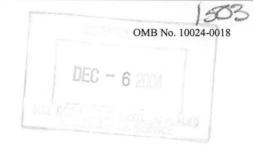
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form



This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name of Property					
historic name Illinois River Bridg	e				
other names/site number Bridge	#10631, Site #BE3600	×			
2. Location					
street & number County Road 196 city or town Pedro	(Kincheloe Road) approx	cimately ¼ mile south of old	Hwy 68	not for	publication cinity
state Arkansas cod	e AR county I	Benton code	_007	zip code	72761
3. State/Federal Agency Certificati	on				
As the designated authority under the Natirequest for determination of eligibility merely places and meets the procedural and profedoes not meet the National Register critering attended in attended	ets the documentation standards sional requirements set for in 3 a. I recommend that this prope (See continuation sheet for additional set) and the program	s for registering properties in the N. 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the rty be considered significant ditional comments. Date	ational Registe	er of Historic meets	
Signature of certifying official/Title		Date			
State or Federal agency and bureau					
4. National Park Service Certificat I hereby certify that the property is: entered in the National Register. See continuation sheet determined eligible for the National Register. See continuation sheet determined not eligible for the National Register. removed from the National Register. other, (explain:)	on Our.	Signature of the Keeper		1/1	Date of Action

llinois River Bridge Benton County, Arkansas ame of Property County and State				
5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resources within Property (Do not include previously listed resources in count.)		
□ private⋈ public-local□ public-State	building(s)districtsite	Contributing Noncontributing	buildings	
public-Federal			sites	
	object	1	structures	
		1	objects Total	
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)		Number of Contributing resources previously listed in the National Register		
Historic Bridges of Arkansa	S			
6. Function or Use		78975		
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions))	Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		
TRANSPORTATION/road-	related (vehicular)/bridge	VACANT/NOT IN USE		
P. Carlotte				
7. Description				
Architectural Classificatio (Enter categories from instructions)		Materials (Enter categories from instructions)		
OTHER/Pratt thru-truss		foundation CONCRETE walls N/A		
		roof N/A		
		other STEEL		

Narrative Description
(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Illinois River Bridge	
Name of Property	

County and State

United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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SUMMARY

The Illinois River Bridge is located at the only point where County Road 196 (also known as Kincheloe Road) crosses the Illinois River. It is located approximately one mile northeast of the town of Pedro, approximately 1000 feet south of Old US Highway 412, and approximately 1500 feet north of the current US Highway 412. Comprised of one span measuring 126 feet long, this pin-connected steel Pratt thru-truss has a total length of 206 feet.

ELABORATION

The Pratt truss was first developed by Thomas and Caleb Pratt in 1844, and contains diagonals in tension and verticals in compression. Since it is a thru-truss, the bridge carries its traffic load with the bottom chords.

The Illinois River Bridge consists of a single pin-connected Pratt thru-truss span measuring 126 feet, with a total structure length of 206 feet. The bridge is accessed from both the northeast and southwest. The vertical clearance inside the truss portal is 13.5 feet, however, a steel cross member has been placed at both ends of the bridge so that only vehicles with a clearance of 10 feet, 6 inches are allowed to pass over the bridge. The travel surface and overall width of the bridge is 16 feet. The deck surface is wood laid over a steel truss. The abutments are concrete. A pair of side-by-side Pratt trusses runs the entire length of the span on the northwest and southeast sides. A pair of side-by-side steel guardrails runs the entire length of the structure on the northwest and southeast sides.

INTEGRITY

No structural alterations have been made to the bridge to compromise its integrity. Its location remains rural, and its setting remains pristine. The bridge still illustrates its original design and materials. The bridge was closed by order of the Benton County judge in 2004, and is no longer in use for vehicular travel.

Illinois River Bridge Name of Property	Benton County, Arkansas County and State		
8. Statement of Significance			
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Levels of Significance (local, state, national) Local		
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions) TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING		
☐ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.	ENGINEERING		
C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and			
distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance 1922-1954		
☐ D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.			
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates 1922-1954		
Property is: A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.			
☐ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked)		
 C. birthplace or grave of a historical figure of outstanding importance. D a cemetery. 	Cultural Affiliation (Complete if Criterion D is marked)		
☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.			
☐ F a commemorative property	Architect/Builder		
G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.			
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)			
9. Major Bibliographical References			
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one of	or more continuation sheets.)		
Previous documentation on file (NPS): preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register	Primary location of additional data: ☐ State Historic Preservation Office ☐ Other State Agency ☐ Federal Agency		
Previously determined eligible by the National Register	Local Government University		
designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #	Other Name of repository: Arkansas State Highway & Transportation Department		
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #			

Illinois River Bridge	
Name of Property	

County and State

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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SUMMARY

Constructed in 1922, the Illinois River Bridge is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places with **local significance** under **Criterion C** as the best example of a Pratt thru-truss bridge in the Pedro vicinity. The bridge is also being nominated under **Criterion A** for its associations with the development of vehicular transportation in Benton County. This nomination is being submitted under the multiple-property listing "Historic Bridges of Arkansas."

ELABORATION

Benton County and the county seat of Bentonville were named in honor of Thomas Hart Benton, a U.S. Senator from Missouri. Benton played a key role in persuading Congress to admit Arkansas to the Union. The county and its seat were organized in 1836, with the county being 886 square miles in size. The landscape of Benton County is dominated by the gently rolling hills of the Ozark Mountains. The county is located in the far northwestern corner of the state, giving it the nickname "The Cornerstone of Arkansas."

During its existence, Benton County has played host to several notable events in American history. In 1837, the Cherokee Indians were forced to migrate through Benton County to Indian Territory (now Oklahoma). The route that they traveled has become known as part of the "Trail of Tears." In 1862, one of the decisive battles of the American Civil War was fought at Pea Ridge. At the Battle of Pea Ridge, also known as the Battle of Elkhorn Tavern, outnumbered Union troops prevented the Confederacy from entering and taking control of Missouri.

A century later, a milestone in American commerce occurred. In 1962, Sam Walton opened the first of many Wal-Mart stores in Rogers. Then, in 1972, the Buffalo River, which runs through Benton County, was designated a National River "because it is a pure, free-flowing stream which has not been significantly altered by industry or man, (and) it is considered to be one of the country's last significant natural rivers."

Benton County has also been the home of many well-known Americans, including Sam Walton, founder of Wal-Mart, Inc.; Betty Rogers, the wife of actor Will Rogers; William Hope 'Coin' Harvey, a famed financial writer, local political theorist, and the first man from Arkansas ever to run for president; Louise Thadden, the first female pilot to win the Bendix Transcontinental Air Race; and Tom Morgan, a writer for the Saturday Evening Post and Life Magazine.

The establishment of a formal system of roads in Benton County is a direct result of early work done by one of the county's aforementioned famous residents, William Hope 'Coin' Harvey. The story of Harvey's rise to prominence has as many twists as the mountain roads he helped to map.

Illinois River Bridge	
Name of Property	

County and State

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Before he came to Benton County, Harvey was involved in several less-than-successful business ventures in other states. He was an economic advisor to William Jennings Bryan, who (unsuccessfully) sought the presidency in the 1896 election. His first real success came following the election with the opening of his Coin Publishing Company in Chicago, and the publication of *Coin's Financial School*, a book in which he espoused his own economic theories, which were radical for the time. The book sold over 1.5 million copies.

Harvey had visited Benton County during the election of 1896, and grew to love the area because it reminded him of his native West Virginia. He returned to Rogers in 1900 and used money made from his publishing company to purchase 320 acres in an area known as Silver Springs. This land was to house his next project, the Monte Ne Resort.

The Monte Ne Resort was intended to be a health resort that not only would cure the ills of the body, but the ills of mankind, as Harvey deemed them. However, as the resort was buried deep in the Ozark Mountains, finding an easy way to bring guests to the resort became a priority for Harvey. To solve this problem, Harvey constructed a short line railroad that connected Monte Ne to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad in nearby Lowell. At the height of the resort's popularity, special trains ran from St. Louis and other cities to bring vacationers to Monte Ne.

The popularity of the resort began to wane around 1910 because guests felt Harvey was too strict of a host. He had started requiring all the guests to go to bed at 9:00pm, among other unpopular rules, in order to enforce his own code of character. Also, as the popularity of the automobile began to grow, fewer people used trains as a primary means of transportation. And there were few, if any, roads that would allow a car to travel deep in to the Ozarks to reach Monte Ne.

After the decline of the resort business, Harvey turned his attention to the development of an integrated highway system that he called the "Ozark Trail." Harvey founded the Ozark Trails Association at Monte Ne in 1913, during a meeting of good road enthusiasts from neighboring states. The Association adopted the initials "O.T." as the official emblem, and painted them on telephone poles, fences and trees to mark good roadways. The emblem soon became familiar in Arkansas and the surrounding states, and as far west as New Mexico and Colorado.

Harvey's map of the Ozark Trails system, published in 1915, may have been the nation's first road map. As automobiles became more numerous, the state undertook the building of highways and the Ozark Trails system was discarded. However, Harvey's idea of naming or numbering roads remains until this day.

Illinois River Bridge	Benton County, Arkansas		
Name of Property	County and State		

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Pedro, a rural community approximately 9 miles east of Siloam Springs, is the town closest to the Illinois River Bridge. A post office was established at Pedro in 1906, and was closed in 1918. There is little other history about Pedro available, but the town may have been established because of its location near the Illinois River and because of its location in a relatively flat area between two mountainous areas. For early settlers traveling through this part of Benton County, perhaps on the way to Siloam Springs, this corridor would have made for the easiest trip. As a present testament to this theory, sections of the old and current US Highway 412 travel through this corridor, to the north and south of Pedro, respectively.

Pedro is located in an area of this valley that is approximately one half mile wide (north to south). The Illinois River traverses the entire width of the valley just east of Pedro. By the 1920s, a bridge was needed to handle increased traffic through the valley.

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Constructed in 1922, the Illinois River Bridge is being nominated to the National Register of Historic Places with **local significance** under **Criterion C** as the best example of a Pratt thru-truss bridge in the Pedro vicinity. The bridge is also being nominated under **Criterion A** for its associations with the development of vehicular transportation in Benton County. This nomination is being submitted under the multiple-property listing "Historic Bridges of Arkansas."

Illinois River Bridge	
Name of Property	

County and State

United States Department of the Interior

National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

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Baker, Russell Pierce, From Memdag to Norsk: A Historical Directory of Arkansas Post Offices 1832-1971. Hot Springs, AR: Arkansas Genealogical Society, 1988.

Benton County Heritage Committee, Benton County History. Dallas: Curtis Media Corporation, 1991.

Information on Benton County from http://www.uark.edu/depts/globmark/bchsark/

Information on Benton County from http://www.co.benton.ar.us/History/CountyHistory.htm

Information on William Harvey and Monte Ne from http://users.aristotle.net/~russjohn/history/montene.html

Illinois River Bridge			Benton County, Arkansas			
Name of Property			County and	d State		
10. Geographical Data						
Acreage of Property	Less than one					
Acreage of Froperty	Less than one					
UTM References (Place additional UTM reference)	ces on a continuation sheet.)					
1 15 374824	4004338		3			
Zone Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting	Northing	
2			4		-	
			□ S	ee continuation sheet		
Verbal Boundary Describe the boundaries of the	ription property on a continuation sheet.)					
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries w	ere selected on a continuation sheet.)					
11. Form Prepared By						
name/title Ralph S. W	ilcox, National Register & Survey Coordina	tor				
organization Arkansas Historic Preservation Program			date	June 16, 2004		
street & number 1600 Tower Building, 323 Center Street			telephone	(501) 324-9787		
city or town Little Rock		state	AR	zip code 72201		
			-			
Additional Documentat	ion					
Submit the following items with	h the completed form:					
Continuation Sheets						
Mone						
Maps A USGS map (7	7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the proper	rty's location	1			
• •	, , ,	•				
A Sketch map f	for historic districts and properties having lan	rge acreage o	or numerous r	esources.		
Photographs						
	plack and white photographs of the proper	tv				
Representative	mack and write photographs of the proper	ty.				
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO	for any additional items.)					
Property Owner						
(Complete this item at the reque	est of SHPO or FPO.)					
name Benton County						
	East Central			telephone 870-	-271-1000	
city or town Bentonvi		state	AR	-	72712	
Paperwork Reduction Act Sta	atement: This information is being collected for applic	cations to the Na	ational Register	of Historic Places to no	minate properties for	

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listing. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.)

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P. O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20303.

Illinois River Bridge	Benton County, Arkansas		
Name of Property	County and State		

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National Park Service

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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

From a point 37.5 feet south of the southwestern corner of the bridge, proceed northeast 225 feet, then proceed northwest 75 feet, the proceed southwest 225 feet, then proceed southeast 75 to the point of beginning.

BOUNDARY JUSTIFICATION

This boundary includes the Illinois River Bridge and its immediate setting.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION PROPERTY Illinois River Bridge NAME: MULTIPLE Historic Bridges of Arkansas MPS NAME: STATE & COUNTY: ARKANSAS, Benton DATE RECEIVED: 12/06/04 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 1/04/05 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 1/19/05 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 1/19/05 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST: REFERENCE NUMBER: 04001503 REASONS FOR REVIEW: APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: Y NATIONAL: N COMMENT WAIVER: ACCEPT RETURN REJECT ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:

The Illinois River Bridge is locally significant under Criterion A for its role in the history of transportation in Benton County and under Criterion C as an excellent example of a Pratt thrutruss bridge. Built in 1922, the bridge is typical of structures erected in the 1920s to accommodate the increasing popularity of automotive transportation and improve transportation infrastructure in rural areas. Today, the bridge is a rare surviving example of Pratt thru-truss design. It retains integrity from its period of significance and reflects the history of transportation in Benton County.

RECOM./CRITERIA A, C

REVIEWER Daviel Vivian DISCIPLINE Historian

TELEPHONE (202) 354-2252 DATE 1/19/05

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS.



ILLINOIS RIVER BRINGE BENTON COUNTY, AR ZAC COTHREN APRIL ZOOY ARKA USAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM, LITTLE ROCK, AR VIEW OF THE BRIDGE LOOKING NORTHEAST



PAPER PAPIE ILLINOIS RIVER BRINGE BENTON COUNTY, AR

ZAC COTHREN

APRIL ZOOH

ARKANSAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM, LITTLE ROCK, AR VIEW OF THE BRIDGE LOOKING SOUTH PAPER PAPIER PAPER PAPIER Hodak Prote THAMA BALEM BAREL

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BENTON COUNTY, AR Isnoizzałorą uzu. 139A9 • A319A lenoizzałorq uzu 139A9 @ 8319A Isnoizzałorą uzu 73446 ev ZAC COTHREN APRIL Z004 ARKANSAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM, LITTLE ROCK, AR 134A9 • 4314A9 • 434A9 139A9 • 8319A9 • 834 134A9 • 8319A9 • 83 VIEW OF THE BRIDGE LOOKING EAST. ISROizzałoy4 Mebox ISRIOI2291079 ASDOM lenoises torq Ach IEnois281014 A 39A9 • A319A9 • A39A9 134Ay • M314Ay • M34Ay Jagag o Maldag o Magag 131A9 • 9319A9 • 939AA9 lenoizzaio19 Mebox IGNOIS291019 MEDON IGNOI2291079 AGDOM IEnoizzaiorq Abbox 73474 ev 139A9 • 8319A9 • 839AA9 134A9 • 8319A9 • 839AA9 134A4 • A319A4 • W39AA4 · A34A4 134A4 • 4314A4 • 43 ISROizzajoyq ABbox IEnoizzaio19 Mebox IEnoizzatorq Mebox **МЕРОУ** IENOises JOYA M MI WAJARA MA WASHA WA BARA WAPER WITH Kong Koog Money



ILLINOIS RIVER BRIGGE BENTON COUNTY, AR ZAC COTHREN

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ARKANSAS HISTORIC PRESERVATION PROGRAM, LITTLE ROCK, AR VIEW OF THE BRIDGE LOOKING NORTH.

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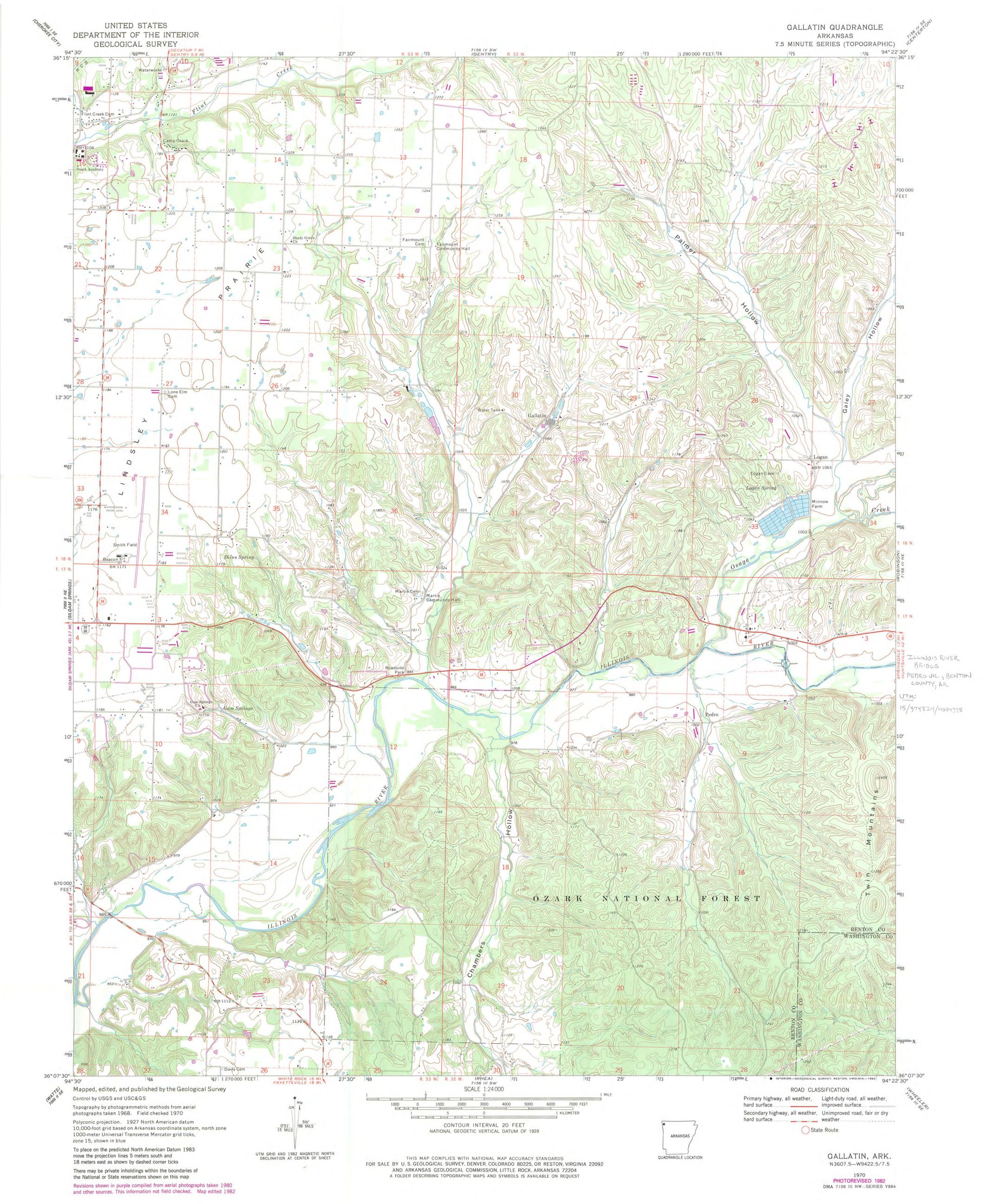
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The Department of Arkansas Heritage

Mike Huckabee, Governor Cathie Matthews, Director

Arkansas Arts Council

Arkansas Natural Heritage Commission

Historic Arkansas Museum

Delta Cultural Center

Old State House Museum



Arkansas Historic Preservation Program

> 1500 Tower Building 323 Center Street Little Rock, AR 72201 (501)324-9880

fax: (501)324-9184 tdd: (501)324-9811

e-mail: info@arkansaspreservation.org website: www.arkansaspreservation.org December 2, 2004

Carol D. Shull
Chief of Registration
United States Department of the Interior
National Register of Historic Places
National Park Service
8th Floor
1201 Eye Street, NW
Washington, DC 20005

RE: Illinois River Bridge – Pedro, Benton County, Arkansas

Dear Carol:

We are enclosing for your review the above-referenced nomination. The Arkansas Historic Preservation Program has complied with all applicable nomination procedures and notification requirements in the nomination process.

If you need further information, please call Ralph S. Wilcox of my staff at (501) 324-9787. Thank you for your cooperation in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cathie Matthews

State Historic Preservation Officer

Cood ichallans

CM:jth

Enclosure

An Equal Opportunity Employer





