NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

## National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

AUG 3 1 2007

NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

1616

OMB No. 10024-0018

Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering

1. Name of Property	
nistoric nameTitanic Memorial	
other names	
2. Location	
street & number Reservation 717, Southwest W	Vaterfront Park, Water and P Sts., S.W.     □   not for publication     □   vicinity
state D.C. code DC co	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
Signature of certifying office/Title	F.P.D. 8/28/07
National Park Service State or Federal agency and bureau  In my opinion, the property   meets  does not mee	et the National Register criteria. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments).  TING 5 HPO 2-27-2007  Date
National Park Service  State or Federal agency and bureau  In my opinion, the property I meets ☐ does not mee  Directory DAVID MALONEY, Actoristic property in the property of the property in the property of the property in the property i	et the National Register criteria. ( See continuation sheet for additional comments).  TING 5 HPO 2-27-2007  Date

the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative

Titanic Memorial Name of Property		Washington, D.C. County and State		
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)  Category of Property (Check only one box)		Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in the count)		
<ul><li>□ Private</li><li>□ public-local</li><li>□ public-State</li><li>⊠ public-Federal</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ building(s)</li><li>□ district</li><li>□ site</li><li>□ structure</li><li>□ object</li></ul>	Contributing  1 1	Noncontributing 0	buildings sites structures objects Total
Name of related multiple prop (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of Memorials in Washington, D.C.	f a multiple property listing)	listed in the Natio	outing resource previ nal Register	
6. Function of Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)	b	Current Functions (Enter categories from ins	structions)	
RECREATION and CULTURI	E: work of art	RECREATION and C	ULTURE: work of art	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from ins	structions)	
OTHER: Academic Abstraction	n	foundationwalls		
		roof other Granite, co	ncrete	

**Narrative Description** 

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets)

National Register of Historic Places	Titanic Memorial
Continuation Sheet	Name of Property
	Washington, DC
Section 7 Page 2	County and State

### DESCRIPTION

The *Titanic Memorial* is located at the southern limit of the Southwest Waterfront Park (Reservation 717) near the intersection of Water and P Streets, S.W. Sculptor Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney completed it in 1916; thereafter, architect Henry Bacon designed the exedra. The pink granite memorial originally stood at the intersection of the Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway and New Hampshire Avenue, N.W. It was erected there in 1930 and dedicated the following year. The memorial was relocated to the present site in 1968 as a result of its proximity to the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts. The design of the *Titanic Memorial* is representative of Academic Abstraction, popular during the beginning of the twentieth century.

Three granite steps lead to a shallow landing comprised of concrete with a dense, small aggregate. The landing is defined by a 30-foot-long granite exedra with ends that feature dolphins diving over stylized waves. (The Graeco-Roman culture associated the dolphin with maritime deities. Roman artisans also employed depictions of dolphins as psychopomps—bearers of souls to the afterworld—on sarcophagi. In Christian art, the dolphin symbolizes salvation, transformation, and love. The use of the fish-and-wave motif on an exedra initially appeared in the nation's first Beaux-Arts monument, *Admiral Farragut* (1881, New York City), a collaboration between Augustus Saint-Gaudens and Stanford White.

A granite pedestal projects slightly from the center of the exedra. Its front features the following inscription:

TO THE BRAVE MEN
WHO PERISHED
IN THE WRECK
OF THE TITANIC
APRIL 15 1912
THEY GAVE THEIR
LIVES THAT WOMEN
AND CHILDREN
MIGHT BE SAVED

ERECTED BY THE WOMEN OF AMERICA

National Register of Historic Places	Titanic Memorial	
Continuation Sheet	Name of Property	
	Washington, DC	
Section 7 Page 3	County and State	

The east face of the pedestal incorporates the year of dedication (1931) and the sculptor's name. The rear features the following inscription:

TO THE YOUNG AND THE OLD
THE RICH AND THE POOR
THE IGNORANT AND THE LEARNED
ALL
WHO GAVE THEIR LIVES NOBLY
TO SAVE WOMEN AND CHILDREN

The top of the pedestal incorporates a band of shallow relief featuring stylized waves. Above, a young partially-draped male nude stands on an uneven block with irregular horizontal markings. The representational figure and long flowing drapery are rendered abstractly. The man's face points towards the sky, while his arms extend outward with the folds of the drapery suggesting cuffs. The overt crucifix-form, without any sense of pain in the body or face, evokes heroism and optimism. The use of the striated standing block, alludes to the three-step base on a Calvary Cross (representing the three theological virtues: faith, hope, and charity).

The memorial, which had stood in a private gallery in New York City for more than a decade while the various requisite approvals were obtained and the site was readied, was finally erected in 1930 at the intersection of New Hampshire Avenue and the Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway. The dedication ceremony was held on May 26, 1931. Historic photographs reveal that the memorial was sited at the western edge of the parkway's roadway. In 1968, as a result of the obliteration of the southern end of New Hampshire Avenue to allow for construction of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts (1965-1971, Edward Durrell Stone), the *Titanic Memorial* was relocated to the Southwest Waterfront Park.<sup>2</sup>

Construction on the Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway began in 1929 and was completed in 1936.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The new siting is much less successful because the memorial was placed next to the brick perimeter wall and gable-roof structures of Fort McNair (and a mod lamppost in the park), creating a jarring contrast.

	Memorial f Property	Washington, DC County and State
8. Sta	tement of Significance	
(Mark ")	cable National Register Criteria (" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for I Register listing)	Area of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)
□ A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad pattern of our history.	Art
□в	Property associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	
⊠ c	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance 1916-1930
□ D	Property as yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.	Significant Dates
	a Considerations " in all the boxes that apply)	1916 1930
Proper	ty is:	1730
□ A	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
⊠в	removed from its original location.	
□с	a birthplace or grave.	Cultural Affiliation
□ D	a cemetery.	n/a
□ E	a reconstructed building, object, or structure.	
□ F	a commemorative property.	Architect/Builder
☐ G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney Henry Bacon
	ve Statement of Significance the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets)	
9. Maj	or Bibliographical References	
Biblio (Cite the	graphy a books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one	e or more continuation sheets)
	ous documentation on files (NPS):	Primary location of additional data:
0 0000 0	preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	☐ State Historic Preservation Office ☐ Other State agency ☐ Federal agency ☐ Local government ☐ University ☐ Other  Name of repository: NPS, National Capital Region Headquarters

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### SIGNIFICANCE

The *Titanic Memorial* is one of five public sculptures created by a woman in Washington, D.C.<sup>3</sup> It is one of four representational figures in the city and a rare example of a secular monument with overtly religious symbolism. In 1914, Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney won her first significant commission with the *Titanic Memorial*. Although a talented sculptor, today she is most recognized for her vision and energy associated with promoting American art and as the founder of the Whitney Museum of American Art (1930). Completed in 1916, the *Titanic Memorial* was granted the approval to be erected in Washington by Congress on March 3, 1917 (29 Stat. 1046). It was installed in 1930 and dedicated on May 26, 1931. The statue's optimism is indicative of the pre-World War I culture from which it emerged. Despite the fact that the memorial was relocated to a less successful site in 1968, it retains integrity and is significant under Criterion C in the area of Art.

Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney (1875-1942), the daughter of Cornelius Vanderbilt II and Alice Claypoole Gwynne, received a pious and rigidly-structured upbringing. In 1900, at the age of twenty-five, she turned to modeling clay to seek a personal fulfillment not obtainable from her husband or two young children. A friend, academic painter Howard Cushing, arranged for her to receive instruction from sculptor Hendrik C. Andersen, who had just returned from Europe. During a five-month trip to Europe and Africa in 1901, Whitney decided to commit her life to art as an artist and patron. The *Titanic Memorial* was Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney's first significant commission.

In April 1912, more than fifteen hundred people drowned on the maiden voyage of the R.M.S. *Titanic*, which had been advertised as "unsinkable." Those who died included hundreds of immigrants in steerage, men, women and children traveling in second class, as well as prominent individuals such as John Jacob Astor, Benjamin Guggenheim, and Isidor Strauss traveling in first class. The disaster shocked and infuriated the civilized world. Faith in technology was shaken. The tragedy occurred before the horrors of the First World War. The *Titanic Memorial* alludes to the sense of invincibility that commonly was held and defended during this era.

By January 1914, the Women's Titanic Memorial Association had raised \$43,000 and sponsored a design competition. The *Evening Star* reported that eight prominent sculptors submitted entries, the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The other examples of outdoor sculpture in Washington located on NPS land created by women are: Admiral David Farragut (1881, Farragut Square, Vinnie Ream Hoxie), Sarah Louisa Rittenhouse Armillary Sphere (1956, Montrose Park, Gertrude Sawyer), Justice William O. Douglas (1977, C&O Canal at 30<sup>th</sup> Street, N.W., Wendy Ross), and George Mason (2002, West Potomac Park, Wendy Ross). Washington is also home to two other Whitney pieces, located on private property: the Aztec Fountain (1910, Pan American Union Building, 17<sup>th</sup> Street and Constitution Avenue, N.W.) and The Founders of the Daughters of the American Revolution (1929, DAR Administration Building, C and 17<sup>th</sup> Streets, N.W.).

Andersen was Cushing's brother-in-law.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Mrs. John Hays Hammond led the organization, founded shortly after the disaster.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Washington, D.C.
County and State

Titanic Memorial

Section 8 Page 3

association wanted the memorial to be erected in Potomac Park, and that it was to be completed in white marble framed by a semi-circle of Lombardy poplars.<sup>6</sup>

Whitney's winning entry featured a figure in a crucifix-form. Faith was important to her and she attended, sometimes sporadically, the Episcopal Church throughout her life. The women's association had some influence on the final design; it insisted that the representational figure incorporate drapery to obscure the phallus. Whitney, on the other hand, ultimately won the dispute over whether or not the figure should be a youth. (Interestingly, her brother, Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, died at the age of 38 when the R.M.S. *Lusitania* was hit by a German torpedo in May 1915.)

The Commission of Fine Arts approved the design on January 24, 1919, and the Joint Committee on the Library of Congress accepted it on February 21, 1922. In early 1925, the Office of Public Buildings and Grounds requested proposals for the rip rap and foundation work that was required along the embankment of (West) Potomac Park. The tons of stone clay were deposited during the second half of the year. When the memorial was finally dedicated in 1931, Whitney was not able to attend the ceremony due to a recent death in the family.

In 1913, the same year that Whitney began sketching for the *Titanic Memorial*, she stepped up her role as a patron. She chose to contribute ten percent of the funding for the famous Armory Show. Her sponsorship probably precluded her work from being exhibited. At that time, she had plans to build a studio in New York City, while holding on to her existing studios in Newport, Rhode Island and Westbury, Connecticut. In 1914, she opened the Whitney Studio at 8 West 8<sup>th</sup> Street in Greenwich Village. Its ground floor incorporated two large exhibition spaces, because she recognized that young American artists lacked a place to show their work in a city that was obsessed with European art and culture. Whitney also provided financial support to struggling young artists, such as Edward Hopper and Reginald Marsh. She purchased their art and gave them stipends.

<sup>6 &</sup>quot;No Design Selected for Titanic Memorial," Evening Star Jan, 8, 1914, p. 9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Flora Miller Biddle, The Whitney Women and the Museum They Made: A Family Memoir, (New York: Arcade Publishing, 1999) 23

<sup>8</sup> She contributed \$1000 which is equivalent to \$18,000 in 2002 dollars. This calculation was determined by Economic History Services at www.eh.net using the consumer price index.

B.H. Friedman, Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney, (Garden City, NY: Doubleday & Company, Inc., 1978) 326.

National Register of Historic Places —	Titanic Memorial	
Continuation Sheet	Name of Property	
	Washington, D.C.	
Section 8 Page 4	County and State	

Whitney collected art at such a rate that in 1929 she approached the Metropolitan Museum of Art and offered the institution more than 600 pieces of contemporary American art. The Euro-centric Metropolitan refused the gift. The following year she founded the Whitney Museum of American Art, which opened to the public in 1931. Virtually all of the works obtained by the museum during the following two decades came from her generosity. Today, the museum holds one of the foremost collections of twentieth-century American art.

National Register of Historic Places	Titanic Memorial
Continuation Sheet	Name of Property
	Washington, D.C.
Section 9 Page 1	County and State

### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Biddle, Flora Miller. *The Whitney Women and the Museum They Started*. New York: Arcade Publishing, 1999. Friedman, B.H. *Gertrude Vanderbilt Whitney*. Garden City, New York: Doubleday & Company, Inc., 1978. Goode, James. *The Outdoor Sculpture of Washington, D.C.* Washington: Smithsonian Institution Press, 1974. "No Design Selected for Titanic Memorial," *Evening Star Jan.* 8, 1914, p. 9.

Reynolds, Donald Martin. Masters of American Sculpture: The Figurative Tradition from the American Renaissance to the Millennium. New York: Abbeville Press Publishers, 1993.

Titanic Memorial Name of Property		Vashington, D.C.
10. Geographical Data		
Acreage of Property Less than one acre.		
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)		
1	7 6 3 Zone 4	Easting Northing
C. 12. 1.1.2. 1.1.3		See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation shee	t)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sh	eet)	
11. Form Prepared By		
name/title Eve L. Barsoum, Historian		
organization National Conference of State Historic	Preservation Officers	date May 2006
street & number 444 North Capitol Street, N.W.		telephone 202.354.1822
city or town Washington	state D.C.	zip code20001
Additional Documentation		
Submit the following items with the completed form:		
Continuation Sheets		
Maps		
A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating th	e property's location.	
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties ha	aving large acreage or nu	merous resources.
Photographs	a real real security and	
Representative black and white photographs of the	ne property.	
Additional Items	e Ecsesión	
(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)		
Property Owner		
(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO)		
name U.S. Government, administered by the NPS	, NCR, National Mall & I	Memorials Parks
street & number 900 Ohio Drive, S.W.	OF WELL STREET	telephone 202.485,9686
city or town Washington	state D.C.	zip code _ 20242

Paperwork Reduction Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et. seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places	Titanic Memorial
Continuation Sheet	Name of Property
	Washington, D.C.
Section 10 Page 2	County and State

### Verbal Boundary Description

The *Titanic Memorial* is located in the Southwest Waterfront Park (Reservation 717) at the intersection of Water and P Streets, S.W. The boundary of the object includes the land occupied by the granite memorial.

### **Boundary Justification**

The present boundary of the *Titanic Memorial* has been associated with the object since 1968. The boundary is justifiable as the object remained visible in a public space.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY	Titanic Memori	-1			
NAME:	illanic Memori	d1			
MULTIPLE NAME:	Memorials in W	ashingto	on, D.C.		
STATE & CO	UNTY: DISTRICT	OF COLU	JMBIA, Dis	strict of Colum	nbia
DATE RECEIVED DATE OF WE	TH DAY: 10/0			F PENDING LIST: F 45TH DAY:	9/17/07 10/14/07
REFERENCE	NUMBER: 070010	60			
REASONS FO	R REVIEW:				
APPEAL: NOTHER: NEQUEST: N		N PER		PROGRAM UNAPP	
COMMENT WA	IVER: N				
ACCEPT	RETURN	REJI	ECT 10 12	2007 DATE	
ABSTRACT/S	UMMARY COMMENTS	:			
RECOM./CRI	TERIA ACCONT	A			
REVIEWER	Potrick Andru	0	DISCIPLIN	NE Historian	
TELEPHONE	7,110		DATE	10/12/2007	
DOCUMENTAT	ION see attache	d commen	nts Y/N se	ee attached SLF	Y/N
If a nomination	ation is return is no longer u	ed to th	ne nominat nsideratio	ting authority,	the



TITANIC MEMORIAL WASHINGTON, DC EVE BARSOUM FEB 2004 NCR FACING SOUTH 1041

# Please refer to the map in the Multiple Property Cover Sheet for this property

Multiple Property Cover Sheet Reference Number: 64500992