United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only MAR 3 0 1002 received MAR 3 v 1982 date entired APR 2 9 1982

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	ie				
historic Me	rrill-Maley H	ouse			
and/or common	same				
2. Loca	ation				
street & number	739 Nerth	State Street		N/A	1 not for publication
city, town Jack	son	N/A vi	cinity of	congressional district	Fourth
state Mississ	ippi	code 28	county	Hinds	code 049
3. Clas	sificatio	n			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public X private both Public Acquising in process N/A being consi	tion Accessib yes: r	cupied in progress l e	Present Use agriculture _X_ commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
street & number	ert H. Canizar 733 North	State Street			
city, town Ja	ackson	N/A vi	cinity of	state	Mississippi
5. Loca	ation of	Legal Des	criptic	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc.	Office of t	he Chancer	y Clerk, Hinds Coun	ty Chancery Court
street & number	316 South	President Stree		Bulluling	•
city, town	Jackson			state	Mississippi
6. Rep	resentat	ion in Exi	sting \$	Surveys	
title Statewide	e Survey of Hi	storic Sites	has this pro	perty been determined ele	gible? yes $rac{X}{}$ no
date 1981	L			federal X state	e county loca
depository for su	rvev records	Mississippi Depa	rtment of	Archives and Histor	
city, town	Jackson			state	Mississippi

7. Description

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Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Two-and-a-half-story frame residential structure located in mixed-use neighborhood in Jackson, Mississippi. Symmetrical, three-bay composition with central portico, giant order Corinthian columns and pilasters supporting an entablature and ballustrade. Tile roof with hipped dormers. Original three-part windows altered 1945 by commercial show-room bays on the first level. Entrance with glazed, double-leaf door, side lights and transom. Single-bay balcony supported by brackets. Center-hall plan, irregular single pile with rear service ell. Altered, yet restorable interior integrity.

The Merrill-Maley House is located on an 80 feet wide by 160 feet deep mid-block on the west side of North State Street approximately six blocks north of Capitol Street and the Old Capitol Building. The site is bordered along State Street on the south by a small two-story office building, on the north by a full depth one-story doctors' building. An eight-story modern hotel is directly across the street. The Merrill-Maley House with the large live oak tree in the front yard forms a delightful counterpoint to this context.

The most dominant features of this two-story, wood frame, clapboard, Colonial Revival home are six Corinthian columns which support a portico centered in the facade. As the simple entablature returns to the body of the house, it is supported by a pair of pilasters matching the columns. Under this portico is the main entry which consists of full glazed double doors surrounded by side lights and transom with diamond pattern glass. Above the main entry is a small projecting balcony carried on four large brackets. This balcony is accessible by a full-glazed door flanked by double-hung side lights. The impact of this grand portico is diluted by single-story bays added in 1945 which flank the portico extending from the original facade to the line of the portico. bays occupy the area which was originally a raised verandah extending the full width of the front facade. The porch was enclosed with a handsome turned balustrade which has been preserved and reinstalled atop the more recent construction. The windows of the addition also appear to have been reused from the original structure. These consist of a square light topped by a transom of diamond mullioned glass and double-hung side lights with top sections divided into diamond lights similar to the transom. lights are typical of all windows in the front portion of the house. Above the additions are two slightly projecting wide bay windows glazed in typical fashion. Below these windows are organically patterned carved wood panels. The hipped roof of this house is made from green glazed tile with exuberant tile finials at the top of the hips and above the numerous projecting hipped dormers. Three small symmetrically placed dormers grace The sides and rear facades are less elaborate in their detail but consistent in their reference. A continuous entablature is supported at the corners by simple pilasters. The deep eave above the entablature is decorated with eavenly spaced brackets.

Entry to the house is through a large center stair hall. The stair rises along the south wall to a landing at about eight feet above the floor, a wide balcony across the back wall leads to a shorter run of stairs, now removed, which returned along the opposite wall to the second level. A broad brick fireplace with simple wood mantel is located below the landing opposite the entry. The fireplace is flanked by windows in walls which return to the north and south walls at a 45-degree angle. Above the fireplace at the balcony level is a window punched through the center of the chimney. The entry hall opens on either side by way of wide openings framed by large scale simply

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric agricultureX architecture art commerce communications	community planning	landscape architecture law literature military music t philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1907	Builder/Architect	Unknown	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Merrill-Maley House is a site significant to the architectural history of Jackson, Mississippi (criteria C). It is a fine example of the Colonial Revival style characterized by the lavish use of giant order columns, overscaled and elaborately decorated fenestration, symmetrical composition and prominent roof. The popularity of the Colonial Revival style in the early twentieth century coincided with an era of unprecedented prosperity in Jackson which was developing into Mississippi's most important commercial center. Large and impressive Colonial Revival mansions characterized the architecture of State Street and reflected the wealth, taste and nostalgia of those who flourished in the pre-Depression economy. In the 1950s and 1960s, however, many of these expensive and old-fashion dwellings gave way to an expanding business district and were destroyed at an alarming rate. Of those to survive, the Merrill-Maley House is among the best in terms of integrity and excellence of original design.

The history of the Merrill-Maley House closely parallels the history of the street it faces. The lots along North State Street were subdivided beginning at the turn of the twentieth century. The land on which this house is located was subdivided in 1905. It was bought in 1907 by Philip S. Merrill, manager of the George B. Merrill & Bros. Lumber Company, who built a house for his family and their attendants. Lumbering was a mainstay of the early-twentieth-century economy in Mississippi. It is not surprising, therefore, that the second owner, Charles E. Maley, was also a lumberman. Maley migrated from his family home in Evansville, Indiana, to Jackson by way of Yazoo City, Mississippi, in pursuit of his trade. Mr. Maley's fortunes and those of his business, the Henry Maley Lumber Company, began to fall along with the prestige of North State Street. When he was forced to sell the house, it was bought by Mrs. Lucille Henderson, wife of a prominent Jackson physician, Dr. W. F. Henderson. Dr. Henderson was head of the Radiology Department at Mississippi Baptist Hospital. By the 1940s, the most desirable residential areas had moved away from the center of the city to the north. Commercial structures had begun to encroach on the once grand residential boulevard. Mrs. Henderson, upon her husband's death in the late 1930s, converted the lower floor of the house to a women's clothing shop. The family continued to live on the upper floor. During World War II, the house was the location of the Town Club, a social club catering to servicemen. In 1945, the Merrill-Maley House was converted into seven small apartments.

The structure remained an apartment building for the next thirty years, while many of the surrounding houses were demolished to make way for commercial structures. The house has gradually fallen into disrepair making the upper floor uninhabitable. The current owners have rented the building to an antique dealer who uses the ground floor as a showroom. The value of the property has again begun to rise as commercial property, due to the proximity to the Central Business District. The current owners believe that the Merrill-Maley House can become an economically viable property while serving as a reminder of the grand history that this house and street have seen. Alternative uses for the house including hotel, restaurant, and office facilities are being investigated.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Jackson City Directories 1910, 1914, 1916, 1928, 1935, 1942, 1945, 1948, 1953.

Hurt, Marshall, Half A Century With Jackson, 1889-1939 (Jackson: State National Bank, 1939).

10. Geographi	ical Data	ACTER 17		
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C		D		
Verbal boundary description parcel of land situated in file in the Office of ow recorded in Plat Book List all states and counties f	d in lot 13 of the Chancery Cl k 1, at page 34	lerk at Jackson, H	inds County	y, Mississippi, as
tate N/A	code	county		code
state	code	county		code
	igiani Architec State Street	ts date	September	, 1981 948-7337
treet & number 733 North	State Street	teleph	one (601)	948-7337
ty or town Jackson		state	Missis	
2. State Hist	oric Pres	ervation Of	ficer C	ertification
he evaluated significance of this	s property within the	state is:		
national s the designated State Historic 65), I hereby nominate this prop ccording to the criteria and proc	Preservation Officer ferty for inclusion in the	he National Register and	certify that it ha	as been evaluated
tate Historic Preservation Office	er signature	Cohety. Sand	<u></u>	
tle Deputy State Historic Pre For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this pro	perty is included in t	he National Register	date	March 15, 1982
Selone S Keeper of the National Register	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Entered in the National Register	date	4/29/82
Attest:			date	
Chief of Registration	See State of the Section of the	and the state of the state of		CONTRACTOR AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR HERITAGE CONSERVATION AND RECREATION SERVICE

FOR HCRS USE ONLY RECEIVED DATE ENTERED

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Merrill-Maley House Hinds County, Mississippi CONTINUATION SHEET

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7 - DESCRIPTION

detailed pilasters carrying a sympathetic pediment. Both openings have been modified to some degree. The cross axis is reinforced by matching openings framing a fire-place nook in the south parlor and a projecting window seat in the north parlor. Above the window seat is a series of diamond mullioned casement windows flanked by oval windows containing a bisected diamond pattern. The brick fireplace with wood mantel in the south parlor is simple but impressive in its scale and proportion.

A wing extending behind the north parlor is less elaborately detailed and must have contained service functions. This wing, as well as the entire upper floor, has been substantially altered in the conversion to use as an apartment house. In this conversion, the rear wing was extended and another two-story wing was added behind the south parlor opposite the existing wing. The materials and scale of these additions are in harmony with the original house.

9 - MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

McCain, William D. The Story of Jackson; A History of the Capital of Mississippi, 1821-1951. (Jackson: J. F. Hyer Publishing Company, 1953).

Interviews With: Miss Charlotte Capers - Mississippi Department of Archives and History.

Mrs. Claude Maley - Daughter-in-law of C. E. Maley. Mr. Jesse Stubbs - Butler to the Maley Family. Mrs. W. K. Hellmers - Daughter of Lucille Henderson.