

**United States Department of the Interior
Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Inventory—Nomination Form**

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

For HCRS use only

received

AUG 31 1982

date entered

1. Name

historic Lenox Academy

and/or common Same

2. Location

street & number 75 Main Street N/A not for publication

city, town Lenox N/A vicinity of congressional district

state Massachusetts code 025 county Berkshire code 003

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
☐ district	☒ public	☒ occupied	☐ agriculture
☒ building(s)	☐ private	☐ unoccupied	☐ commercial
☐ structure	☐ both	☐ work in progress	☒ educational
☐ site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	☐ entertainment
☐ object	<u>N/A</u> in process	☒ yes: restricted	☐ government
	☐ being considered	☐ yes: unrestricted	☐ industrial
		☐ no	☐ military
			☐ museum
			☐ park
			☐ private residence
			☐ religious
			☐ scientific
			☐ transportation
			☐ other:

4. Owner of Property

name Town of Lenox

street & number Town Hall, Walker Street

city, town Lenox N/A vicinity of state Massachusetts

5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Middle Berkshire Registry of Deeds

street & number Bank Row

city, town Pittsfield state Mass. 02101

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

Inventory of the Historical Assets
title of the Commonwealth, #39

has this property been determined eligible? ☐ yes ☒ no

date Oct. 2, 1978 ☐ federal ☒ state ☐ county ☐ local

depository for survey records Massachusetts Historical Commission, 294 Washington St.

city, town Boston state Mass. 02108

7. Description

Lenox Academy , 75 Main St., Lenox, MA

Condition		Check one	Check one	
☐ excellent	☐ deteriorated	☒ unaltered	☒ original site	
☒ good	☐ ruins	☐ altered	☒ moved	date 1880
☐ fair	☐ unexposed		(only 20')	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Lenox Academy, constructed in 1802-03 in the Federal style, is located on the west side of Main Street (Route 7A) in Lenox, Massachusetts within the Lenox local Historic District. It is an unusually well preserved example of an early nineteenth century institutional building. The original deed from Azariah Egleston of Lenox to The Trustees of Lenox Academy describes "38 3/4 rods of land", "on the west side of the Turnpike Road, together with the Academy now standing on the premises", and is dated May 21, 1807. The consideration given was twenty-two hundred dollars. The present plot measures 9,270 sq. ft., (a minor portion of the original six mile square grant).

The Academy is a rectangular plan, 2½ storey, wood frame structure with a symmetrical five-bay facade. It rests on an ashlar foundation and is enclosed by a hipped roof with a central belfry which includes a bell and weather vane. Single end wall chimneys rise from the side elevations. The exterior is sheathed with clapboard; the window contains 6/6 sashes and have exterior shutters. Decorative elements are focused at the center of the facade below the belfry. The entry is flanked by pairs of pilasters which in turn frame leaded glass side lights and support a wide entablature and a small pediment. A palladian window of similar design and proportion is set over the entry. The narrow cornice at the roof line is marked by a band of dentils. The overall visual effect of the building is one of a solid mass which is firmly anchored and pulled vertically by the central upward progression of entry, palladian window, and belfry.

In plan the building is similar on both the first and second floors, having a central hallway with one room on either side. At some time in the late 19th or 20th century several small rooms were partitioned off at the rear of the building. The original appearance of the interior is not known. The present wood work was installed in 1841 and may have had minor alterations since.

Early structural alterations and repairs to the five bay by two bay Federal style building are well documented by bills to the Lenox Academy. Trustee Eldad Lewis finished the building and did minor repairs in 1803, 1806, 1807 and 1809. This included hanging the Bell. William P. Walker, Clerk for the Trustees, billed the Trustees for repairs on May 20, 1824 which included "143 board feet of Maple plank for desks, the making of stools, 15 Chestnut posts for the fence, oil and lime for paint, repairs to the back house, window frames, stone for the cellar and a stove for the north room". It wasn't until 1847, however, while improving the fence, walks and grounds, that a committee of the Trustees placed blinds on the east side of the Academy, total cost \$69.00. Repairs were also made to the back door.

The first major repairs came in 1849, with repairs to the foundation wall and regrading, totaling \$65.00, painting and repairs to window frames, \$50.00, done by Thomas Twining. The interior stairs were rebuilt by William Washburn in March of 1859, cost \$35.50. Two rooms were plastered by Simeon Reynolds in June, 1852 for \$26.00. Mr. N. H. Buckham, the preceptor, had these two rooms painted and grained, painted a door casing and set eight lights with glass in July, 1852, costs \$34.00. Fourteen additional pair of blinds for the remaining windows were also purchased.

In 1880 the Trustees expended \$3,290 in moving the building twenty feet south and placing it on a new foundation. This was to center it on the lot which had been enlarged by a gift from the Library Association of several more rods of land. In 1892, \$1,943 were used for general repairs. Its west wall was extended twelve feet in 1895 for \$1,417

(cont'd)

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

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Continuation sheet Lenox Academy

Item number 7

Page I

to accomodate a larger staircase.

The cupola and roof appear at right center of a "Northern View of Lenox", as drawn by J.W. Barker and engraved by E. Brown in 1838.

8. Significance Lenox Academy, 75 Main St., Lenox, MA

Period	Areas of Significance—Check and justify below			
☐ prehistoric	☐ archeology-prehistoric	☐ community planning	☐ landscape architecture	☐ religion
☐ 1400–1499	☐ archeology-historic	☐ conservation	☐ law	☐ science
☐ 1500–1599	☐ agriculture	☐ economics	☐ literature	☐ sculpture
☐ 1600–1699	☒ architecture	☒ education	☐ military	☐ social/
☐ 1700–1799	☐ art	☐ engineering	☐ music	☐ humanitarian
☒ 1800–1899	☐ commerce	☐ exploration/settlement	☐ philosophy	☐ theater
☐ 1900–	☐ communications	☐ industry	☐ politics/government	☐ transportation
		☐ invention		☐ other (specify)
Lenox Academy				
Specific dates	1802 – 1803	Builder/Architect	Eldad Lewis	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Lenox Academy possesses integrity of setting, design, workmanship, materials, and association. Built in 1802–03, it was the first academy for secondary education to be established in Berkshire County. Its location in what was then the County Seat (1787–1868) helped to make it the most popular school in the region. Both historically and visually, it is an important landmark reflecting the development of Lenox and Berkshire County. Although the building was moved 20' in 1880 it retains its position in the town center and is significant as an excellent example of a high style Federal period institutional building. The Lenox Academy thus meets criteria A and C of the National Register of Historic Places. The building design, a block plan with symmetrical facades, surmounted by a central belfry, is the typical Federal period academy form, found throughout New England. The Lenox Academy is unusual, however, for its small scale and wood construction, as well as its early date. The more common treatment of the time is illustrated by West Hall, Williams College, Williamstown (1790) and the Wilbraham Academy building, Wilbraham (1825), both more elaborate, three storey, brick structures. Other surviving examples of 19th century academies in Berkshire County were built much later and show influence of the Greek Revival style. These are located in South Egremont (1832–33) and Alford (1848–49). Additional academies, once standing in Sheffield and New Marlborough are now gone.

A petition was presented to the Massachusetts General Court on January 5, 1803 for the incorporation of an Academy "for the instruction of youth in piety, morality and liberal arts "at some" convenient, central place in said County. Lenox agreed that "with a view to such an establishment, we have erected at considerable expense, a decent building.... suitable and adequate for such an institution". David H. Wood states in Lenox, Massachusetts Shire Town that the building may have been a decade earlier (Wood: 52: 1969). The evidence is largely against this supposition. The purchase agreement, dated January 12, 1807, between Eggleston and the Trustees, and the Bill of Accounts submitted by Eldad Lewis, indicate that the purchase price of \$2,200 included its construction between 1802 and 1803. ("Papers relating to Lenox Academy", Berkshire Athenaeum.)

The petition of incorporation of an Academy in Lenox, submitted January 5, 1803, and signed by Samuel Shepard, Eldad Lewis, Dr. Caleb Hyde, Thaddeus Thompson, Gamaliel B. Whiting, Daniel Williams, Jr., Samuel Quincy, Joseph Tucker, Charles Worthington, Azariah Eggleston, Joseph Goodwin, Capt. Enos Stone, Rev. Ephraim Judson, Rev. Jacob Catlin, Hon. Thomas Ives, Hon. Barnabas Bidwell, Nathaniel Bishop, Rev. Thomas Allen, Simon Larned, Esq., Joshua Danforth, Esq., and Joseph Whiton, Esq., was presented to the Mass. House of Representatives January 25, 1803. It was passed and signed by the Hon. Harrison Grey Otis, Speaker of the House, and Hon. David Cole, President of the Senate. Governor Caleb Strong had signed the Article of Incorporation into law under the Acts of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, 1802. Chapter 82, Section 6 of the Incorporation granted the Corporation one-half township, six miles square, of unappropriated lands of the Commonwealth in the District of Maine, provided the Corporation show assets of \$3,000. This Certificate was not actually granted until June 20, 1807 when the Trustees proved at a hearing before the Court of Common Pleas with and for Berkshire County that

9. Major Bibliographical References

Lenox, Massachusetts Shire Town, David H. Wood, 1969 published by the Town.

Centennial of Lenox Academy 1905, Press of the Sun Printing Company, Pittsfield, 1909.

"Papers relating to Lenox Academy", Berkshire Athenaeum, Pittsfield, #974.73.L67 & L67.1

10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property 9,270 sq. ft./38 3/4 rods of land

Quadrangle name Stockbridge, Massachusetts

Quadrangle scale 1:25 000

UMT References

A 18 6412610 469108410
Zone Easting Northing

B
Zone Easting Northing

C

D

E

F

G

H

Verbal boundary description and justification (Book 537 --Page 227)

TRS OF LENOX ACADEMY
TO

The Trustees of Lenox Academy, a corporation established by the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and located in Lenox, Berkshire County, Massachusetts, for consideration paid grant

THE TOWN OF LENOX

List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

(cont'd)

state N/A code county code

state code county code

11. Form Prepared By

Virginia H. Adams, Mass. Historical Commission with

James N. Parrish, Historic Preservation Planner and

name/title Nancy Marasco, Chairman, Berkshire County Reg. Planning Commission

organization Mass. Historical Commission

date July, 1982

street & number 294 Washington Street

telephone (617) 727-8470

city or town Boston

state Massachusetts 02108

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

 national X state local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature

Valerie Ann Talmage

title Executive Director, Massachusetts Historical Commission

date August 24, 1982

For HCERS use only

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

Entered in the
National Register

date

9/30/82

Keeper of the National Register

Attest:

date

Chief of Registration

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
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date entered

Continuation sheet Lenox Academy

Item number 8

Page 1

they held the required assets. The Massachusetts General Court, chartered thirty Academies in this manner between 1782 and 1805 as well as a land grant to Harvard College. The development or sale of these granted lands was to provide financial support for the Corporations. Between Sept. 1807 and May 1820, the low price per acre of these unappropriated lands prevented the Trustees from offering their sale. Prices continued to drop forcing their sale. The sale agreement for 12,500 acres to Col. Joseph Whiting of Calais, Maine for \$2,500 only realized twenty-five cents per acre for the Trustees. Col. Whiting was eventually to default on his note in December of 1828.

The first meeting of the Trustees of Lenox Academy occurred April 26, 1803. They approved Mr. Levi Glezen (Williams College, Class of 1798) as Principal Preceptor of the Academy. Scholars from the Middle School District of Lenox were admitted free, scholars outside the District were to pay \$2.25 per quarter. A Committee reported on Mr. Glezen's establishment September 17, 1808. He argued for a salary increase in May of 1810. It was granted in May of 1812. Levi Glezen resigned as Preceptor April 8, 1823 in favor of taking charge of the Kinderhook Academy. There he remained six years, eventually moving to Sheffield to manage an Academy there. The large proportion of Mr. Glezen's pupils graduating the Academy entered college. He provided his better pupils with certificates of their work, which allowed college admittance without examinations. Such certificates exist for one Isaac Bird of Salisbury, Connecticut, who entered Yale College in the Fall of 1812.

John Hotchkins, a native of Richmond and student of Glezen's who graduated from Union College, accepted the position as Preceptor, May 14, 1823. He remained until June of 1847, twenty-four years. Catalogues from 1828 to 1852 reflect the type of education taught. There were three terms, fourteen weeks long each year, commencing on the second Wednesday in May. A Summer term with an annual examination and exhibition was the last Wednesday in August. Five weeks of vacation followed. The Fall term began the last Wednesday of September, followed by a vacation of two weeks. Winter terms began the second Wednesday of January to be followed by a vacation of three weeks. This schedule was generally followed until 1852.

From an 1835 catalogue: "The price of tuition for the Languages, highest branches of Mathematics, Philosophy, etc. is \$7.00 per term. For the common branches of English study \$5.00 per term. For Reading, Spelling, and the first rudiment of English \$3.00 per term. No scholar is admitted for a period less than half a term and no deduction will be made for absence unless on account of sickness. There is a public examination at the close of each term and at the annual examination at the close of the Summer term. The students will be examined in all studies of the preceding year.

In addition to the ordinary studies pursued by the several classes, they all have a weekly exercise in composition and declamation. The fore-noon of Saturday is regularly devoted to a review of the studies of the past week".

Board could be obtained from "good families", at a convenient distance from the Academy. Cost ranges from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per week in 1828 to \$2.00 to \$2.25 per week by 1840. This included lodging and washing. Education was co-ed and the largest enrollment was 112 gentlemen and 34 ladies in 1829. The number of ladies dropped and by 1841 the second largest enrollment of 145, only 19 ladies attended.

(cont'd)

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National Park Service**

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Continuation sheet Lenox Academy Item number 8 Page 2

During Mr. Hotchkin's term a Litery Junto (Sic, Latin) of Lenox Academy was formed in December, 1839. It established the Academy's one and only constitution. This education club, or fraternity, lasted only a year.

Mr. Josiah Lyman (Williams College, class of 1838) succeeded Mr. Hotchkins and remained two years until he was obliged to resign on account of ill health. Timothy Hazen (Williams College, class of 1849) also stayed two years. In 1851, Mr. Matthew H. Buckham (University of Vermont, class of 1851) accepted the position and stayed two years. Mr. Hazen again taught one Year in 1853. Judson Aspinwall succeeded in 1854, to be followed by Robert B. Snowden, (Williams College, class of 1854) who filled out the year. Samuel Jessup and Henry Sabin taught in 1856 and 1858. Mr. Oliver C. Bullard taught from Sept. 17, 1859 until 1860. From 1860 to 1866 during the Civil War, the Academy was closed.

The Academy became a high school beginning in 1866 and continuing until 1880 when the town constructed a new high school. Six years later it was again moved to the Academy until 1909 when a second new high school was built.

In the late 19th century the Academy building was used as headquarters for the Agassiz Society. The Society which was devoted to native study, was founded by Louis Agassiz who taught natural history and established a museum at Harvard. In 1911 the Academy was incorporated as a private school, called the Trinity School, and used in that capacity until the 1920's. Since that time the building has housed a variety of town and private organizations.

The Trustees of Lenox Academy turned the building over to the Town of Lenox at the annual Town Meeting on February 7, 1947.

2/31/84

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
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date entered

Continuation sheet

Lenox Academy

Item number 10

Page 1

to the Town of Lenox, a municipal corporation located in said Lenox with QUITCLAIM COVENANTS the land in said Lenox bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning in the westerly line of Main Street at the southeast corner of land of said Trustees, it being also the northeast corner of land of The Congregational Church of Lenox, thence running northerly in the westerly line of Main Street 102.96 feet more or less to the southerly line of land of one Brooke, formerly Ludlow, thence running westerly along the southerly line of land of said Brooke 77.88 feet more or less to the easterly line of land of said Brooke, thence southerly along the easterly line of land of said Brooke 22.44 feet more or less to the southerly line of land of said Brooke, thence westerly along the southerly line of land of said Brooke 34.32 feet more or less to the easterly line of land of the Town of Lenox, formerly Servin, thence southerly along the easterly line of land of the Town of Lenox 84.50 feet more or less to the north line of land of the Congregational Church of Lenox, thence easterly along the northerly line of land of said Church 96.50 feet more or less to the westerly line of Main Street at the point of beginning. Meaning and intending hereby to convey and hereby conveying, howsoever the same may be otherwise bounded and described all the land owned by said grantor situate on the westerly side of Main Street in said Lenox known as the Lenox Academy property. Together with all right, title and interest in and to Main Street adjacent to said premises subject to the rights of the public therein. The consideration for this deed is less than \$100.00. In witness whereof the said The Trustees of Lenox Academy have caused the corporate seal to be hereto affixed and these presents to be signed in its name and behalf by William L. Bull, its President, and George A. Mole, its Treasurer, thereto duly authorized this fifth day of November 1947.

The Trustees of Lenox Academy

William L. Bull
President
By George A. Mole

& seal

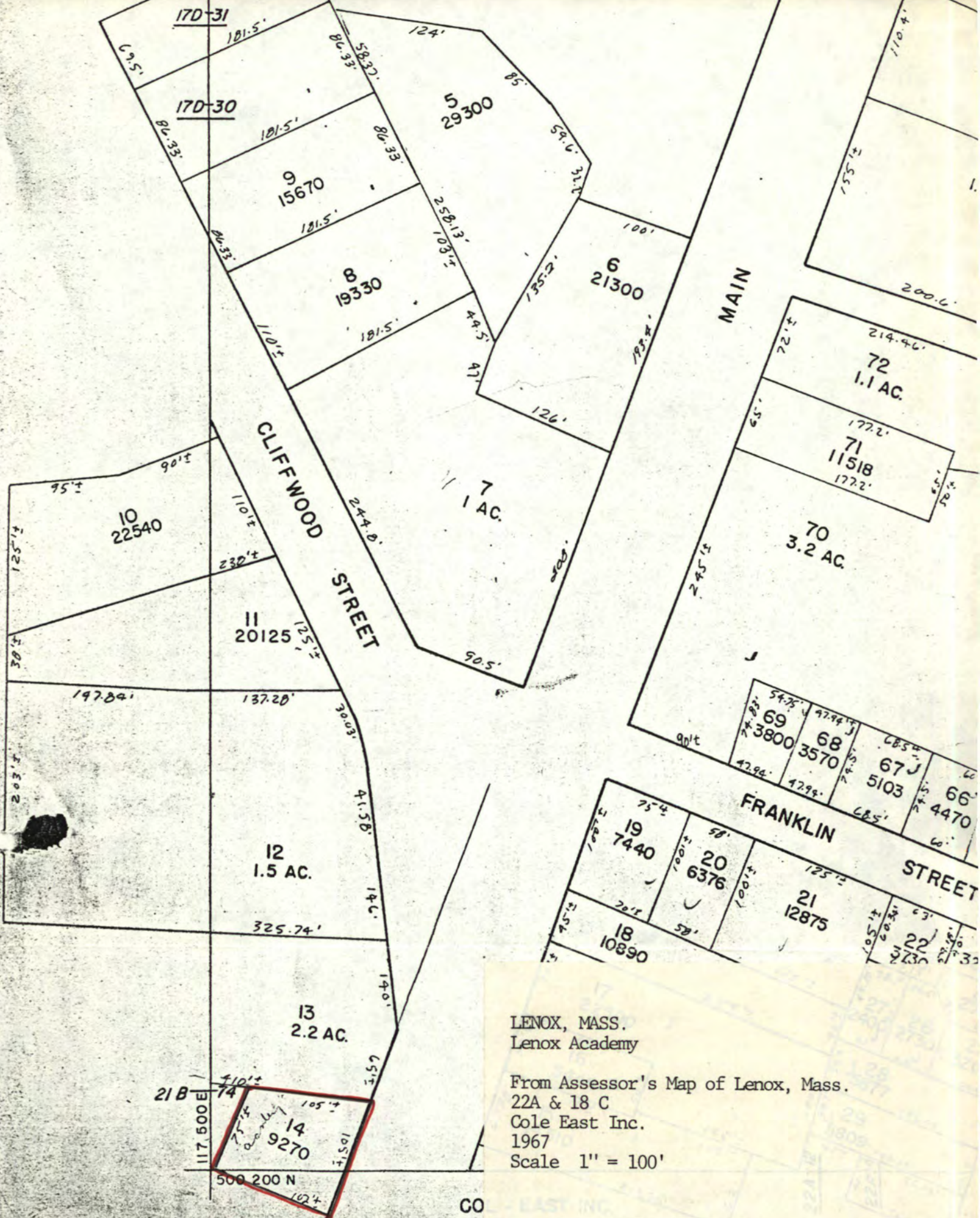
Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Berkshire, ss. November 5th, 1947. Then personally appeared the above named William L. Bull and George A. Mole and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be the free act and deed of the said Trustees of Lenox Academy,

before me, Edmund Spencer Notary Public, SEAL
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES NOV. 26, 1950

Berkshire ss: November 24, 1947 at 2:10 P. M. Received and recorded from the original.
Attest Walter S. Dickie Register

The nomination is confined to the Academy and its lot because it is the most outstanding building in the town center and because there is currently local opposition to creation of a district.



LENOX, MASS.
Lenox Academy

From Assessor's Map of Lenox, Mass.
22A & 18 C
Cole East Inc.
1967
Scale 1" = 100'

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

Lenox Academy
Berkshire County
MASSACHUSETTS

Working No. 8/31/82-2374

Fed. Reg. Date: 2.1.83

Date Due: 9/30/82 - 10/15/82

Action: ☒ ACCEPT 9/30/82

Entered in the ☐ RETURN

National Register ☐ REJECT

Federal Agency: _____

- ☐ resubmission
☐ nomination by person or local government
☐ owner objection
☐ appeal

Substantive Review: ☐ sample ☐ request ☐ appeal ☐ NR decision

Reviewer's comments:

Recom./Criteria _____

Reviewer _____

Discipline _____

Date _____

☐ see continuation sheet

Nomination returned for: ☐ technical corrections cited below
☐ substantive reasons discussed below

1. Name

2. Location

3. Classification

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use
	Public Acquisition	Accessible	

4. Owner of Property

5. Location of Legal Description

6. Representation in Existing Surveys

has this property been determined eligible? ☐ yes ☐ no

7. Description

Condition		Check one	Check one
☐ excellent	☐ deteriorated	☐ unaltered	☐ original site
☐ good	☐ ruins	☐ altered	☐ moved date _____
☐ fair	☐ unexposed		

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

- ☐ summary paragraph
☐ completeness
☐ clarity
☐ alterations/integrity
☐ dates
☐ boundary selection

8. Significance

Period _____ Areas of Significance—Check and justify below

Specific dates _____ Builder Architect _____

Statement of Significance (In one paragraph)

- _____ summary paragraph
- _____ completeness
- _____ clarity
- _____ applicable criteria
- _____ justification of areas checked
- _____ relating significance to the resource
- _____ context
- _____ relationship of integrity to significance
- _____ justification of exception
- _____ other

9. Major Bibliographical References

10. Geographical Data

Acres of nominated property _____

Quadrangle name _____

UMT References _____

Verbal boundary description and justification _____

11. Form Prepared By

12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is

_____ national _____ state _____ local

State Historic Preservation Officer signature _____

Title _____ date _____

13. Other

- _____ Maps
- _____ Photographs
- _____ Other

Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to _____

Signed _____ Date _____ Phone: 202 272 - 3504

Comments for any item may be continued on an attached sheet



602-26

Lenox Academy

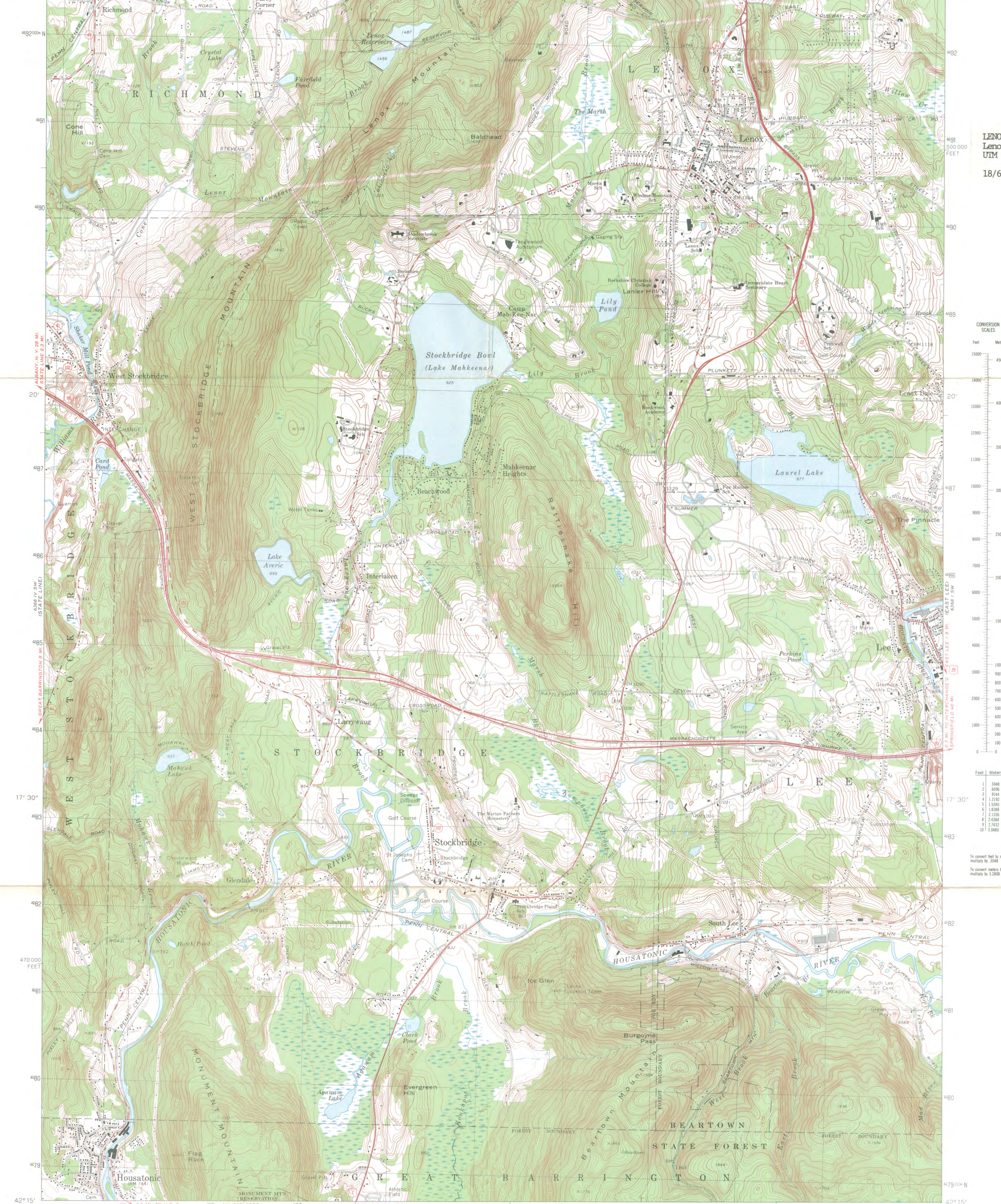
ART MARASCO
PHOTOGRAPHER
LENOX, MASS, 01240

LENOX, MASS.
Lenox Academy

1981
Negative filed with photographer,
Art Marasco, Lenox, Mass 01240

View of east (main) facade

Photo 1 Of 1





**MASSACHUSETTS
HISTORICAL
COMMISSION**

**COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
Office of the Secretary of State**

294 Washington Street
Boston, Massachusetts
02108
617-727-8470

MICHAEL JOSEPH CONNOLLY
Secretary of State

August 24, 1982

Mr. Jerry Rogers
Keeper, National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
Department of the Interior
Washington, D.C. 20243

Dear Mr. Rogers:

Enclosed you will find the following nomination forms:

Adams - Phillips Woolen Mill (local)
Adams - Renfrew Mill #2 (local)
Belchertown - Walker Collis House (local)
Hudson - Col. Adelbert Mossman House (local)
✓ Lenox - Lenox Academy (state)
Lenox - The "Church on the Hill" (local)
New Bedford - Dawson Building (local)
New Marlborough - New Marlborough Village Historic District (local)
North Andover - Machine Shop Village (state)
Pittsfield - Wollison- Shipton Building (local)
Rockport - Sewall-Scripture House (local)

All have been voted eligible by the State Review Board and have been signed by the State Historic Preservation Officer. Owners were notified of pending State Review Board considerations 30-75 days before the meeting and were afforded the opportunity to comment. Comments received to date are attached to the nomination forms.

Sincerely,

Candace Jenkins

Candace Jenkins
Registration Director
Massachusetts Historical Commission

Enclosures

CJ/mas



United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet



04000903
OMB Approval No. 1024-0018

Lenox School
Lenox (Berkshire), MA

Section number 10 Page 1

The coordinates originally provided for the Lenox School were 18 641075 469055. The correct location is 2208 feet due East of this point at **18 641747 4690550** (North American Datum 1927).

Corrected March 2009

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION

PROPERTY Lenox High School
NAME:

MULTIPLE
NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: MASSACHUSETTS, Berkshire

DATE RECEIVED: 10/28/11 DATE OF PENDING LIST:
DATE OF 16TH DAY: DATE OF 45TH DAY: 12/13/11
DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:

REFERENCE NUMBER: 04000903

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N
OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N
REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N

COMMENT WAIVER: N

___ ACCEPT ___ RETURN ___ REJECT ___ DATE

ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

Additional Documentation Approved

RECOM./CRITERIA

REVIEWER

DISCIPLINE

TELEPHONE

DATE

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts

William Francis Galvin, Secretary of the Commonwealth
Massachusetts Historical Commission

October 20, 2011

Mr. J. Paul Loether
National Register of Historic Places
Department of the Interior
National Park Service
1201 Eye Street, NW 8th floor
Washington, DC 20005

Dear Mr. Loether:

Re: Additional Documentation (Technical corrections of UTM's)

In the process of mapping National Register nominations for our GIS database, we have identified errors in UTM coordinates for 23 properties. The errors vary from a few hundred feet to hundreds of miles, often due to transposition of numbers.

As recommended by Edson Beall, we are enclosing a continuation sheet for each of the nominations. Please let me know if you need more information in order to correct your records.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Betsy Friedberg".

Betsy Friedberg
National Register Director
Massachusetts Historical Commission

Enclosures