DATA SHEET PHOOSE 533

Form 10-300 (Rev. 6-72)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

## NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

	1 P 1400865 5 5
1	STATE:
	California
	COUNTY:
	Ventura
-	FOR NPS USE ONLY
-	ENTRY DATE
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		(Type all entries	s - complete app	licable section	ıs)				
*	ī.	NAME				API	R 1 0 1975		
31		COMMON:							
		The Mission His	storical Di	istrict					
		Mission San Bu	onavontura	1 1/2	Carre	O 81 To	1 1 2 2 2		
	2.	LOCATION	enaventura	4 11003404	r co regu		U SE DO	0	
		STREET AND NUMBER: BOL	unded by Po	oli and Sa	anta Clai	a Streets	and Ven-	•	
		tura Avenue a <b>n</b> e	d Palm Stre	eet					
		CITY OR TOWN:		į	CONGRESSION	AL DISTRICT:			
		San Buenaventu	Га	CODE	13th	***************************************	1 66	DDE	
		California	93001	06	Ventu	a ·	11		
	3.		≘ Áttachmer				1		
2		CATEGORY		OWNERSHIP	÷	STATUS	ACCESSIBL		
Z		(Check One)		T			TO THE PUB	LIC	
<b>5</b>		X District ☐ Building	☐ Public ☐ Private	Public Acquisition In Proc		Occupied	Yes:	4	
		Site Structure Object	₩ Both		Considered	☐ Unoccupied☐ Preservation w	- Uprestrict	1	
-		C) Object				in progress	1 [ ] N =		
C		PRESENT USE (Check One or M	fore as Appropriate)						
<b>5</b>				₹ Park		Transportation	Comments		
۲			dustrial (2	⊃ ☑ Private Resider		Other (Specify)	New Coun		
-		⊠ Educational	litary 🗵	Religious		ty Fire	Museum b		
^		Entertainment 🗵 Mu	JSEUM [	Scientific	<u>_U</u> e	pt.	i <u>ng plan</u>	ned	
Z	4.	OWNER OF PROPERTY				<del>-444.</del>			
-		See Attachment	#2		1		***************************************		STATE
u		STREET AND NUMBER:	π <b>ζ</b>		<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Calif	티
Ц						RECEIVED.	V	if	
^		CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		CODE	omia	1
	(TEX.11111							a:	
	5.	LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF I				<del>ात्र<b>ात्रभ</b>ी</del>	<u> १८</u> ंद		_
		Ventura County		ffice		Perchal	©:*		0
		STREET AND NUMBER:						Ventu:	COUNTY:
		2387 E. Main S	treet			*.		- Ling	
		CITY OR TOWN:			STATE	lifornia 9	CODE	— <sup>µ</sup>	
		Ventura			Ca	illomia 5	06	-	+
	6.	REPRESENTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS				1		
	**********	TITLE OF SURVEY:						79 T	7
		See Attachmen	t #3					-+	F
		DATE OF SURVEY: DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RE	CORDS:	☐ Federal	State	County	Local		FOR NPS
								1 0 1975	PS
		STREET AND NUMBER:						ת על	SE
					107.			4	ONLY
		CITY OR TOWN:			STATE:		CODE	-	
								DATE	
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7.	DESCRIPTION								
	CONDITION	(Check One)							
		☐ Excellent	<b>⊠</b> Good	☐ Fair	☐ Dete	riorated	🔀 Ruins	□ Unexposed	
		(Check One)				(Check One)			
		⊠ Altere	q	☐ Unaltered			Moved	▼ Original Site	

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This district roughly corresponds with the presumed Mission Period settlement. It includes the existing Mission, the settling tank, the holding reservoir and a portion of the aqueduct, and the foundations of numerous Mission Period out-buildings.

The Mission is a  $40 \times 140$  foot mission-brick structure which has had some interior alterations made during its life-span. The exterior of the building remains much the same as when first constructed by the Franciscan Fathers and is in excellent condition.

The surrounding district area has been altered extensively above ground, but numerous historic and pre-historic archaeological features remain intact below the surface. Excavations in 1966-67 revealed foundations of a 10-room structure, well, gate, and portions of several other buildings and garden walls south of Main St. (R. O. Browne Report of 1973). Federally funded excavations in 1974 exposed foundations of five distinct buildings on the north side of Main Street adjacent to the Mission. One of these may be the original Mission itself.

The church built in the summer of 1782 could not have been more than a temporary structure. In their Annual Report of December 31, 1794, the Fathers, after relating that the dwelling of the missionaries and the other quarters had been erected to form a square, continue to say that there is still lacking the church "to close the quadrangle of the Mission; but they are working continually. An apartment has been erected." The report adds, "twelve varas long and six varas wide, and it is roofed with tiles." (Engelhardt, 1930)

Archaeological investigations during 1974 tend to clarify the structures referred to in the above statement.

In 1799 the sacristy of the church, constructed of mission-made brick, was finished and the present Mission Church was dedicated in 1809.

A garden south-west of the Mission was fenced with an adobe wall which was capped with tile. It contained twenty acres and extended west to the present Ventura Avenue and south to Highway 101.

PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian		🔀 18th Century	20th Century
15th Century	▼ 17th Century	▼ 19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	le and Known)	•	
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	Education	Political	Urban Planning
Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
	Industry	losophy	
Agriculture	Invention	X Science	,
Architecture	Landscape	☐ Sculpture	
☐ Art	Architecture	Social/Human-	
	Literature	itarian	
Communications	Military	☐ Theater	
Conservation	Music	☐ Transportation	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This district represents many important phases in the historical development of the City of San Buenaventura, the early history of California, and one of the first permanent European settlements on the west coast of the United States.

- 1. Pre-Historic: It contains the locations of one known Chumash Rancheria: Ca-Ven-4 Mitsakhanakan. Archaeological investigations at Ca-Ven. 87 reveal extensive prehistoric remains underlying the Mission Period structures. Radiocarbon dates are pending, but the earlier remains may be expected to date several thousand years old, substantially before contact.
- 2. Historic: Building activities at the Mission San Buena-ventura extended over a period of time from the founding of the Mission in 1782 until secularization became effective in 1836. The Mission lands were granted by California Governor Pio Pico to Jose Arnaz in 1846. They were patented to de Poli in 1874 by the United States Government. President Lincoln deeded a portion of the original property around the church to the Roman Catholic Diocese in 1862.

Mission San Buenaventura was the 9th of the 21 missions founded in upper California by the Franciscan Fathers. The additional structural evidence associated with this period represents some of the earliest building construction by non-aboriginal inhabitants in the area: most of these have been recorded as an archaeological unit, viz: Ca-Ven. 87. A part of the area was also the site of an early Chinese settlement, as well as a continued extension of the Western European settlers.

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Date

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Date

Form No. 70-300a (Rev. 10-74)

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**CONTINUATION SHEET** 

ITEM NUMBER

PAGE

The following supplemental information is intended to clarify the nature and extent of historical and archeological resources within the boundaries of the area proposed for National Registry as the Mission Historical District, Ventura County, California.

An in-depth investigation of archeological records, along with excavation performed at the site, indicates that the proposed boundaries encompass all known and inferred archeological values associated with the Mission San Buenaventura complex. Although originally submitted as the Mission Historical District, the area would be more properly designated as Mission San Buenaventura and Mission Compound Site. The Mission stands in the northeastern portion of the area encompassed by the proposed boundaries, while Mission Period remains occur beneath the ground surface throughout the remainder of the area; one other Mission Period structure, the Mission aqueduct filtration building, still stands in the north-western portion of the area. The Peirano Grocery Store, located directly across the street from the present Mission building, is the only other historic structure included within the area proposed for registration.

Excavations have indicated the presence of extensive, well-preserved Mission Period archeological resources within the area encompassed by this nomination. The archeological values of the Mission compound site represent the total known Mission Period remains associated with Mission San Buenaventura. These remains are very rare and are the only archeological source of information about Mission Period San Buenaventura and have a high potential for yielding information about settlement patterns associated with the California Mission system.





