UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY MAY 2 2 1979 RECEIVED JUL | 6 1979

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SE	E INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES			S			
1 NAME							
HISTORIC	Chestnut Street Methodist Church, South						
AND/OR COMMON	N .						
	Brown Memorial	l Christian Metho	dist Episcopal Chur	ch			
2 LOCATIO	ON						
STREET & NUMBE	R						
	809 West Chestnut Street		NOT FOR PUBLICATION				
CITY, TOWN	Foreignahi I o		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT				
STATE	Louisville	CODE	3&4 county	CODE			
	Kentucky 40202	021	efferson 111				
3 CLASSIF	ICATION		•				
CATEGOR	Y OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	PRESENT USE			
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X_OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM			
$X_{BUILDING(S)}$	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK			
STRUCTURE	BOTH	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC			
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	Γ X_RELIGIOUS			
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	XYES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC			
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	INDUSTRIAL MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:			
A OWNER	OF PROPERTY						
NAME	OI I KOI LKII						
	Trustees, Brown CME (Church		ν			
STREET & NUMBE							
and the second s	809 West Chestnut St	reet	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
CITY, TOWN		VIOLETY OF	STATE				
T C C L MY C	Louisville —	VICINITY OF	Kentucky 40202				
5 LOCATIC	ON OF LEGAL DESCR	CIPTION					
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEE	DS,ETC. Jefferson County	Count House					
STREET & NUMBE		Coare nouse	,				
	517 West Jeffers	on Street					
CITY, TOWN	Louisville		STATE				
6 REPRESE	ENTATION IN EXIST	INC SUDVEY	Kentucky				
	MIAIION IN EXIST	ING BOKVEI	,				
TÏTLE							
DATE							
		FEDERAL	STATECOUNTYLOCA	L			
DEPOSITORY FOR							
SURVEY RECORDS	5						
CITY TOWN			STATE				

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__UNALTERED

X ORIGINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Chestnut Street Methodist Church is situated on the western edge of the Central Business District of Louisville, in an area that was extensively cleared by Urban Renewal.

The Church is a interesting blend of Greek Revival elements with Romanesque Revival. The building faces Chestnut Street with an imposing two-story brick facade. The facade is marked by symmetry, order and classical articulation. The Chestnut Street facade has a slightly projecting central pavilion which contains the main entrance. Double doors are flanked by brick pilasters with white-painted stone bases and ornate capitals, topped with a pediment and modillions. The doorway, which has been modernized and altered, is topped by a semi-elliptical, traceried, stained-glass window which also appears to be of more recent vintage. On each side of the central pavilion is a long, narrow, round-arched window of stained-glass with tracery, stone surrounds and sills. Brick pilasters with large stone bases, painted white, are at each corner. The capitals are decorated with acanthus designs and egg-and-dart molding. The facade is completed by a classic pedimented gable with modillions and a brick tympanum.

Stained-glass windows on the sides of the building are round-arched and set within brick surrounds and multiple brick arches. Between the windows are brick pilasters with capitals that continue in a brick stringcourse. Above the course are a series of small recessed rectangular panels of brick.

The church sanctuary is on the second floor, reached by double stairways from a vestibule. The stairways are original and have cherry balusters and railings. The stained-glass windows are original and are in excellent condition. They are of the painted type, which is typical of the period when the building was erected, and their colors are soft mauve, blue, green and pink. Round-arched moldings with acanthus keystones are above the windows.

The chancel contains a pipe organ, set in paneled wood, behind a wood railing. The organ bears a nameplate, "Ferrand and Votey, Detroit," and the date, 1891. Several pieces of furniture, especially chap's in an ornate Gothic style, with "Eastlake" motifs, may be original. Barely visible behind the organ is what appears to be a round-arched niche with pilasters having very ornate capitals. Evidently the organ and the paneled wood surrounding it were later additions to the chancel.

PERIOD PREHISTORIC1400-14991500-15991600-16991700-1799 X1800-18991900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC —ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC —AGRICULTURE XARCHITECTURE —ART —COMMERCE —COMMUNICATIONS	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT INDUSTRY INVENTION	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1864-1865	BUILDER/ARCI	HITECT Gideon Shryo	ck

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Chestnut Street Methodist church is significant as the last known of work of the prominent Greek Revival architect Gideon Shryock. The structure is significant also for its blending of two distinct nineteenth century styles, the Greek Revival and the Romanesque Revival. The Chestnut Street Methodist Church, South was built in 1863-64 for the congregation previously located on Eighth Street. The Chestnut Street Church remained on this site until 1907 when the congregation merged with the Walnut Street Methodist Church. The building was sold to the Center Street Christian Methodist Episcopal Church, a Negro church, which was located on Center Street (now Armory Place) just south of Green Street (now Liberty Street).

The Center Street congregation moved to the Chestnut Street site in May, 1907 and became known as the Chestnut Street C.M.E. Church. At this time of the move, the pastor was Dr. L. H. Brown, who was minister for nine years and presiding elder for six years.

In May 1954, the church was rededicated and renamed the Brown Memorial C.M.E. Church as a tribute to Dr. Brown.

The Church was dedicated on September 17, 1865 and the following description appeared in a local newspaper article: "The building is one hundred and fifty feet long with fifty four feet front, leaving a space of thirteen feet on each side, with about thirty feet fronting the street. The Sunday school room is large and airy, while the class rooms and offices, four in number are comfortable and spacious. There is a large hall in front on the school room, with a beautiful winding stairway leading up each side into the magnificent room of worship above. The room is one of the best arranged we have ever seen. The pulpit faces the main entrance, over which there is a gallery, with a stairway on each side and accommodations for a large number of people. The seats in this room are large and comfortable while the room is airy and pleasant, even when it is filled with a large congregation.

The architect of the building is Mr. G. Shryock. The brick work by Jno. Hales (deaceased); carpenter work by Messers. Kell, Lewis and Root; painting outside by Spurrier and inside by Brentlinger and Peck; plastering by George Irurne; ornamental work by John Owen; carpets by Mathers; furniture by Stokes; gas pipes, etc.

[&]quot;One of the largest and handsomest chandeliers in the West or South is in this room.
It contains fifty-three burners, and when fully lighted up at night, gives the room

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES "The Chestnut Street Methodist Church, Its Dedication, "Daily Democrat (Louisville), 17 September 1865. Hamlin, Talbot: Greek Revival Architecture in Amerria. New York: Dover, 1964. Jefferson County (Ky) Deed Book 3361 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _ Approx. .12 acre QUADRANGLE SCALE 1:24000 QUADRANGLE NAME New Albany Quadrangle UTM REFERENCES A(1,6) 1610,810,5,01 4, 2, 3, 4, 0, 9, 0 VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION City of Louisville 13D Lot 5 a grift group is LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES STATE CODE COUNTY CODE CODE STATE CODE COUNTY FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE Marty Poynter Hedgepeth, Director of Research 4/6/79 ORGANIZATION Historic Landmarks and Preservation District STREET & NUMBER 502-587-3501 727 West Main Street STATE CITY OR TOWN Kentucky Louisville STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: STATE LOCAL NATIONAL_ As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Seguice. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE TITLE FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER ATTEST: DATE

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Chestnut Street Methodist Church, South

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princery and dazzling appearance. It was a present to the congregation from Mr. Henry Walton, of the firm of Walton and Brothers, Main Street, below Fourth.

"The entire cost of this beautiful edifice is \$11,000, all of which, with the exception of \$3000 or \$1000 has been raised by the congregation."

Gideon Shryock (1802-1880) was the leading exponent of the Greek Revival style in Kentucky. He was born in Lexington, Kentucky and was the son of Mathias Shryock, a builder. He studied architecture with William Strickland of Philadelphia.

Among Shryock's most important Greek Revival designs are the Old State Capital (1828) in Frankfort, Kentucky, and the Morrison College (c. 1830) in Lexington. He designed the Orlando Brown House (1835), also in Frankfort. In Louisville he designed the Jefferson County Court House (National Register, April, 1972) and the Louisville Medical Institute (destroyed). The Chestnut Street Methodist Church not only marks the latest known work of Shryock's but a definite stylistic change away from the pure Greek Revival which was on its way out of style at the time this styrcture was built. The only other styrcture by Shryock which remains in Louisville is the Jefferson County Court House.

The Chestnut Street Methodist Church is one of three churches which remain in the downtown area of Louisville. The Central Business District makes up the core of the original city of Louisville. The city was originally a comfortable mix of residential and commercial structures. The growth of the commercial enterprise pushed the residential development south of Broadway. Today only a few remnants remain of the once residential character of the area in the three churches and fine early houses.

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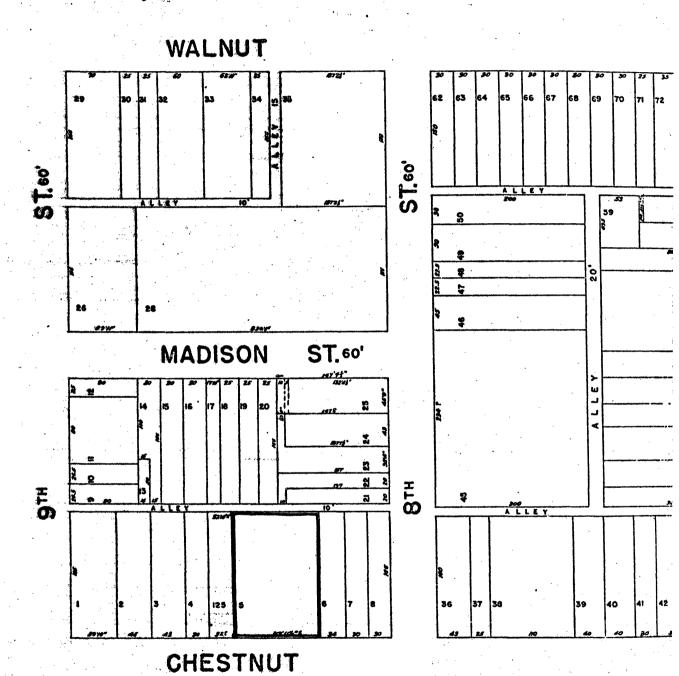
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Chestnut St. Me hodist Church 809 West Chestnut St.
Louisville, Jefferson, Kentucky Map **2** - Real Estate Atlas of Jefferson County Kentucky

MAY 2 2 1979

Sanborn Map

Scale: 1"=200'

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