United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS u	se only	y			
received	NOV		Ī	7	1985
date ente	red				
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not for publication

code

061

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Name 1

West Virginia University Neo-Classical Revival Buildings, Thematic Grouping historic

Purinton House and/or common

Location 2.

street & number University Avenue

city, town Morgantown vicinity of

54

code

West Virginia state

city, town

Classification 3.

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district	public	X occupied	agriculture	museum
building(s)	private	unoccupied	commercial	park
structure	both	work in progress	<u> </u>	private residence
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment	religious
object	N/A_ in process	\underline{x} yes: restricted	government	scientific
	being considered	yes: unrestricted	industrial	transportation
		no	military	other:

county

Monongalia

Owner of Property 4.

name	West Virginia Board	d of Regents				
street & nur	mber P. O. Box 330	68				
city, town	Charleston	vicinity of	state	WV	25333	
5. Lo	ocation of Le	gal Description				
courthouse	, registry of deeds, etc.	Monongalia County Courth	ouse			
street & nur	mber High Street	at Courthouse Square				
city, town	Morgantown		state	WV		
6. Re	epresentatio	n in Existing Su	irveys			
titleHistor	ric Properties Invent	ory (HPU) has this proper	y been determined eli	gible?	yes	_x_no
date Ma	ay 1983		federal stat	e	county	_ local
depository	for survey records	istory Department, West	VIrginia Univers	ity		
city, town	Morgantown		state	WV		

7. Description

Condition	deteriorated	Check one unaltered	Check one	N/A
x_good fair	ruins unexposed	<u> </u>	moved date	,

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Colonial Revival Purinton House was completed in 1904 was completed in 1904 from designs by architect J. Charles Fulton. It maintains Neo-Classical Revival features which characterize buildings of the second period (c. 1900-1930) at West Virginia University and preserves a peaceful, homey atmosphere amid the busy, modern environment on WVU's downtown campus. The building's style is reminiscent of the educational tradition of old Virginia, which WVU educators identified with during this period of the institution's history.

The designer of Purinton House followed the pattern of Colonial Revival architecture through his use of classical architectural elements and the disproportionate size of the portico and roofline compared to the rest of the house. The widow's walk adds another flare of Colonial Revivalism after the Georgian mode. Yet, the coursed ashlar exterior finish is a contemporary touch.

On the east (main) facade, two Ionic wood columns are prominently centered on the porch of the building. Slate tile adorns the hip roof. A balustraded deck tops the roof, as do four low chimneys. Two wooden dormers with triangular pediments adorn the eastern and western roof slopes and the northwestern and southwestern corners of the roof. A swan's neck pediment rests on the front center of the roof with a palladian window in it. Triangular pediments form the gable ends (northern and southern ends). These feature scroll-shaped brackets. Scroll-like modillions support the eaves under the roof. A widow's walk tops the front portico, and another rests on the front of the second story. Smaller Ionic columns supplement the support of the portico and edge the expansive porch. Low steps lead to the front and sides of the porch. A door on the left front of the house and a garage to the left of the house was added in 1937. Four 1/1 windows are on each facade. The dormer windows have 4/1 lights. The windows are not original, but the stone lintels remain.

. An an Andre 1995 and and an The interior has been extensively, but not irrevocably altered. The walls are plaster. Floors are carpeted hardwood. An enclosed staircase connects the three stories. Walls have been added to create more offices. The walls are temporary and all original fabric is intact.

31 A. C. 2. 363

8. Significance

1700–1799 1800–1899	37	community planning conservation economics <u>x</u> education engineering exploration/settlement industry	Iiterature military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1904–05	Builder/Architect J.	Charles Fulton	5

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

Purinton House, the first on-campus home of West Virginia University presidents, is a symbol of the university's growth; at the time of its construction, the university president needed an on-campus residence in order to keep constant vigilance on the school's expanding bureaucracy, but by 1967 the university had expanded to two campuses and the president moved his residence to a house near the newer Evansdale campus. The constant need for new office space for the expanding bureaucracy caused the house to be converted into an office building. Today, the house stands as a symbol of the university's history during the first decade of the twentiethcentury, just as other buildings on WVU's downtown campus stand as symbols of the historic periods in which they were built.

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University President Daniel B. Purinton ordered the construction of what would later be known as Purinton House in 1904 and 1905 as the first on-campus home for West Virginia University's president. Purinton had engaged in an extensive building program for the university, and critics of the building program expenditures attacked Purinton for constructing a house for his own use. Further criticism surfaced when Purinton was denied public funds to build the house but used private funds to begin construction anyway. Other controversies occurred because the price of the lot, which was offered for sale by WVU faculty member Dr. I. C. White, was considered excessive. Construction bogged down due to lack of funds, and Purinton used student fees to complete the house. The house cost \$42,611.94, with only \$13,000 paid from private sources. Purinton celebrated completion of the house on Thanksgiving Day, 1906 with a turkey dinner for the faculty members and their spouses. Another noteworthy event at the house was President William Howard Taft's address, "World Wide Speech," on November 2, 1911, from the front porch of Purinton House.

The proponent for the house, Daniel B. Purinton, served as president of West Virginia University from 1901 to 1911. He was born on February 15, 1850 in Preston County, West Virginia, the son of a Baptist minister. He graduated from WVU and received a doctorate from the University of Nashville. He became an instructor at WVU in 1873 and served as vice-president and acting president in 1881 and 1882. Purinton was president of Denison University from 1890 to 1901. He was married to Florence A. Lyon in 1876 and died on November 27, 1933 in Morgantown, West Virginia.

Today, the building houses offices for the Alumni Association, Vice-President for Institutional Advancement and his staff, and other administrative offices. The Alumni Association will vacate the building when the new alumni center, now under construction on the Evansdale campus, is completed.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet.

GPO 894-785

IVI GEUGIA	phical Data		·
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UT M References		_	
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Verbal boundary desci	ription and justification		
See continuatio	n sheet.	· . • *	
List all states and cou	nties for properties over	lapping state or cour	ty boundaries
state N/A	code	county	code
state	code	county	code
	repared By		
name/title Randall (Gooden and Mortar Boa	ard senior honorar	ry (Elizabeth Moore Hall)
organization WVU Publ	lic History Option	date	July 19, 1985
street & number Dept.	of History, West Vi	rginia Univ. telep	hone 304-293-2421
ity or town Morgan	ntown	state	WV
12. State H	listoric Pres	ervation O	fficer Certification
he evaluated significance	e of this property within the	state is:	
nation	al _X_ state	local	
As the designated State H	listoric Preservation Officer	for the National Historic	Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-
	nis property for inclusion in t nd procedures set forth by		d certify that it has been evaluated
-		nana	A share in the
State Historic Preservatio	n Officer signature	WIVE DI	phener
ille State Historic	Preservation Office	r	date 10/25/85
For NPS use only			
Thereby certify that	this property is included in t	the National Register	
, Katilek XIndi	Us		date /2/19/85
() Keeper of the Nationa	I Register		· /
Attest:		<u>n</u>	date
Chief of Registration			

NPS Form 10-900-a OMB No. 1024-0018 (3-82) Expires 10-31-87 **United States Department of the Interior National Park Service** For NPS use only **National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form** 2 WVU Neo-Classical Revival 8 Continuation sheet Item number Page

The Purinton House retains the appearance of an old south mansion but is not pretentious. The Colonial Revival character is unique to the Morgantown area. Its colomned portico and windows walk make for a charming addition to the downtown West Virginia University campus.

Purincon House

The architect, J. Charles Fulton was prominent not only for his design of the Purinton House, but also for the design and building of the Doddridge County Court House and the Randolph County Court House, both individually listed on the National Register.

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Continuation sheet WVU Neo-Classical Revival Item number 9

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Purinton House

Boundary descriptions and floor plans from files of WVU Facilities Planning and Management Office

Amber, Charles Henry. <u>A History of Education in West Virginia from Early Colonial</u> <u>Times to 1949</u>. Huntington, WV: Standard Printing & Publishing Co., Inc., 1951.

Doherty, William T. and Summers, Festus P. <u>West Virginia University</u>: <u>Symbol of Unity</u> in a Sectionalized State. Morgantown, WV: West Virginia University Press, 1982.

Core, Earl L. The Monongalia Story: A Bicentennial History. Vol. 3. Discord. Parsons, WV: McClain Printing Co., 1979.

Core, Earl L. The Monongalia Story: <u>A Bicentennial History</u>. Vol. 4. <u>Industrialization</u>. Parsons, WV: McClain Printing Co., 1982.

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Continuation sheet WVU Neo-Classical Revival Item number 10

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Page

Verbal Boundary Description and Justification

Purinton House

From point of beginning, follow sidewalk 104.5 feet northwest to point, thence southwest 145 feet to Hough Street, thence southeast 104.5 feet to corner of Hough Street and University Avenue, thence following University Avenue 117.8 feet to point of beginning. (See attached maps) 89PS Form 10-900-a (8-62)

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Verbal Boundary Description

Item number



E. Moore Hall Purinton House Boundary

Continuation sheet

Beginning at the same point of beginning as described in deed book 75, page 398, then N 25° 14' E 230' to the curb at the corner of University Avenue and Woodburn Driveway the N 26° 30' W 105' to a point on said curb then N 50° 30' W 52' to a point on same vcurb then N 67° 00' W 124' to a point on the edge of pavement for parking lot number 2 then S 23° oo' W 192' to a point at the edge of sidewalk then WEST 20' then S 5° 30' E 140' then N 84° co' E 67" along north edge of stairs then S 18° 00' E 13' then S 21° 00' W 80' then S 12° 15' W 65' to a point on the driveway curb then S 69° 57' E along said curb to a point at the corner with University Avenue then N 25⁰ 14' E 117.8' to the point of beginning containing 2,036 acres and being a part of those lands described in deed book 98 page 146 and deed book 75 page 398 as recorded in the County Clerk's Office in the Monongalia County Court House.

