

PH0052621

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

STATE: Florida
COUNTY: Gadsden
FOR NPS USE ONLY
ENTRY DATE DEC 31 1974

1. NAME

COMMON:
Stockton-Curry House

AND/OR HISTORIC:
Philip A. Stockton House; C. H. Curry House

2. LOCATION

STREET AND NUMBER:
121 N. Duval Street

CITY OR TOWN:
Quincy

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
Second

STATE: Florida CODE: 012 COUNTY: Gadsden CODE: 039

3. CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
<input type="checkbox"/> District <input type="checkbox"/> Site <input type="checkbox"/> Object <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Building <input type="checkbox"/> Structure	<input type="checkbox"/> Public <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private <input type="checkbox"/> Both	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Occupied <input type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered	Yes: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural <input type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment	<input type="checkbox"/> Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum	<input type="checkbox"/> Park <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <input type="checkbox"/> Comments

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY

OWNER'S NAME:
Mr. C. H. Curry

STREET AND NUMBER:
121 N. Duval Street

CITY OR TOWN:
Quincy

STATE: Florida CODE: 012

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC:
Gadsden County Courthouse

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN:
Quincy

STATE: Florida CODE: 012

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE OF SURVEY:
N/A

DATE OF SURVEY: Federal State County

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:

STREET AND NUMBER:

CITY OR TOWN:
Quincy

STATE: Florida CODE: 012

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

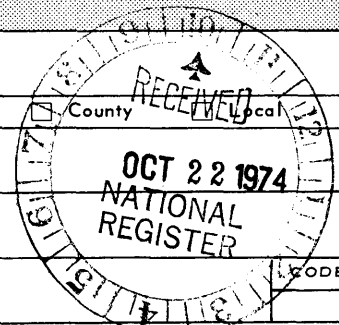
STATE: Florida

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DATE



7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Deteriorated	<input type="checkbox"/> Ruins	<input type="checkbox"/> Unexposed
	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Altered	<input type="checkbox"/> Unaltered	<input type="checkbox"/> Moved	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Site		

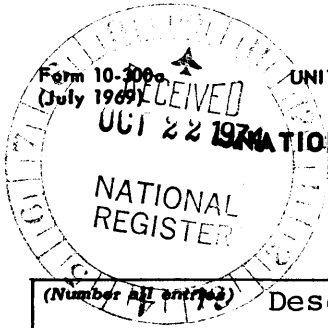
DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (if known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The exact origins of the Stockton-Curry House are unclear: local verbal tradition and county property records suggest that construction began sometime before 1845, most probably in 1842 or 1843. The original house was of clapboarded frame construction, two-and-a-half stories in height, and covered by a moderately pitched roof. It had a rectangular plan with a broad central hall, two rooms deep, and the stair was partitioned within one of the rear bedrooms.

Verbal tradition holds that when Philip A. Stockton, the second owner, acquired the house in 1843, it was only partially completed; most of the Classic Revival elements are additions to an existing structure and probably date from the period of Stockton's ownership. The two-story, pedimented portico is centrally placed on the west facade of the house, and its wooden floor is set up upon low brick piers. The front wall of the house within the area of the portico is sheathed with flush-set planks clasped between corner boards rather than pilasters. The main entrance has double doors glazed in their upper panels; the door surrounds have sidelights and a glazed transom with molded wood trim. A similar but diminished doorway opens directly above the main entrance and onto a small balcony. The balcony is supported by triangular brackets and is balustraded: the turned spindles and supportive brackets are milled and probably date from a late 19th century remodelling. The pediment is supported by fluted Doric columns with a balustrade between and an architrave and cornice above. Both the cornice and the rakings overhang approximately 10 inches and carry a crude ogee molding, with the cornice molding continuing completely around the house. The recessed tympanum is faced with flush planking and carries a crudely cut decorative roundel. A portion of the main pitched roof survives under the roof of the portico and still carries split shingles; the framing members within the pediment are roughly hewn, some as half or quarter-round log sections with the bark intact. While the portico addition is undoubtedly early, only one oblique document remains to suggest its date: a ledger entry by Charles Waller, a local brick mason, records payment for "pillering" for the Stockton House in April of 1848.

In 1883 the house passed on to one of the Stockton children who made several alterations to the house in the 1890's. The original kitchen which had been a semi-detached structure was enclosed and brought into the plan of the main house. A small porch was added to the kitchen and keyed into a two-story veranda added to the rear of the house. A small staircase which had ascended from the second floor to the attic was removed from the interior of the house and reconstructed on the second floor veranda. Single windows were cut into the gable ends of the house and a central dormer was added at the

SEE INSTRUCTIONS



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE Florida	
COUNTY Gadsden	
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	DEC 31 1974

(Number all entries)

Description

rear. The original main stair within the house was removed from its side room and a new and broader stair was constructed in the entrance hall. A two-story, semi-hexagonal bay was added to the south facade to open up the dining room and an upstairs bedroom. The original double-hung sash windows were also changed at this time from a 6 over 6 pane arrangement to 2 over 2.

Today the house presents an appearance very much like that of the 1840's-50's. The alterations made in the 1890's did not substantially change its character, and photographs from the 1890's reveal that it has been but minimally changed since that time. In recent years, the kitchen wing has been extended to provide a garage at the rear, and portions of the back porch have been enclosed and converted to bathrooms. The house is painted white with gray porch trim and green shutters at the windows. As well, asphalt shingles have replaced the original wood shingles on the roof.

In the late 1840's or 50's a subsidiary structure was built in the southwest corner of the lot and served as a law office for P. A. Stockton. It is a small clapboarded frame building set up upon a brick stylobate and covered by a low pitched roof. One story in height, its rectangular plan encompasses just one room fronted by a pedimented portico. The front wall of the building within the area of the portico is flush-set planking; a panelled door is centrally placed in the entrance facade and has plain wooden surrounds with side and head lights divided into lozenge panes. The sides of the office building are each pierced by a centrally placed double-hung sash, floor-length window. The office may well have been constructed at the same time as the portico on the main house. Many of its decorative details are identical to those of the larger portico, and in several instances its articulation is the same: the cornice overhang and tympanum recess are 10 inches, the same, but appear more massive when translated into the miniature form of the office. The portico has square columns and pilasters which taper toward the architrave and have capitals built up from pieces of the ogee molding found on both structures. The architrave and cornice are similar to those of the large building, but they continue completely around the structure. The office is painted white with green trim on the shutters.

Form 10-300a
(July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
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(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	Florida
COUNTY	Gadsden
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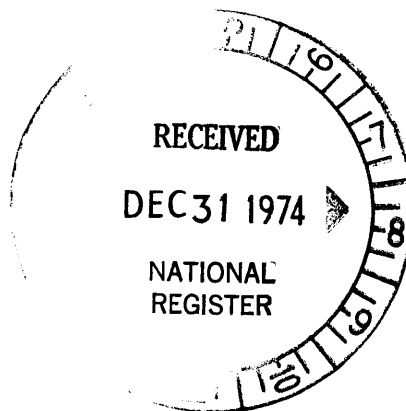
(Number all entries)

7. Description

-2-

A large brick structure occupies the northeast corner of the lot; it was built in the early 1900's, and served as a warehouse, offices and packing plant for the Curry and Love Tobacco Company. The building is typical of warehouse design in the Gadsden County vicinity at the turn of the century. Its main mass is rectangular in plan, 2½ stories in height, and covered by a moderately pitched roof. One story additions, covered by pent roofs, extend along the north and south elevations. All windows on the central mass are double-hung sash set under raised brick voussoirs; fenestration is regular. The one story addition on the north served as a packing room and is opened up by a small-paned, steel and glass curtain.

The main entrance has modest brick surrounds and is centrally placed at the east facade. The main loading dock is at the west. There are better examples of this type of design in the Quincy area, however this structure does exist in close proximity to the Stockton - Curry House and shares in its later history.



8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- Pre-Columbian | 16th Century | 18th Century | 20th Century
 15th Century | 17th Century | 19th Century

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known) c. 1845-50

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

- | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Aboriginal | <input type="checkbox"/> Education | <input type="checkbox"/> Political | <input type="checkbox"/> Urban Planning |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Prehistoric | <input type="checkbox"/> Engineering | <input type="checkbox"/> Religion/Philosophy | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Historic | <input type="checkbox"/> Industry | <input type="checkbox"/> Science | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Agriculture | <input type="checkbox"/> Invention | <input type="checkbox"/> Sculpture | _____ |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Landscape Architecture | <input type="checkbox"/> Social/Humanitarian | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Art | <input type="checkbox"/> Literature | <input type="checkbox"/> Theater | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Commerce | <input type="checkbox"/> Military | <input type="checkbox"/> Transportation | _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Communications | <input type="checkbox"/> Music | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Conservation | | | |

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Stockton-Curry House is a surviving example of antebellum, Classic Revival architecture; while many of its neighbors in the Quincy vicinity have impressive porticoes and a similar treatment, most are the result of turn-of-the-century remodelling. In addition, this house has been the residence of several men of unusual local significance.

Construction of the house was probably begun by Isaac R. Harris (see description), but the major elements which give character to the house were the work of its second owner, Philip A. Stockton (1812-1879). Stockton was the son of a prominent family with roots in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. In 1836, Philip A. Stockton and his brother William came to Florida to set up and supervise the operation of a line of mail coaches running between St. Augustine and Mobile, Alabama. They originally located in Marianna, but by the early 1840's had moved to Quincy where Philip established a law practice in addition to his other business interests. Philip Stockton bought this house in 1843 and lived in it until his death in 1879.

In 1878, Philip Stockton's daughter, Martha, had married James Emilius Broome, and in 1883 the couple bought the house from Stockton's widow. Broome, born in Tallahassee in 1846, was the son of James E. Broome, Governor of Florida from 1853 to 1857. After spending some years in Fernandina, the younger Broome attended Yorkville College in Yorkville, South Carolina, until his studies were interrupted in the spring of 1862 when he enlisted to serve with Capt. Hopkin's Company of the Second Florida Infantry. After the Civil War, James Broome travelled for several years in the southeast as a representative of a New York commercial house, and finally settled in Quincy in the mid-1870's. He became active in Democratic politics and served as a delegate to every State Democratic Convention from 1880 to 1902. In 1890, Broome was elected State Senator from Gadsden County and served in that post until 1902.

In 1902, the house was sold to the C. H. Curry family. C. H. Curry and his brother-in-law, Alexander Shaw, were

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

SEE ATTACHED SHEET

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

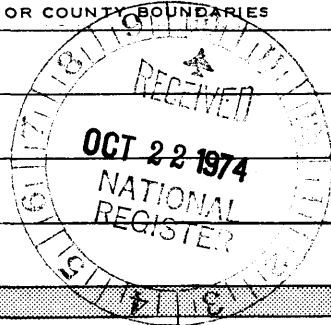
LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY			O R	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES		
CORNER	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE		LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	
	Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds		Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minutes Seconds	
NW	° ' "	° ' "		N30° 35 ' 22 "	W84° 34 ' 28 "	
NE	° ' "	° ' "				
SE	° ' "	° ' "				
SW	° ' "	° ' "				

UTM
16/732510
3386466

APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: **less than one**

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE



SEE INSTRUCTIONS

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: **J. Rodney Little, Historic Preservationist**

ORGANIZATION: **Div. of Archives, History & Records Mgt.** DATE: **October, 1973**

STREET AND NUMBER: **Department of State, The Capitol**

CITY OR TOWN: **Tallahassee** STATE: **Florida** CODE: **012**

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National State Local

Name: *Robert Williams*
Robert Williams
Title: **State Historic Preservation Officer**

Date: **October 14, 1974**

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

A. P. Quarles
Director, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date: **DEC 31 1974**

ATTEST: *Wm. H. ...*
Keeper of The National Register

Date: **DEC 31 1974**

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(Number all entries) 8. Statement of Significance

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pioneers in the development of the artificial shade process for growing wrapper leaf tobacco. In 1902, Curry and Shaw had established the Florida Tobacco Company, one of several in the area that enjoyed boom profits in the early 20th century. Their major warehouse, offices and packing plant were housed in a brick structure which still occupies the eastern end of the lot where the Stockton-Curry House is located.



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(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	Florida
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(Number all entries) 9. Major Bibliographical References

Chapin, George M. Florida, 1513-1913, Past, Present and Future, II. Chicago: The S. J. Clarke Publishing Company, 1914, p. 265.

Curry, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Personal Interview (by J. Rodney Little), October, 1973. Quincy, Florida.

Davidson, Mrs. Robertson (d.). Recollections of Early Quincy, c. 1950. In the possession of Mrs. N. D. McMillan, Quincy, Florida. (Typewritten).

Gadsden County Courthouse, Quincy, Florida. Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court. Gadsden County Records. (Subgroup: deeds).

Rerick, Rowland H. Memoirs of Florida. Atlanta: The Southern Historical Association, 1902, p. 741.

Stanley, J. Randall. History of Gadsden County. Quincy: Gadsden County Historical Commission, 1948, passim.

Waller, Charles (local brickmason). Ledger of work performed and payments, December, 1846 to November, 1850. In possession of Mr. Joe Woodbery, Quincy, Florida. (Ms.)



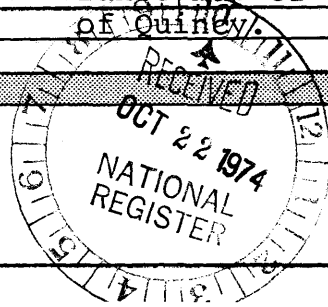
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
PROPERTY MAP FORM

(Type all entries - attach to or enclose with map)

STATE Florida	
COUNTY Gadsden	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER DEC 31 1974	DATE

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

1. NAME			
COMMON: Stockton-Curry House			
AND/OR HISTORIC: Philip A. Stockton House; C. H. Curry House			
2. LOCATION			
STREET AND NUMBER: 121 N. Duval Street			
CITY OR TOWN: Quincy			
STATE: Florida	CODE 012	COUNTY: Gadsden	CODE 039
3. MAP REFERENCE			
SOURCE: Plan of house from 1907 Sanborn Map Co. insurance map of town of Quincy.			
SCALE: 50' to 1"			
DATE: 1907			
4. REQUIREMENTS			
TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL MAPS			
1. Property boundaries where required.			
2. North arrow.			
3. Latitude and longitude reference.			



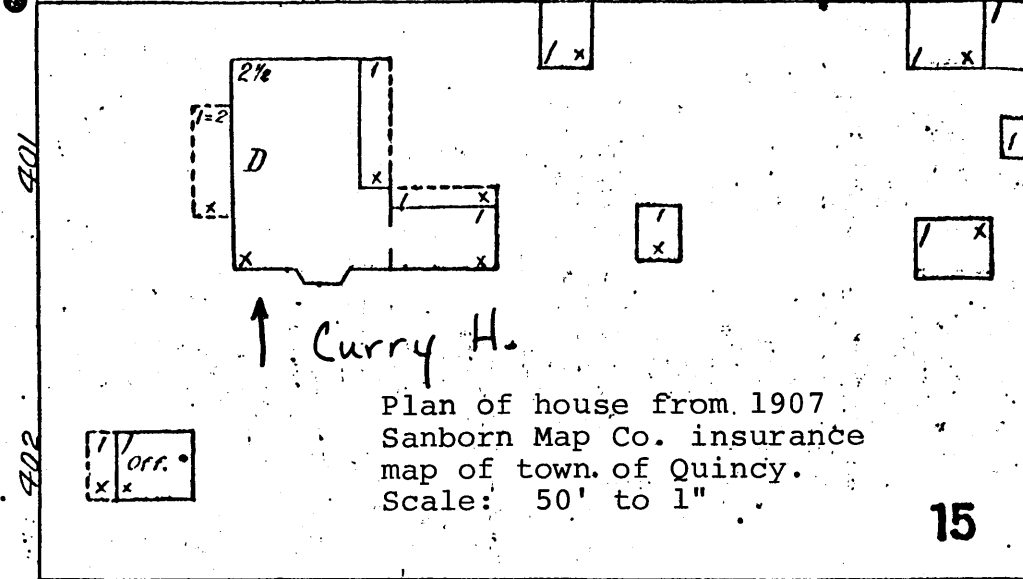
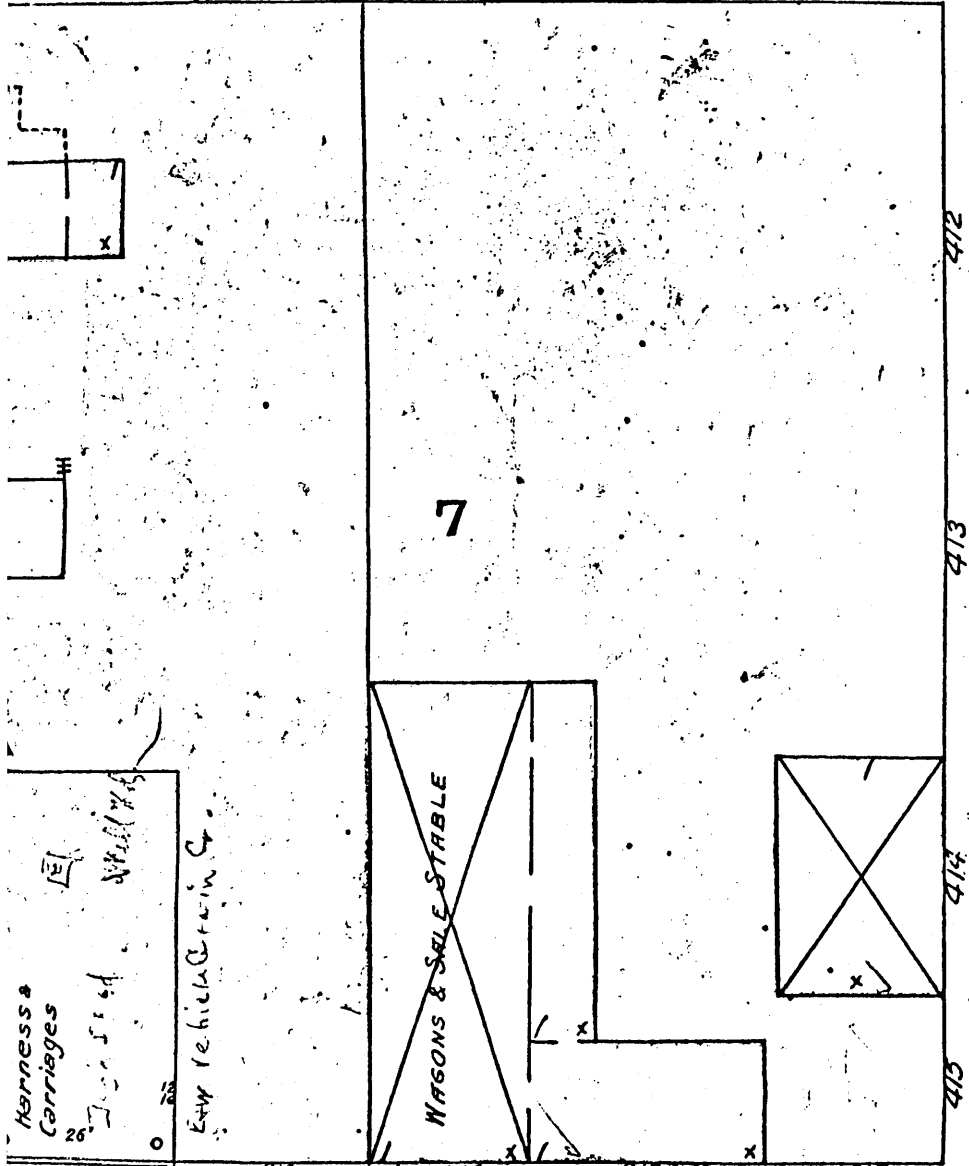
112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120

6" 6" 4" W. PIPE

FRANKLIN

127 128 129 130

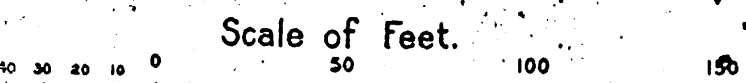
D.H. 131 132 133 134



15

OCT 22 1974

213 214 215 216 D.H.



4" W. PIPE 10"

6"

WASHINGTON