National Register of Historic Place Registration Form	NATIONAL REGISTER
National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National by entering the information requested. If an item does not ap architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance	ns for individual properties and districts. See instructions in <i>How to Complete the</i> al Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or ply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, e, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional n 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.
1. Name of Property	
historic name St. John Baptist Church	
other names/site number	
2. Location	
	N/A not for publication
	N/4⊡ vicinity
state <u>Louisiana</u> code <u>LA</u> c	ounty <u>Iberville</u> code <u>047</u> zip code <u>70788</u>
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
□ request for determination of eligibility meets the do Historic Places and meets the procedural and professi meets □ does not meet the National Register critt nationally □ statewide ☑ locally. (□ See continu Signature of certifying official/Title Jonathan Fri Deputy SHPO, Dept of Culture, Rec State of Federal agency and bureau	12/14/93 icker, Date creation and Tourism
In my opinion, the property	et the National Register criteria. ( $\Box$ See continuation sheet for additional
Signature of certifying official/Title	Date
State or Federal agency and bureau	
4. National Park Service Certification	D Signature of the Keeper Entered in the Date of Action
I hereby certify that the property is:	B) Signature of the Keeper National Register
entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet.	Mumdapsen "12194
☐ determined eligible for the National Register ☐ See continuation sheet ☐ determined not eligible for the	

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**NEC 1** 7 1993

NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

1549 OMB No. 10024-0018

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National Register. removed from the National Register. other, (explain:) \_\_\_\_

St. John Baptist Church Name of Property

### Iberville Parish, LA

County and State

Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of	Resources within Pr	roperty	
(Check as many boxes as apply)	(Check only one box)	(Do not include previously listed resources in the count.)			
XI private	🛛 building(s)	Contributing	g Noncontributi	ng	
public-local     public State	☐ district	1		buildings	
public-State public-Federal	□ site □ structure				
	object				
				Total	
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)		Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register			
N/A	<u>,</u>	0			
6. Function or Use		· · · ·		###**	
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Func (Enter categories	tions from instructions)	<u> </u>	
RELIGION/religious f	acility	RELIGION/	/religious facili	ty	
7. Description					
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories	s from instructions)		
no style		foundation	brick		
		walls	weatherboard		
		- <u></u>	metal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		roof			
		otner			

### St. John Baptist Church Name of Property

### 8. Statement of Significance

### **Applicable National Register Criteria**

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- □ **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- □ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.

**D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

### Criteria Considerations

(Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)

### Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- □ **B** removed from its original location.
- $\Box$  **C** a birthplace or grave.
- D a cemetery.
- **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure.
- **F** a commemorative property.
- □ G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

### Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

### 9. Major Bibliographical References

### **Bibilography**

(Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

### Previous documentation on file (NPS): N/A

- □ preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- □ designated a National Historic Landmark
- $\hfill\square$  recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey
- # \_\_\_\_\_ recorded by Historic American Engineering Record # \_\_\_\_\_

### Iberville Parish, LA County and State

\_\_\_\_\_

Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) Ethnic Heritage/Black Exploration/Settlement **Period of Significance** c.1871-1893 Significant Dates c.1871-1893 Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A **Cultural Affiliation** N/A

### Architect/Builder

unknown

### Primary location of additional data:

- **X** State Historic Preservation Office
- □ Other State agency
- Federal agency
- Local government
- University
- Other
- Name of repository:

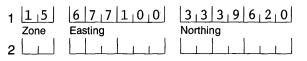
### Iberville Parish, LA County and State

### 10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property \_\_\_\_less than acre

### **UTM References**

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)



### Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

#### Please refer to sketch map. Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

### 11. Form Prepared By

See continuation sheet

Easting

Northing

November 1993

3

Zone

# name/title <u>National Register Staff</u>

organization <u>Division of Historic Preservation</u> date

street & number	Р.	0.	Box	44247	telephone_	(504)	342-8160	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				(		

## city or town \_\_\_\_\_ Baton Rouge \_\_\_\_\_\_ state Louisiana zip code \_\_\_\_\_70804

### **Additional Documentation**

Submit the following items with the completed form:

### **Continuation Sheets**

### Maps

A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A Sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

### Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

### Additional items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner								
(Complete this item a	t the request of SHPO or FPO.)							
nameSt.	John Baptist Church							
street & number_	31925 Lacroix Road	telephone (504) 545-3475						
city or town	Dorseyville	state Louisiana zip code _70788						

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

St. John Baptist Church, Dorseyville, Iberville Parish, LA

Section number \_\_\_\_7 Page \_\_\_1

St. John Baptist Church is a large frame building located in the small rural African American community of Dorseyville. It was built sometime between 1871 and 1875. The church's stylistic influences are so slight that the term "no style" is being used in the architectural classification section of this form. Despite a few alterations, the building easily retains its National Register eligibility as a symbol of the earliest history of Dorseyville.

St. John Baptist is a basilican plan building five bays deep with a second story gallery on three sides of the interior. The basic form and appearance of the church is mainly related to low-key rural Greek Revival churches of the mid-nineteenth century -- i.e., a clapboarded structure with tall windows, a partial entablature and a forward facing gable. However, unlike this prototype, St. John has a three stage entrance tower at its center. The detailing of the tower is largely Italianate. The first stage features a round arch entrance surmounted by a pediment. This in turn is surmounted by another pediment with an inset lunette. The second and third stages feature round arch louvered openings. Capping the tower is a low pyramidal steeple. Flanking the tower is a pair of secondary doors with unusual beveled edge boards attached in a manner suggestive of raised panels. The side windows are very unusual. Each tall opening features a six over six window at the top and at the bottom. These are separated by a central plain board marking the floor level of the interior gallery.

Many of the interior surrounds feature built up boards suggestive of Greek Revival fluting. The dominant feature of the interior is the previously mentioned gallery which has decorative horizontal panels below the railing.

St. John Baptist Church has experienced the following alterations:

(1) Early in the building's history jigsaw ornamentation was added to the peak of the pediment on the first stage of the entrance tower.

(2) A gabled single story addition was placed on the rear during a 1950s remodeling project. It contains a space for the choir and ancillary rooms. An eighty year old member of the church remembers that the back wall originally had two windows. It appears that when the addition was built, a wide arched opening was cut in the back wall to set off the newly created choir loft. The previously mentioned older member states that the arched surround has been there as long as she can remember; however, it is extremely unlikely that it is original (i.e., a wide arched surround on a back wall inscribing two windows).

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

St. John Baptist Church, Dorseyville, Iberville Parish, LA

Section number  $\underline{\phantom{1}7}$  Page  $\underline{\phantom{1}2}$ 

(3) Also, in the 1950s the ceiling was fitted with celotex tiles, the walls were covered with paneling, and the posts supporting the balcony were encased in paneling and capitals were added. (Whether the original posts had capitals is not known.)

(4) Air conditioning units with ducts reaching almost a full story were added to the side elevations (two on each side).

(5) Some of the exterior sheathing has been replaced -- specifically, that on at least the first stage of the tower and some of the boards along the bottom of the building. Because the gauge was matched, this is only evident upon very close inspection.

(6) Sometime in the twentieth century the main front doors were removed and replaced with shorter doors. The space between the top of the doors and the base of the arch was filled with a single sheet of glass.

### Assessment of Integrity:

Although the church has experienced some change over the years, almost all modifications have been on the interior or to the rear. The exterior looks much as it did when the building was completed, and there is no question that someone from the historic period would recognize it instantly.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

St. John Baptist Church, Iberville Parish, LA

Section number \_\_\_\_8 Page \_\_\_1

St. John Baptist Church is locally significant in the areas of ethnic heritage and exploration/settlement because it represents the earliest history of the African-American community of Dorseyville. The period of significance was chosen to represent the early history of the community. It spans from the construction of the church (c.1871) to 1893, by which time Dorseyville had a school (see below).

Dorseyville takes its name from Reverend Bazile Dorsey, the first pastor of St. John Church and the recognized founder of the community. Surrounded by sugarcane plantations, the village developed in the years immediately following the Civil War as a place for black agricultural workers to live. According to a cornerstone on the church, St. John was organized in 1868 and incorporated September 19, 1869. "B. Dorsey" is also inscribed on the stone. Conveyance records show that the property was acquired on October 30, 1871. An October 23, 1875 purchase of additional land refers to the church as being built.

The community was sufficiently established to appear on Mississippi River Commission maps of 1879-80. Various buildings are shown in what is labeled "Dorcyville," and the village's present layout was in place (two long streets running perpendicular to the Mississippi River). In 1881, a post office was established at Dorseyville, remaining in operation through 1918. By 1893, local children had a school, thanks to the efforts of St. John Baptist Church under the leadership of Reverend Dorsey. In a public/private arrangement very typical of black education in Louisiana at the time, the church provided a building and the parish school board some financial support. The two room school taught grades 1-7.

Unfortunately, little survives to represent the early history of Dorseyville. Although the school building is still there, it has been altered to such an extent that it would not be recognizable to someone from the historic period. Most of the residences are either modern or significantly altered older buildings. Surviving historic buildings include a small minority of homes (late nineteenth/early twentieth century) and St. John Baptist Church.

Although there is no written record of the founding of Dorseyville, it seems likely that it grew up around St. John's, given the early founding of the congregation and construction of the church building (i.e., just a few years after the end of the Civil War). Expressing the high aspirations of newly freed slaves and the pivotal role of the church in black culture, St. John is a large, rather pretentious building within its context. As a powerful visual reminder of Dorseyville's early history, it is an excellent candidate for the National Register.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

St. John Baptist Church, Dorseyville, Iberville Parish, LA

Section number \_\_\_\_9 Page \_\_\_1

## Bibliography

Conveyance Records, Iberville Parish.

Mississippi River Commission Maps, 1879-80.

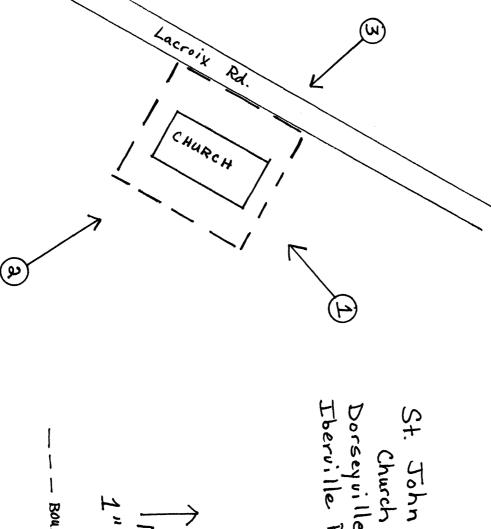
Cornerstone on St. John Baptist Church giving date congregation organized and incorporated.

- Riffel, Judy, editor. <u>Iberville Parish History</u>. Baton Rouge, Le Comite des Archives de la Louisiane, 1985.
- Historical background on Dorseyville school, including a historic photo and cornerstone bearing date of 1893. Copy in Register file, Division of Historic Preservation.

# National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

St. John Baptist Church, Iberville Parish, LA Section number \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_

The boundaries were chosen to encompass the significant resource. They do not follow property lines because to have done so would have meant including various non-contributing elements.



- - BOUNDARY

|N 1"=60'

St. John Baptist Church Dorseyville Iberville Parish, LA