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United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections



Type all entries		ections		
1. Nam	ie .			
historic Hart	Building			<u>/</u>
and/or common	Brown Building or N	lagler Building		
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	423-425 Fourth Stre	et		not for publication
city, town Ma	rysville	vicinity of	congressional district	0ne
state Califor	nia code	06 county	Yuba County	code 115
3. Clas	sification			
Category districtX bullding(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X_ private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture _X commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Proper	'ty		
name Califo	rnia Historic Proper	rties-80		
street & number	928 Second Street			
city, town Sac	ramento, CA	vicinity of	state	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. Yuba	a County Courthouse	2	
street & number	215 5th Street			
city, town Ma	rysville, CA		state	
6. Repi	resentation Redevelopment Build Redevelopment Build Redevelopment Building	ling Surveys, 1970-		egible?yes _X_n
date 1978				e county _X_ loca
	urvey records City of Ma	arysville, Historic		•
	ysville		state	CA

7. Description Condition — excellent — deteriorated — unaltered — y altered — fair — unexposed Check one — coriginal site — moved date — moved date

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

I. Original (Circa 1927)

This landmark building was built to be the first high rise office complex in the center of Marysville's commercial district. The seven story landmark occupied a very prominent place on the Marysville skyline.

The first floor of the building measured 54.8 feet across and had a depth of 80 feet. The first floor featured a dramatic elliptical, arched entrance described by the builders as "modified Spanish" architecture. There were two large shop windows at the street level over which hung colorful canvas awnings. These windows were bordered with blue and white Spanish tiles and were flush with the sidewalk. There was a pierced brick design along the insides of the arched entryway which served as a venting system to allow air into the basement for circulation throughout the building.

The second through the seventh floors of the Hart Building were approximately 33 feet by 80 feet. There were three large, metal-framed casement windows facing the front of the building on each floor and an iron fire escape along the west side of the building. There were wrought iron balconies at each corner of the seventh floor and huge pilasters extending from top to bottom at each corner of the building.

The building was constructed of reinforced concrete with a high hip roof of terra cotta Spanish tile. The roof was topped with what appeared to be a chimney stack and a radio antenna placed there by the city of Marysville for "broadcasting" purposes. There were small openings just below the roof level along all four sides of the structure which were covered by a copper mesh material. These openings were used for ventilation much the same as the pierced brick design on the first floor.

The entryway of the Hart Building featured a wrought iron lighting fixture which was a smaller reproduction of the famous "hotel lamp". The lobby of the building was highlighted by a cloistered ceiling, ornamental stairway and an "Otis" elevator which was considered to be a very modern convenience during the 1920's in Marysville.

The building was advertised in 1927 as having the following superior comforts and conveniences: 1) elevator service; 2) an inexhaustible supply of pure well water; 3) gas; 4) steam heat; 5) electric power with 2-4 outlets in each office; 6) compressed air (the "air conditioning" of the period); 7) a lavatory on each floor; 9) wide opening casement windows with venetian blinds; and 10) painted floors that required no further floor covering.

II. Present (Circa 1981)

The Hart Building presently looks very much as it did in 1927 when seen from the exterior. The first floor front elevation has been altered in that the store front windows have been set back further from the street, some of the tile has been removed and replaced with a pink marble material and the awnings have been removed. These renovations were done in the early sixties as far as can be determined. The interior now contains two modernized office units on the first floor and six floors which have been "gutted". The stairway is bare concrete and all the plumbing and heating/air conditioning duct work has been removed. The elevator shaft and all of the windows have been left in

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 7

PAGE TWO

their original form. The structure now has a commercial building flush on each side of it. There is a paved parking lot belonging to the property on the north side of the building which accommodates 25 cars.

III. Rehabilitation (Circa 1981-1982)

It is the intention of California Historic Properties to rehabilitate the first floor frontage to the original appearance including removal of the concrete canopy, uncovering of the transoms and replacement of the fabric awnings.

NOTES

- a. In the attic area just under the hip roof was a large water tank which was filled with water from a private well belonging specifically to the building. The water pressure from the city water system was not adequate to get the water up seven stories and the water tank was devised to solve the problem.
- b. The steam heat was created by a thermostatically controlled crude oil burning furnace which was considered the most modern and up to date heating system available at that time.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur law literature military music philosophy politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	Built in 1926-1927	Builder/Architect Gen'	Hart Brothers of S 1. Contractor: Georg	e Hudnutt of Sacto.
		Arch	itects: Dean & Dean	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Constructed in 1926 by the Hart Brothers of Sacramento with George Hudnutt (also of Sacramento) as the general contractor, the Hart Building was a major indicator of the progress and prosperity in existence in the Marysville business community at that time. Marysville had its beginnings as a center of business during the gold rush era in approximately 1849. The downtown "plan" was laid out to accomodate the commercial activities involved in supplying all the gold mining camps in the surrounding area. Marysville was considered a 'hub' area and was conveniently located along the river making it ideal as a trading center. When the gold rush began to wind down the city developed a new role as the commercial/agricultural and cultural center of the area. As the number of professional people and local businesses grew, the town's early frame and brick structures of one or two stories became woefully inadequate to house them. The Hart Brothers, who had developed one of the first chain restaurants (called "quick eating houses" in 1926), recognized the potential growth of the Marysville area and decided it would be an ideal location for a modern, professional building they had planned to build once a suitable location had been found. Thus, Marysville became the location of the most modern high rise office complex north of Sacramento.

The Hart Brothers had the building designed to incorporate features previously unheard of in Marysville including: a form of air conditioning, steam heat, elevator service, lavatories on every floor and a self contained water supply. Some of the buildings original tenants included six doctors, several attorneys and numerous realtors and insurance offices. Ms. Elice Burns (formerly Nagler), one of the building's owners informed us that when she bought the building in the early thirties, she had a list of professional people clamoring for space in what was still the most prominent and desireable office space in Marysville.

The Hart Building is still prominent on the local skyline, Marysville's only skyscraper, it occupies a spot approximately in the center of the commercial section of Marysville's Redevelopment District. The city has formed a Redevelopment Committee and has promoted the historic preservation of many of the remaining local landmarks. The building is still well located and prominent enough in its architecture to regain its reputation as one of the most desireable office centers in the city. Other buildings that were built during the 1920's include the Odd Fellows,

Marysville Hotel, and the Marysville High School auditorium. All of these buildings are still part of the Marysville landscape and have been rehabilitated or their rehabilitation is in the planning stage. The Hart Building is very much a part of the fabric of the Marysville Community and should be maintained along with the other buildings of that period.

Marysville Appeal Dem Marysville Historic B	liographical nocrat, 2/19/27, 6/ Building Survey, Sc	5/26, 6/7/26, 11/	20/74
Appeal Democrat Yearb Interview with Elice	ook, 1928		
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Verbai boundary description	on and justification		4 1
see attached continua	tion sheet	4.	
List all states and countie	s for properties overla	pping state or county	boundaries
state	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
11. Form Pre			
Edwin S. Aston	 		
name/title Joanne Harvey			
organizationCalifornia Hi	storic Properties-	80 date	5/5/81
street & number 928 Second	St.	telepho	one (916) 441-7526
city or town Sacramento)	state C/	4
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CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER

10

PAGE One

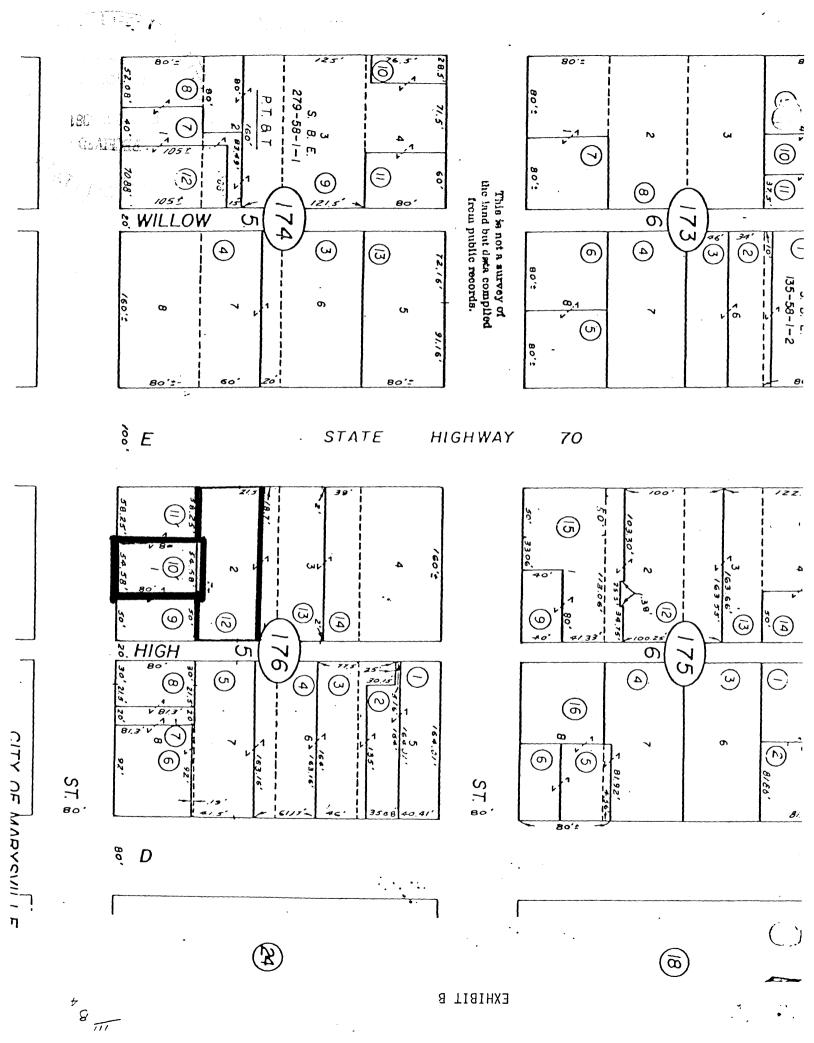
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

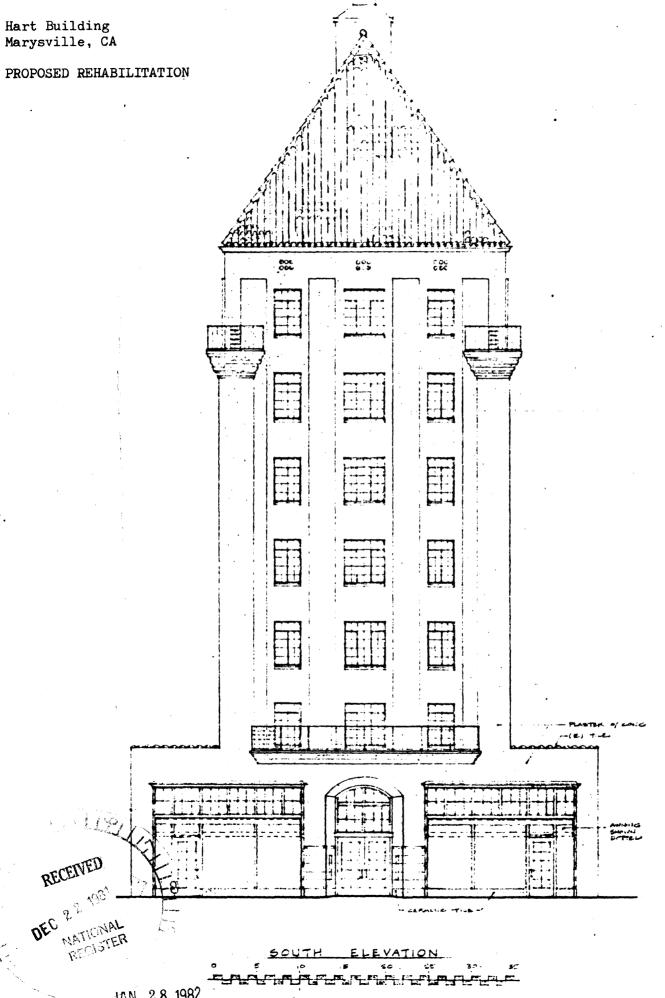
Verbal Boundary description and justification

PARCEL 3:

Portion of Lot 1 in Block 5, Range E, as shown on the official map of the City of Marysville, approved March 22, 1856 and now on file in the office of the County Recorder of the County of Yuba, State of California, is particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at a point on the Southerly line of said Lot 1 distant thereon 58 feet 3 inches Easterly of the Southwest corner of said Lot; thence Easterly along said South line 54 feet 7 inches, more or less, to a point 50 feet Westerly of the Southeast corner of said Lot; thence Northerly parallel with the Easterly line of said Lot, a distance of 80 feet, more or less, to the Northerly line of said Lot; thence Westerly along the Northerly line of said Lot 54 feet 7 inches, more or less, to a point that is distant 58 feet 3 inches Easterly of the Northwest corner of said Lot 1, thence Southerly parallel with the Westerly line of said Lot 80 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.





JAN 28 1982

Marysville's Skyline Changes As Many New Buildings Are Erected

P OR a good many years Marysville's business structures were among the most obsolete and out-of-date in architectural appearance north of San Francisco. Old-fashioned brick structures erected in the 80's and 90's were commanding rentals in some instances equalling those on Market street in San Francisco. It was impossible for merchants to modernize their display windows and store fronts, because most of these buildings were owned by estates and by non-residents who refused either to fix up their buildings, or to give a long enough lease to justify him in spending the money necessary to modernize the store fronts at his own expense.

The reason for this peculiar situation was that Marysville has always been such a good business town, and of recent years rentals have been climbing to such fancy figures, that the estates holding many of the business blocks, feared the loss of possible increases in rentals if they gave long time leases.

About four years ago this situation began to change. Merchants showed a disposition to rebel and since that time there have been many new buildings erected, a number have been remodeled, and most of the second floor professional offices have been abandoned, and have moved into a modern "skyscraper" type of office building, where every modern facility, including elevator service, is offered.

There promises to be a much greater change during the coming four years. Astute business men predict that certain business blocks in Marysville will either have to be completely torn down and rebuilt or so thoroughly modernized that they cannot be recognized as they exist at present. Otherwise they will cease to be used for retail purposes.

Among the new buildings which have been erected during the past four years are: Bank of Italy, Civic Auditorium, five-story hotel, eight story Hart Building, Bossen Bros. Laundry, Haney Building, J. C. Penny Building, Delta Building, National Theater, Liberty Theater, Methodist Church, Civic Natatorium, Marysville-Yuba Dairy, high school group, Pacific Gas and Electric.

Many structures of a less pretentious character have likewise been erected in Marysville during the past four

Buildings for the future which will undoubtedly engage the attention of the community will be a new city hall, a modern court house and a federal postoffice building.

THE PICTURES ON THIS PAGE

Modern steel and concrete office building recently erected in Marysville, at a cost of approximately \$200,000.

New Marysville Hotel, erected at cost of \$400,000-a community enterprise.

Modern bank building recently built at D and Third streets, Marysville, costing \$125,000.

