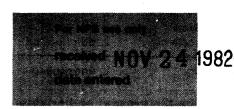
city, town

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



state

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections Name House historic Noble County Sheriff's Residence and Jail Old Jail Museum and/or common Location West-Main Street at, Oak Streets, N/A_ not for publication street & number Albion N/A vicinity of city, town congressional district state code county **code** 113 Indiana 018 Noble Classification Category **Ownership** Status **Present Use** X occupied district _ public agriculture X_{\perp} building(s) private unoccupied commercial _ park structure both educational work in progress private residence Accessible entertainment site **Public Acquisition** religious yes: restricted _ object in process government scientific being considered _ ves: unrestricted __ industrial transportation military no other: Owner of Property Noble County Historical Society name P.O. Box 152 street & number **Albion** N/A vicinity of Indiana 46701 state city, town **Location of Legal Description** courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Noble County Recorder Noble County Courthouse street & number **Albion** Indiana city, town state Representation in Existing Surveys title has this property been determined eligible? N/A federal county date state local N/A depository for survey records

7. Description

Condition _X_ excellent deteriorated good ruins fair unexposed	Check one I unaltered _X altered	Check one _X_ original site moved date _	N/A		
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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Old Sheriff's Residence and Jail is located one block west of the Noble County Courthouse (National Register, 1981), and predates the Courthouse by 13 years. The structure is, according to all available information, the oldest surviving building in Albion.

The residence is a red brick stretcher bond structure of two and one-half stories, with French Second Empire massing and roof, but with Gothic detailing. The main (south) facade is three bays wide, the center bay being a slightly projecting, three-story tower. This center bay contains a double-door entrance under an ornate canopy. Above this, at the second story, are paired windows with Tudor arches, with metal hood molding in the shape of a flat arch with a central peak. The third story window of the tower is a Gothic arch with matching hood molding. Above this, at the cornice level, are ornate Gothic-arched corbelling and small crenelations, also of pressed metal. The front corners of the tower are graced by two small turrets, one of which features a spire and weathervane.

The remainder of the square residence has Tudor-arched windows with flat hoods on the ground floor; round-arched windows with Gothic-arched hood molding on the second floor; and Gothic-arched dormers with gabled roofs set into the slate mansard roof. The residence also has stone quoins at each corner, which terminate in corbelled, Gothic-arched detailing at the cornice. The cornice is trimmed with the same metal detailing found on the tower. Centered on the roof is a low lantern, or cupola.

The rectangular jail portion of the structure is attached to the rear (north) of the residence and is two stories tall. A simplified version of the same cornice found on the residence is continued on the jail (see photo #3). Jail openings are simple, stonetrimmed rectangles with bars. The upper rear corners of the jail feature metal tourelles, and a lantern-like structure is centered on the ridge of the gabled roof (see photo #4).

Alterations to the structure itself have been very minor. A small roof was placed over the back door and steps to the Sheriff's residence in approximately 1930, and a second set of bars were added to the cell windows following an escape in 1889. The primary alteration was the removal of two chimneys located just behind the front tower. Although no record exists of when the chimneys were removed, materials used in the alteration appear to be at least 50 years old. The only remaining alterations consist of the usual minor alterations required for the installation of electrical wiring and modern plumbing.

The grounds include several large trees, a garage that was constructed between 1936 and 1938, and a stone retaining wall facing Main and Oak Streets that was constructed between 1932 and 1935, with prisoners providing some of the labor.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 X 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		ing landscape architecture law literature military music	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1875	Builder/Architect	George Harvey/T. J. Tol	an

Statement of Significance (資本資本資本)

The Albion Old Jail Museum is of great significance in several respects. It is a rare illustration of what a 19th century jail was like. In addition, it is of great local historical significance to both the Town of Albion and Noble County. However, the greatest area of significance is architectural. The front portion of the building, or Sheriff's residence, features the basic plan, proportions and roofing of the French Second Empire style. These elements are combined with Gothic detail and decoration on the entire structure. The resulting architectural effect is unique within the surrounding region, and is certainly one of the most outstanding examples of eclecticism in the state.

The Old Jail Museum was the second county jail located in Albion. The county seat was moved to Albion in 1846, at which time a frame building was constructed for use as the county jail. The original jail was found to be unsatisfactory and the new jail was built on a different site in 1875. The building was used continuously for 93 years as the old jail and the Sheriff's residence. In 1968 a new jail was completed and the old jail was placed on public auction. The Noble County Historical Society purchased the building and converted it into a museum for county relics and as an example of a 19th century jailhouse.

The Old Jail offers a very high degree of architectural integrity. Every major architectural element remains unchanged since the building was constructed. The high integrity is also maintained in the interior of the building. Especially notable is the cell area, which features the original bars and facilities.

9.	Major	Biblio	gra	phical	Refere	nces

Holcomb, T.C. The Noble County Historical Society and "Old Jail Museum". Albion: Noble County Historical Society, 1975.

10. Geographic	cal Data			***************************************
Acreage of nominated property	0.40 Indiana		Quadra	angle scale 1:24,000
	5 8 3 6 5 0 thing	20 D F H	ne Easting	Northing
Verbal boundary description a The property is 132' x 13 the west by North Oak Str Quad USGS Map.	2' in size an	d is bounded	on the south b	v West Main Street and o
List all states and counties fo			or county boundari	
state N/A	code	county		code
11. Form Prepa	code	county		code
	Land Use Plan		date ´	September, 1981
street & number 119 West Mit	chell		telephone	219/347-4714
city or town Kendallville		,	state	Indiana 46755
12. State Histo	ric Pres	ervatio	n Officer	Certification
The evaluated significance of this p	X state	local		
As the designated State Historic Pr 665), I hereby nominate this proper according to the criteria and proce	ty for inclusion in dures set forth by	the National Regi	ster and certify that i	
State Historic Preservation Officer itle Indiana State Historic		Officer	date	11-15-82
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this prop		the National Registered in the	_	12/27/82
Marie / www.st. of Table	A 14	-14014 - 5571		
Keeper of the National Register				