National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

OMB No. 1024-0018 Expires 10-31-87

For NPS use only

state

received FEB 1 8 1987 date entered MAR 2 0 1987

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms* Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

nistoric (arskadon House			
and or common		"Radical Hill"		
2. Loca	ition	•		
street & number	Route 1, Box 93	A, Beaver Run Ro	oad -	not for publication
city, town	Burlington	_X_ vicinity of		
state West V	Virginia code	5 ⁴ county	Mineral	code 057
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition N/A in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name	Robert V. Nort	h		
street & number	10815B Amherst	Avenue		
city, town	Wheaton	vicinity of	state	Maryland
5. Loca	ation of Lega	al Descriptio	on	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Mi	neral County Con	urthouse	
street & number	Courthouse S	quare	J.	
city, town	Keyser		state	West Virginia
6. Repi	resentation	in Existing S	Surveys	
litle N /	A	has this pro	perty been determined eli	gible? yes no
date			federal state	
	·····	<u> </u>		
depository for su				

city, town

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one	
excellent	deteriorated	unaltered	_X original site	N/A
X good	ruins	<u>X</u> altered	moved date _	M/H
fair	unexposed			

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

"Locust Grove", as it is locally known, is located on rural Beaver Run Road near the village of Headsville, which is in the vicinity of the town of Burlington, in Mineral County, West Virginia.

"Locust Grove" is a two story side gabled residence that is basically rectangular in configuration, with a two story ell at the east elevation. The house is built after the Federal (or Adams) style of architecture, though with vernacularism much in evidence. The masonry residence sits on a rubble stone foundation. It is five bays wide across the front and windows, on both the first and second levels, are six over six with slender sills. There is a dog-toothed course of dentillation along the cornice at the roof line. The house is surmounted by a standing seam metal roof. Interior end chimneys at both gable ends evidence corbeling.

The front entrance door is surmounted by a rectangular over light that has four equal segments. A one story Greek Revival portico surrounds the front entrance. This portico has a triangular pediment, shallow pitched, and is upheld by two Doric columns and two Doric pilasters. This portico is not thought to be original to the property but was added, it is beleived, in the 1860's.

The two story ell which extends to the east rear of the main block also has a standing seam metal roof. It has a rather massive interior end chimney and a smaller outside chimney. On the south facade of the ell is a large wooden gallery-type porch with a wooden balustrade at its top level. This porch is of recent origin. At the rear of the main block on the north elevation are small shallow kitchen and bathroom additions.

The interior of the main block of "Locust Grove" is typically Federal in configuration, with a central hallway off of which are rectangular rooms. The most prominent feature of the central hallway is the rather narrow main stairway with squared balusters supporting a rounded, yet simple rail. The risers of the stairway are steep. Other prominent interior features include handsome mantlepieces for fireplaces in most rooms. These mantlepieces are Greek Revival in detailing, although no two are exactly alike. Hardwood doors with recessed rectangular panels are also in evidence.

Also located on the grounds of "Locust Grove" are two dependencies; a grainery and a barn which stand side-by-side to the rear of the residence. The grainery is a $1\frac{1}{2}$ story gable roof wood frame building on a high rubble stone foundation, with clapboard siding. The barn is also a $1\frac{1}{2}$ story gable roof structure, slightly higher than the grainery, with vertical wood siding. Both of these structures are Contributing buildings.

"Locuest Grove" is the seat of a 22 acre farm (once much larger), although the nominated area is less than ten. It is a pristine rural area that is relatively unchanged from antebellum days, and is significant both historically and architecturally to Mineral County.

Continuation sheet	Item number	7	Page	2	_
Carskadon House, Mineral County	· ·				***
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United States Department of the Inter National Park Service	rior		For NPS use only		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
(3-82)			Expires	10-31-87	

OMB No. 1024-0018

Contributing - Noncontributing Resources

3 buildings
0 others

3 Resources

Total contributing

NPS Form 10-900-a

Total non-contributing 0

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	heck and justify below community plannin conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlen industry invention	ng landscape architectur law literature military music nent philosophy X politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation X_ other (specify) t.e. & Local_History
Specific dates	1827	Builder/Architect	Not Known	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

"Locust Grove", also known as "Radical Hill" during part of its existence, located on Beaver Run Road, near Burlington, in Mineral County, West Virginia, is significant for being home to the Carskadon family, a group of individuals who have played highly significant roles in both state and local history.¹. It is also locally significant as an early surviving example of vernacular architecture in Mineral County.².

Explanatory Notes

1."Locust Grove" was constructed in 1827 for Thomas H. Carskadon, on property he had been residing on since 1797 in a log cabin. The Carskadon family was, for a century, prominent in the affairs of Hampshire County and, after its separation in 1871, of Mineral County. Thomas H. Carskadon, along with his brother Issac immigrants from Ireland, served for six years as the representative of Hampshire County in the Virginia General Assembly, where he was a vocal opponet of slavery. He freed his own slaves prior to his death in 1855. Carskadon was also elected justice of the peace in 1837. His son, Thomas R. Carskadon, born at "Locust Grove" in 1837, began his political career as a Whig, but in 1860 he joined the new Republican Party. This action brought him instant unpopularity among his neighbors, who began to vandalize the family farm and finally forced him to leave the area for a time. In 1862, during the throes of the Civil War and the West Virginia statehood movement, Carskadon became the youngest member of the Constitutional Convention that was meeting in Wheeling to draft an instrument of government for the new state. President Lincoln appointed him an Assistant United States Assessor for the Second West Virginia District and, in 1865, President Andrew Johnson elevated him to Assessor of the Second District. Carskadon soon, however, associated himself with the radical wing of the Republican Party, even to the point of re-naming his farm "Radical Hill". He was, accordingly, removed from office by President Johnson in 1868. Carskadon was active in the movement that separated Mineral County from Hampshire County in 1871. He was a successful Republican Bresidential Elector in 1872 and in 1876. Later in life, Thomas R. Carskadon became an ardent advocate of Prohibition. In 1888 and again in 1892 Carskadon was the Prohibitionist Party nominee for governor of West Virginia. He died at "Locust Grove" in 1905.

Other members of the Carskadon family who were historically significant include James Carskadon, who was Hampshire County's first delegate to the new West Virginia Legislature in 1863-64, and served in the house again in 1867-69. George T. Carskadon, cousin of Thomas, was elected to the Virginia Senate in 1860 but, being oppossed to secession, he did not take his seat in Richmond but rather became a member of the Provisional, or "Restored" government in Wheeling and participated, like Thomas R., in the

9. Major Bibliographical References

Manlove, Elizabeth P., <u>A</u> <u>History of the Carskadon Family</u>, unpublished MS. Maxwell, Hue, Swisher, H.L., <u>History of Hampshire</u> <u>County</u>, <u>West Virginia</u>, Morgantown, W.Va., A. Brown, 1897

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date

Chief of Registration

Attest:



statehood movement. He was Hampshire County's first state senator in the new West Virginia Legislature, served again in 1867-69, and was for long a leader of the Republican Party in the state's Eastern Panhandle. His son, another George, founded Clarksburg's Palace Furniture Company in 1903. Another James Carskadon, son of Thomas R., represented Mineral County inthe West Virginia House of Delegates in 1907-09. "Locust Grove" remained in the hands of the Carskadon family until 1967.

2."Locust Grove" is also locally significant as one of the oldest intact examples of Federal style architecture in Mineral County, having been constructed in 1827. Its simple box-like main block, two rooms deep, with symmetrically arranged windows, is typical of the Federal style, as is the emphasized cornice with its dog-tooth dentilation. It also is a good intact example of vernacularism, having some elements of the Greek Revival, such as the front portico. While no survey of Mineral County has ever been undertaken, this property is believed to be one of the oldest in the area and one of the few which survive from its time period. The dependencies date from the late 19th century.

"Locust Grove" is, then, significant for its long association with one of the region's most prominent families, a family which played an important role in the development period of West Virginia statehood, as a locally significant example of Federal period architecture. NPS Form 10-900-a (3-82)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

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Continuation sheet Carskadown House Item number 9 Page

9. Major Bibliographical References ... 2

Sage, Clara McCormick, comp., <u>Early Records of Hampshire County</u>, <u>Virginia</u>, <u>Now West Virginia</u>, Delavon, Wis., Genealogical Pub., 1939

West Virginia Heritage Encyclopedia, Richwood, W.Va., Comstock Pub., 1974

Mineral County History -- Family Tracts and Traits, Keyser, W.Va., n.d.

10. Verbal Boundary Description ... 2

north-northeast along the west bank of Beaver Run; thence in a line 700 feet west to the east side of Beaver Run Road; thence in a line 600 feet south along the east side of Beaver Run Road to the point of beginning.







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