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United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See	instructions	in How to	Complete National Register Fo	rms
Тур	e all entries-	-complete	applicable sections	

1. Name

historic	ZION LUTHERAN CHU	RCH	and the state of the state	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
and or common	N/A			
2. Loca	tion			
street & number	912 North Oneida	Street		not for publication
city, town	Appleton	vicinity of		
state	Wisconsin code	55 county	Outagamie	code 087
3. Class	sification			
district _X_ building(s) structure	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered N/A	Status X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted X yes: unrestricted X yes: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence X religious scientific transportation other:
<u>4. Owne</u>	er of Proper	ty		
name	Zion Lutheran Chu	rch, c/o Pastor Do	nald Zelle	
street & number	912 North Oneida	Street		
city, town	Appleton	vicinity of	state	Wisconsin 54911
5. Loca	tion of Lega	I Descriptio	on	
courthouse, regist	rv of deeds. etc. Outag	amie County Courth	01156	
street & number	410 S. Walnut Str			
city, town	Appleton		state	Wisconsin 54911
6. Repr	esentation i	n Existing \$	Surveys	
title Wisconsin	Inventory of Histor	ic Placeshas this pro	perty been determined el	igible? yes no
date	1977.1986		federal stat	e county loca
depository for sur	•	<u>Historical Society</u>	of Wisconsin	
city, town	Madison		state	Wisconsin 53706

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
X_ excellent good fair	<pre> deteriorated ruins unexposed</pre>	unaltered x altered	_X_ original site moved date	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Zion Lutheran Church is located near the center of Appleton, just north of the Chicago & Northwestern tracks which diagonally bisect the city. The building is situated in an older residential neighborhood on the northeast corner of Oneida and Winnebago Streets. The plan configuration is rectangular with an apse and tower. The roof includes pavilion, gable, and hip forms. The roofing materials are asphalt shingles, the walls are yellow brick with a stretcher bond, and the foundations are quarry-cut ashlar limestone. The rectangular tower has a pinnacled steeple and is 163 feet high. Each face of the tower includes a six-foot clock. Other significant features include an octagonal roof louver, an arched corbel table, applied buttresses, and limestone amortizements, kneelers, and sills. The fenestration repeats the rhythm of the applied buttresses and consists of large Gothic arches, which are repeated in blind form on the apse and both forms on the tower. The windows consist of geometric tracery with stained glass. The sanctuary is accessed through a gabled, compound Gothic arch portal at the base of the tower on Oneida Street. This portal leads to the narthex, which in turn opens onto the sanctuary. The interior space of the sanctuary consists of a rectangular nave, choir loft, and semi-circular chancel. The ceiling is transverse ribbed from vaulting shafts with cherubic mascarons. The walls and ceiling are plaster with gilding and polychromatic colors accenting the At the back of the chancel is a large Gothic altar crowned by ribbing. crocketed pinnacles. To the left of the chancel is a matching raised pulpit and canopy, or schallkasten. All doors and windows are finished with heavily molded framing and stone trim, completing the rich use of materials in the interior.

The church is attached to a parish hall at two points along the north wall: at the narthex and at the pastor's chambers near the chancel. The windows on the north wall open onto a courtyard formed by the juncture of these buildings. The parish hall is in turn connected to the parsonage and school.

8. Significance

Period	Areas of Significance—C	heck and justify below		
prehistoric	archeology-prehistoric	community planning	landscape architecture	e religion
1400–1499	archeology-historic	conservation	law	science
1500–1599	agriculture	economics	literature	sculpture
1600–1699	<u>x</u> architecture	education	military	social/
1700–1799	art	engineering	music	humanitarian
1800–1899	commerce	exploration/settlement	philosophy	theater
<u>x</u> 1900 _1936	communications	industry	politics/government	transportation
		invention		other (specify)

Specific dates $1902-1903^{11}$

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Builder/Architect Hoffman Bros, Carl Lange (Builders) Fredrick Velguth (Architect)²

PERIOD OF SIGNIFICANCE: 1903 - 1935

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Zion Lutheran Church is architecturally significant as a fine example of the late Victorian Gothic period of construction.

HISTORICAL BACKGROUND

By the turn of the century Germans represented 15% of the local population and were well-established as merchants, bankers, manufacturers, and farmers.³ Their diverse religious beliefs were served by six churches, four of which are still standing: St. Joseph's Catholic Church (404 W. Lawrence Avenue) built in 1872; Zion Temple (320 N. Durkee Street, NRHP 1978) built in 1883; Zion Lutheran Church, built in 1903; and St. Paul's Lutheran Church (302 N. Morrison Street) built in 1907. German Evangelical and Methodist churches are no longer extant.

Established in 1883, Zion Lutheran Church was built to serve the larger of Appleton's two German Lutheran congregations. The congregation included members of the Brettschneider Furniture Store family, Outagamie County Bank founder George Wolf, "Volksfreund" publisher H. W. Meyer, and numerous farmers from the Towns of Harrison, Greenville, and Freedom. Designed by a German architect and built by local German contractors, Zion Lutheran Church housed a distinctly ethnic congregation in Appleton's tallest building. While proud of their heritage, the congregation was distinguished by its early acceptance of English. English was officially spoken at the dedication in 1903, English services were adopted in 1903, and an English mission was established in 1914 (now First English Lutheran Church). Zion Lutheran Church also installed four clocks in the church tower to serve the Sixth Ward in 1924, and rebuilt Zion School in 1929 to accomodate non-member enrollment.

Zion Lutheran Church was a social center for Appleton's German Lutheran community. Ladies of Die Frauen Verein (1883) kept their new church neat and clean, the Men's Missionary Club (1928) installed 2 bowling alleys in the school basement as part of their diverse recreational program, and the Relief Society (1933) used dues to help defray member burial costs. As part of this continuing vitality, Zion Lutheran Church organized a second mission church in 1946, constructed an expansive parish hall in 1962, and has a present membership of over 2,400.

(Continued)

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9. Major Bibliographical References

Ryan, Thomas H. <u>History of Outagamie County</u>. Goodspeed Historical Association, 1911. Chicago, Illinois.

Tock, Elizabeth. Zion Lutheran Church: A Brief Centennial Historical Review. Printed Privately, 1983. Appleton, Wisconsin.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <u>.67 acres</u> Quadrangle name <u>Appleton</u>, Wisconsin

UT M References

A <u>1 6</u> Zone	3 8 7 8 4 0 Easting	49932600 Northing
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E		
G		

B Zone	Easting	Northing
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F		
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Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

Lot 3, Block 12 of Kimball's Plat of the 6th Ward, including only that land associated with the church.

state N/A		code	county				ode	
state		code	county			c	ode	
11. Form	n Prepare	ed By					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
name/title B:	ill Neer and Pe	ter Adams	<u>.</u>		5			
organization Pete	er James Adams	& Associat	es	date	January 10	0, 1986	j	
street & number	P.O. Box 341			teleph	one 414/72	22-8963	3	
ity or town	Neenah			state	Wiscons	in 5495	56	
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ZION LUTHERAN CHURCH, Outagamie County, Wisconsin Continuation sheet

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ARCHITECTURE

Zion Lutheran Church is architecturally significant as a fine example of the late Victorian Gothic period of construction. It is one of two church structures in Appleton from this period, the other being St. Paul's Lutheran Church (302 N. Morrison Street) built in 1907. The two are distinguished from other area churches by their rich decorative features, subdued polychromy, and free interpretation of Gothic forms. Zion in particular is noteworthy for its heavy masonry, engaged buttressing piers, and crocketed pinnacles around a major tower, all of which are evidence of the German Gothic influence. Zion Lutheran Church was built from 1902 to 1903 at the cost of \$28,000 by local German contractors from designs by German architect Fredrick Velguth of Milwaukee. Some of the church line and detail can be traced to Velguth's Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church (NRHP 1979) built in 1880. Zion echoes the bold design, dramatic use of materials, and detailed arches of its Milwaukee predecessors. Velguth's church for the Zion congregation, however, was distinguished as the tallest structure in Appleton until the construction of the AAL Building and Zuelke Building in the 1950's.¹¹ To this day Zion is an imposing visual landmark on the city's horizon, a compact yet soaring structure that towers above its modest environs.

In 1962 Zion Lutheran Church was joined to its 1929 school building by a parish hall, to which a contemporary parsonage was also attached. These buildings are clearly distinguished from the church by their low massing and flat roofs. The parish hall, directly attached to the church, is minimally disruptive of church line an function.

¹Ryan, Thomas H. History of Outagamie County. Goodspead Historical Association, 1911. Chicago, Illinois, P. 512.

Tock, Elizabeth. Zion Lutheran Church: A Brief Centennial Historical 3 Review. Printed privately, 1983. Appleton, Wisconsin Pp. 13-14. Glaab, Charles N.; Larsen, Lawrence H. Factories in the Valley.

State Historical Society of Wisconsin, 1969. Madison, Wisconsin. P. 200.

"First Thot of City Pioneers Was Churches." Wisconsin File, Appleton Public 5-Library.

Ryan, p. 510.

⁶Tock, Elizabeth. Zion - Historical Notes. Printed privately, 1983. Appleton, Wisconsin. P. 7.

Tock, Zion Lutheran Church. Pp. 4, 14, 17. 8

Ibid., p. 4.

10^{Ryan}, p. 513.

- Andreas, A. T. History of Milwaukee. Western Historical Publishing Co., 1881. Chicago, Illinois. P. 1501.
- 11 Tock, Zion Historical Notes, p. 3; College Avenue Historic Distric Nomination, NRHP 1982.

