city, town

OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



state

Montana

	s in <i>How to Complete N</i> —complete applicable s			•
1. Nam	ie			
historic $_{ m B}$	arich Block			
and/or common	same			
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	416-420 E. Par	k St reet		n/a not for publication
city, town Anai	nconda	n/a vicinity of	congressional-slatrict	
state Mon	tana cod e	e 030 county	Deer Lodge	code ₀₂₃
3. Clas	sification		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Category district _x building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation x other: fraterna
4. Own	er of Prope	rty		
	ernal Order of Eagle			
street & number	420 E. Park Sti	reet		
city, town	Anaconda	n/avicinity of	state	Montana
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Anaconda-Deer L	odge Courthouse	
street & number		800 S. Main		
city, town	·	Anaconda	state	Montana
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Surveys	
title Anacon	da C.B.D. Redevelop	ment study has this pro	operty been determined e	eligible? <u>x</u> yes no
date 1980			federal sta	ate <u>x</u> county <u>x</u> loca
depository for su	irvey records State	Historic Preservat	ion Office	
city, town	elena			Montana

				
Condition excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered altered	Check one original site moved date _	~ *

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

7. Description

The Barich Block is a commercial and residential structure on E. Park Street in the central business district of Anaconda, Montana. Although the first floor commercial facade has been considerably altered, the combination brick and granite second floor facade retains its original materials and visual integrity.

The facade is symmetrical above the summer beam and of tri-partite design with a small planar segmental pediment in the blocking course of the central bay. The central bay is subdivided into four sections with the center two sections forming the main feature of the building, a brick segmental arch with granite imposts and a granite keystone with the inscription "1893". The arch is supported in the center by a brick column. Each section of the center bay features a double hung window with fixed transom. Transom bars, lintels, and sills are rock faced ashlar granite.

Flanking bays feature a double hung window flanked by narrow double hung windows with transoms. The windows are surmounted by a segmental brick arch with granite imposts. Transom bars are rock faced ashlar granite. Vertical divisions in the facade are terminated by a bollard shaped granite pinnacle atop the granite coping.

The entrances to the Barich Block appear to be in the original locations, although the material is now anodized aluminum stick construction.

The concrete masonry unit garage of recent construction is an addition at the rear of the Barich Block.

The interior of the ground floor has been significantly altered through remodeling by a succession of commercial retail tenants. The second floor retains its integrity in plan and detail including original wood trim, cabinetry, and doors. Some new gypsum board ceilings and closets exist.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agriculture architecture art commerce communications		landscape architectur	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1893	Builder/Architect u	nknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Barich Block, originally a saloon on the ground floor with apartments on the second floor, is one of the finer examples of Anaconda's early vernacular commercial brick buildings. It is a concrete expression of the desire of early Anaconda to be a legitimate western-urban entity. The fanciful combination of imported brick and local granite, the careful detailing of the principal facade, and the use of granite in pinnacle ornamentation is unique to this structure, although it fits a pattern of care and material use in Montana.

Anaconda was founded in 1883 as the site for Marcus Daly's new smelterworks. During the later 1880's and 1890's, the city expanded rapidly as immigrants flooded the town to work in the smelter. George Barich, the original owner of the Barich Block, served for a time as an agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company. Immigrants coming directly from their native land might be consigned to Barish's care upon arriving in Anaconda. Barich operated a saloon and "general" business in this building until 1910 when he retired to pursue his various mining interests. The Barich Block remains a fine example of the kind of commercial construction erected during the period of early growth and prosperity in the city of Anaconda.

9. Major Bibliographical References

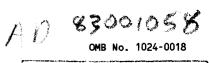
Anaconda Standard October 7, 1933 Sanborn Fire Insurance Map 1890. 1891, 1894 Anaconda City Directory 1894

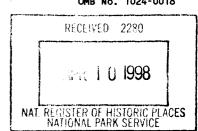
10. Geograph	ical Data				
Acreage of nominated property Quadrangle name Anaconda, UMT References		1. ft.)	Qua	drangle scale	1:62,500
A 1 2 3 4 9 2 4 0 5 Zone Easting	II II Q II Q Q	B Zor	e Easting	North	ing
C		D	J		
Verbai boundary description	and justification				
arcel 28-6, Block 28, L 16-420 E. Park, Anacon	da, MT				
List all states and counties state $_{ m n/a}$	code	county	r county bound		code
state	code	county			code
11. Form Prep		- County			
name/title Robert L. Stor	uffer and James	R. McDonald			
organization James R. McDo	nald Architects	P.C.	date Oct	ober 1982	
P.O. Box	x 8163		telephone 54	3-3787	area 406
Missoul	a		state Mo	ntana	
12. State Hist	oric Pres	ervatior	Office	r Certi	ification
The evaluated significance of thi	s property within the	state is:			•
national	state	/ local	•		
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this prop according to the criteria and pro	erty for inclusion in the cedures set forth by the	ne National Regis ne National Park	ter and certify th		
State Historic Preservation Offic	er signature	SH PU	Sloopy	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
title	Deputy	SHPO	y o	ate -18	68-2
For NPS use only Thereby certify that this processor of the National Region	poorty is included in the	se Parliament Rough			19-13

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM





1. Name of Property				
historic name: Barich, George Block (Amend	lment)		,	
other name/site number: None				
2. Location				
street & number: 416-420 East Park Avenue				not for publication: n/a
city/town: Anaconda				vicinity: n/a
state: Montana code: MT	county: Deer Lodge	code: 023	zip code: 59711_	
3. State/Federal Agency Certification				
determination of eligibility meets the documents procedural and professional requirements set if Criteria. I recommend that this property be concomments.) Signature of certifying official/Title Montana State Historic Preservation Officiate or Federal agency or bureau	forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my nsidered significant national	opinion, the property	/ X meets _ does not meet	the National Register
In my opinion, the property meets does	not most the National Posictor	critoria		
in my opinion, the property meets does	not meet the National Negister	Criteria.		
Signature of commenting or other official		Date		
State or Federal agency and bureau				
4 N. d. and D. L. C. and C. and C. and				
4. National Park Service Certification 1, hereby certify that this property is:	Signature o	f the Keeper	D	Pate of Action
entered in the National Register see continuation sheet determined eligible for the National Register				
see continuation sheetdetermined not eligible for the National Registersee continuation sheetremoved from the National Registersee continuation sheet other (explain): Additional Documentation Accept	oted Casam)	A Bea	5/20/	78

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria: A, C

Areas of Significance:

Development of Commerce, Community Development,

Architecture

Criteria Considerations (Exceptions): n/a

Period(s) of Significance: 1892, 1893

Significant Person(s): n/a

Significant Dates: 1892-1893

Cultural Affiliation: n/a

Architect/Builder: Dwyer, Daniel & Cosgrove, John

Narrative Statement of Significance

The George Barich Block, located at 416-420 East Park Avenue in Anaconda, Montana is one of the most substantial brick commercial blocks Anaconda's Commercial Historic District. The building was one of the first large brick commercial blocks constructed on the east end of the downtown area and it displays one of the finer examples of Anaconda's early vernacular brick commercial buildings. The building qualifies for listing under Criterion A for its associations with the development of Anaconda's early downtown and for its associations with commerce. It is also eligible under Criterion C for its expressive architecture with Romanesque affinities.

Background History

Anaconda, Montana was founded in 1883 by Marcus Daly, an Irish immigrant and entrepreneur who had selected this site in the Warm Springs Creek Drainage to construct one of the world's largest copper smelting and reduction works. By late summer, 1883, nearly 1200 men had composed a tented community, complete with saloons, restaurants and boardinghouses.

The original Upper Works, as the first smelting complex was known, was located northeast of Anaconda's Original Townsite, and it became one of the most profitable mining-related sites in the world. Together with the mines in Butte, the Anaconda smelter was one of the top copper producers in the world for over thirty years

The 1890s were especially a time of growth and expansion for Anaconda and the Anaconda Company. Not only was a new complex constructed west of the Upper Works, but the town also experienced its largest all-time period of growth, with the population expanding from nearly 4,000 in 1890 to almost 8,000 in 1895. Coinciding with this population increase was a construction boom in the commercial district and the residential neighborhoods of Anaconda.

A number of large brick commercial blocks, both one and two stories in height were constructed for entrepreneurs and proprietors in Anaconda's commercial downtown. Early businessmen built large business houses to attract the large number of bachelors who came to town to work at the smelter. By 1887 and 1888, the 100 and 200 Blocks of Main Street, in addition to the 100 and 200 Blocks of East Commercial and East Park Street began to be developed and most were composed of brick. The 1890s were the most active building years in the district and the numbers of brick blocks constructed directly corresponded to the success and expansion of the Anaconda Company smelter.

Austrian immigrant **George Barich** was one of the many Anaconda businessmen who capitalized on the success of Marcus Daly's smelter. Barich, who had immigrated to the United States as a young man, arrived in Butte in the early 1880s, where he operated a saloon and boardinghouse for a few years. When Anaconda was founded in 1883, Barich was one of its pioneer businessmen, opening a food and clothing store in a frame building on East Park Avenue, which he operated before he had the Barich Block constructed as a saloon and general businesshouse in 1892.

Barich was a leader in the Anaconda community. Not only did he operate one of the most successful saloons in Anaconda during the historic 1890s, but he also served in civic capacities. He was one of the founding members of St. Peter's Austrian Roman Catholic Church in 1897 and became the first president of the St. Peter & Paul Lodge, a branch of the Slavic Fraternal Union in 1887. He also served as an agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, helping the arriving Austrian immigrants find work and a place to live when they arrived in Anaconda. Mr. Barich retired from the saloon business in 1910.

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

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The first story of the Barich Block was built in late 1892 by Daniel Dwyer and John Cosgrove. Dwyer and Cosgrove built a second story for the building for \$4,000.00 in 1893. The second story offered fourteen large office rooms, while the first floor housed Barich's saloon and the C.S. Brandon Drug store.

John Cosgrove, an expert mason and builder in Anaconda, was a well-respected colleague of Marcus Daly, whom Cosgrove had met while working the Comstock Lode in Nevada during the 1860s. Cosgrove originally plied his trade constructing the pump shafts and processing plants in the mining fields of Nevada, and later, Butte. He came to Anaconda in 1883 and was credited with constructing the foundations for the original Upper Works on the north side of the Warm Springs Valley. He joined forces with mason and contractor Dan Dwyer during the late 1880s, and the two constructed a number of the original brick business houses, including the Barich Block, in the commercial downtown. Cosgrove individually worked on the St. Jean Block and its annex at 210 and 212 East Park. He and Dwyer built a residence at 313 West Third and the Union Block at 116 Main, which has been demolished. In addition Cosgrove and Dwyer constructed a number of buildings and mining complexes in other western cities. He remained in Anaconda until approximately 1905. John Cosgrove died in Nevada in 1906.¹

Anaconda contractor and brick mason **Daniel Dwyer** was born in Castletown, Berehaven, County Cork, Ireland in 1850. He immigrated to the United States in 1873, first locating in Michigan, where he was employed by the Calumet-Hecla Mining Company as a brick mason foreman. He moved to Butte in 1878 and came to Anaconda in approximately 1886 to help the Anaconda Company construct the New Lower Works northeast of Anaconda. At the Lower Works, he specifically designed and constructed the large smoke stack. He also constructed several of the brick business blocks in Anaconda's downtown either by himself or with the help of his partner John Cosgrove. Such buildings include the Dwyer Block at 114 Main, now demolished, and the Petritz Block at 115 Main. He also built a street railway barn for the city at 807 East Commercial Avenue. Dwyer was elected a trustee of the Anaconda School Board in 1890 and as the third mayor of the City of Anaconda in 1893; he served one term as mayor. His services were advertised well into the 1920s. He died in 1943.

The Barich Block is one of the most impressive buildings on East Park Avenue. Noteworthy as one of the first large commercial buildings constructed on the east end of the downtown area, for its associations with the development of commerce, and for its architectural integrity, the building accurately represents early-day downtown Anaconda.

Amendment Prepared By

name/title: Kimberly Currie Morrison, Community Surveyor/Historian

organization: MT SHPO date: June, 1996

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city or town: Montana state: MT zip code: 59620-1202

¹ "Tribute to a Man". Butte InterMountain. 12/12/06, 6:4.

² Miller. 357.

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Amended Sources

Anaconda Standard (newspaper). 10/31/1892, 9/1/1893, 10/7/33, 5/21/43.

Butte Intermountain (newspaper). 12/02/06.

Miller, Joaquin. History of Montana. Chicago, IL: Lewis Publishing Company, 1894.