Linesun, Berg and was me

Form 10-300 (July 1969)

 α

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE:	
New <u>Hampshire</u>	
COUNTY:	
Rockingham	
FOR NPS USE ONL	′
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

	*		1	ENTRY NUMBER	DATE	1
(Type all entries	- complete applie	cable sections)		1	
AME						1
COMMON:						
						1
AND/OR HISTORIC:	or John Langd	on Mansion				
	or Join Langu	OII PRESIDENT				
OCATION STREET AND NUMBER:						
	easant Street					4
CITY OR TOWN:						
Portsm	outh				CODE	\dashv
STATE		CODE	OUNTY:	ockingham		1
	ımpshire	[038 01]	NC.	CKITGITAL		
CLASSIFICATION	T			27.715	ACCESSIBLE	
CATEGORY		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	TO THE PUBLIC	
(Check One)	Public	Public Acquisitio	n:	Occupied	Yes:	
☐ District ☒ Building	☐ Private	☐ In Proce		∠ Unoccupied ∠	Restricted Unrestricted	
Site Structure Object	Both	Being C	onsidered	Preservation wor	k No	1
Object				in progress		_
PRESENT USE (Check One or	More as Appropriate)					
		Park		Transportation	Comments	1
Agriconord	ndustrial [Private Resider	ice [Other (Specify)		-
	Ailitary [] Religious	-			-
⊠ Educational □ M		_				- -
⊠ Educational	Ailitary] Religious	_			-
Entertainment A	Ailitary	Religious Scientific	_			-
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society 1	Ailitary	Religious Scientific	_	and Antiquitie	25	-
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society f STREET AND NUMBER:	Aduseum Cor the Preser	Religious Scientific	_	and Antiquitie	es	-
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society for the street and number: 141 Cambi	Ailitary	Religious Scientific	_	and Antiquitie	CODE	-
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society f STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra City or town:	Aduseum Cor the Preser	Religious Scientific	New Engla	achusetts		
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society for street and number: 141 Cambi	Auseum Sor the Preser	Religious Scientific	New Engla		CODE	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society f STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra City or town:	Auseum For the Preser ridge Street	Religious Scientific	New Engla		CODE	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC:	Religious Scientific	New Engla		CODE	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES	Auseum Sor the Preser	Religious Scientific	New Engla		CODE	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC:	Religious Scientific	New Engla		CODE	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society for street and number: 141 Cambration of Location of Legal Design Courthouse, registry of Registry	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC:	Religious Scientific	New Engla		02134 02134	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC:	Religious Scientific	New Engla		02134	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society f STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambr CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: EXECUTE OR TOWN:	Auseum For the Preser ridge Street CRIPTION DEEDS ETC: of Deeds	Religious Scientific	New Engla	achusetts	02134 02134	
Educational Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN:	Auseum For the Preser ridge Street CRIPTION DEEDS ETC: of Deeds	Religious Scientific	New Engla	achusetts	02134 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: EXETER EXETER CITY OR TOWN:	Auseum For the Preser ridge Street CRIPTION DEEDS ETC: of Deeds	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla	ew Hampshire	CODE 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Exeter REPRESENTATION IN EXI TITLE OF SURVEY:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific	New Engla	ew Hampshire	02134 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Exeter REPRESENTATION IN EXI	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla	ew Hampshire	CODE 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society for survey: DATE OF SURVEY: DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla	ew Hampshire	CODE 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: 141 Cambra CITY OR TOWN: BOSTON LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Exeter REPRESENTATION IN EXI TITLE OF SURVEY:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla	ew Hampshire	CODE	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: SOCIETY I STREET AND NUMBER: LOCATION OF LEGAL DES COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF REGISTRY STREET AND NUMBER: CITY OR TOWN: Exeter REPRESENTATION IN EXI TITLE OF SURVEY: DATE OF SURVEY: DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY STREET AND NUMBER:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla	ew Hampshire	CODE 02134	
Entertainment OWNER OF PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: Society for survey: DATE OF SURVEY: DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY:	Auseum Cor the Preser Cidge Street CCRIPTION DEEDS, ETC: Of Deeds. STING SURVEYS	Religious Scientific Postion of	New Engla STATE: Massa STATE N	ew Hampshire	CODE	

Theme: Signers of the Constitution

				(Chec	k One)		
CONDITION	☐ Excellent	Good	☐ Fair	☐ Det	eriorated	Ruins	Unexposed
CONDITION		(Check Or	ie)			(Che	eck One)
	Alter	ed	☑ Unaltered			☐ Moved	Original Site

The Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, which owns the Governor John Langdon Mansion along with some 50 other properties, regards it as "one of the Society's finest and most historic houses." A write-up in New Hampshire Profiles is even more ebullient, calling it "one of the great Georgian houses in America." Every detail of design," this article continues, "from ... entrance hall to governor's chamber, reflects the grandeur of the period." Built in 1784, the Langdon Mansion is basically a two-and-one-half story, five-bay structure, with wings extending to the rear which give it quite a complex floor plan. Among the more elaborate details are the corner posts in the form of Corinthian pilasters with intricately carved capitals, the nine-paneled door with its three lights flanked by four engaged columns and surmounted by a rectangular transom, and the portico supporting a railing with massive turned balusters and a surface scroll curving up on either side of the second-floor window. There are carved modillions under the cornices, the lintels, and the scrolled pediments of the dormers, and the hip roof is topped by a captain's walk of classic design.

The interior features are equally elegant. The carved paneling, particularly the parlor fireframe, is noteworthy, and the drawing room includes such embellishments as arched panels over the windows with a fleur de lis carved above each keystone. Mention should also be made of the extensive gardens surrounding the house, elaborately land-scaped in a manner reminiscent of country homes of the French nobility during the ancien regime.

Though not in perfect repair, the mansion's state of preservation both inside and out is exceptional, especially considering the delicacy of many of the details. Sometimes called the Governor John Langdon Memorial, the house stands as confirmation that attempts to emulate patterns of 18th-century Continental elegance were not limited solely to more southerly portions of the United States.

PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	🔀 18th Century	20th Century
☐ 15th Century	☐ 17th Century	19th Century	
PECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	ole and Known)		
REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	Education	▼ Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
Historic	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	Science	
Architecture	Landscape	Sculpture	
Art "	Architecture	Social/Human-	
Commerce	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	Theater	
Conservation	Music	Transportation	

John Langdon was a leading figure in New Hampshire mercantile, military, and political affairs for more than 40 years. For part of that time he also played a role on the national stage. During the Revolution, he commanded troops in several key engagements, while simultaneously serving as a major supplier of war materiel for the Continentals. His diverse commercial enterprises flourished both during and after the war, and an astute French observer characterized him as "the Rob. Morris of his State."

Langdon served two stints as a delegate to the Continental Congress, three times as Speaker of the New Hampshire Legislature, and several one-year terms as President of the State. On the national scene, he was delegated to the Philadelphia Convention of 1787, he was present at the initial convocation of the United States Senate, and he served therein for 12 years, more than half that time as president pro tem. As such, he administered the oath of office to each of the first two Presidents of the United States. Never more than a nominal Federalist, Langdon swung over to the opposition during the 1790s and was subsequently offered the post of Secretary of the Navy by President Jefferson. He declined, however, in order to return to the political wars in his home State.

Langdon's Portsmouth mansion, which he built in 1784, evidences his affection for French manners. Described as "one of the great Georgian houses in America," it stands as an excellently preserved memorial to Langdon. Certain interior rooms, the decor of which is especially elegant, are open to the public several times a week.

Biography

"John Langdon was the archetype of the personal property interest." These are the words, not of Charles Beard, but of Forrest McDonald, his foremost adversary in the historiographical controversy over the economic origins of the Constitution. Langdon was indeed a man of considerable wealth; in 1788 the French Minister, Otto, could

9.	MAJOR BIBLIOGRA	APHICAL REI	FER	ENCES							
	Beard,	Charles,	An	Economic	Interp	retation	of	the	Constitu	tion	of

the United States (New York, 1913).

Elwyn, J. L., "Some Account of John Langdon," Early State Papers of New Hampshire, Vol. XX (1891), pp. 850-880.

		Farra	nd, Ma	$x, \frac{1}{3}$	he Reco	<u>rds</u>	of t	ne	Federa:	1 Conve	ention	of 178	<u>7</u>	
			(4	VO1	s., New	нач	en,	19.	11-1937).				
												(cont	inuad)	
10.	GEOGR	RAPHICA	L DATA									<u>ccone.</u>	mueu).	
					DE COORDI			O R	DEF	NING THE	CENTER	POINT OF	A PROP	
c	ORNER	L A	TITUDE		LON	SITUE	E	K		ATITUDE		L	ONGITUD	E
		Degrees M	inutes Sec	onds	Degrees Mi	nutes	Seconds]	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds
	NW	0	,	•	۰	,	"		43.0	04 ·	31 *	70 °	45 '	23 "
	NE	0	•	"	0	,	,,							
Ì	SE	0	•	"	•	•	**	1						
-	SW	Q MATE ACE	PEAGE O	E NOM	INATED PE	OPFE	* *****	1	'					
					FOR PROP				ACTE	TE OR C	DUNTY BC	UNDARIE	5	
ļ.	TATE:						CODE		COUNTY					CODE
							-	\dashv						
s	TATE:				·		CODE	+	COUNTY:					CODE
								7						
s	TATE:						CODE	+	COUNTY:					CODE
							<u> </u>	\dashv						
5	TATE:						CODE	+	COUNTY:					CODE
ni.	FORM	PREPARI	ED BY											1
		D TITLE:									***************************************	····		
İ			Robert	. C.	Post, S	urv	ey Hi	st	orian					
c	RGANIZ	ATION	Divisi	on o	of Histo	ry,	Offi	ce	of Arc	heolog	y and	DATE		
L			Histor	ic l	Preserva	tio	n, Na	ti	onal Pa	rk Ser	vice		7/3/73	<u> </u>
s	TREET	AND NUMB												
L			1100 I	St ₁	reet, N.	W.								
c	ITY OR	TOWN:						١	STATE					CODE
			Washir	igtor	1				D.C					
12.	STATE	LIAISON	OFFICE	RCE	RTIFICAT	ION		4	N.	ATIONAL	REGIST	ER VERI	CATIO	.
	tional 89-665 in the	Historic I), I hereb National	Preservat y nomina Register	tion A te this and c	on Officer for the of 1966 of	(Publ or ind it has	ic Law clusion been		-	certify the	_	operty is	included	in the
	evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is: National State Local					Н	Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation Date					servation		
								-	ATTEST					
-	Date							-	Date		r of The N	National R	egister	

Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE	
New Hampshire	
COUNTY	
Rockingham	
FOR NPS USE ONL	Υ
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

(Continuation Sheet)

(Number all entries)

8. Significance (page 1)

Governor John Langdon Mansion

characterize him as "the Rob. Morris of his State." Otto was much taken with Langdon's personality, calling him "one of the most interesting and amiable men in the United States."

Langdon was born on a farm near Portsmouth, worked briefly for a local merchant after attending grammar school, then took to the sea. long he began promoting commercial ventures on his own, and he had become a man of substance by his early thirties. In 1774, he and John Sullivan led the foray which captured Fort William and Mary in the harbor at Portsmouth. This was a clear-cut act of war, of course, and from then on Langdon never wavered in his support of the revolutionary In 1776 he took charge of securing military supplies in New Hampshire, a duty he fulfilled with great ingenuity throughout the war. He engaged in extensive privateering and blockade-running, but also furnished many supplies personally, including several warships built and launched on Langdon Island. Among his most significant accomplishments was organizing and outfitting General Stark's expedition against Burgoyne. Tradition has it that after the fall of Ticonderoga he pledged his fortune to stemming the British advance. "If we succeed ... I will be remunerated," he declared. "If we do not then the property will be of no value to me."

Langdon personally commanded troops at Saratoga and in the Rhode Island campaign. During the same period he also pursued a political career, serving briefly as a delegate to the Continental Congress, and a long tenure as Speaker of the Legislature. "After the war," Beard writes, "Langdon's various mercantile and commercial interests took on a new life, and there is every evidence that in his worldly affairs he was uniformly prosperous." Turning most of these matters over to subordinates, he attended Congress again in 1783, served as a State Senator the next year, and in 1785 contested General Sullivan for the Presidency of the State. Sullivan was New Hampshire's great military hero. Yet, as Allan Nevins suggests, "it was also felt that the State owed much to John Langdon, the bluff sea captain, whose personality was more dashing than Sullivan's," and whose "'enterprise gave to business a spring, when it was in a state of almost total stagnation.'"

Langdon defeated Sullivan in 1785, though Sullivan turned the tables the following year. During 1786 and 1787 Langdon served as Speaker of the Legislature, then he and Nicholas Gilman were delegated to attend the Constitutional Convention at Philadelphia. Since there were insufficient funds in the State Treasury, Langdon had to pay their expenses

Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Continuation Sheet)

STATE	
New Hampshire	
COUNTY	
Rockingham	
FOR NPS USE ONL	Υ
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

(Number all entries)

8. Significance (page 2)

Governor John Langdon Mansion

out-of-pocket. By the time they arrived, late in July, the Convention had largely completed its work, although Langdon managed to go on record in favor of the Federalist program regarding commerce, taxation, and banking.

After the Convention adjourned, Langdon returned to New Hampshire, won another term as President, and participated in the State ratifying convention. Securing ratification was a formidable problem, because, in McDonald's words, of "the general apathy with which the people of the State greeted the Constitution." When New Hampshire finally did give its assent, however, it was the ninth State to do so and thereby brought the Constitution into legal existence and allowed the Federalists to proceed with organizing the new National Government. Langdon became a member of the first United States Senate, was elected its President pro tem, and, as such, administered the oath of office to both Washington and John Adams.

Although he initially supported many Federalist measures, Langdon soon started to betray marked Republican sympathies. Indeed, Otto had noted as early as 1788 that Langdon was "sincerely attached to France and even in favor of our institutions." By 1794, when he opposed ratification of the Jay Treaty, he definitely could be counted among the Anti-Federalists. Shortly, Nevins writes, he had become "so ardent a Republican that he expressed a wish that Washington could be removed from office," and in 1798 and 1799 he was among the more vocal opponents of the foreign policy of President Adams.

After leaving the Senate in 1801, Langdon helped organize the Republicans in New Hampshire, then served, for the third time, as Speaker of the Legislature. In 1805, he wrested the governorship from John Gilman (brother of Nicholas), and won re-election every year save one until 1811. During this period he declined both a Cabinet post and the Vice Presidential nomination. He retired from the political arena in 1812 and died seven years later.

Langdon entertained many notables at his Portsmouth home, including John Hancock, Lafayette, James Monroe, and Louis Philippe. Washington, a guest in 1789, remarked upon his lavish hospitality, as did the Marquis de Chastellux, who expressed admiration for his "elegant and well-furnished" mansion as well. Numerous testimonials bear witness to Langdon's patriotism, good sense, charm, and character, and also to his considerable influence during the Revolutionary, Federalist, and early Republican eras of American history.



Form 10-300a (July 1969)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE	
New Hampshire	
COUNTY	
Rockingham	
FOR NPS USE ONL	Y
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

(Continuation Sheet)

(Number all entries)

- 9. Bibliographical References
- Governor John Langdon Mansion
- Federal Writers' Project, New Hampshire: A Guide to the Granite State (Boston, 1938).
- McDonald, Forrest, We the People: The Economic Origins of the Constitution (Chicago, 1958).
- Nevins, Allan, The American States During and After the Revolution, 1775-1789 (New York, 1927).
- "Portsmouth, An Architectural Evolution 1664-1890--Gov. John Langdon Mansion," New Hampshire Profiles, December 1970, unp.
- Robinson, William A., "John Langdon," <u>Dictionary of American Biography</u>, Vol. X, pp. 587-588.
- Strawbery Banke, Inc., Strawbery Banke Historic Preservation (pamphlet, n.p., n.d.).