# **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service**

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received JL 2 1 1983 date entered

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type an entries	—complete applic	able se	Cuons						
1. Nam	ne								
historic C1	lay County Cour	thouse							
and/or common	Clay County	Court	house						
2. Loca	ation	-0001	110000						
							744 6	1. 1.	
street & number	,	n 24					MA_ not fo	or public	cation
city, town Ve	ermillion		<u>NA</u> vic	inity of					
	Dakota	code	046	county	Clay			code	027
3. Clas	sification	<u> </u>							
Category  district _X building(s) structure site object	Ownership  X public private both  Public Acquisition NA in process being consider		Status  X occupie  unoccu work in Accessible yes: res X yes: un no	pied progress stricted	Present Use agriculture commercia educations entertains X governme industrial military	al al nent	pa pi re sc tr		
4. Own	er of Pro	pert	ty						
name Clav	County						•		
street & number	211 West Ma	in							
city, town	Vermillion		NA_ vic	inity of		state	SD 5	7069	
5. Loca	ation of L	ega	l Desc	ripti	on				
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc.	С	lay Count	y Regist	er of Deeds				
street & number	211 W. Mai	n							
city, town	Vermillion					state	SD 57	069	
	resentati	on i	n Exis	ting	Surveys				
		-70					aible 2		X
title Clay Cour	nty Historic Si	tes Su	rvey '	nas tnis pro	perty been determi		<del>-</del>	yes	s <u>X</u> no
date 1982					federal	X state	e c	ounty	local
depository for su	rvey records Hi	storic	al Preser	vation Co	enter				
city, town Ve	ermillion					state	SD		

## 7. Description

Conditionexcellent _X_good_S	deteriorated ruins unexposed	X altered	Check one  X original s moved	site date	
fáir	unexposed	only slightly			

#### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Clay County Courthouse is a 2 1/2 story stone - veneered structure sited in the center of a courthouse square at the west end of the commercial district of downtown Vermillion. Raised above street level, the courthouse occupies the north side block. As with many South Dakota county seat towns, the courthouse is removed from the center of town and plays only a secondary role as a visual landmark.

The building is a standard Neo-Classical design. In plan, a central stairhall occupies the center bay and extends to the middle of the building. A circular light well opens from the third to second floor and a skylight provides natural lighting in the core of the structure. A hall which is parallel to the front and rear walls, bisects the building and terminates in the side entrances on the basement floor. The jail occupies the west bay of the basement floor, and the courtroom is located in the east third of the third floor.

On the exterior the building is composed of two stories raised above a full basement. This base is marked with a slight flaring outward at the base of the wall. In addition, a watertable demarcates the stories and the basement is trimmed in rusticated stone. The two upper stories are finished with vertically ribbed dressed stone. The building is capped with a cornice and parapet. On the rear facade, the windows are arranged in an irregular composition with half story windows lighting the fire stair well. The three, formal facades are composed in three bays with a projecting central portico. On the front, the portico has a recessed story-and-a-half entrance and flanking columns.

#### Original Contracts:

Architect: Lloyd D. Willis, Omaha, Nebraska

General Contractor: Hintz and Malloy, Aberdeen, SD • Plumbing and Heating: P.F. Cavanaugh, Vermillion, SD Electric Wiring: Brookman and Barrett, Vermillion, SD Wood Furniture: Brown and Saenger, Sioux Falls, SD Jail Equipment: Stewart Iron Works, Cincinnati, Ohio

Electric Light Fixtures: Chicago Gas and Electric Fixture Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill.

Metal Vault Equipment: Steel Fixture Mfg. Co., Topeka, Kansas

Alterations include the installation of an elevator in 1966 by Carter Elevator of Sioux Falls, and a rear vestibule in 1982, constructed by Nels Urup Construction, Vermillion.

### 8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture x architecture art commerce communications		law literature military music	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific dates	1913	Builder/Architect L1	oyd D. Willis, Archi	tect, Omaha, NE

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Hintz & Mallory, general contractors Aberdeen, SD

Significant in the areas of architecture and local government, the Clay County Courthouse is a fine example of Neo-Classical architecture of the early 20th century and is the center of government for historic Clay County.

Clay County was the site of the earliest settlement in the Dakota Territory, and Vermillion, the county seat vied with neighboring Yankton for territorial capitol status. The county was formed with the territorial government in 1861 and had its first appointed officials in 1862. Initial attempts were made to erect a courthouse in 1876. However, it was not until 1881-1882 when the city moved to the present location on the bluff after the disastorous flood of 1881, that plans were made for a permanent courthouse. This wood frame structure was erected in 1882 and stood on the site of the present post office.

The present courthouse, erected in 1912-1913 was the result of a movement started in 1906. A \$60,000 bond issue was defeated that year, however, four years later a sinking fund was successfully created and construction begun in June of 1912. Completed in April of 1913, the building cost \$95,000 to erect.

Lloyd D. Willis of Omaha, Nebraska designed a formal Neo-Classical structure built of yellowish stone. The interior employs bold classical and Greek Revival moldings. The structure has been maintained in excellent condition with few and unobstrusive alterations. Sited above street level on\*landscaped courthouse ground, the building is a very competent design, executed with fine craftsmanship and molded, three dimensional detail. By no means an innovative design, the structure is a good example of the small-town Neo-Classical style employed for public buildings.

At the turn of the century, many 19th century courthouses were being replaced. The years 1910 to 1917 were especially active ones for architectural courthouse commissions. Willis is not known to have designed any other South Dakota buildings, yet his work is well within the tradition of formal classicism favored by 1910-1920s South Dakota architects.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

Herbert Schell, <u>History of Clay County, South Dakota</u>, The Broadcaster Press: Vermillion, SD, 1976: 19-20, 50, 64-65, 185-186.

Journal of Proceedings, Clay County Board of Commissioners, 1910-1982.

10. Geograph	ical Data			
Acreage of nominated property  Quadrangle name Vermilli  UTM References			Quadrangle scale $1:24\ 000$	
<b>A</b> [114] [6]618[81810] [	4 17 3 18 2 10 10 Northing	B Zone D H	Easting Northing	
Verbal boundary description The lot lines form the Snyder's addition to t	boundaries of th he City of Vermil	e site which is	s located in all of Block 37,	
List all states and counties state <sub>NA</sub>	code	county	code	
state	code	county	code	
11. Form Pre		County	code	
organization SE Council street & number 25 Center	of Government	da	rolyn Torma (605-677-5314)  ate 27 Apr 83  elephone 605-624-8066	
city or town Vermillio	on .	sta	tate SD 57069	
The evaluated significance of the	nis property within the s	state is:	Officer Certification	
	perty for inclusion in th ocedures set forth by th	e National Register a	oric Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law and certify that it has been evaluated vice.	89-
itle Director, Office	of Cultural Pres	ervation	date 7/12/13	
For NPS use only I hereby certify that this p	roperty is included in the		date 8/18/83	
Keeper of the National Reg	ister		date	
Chief of Registration			vals	