. Blackshere," Chase County <u>Courant</u> (Cottonwood Falls), November 15, 1894.
- Graham, I.D., "Jacob Ramer Blackshere: A Pioneer in Crop Introduction and Improvement of Livestock," <u>Thirty-fourth Biennial Report</u> of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture (Topeka, State Printer, 1945), pp. 96-99.

History of the State of Kansas (Chicago, A.T. Andreas, 1883), p. 1363.

"Jacob Ramer Blackshere," Chase County Historical Sketches, Vol. I (Chase County Historical Society, 1940), pp. 145-148, 363, 368.

"Old Houses," Kansas Farmer (Topeka), April 20, 1946.

"Raised First Alfalfa," Topeka State Journal, January 12, 1907.