Researcher: Linda L. Bonar Date: 10/4/78 Site No. <u>BV-04-259</u> SIGN. SITE

Utah State Historical Society

Historic Preservation Research Office

Structure/Site Information Form

LESS THAN ONE ACRE

2 IDENTIFICATION	Street Address: <u>195 Nerth</u> Name of Structure:	a 1st West				S.
		am D. Smith			UTM:12/356	250/
ğ	Owner Address:	<u>ver Utah 84713</u>			Tax #: _{B-156})
AGE/CONDITION/USE 2	Original Owner: John Rup	phard, Lee House	Construction	Date: _{ca 1880}	Demolition Dat	te:
	Original Use: residence				<u> </u>	
	Present Use: V Single-Family Multi-Family Public Commercial	□ Park □ Industrial □ Agricultural	□ Vacant □ Religious □ Other		Occupants:	
	Building Condition: Excellent Good Deteriorated	□ Site □ Ruins	Integrity: Unaltered Minor Alteration Major Alteration			
3 STATUS	Preliminary Evaluation: Significant Contributory Not Contributory Intrusion			National Register	atus: □ District □ Multi-Resource □ Thematic	
DOCUMENTATION	Photography: Date of Slides: Views: Front	Other D		notographs: ont □ Side □ Rear □	Other D	
	Research Sources:					
	 Abstract of Title Plat Records Plat Map Tax Card & Photo Building Permit Sewer Permit Sanborn Maps 	 □ City Directories □ Biographical Encyclop □ Obituary Index □ County & City Histories ✓ Personal Interviews □ Newspapers □ Utah State Historical Set 	5	□ LDS Church Archiv □ LDS Genealogical □ U of U Library □ BYU Library □ USU Library □ SLC Library ☑ Other fieldw	Society	

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

W. Don Smith, interviewed 10/30/79 in Beaver by L.L. Bonar

Architect/Builder:

Building Materials: brick

Building Type/Style:

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features: (Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

The home is a brick cottage with an original leanto on the rear also of brick. On the front facade there are four windows and a central door, all symmetrically placed and all five piercings have wooden pediments above them. The home rests upon a foundation of cut black rock and the brickwork is common bond. The Greek Revival style cornice is quite elaborate, displaying paired scroll brackets. Just below this wooden cornice are two courses of decorative brickwork. The only alteration on the house is a front porch, which is probably historic, but not very compatible with the rest of the home.

Statement of Historical Significance:

Aboriginal Americans
 Agriculture
 Architecture
 The Arts
 Commerce

Communication
Conservation
Education
Exploration/Settlement
Industry

- □ Military
 □ Mining
 □ Minority Groups
 □ Political
 □ Recreation
- Religion
 Science
 Socio-Humanitarian
 Transportation

The home is significant because of its historic construction date, its unaltered appearance and its style. The style of this home may be considered in many ways to represent an ideal architectural image for many pioneers. As such, this ideal was sought after and commonly built by many town residents who had achieved some prosperity. The home is significant because it is a lovely example of a nicely designed, vernacular brick cottage that is still in its original condition. Its proportions are pleasing, its appearance is formal (due to the symmetry of its door and windows, and its neat, square lines) and it is formally decorated with its pediments and cornice. In these ways, the cottage represents a modest, ideal pioneer home in the early Utah-Mormon culture.