Form No. 10-300 REV. (9/77)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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DATE	ENTER	ED		<u> </u>	17	1979	

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

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 			Clallam	009
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	X_PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
XBUILDING(S)	PRIVATE		COMMERCIAL	YPARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESI
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTA
		NO .	MILITARY	OTHER:
United Stat	es Department of	Interior Nation	al Park Service	Olympic
STREET & NUMBER		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
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7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

DETERIORATED

___UNEXPOSED

EXCELLENT	
X_GOOD	
FAIR	

CHECK ONE X_UNALTERED __ALTERED CHECK ONE X_ORIGINAL SITE __MOVED DATE____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Rosemary Inn is a resort on Lake Crescent in the northwest corner of Washington State. The lake is ten miles long and a mile It occupies a crescent shaped trough, carved by glaciers in wide. the last ice age. Lake Crescent is more than 600 feet deep. Coincidentally, this is its height above sea level. Steep, heavily timbered ridges rise to a height of 4,600 feet to the north and south. At the center of the crescent, Pyramid Peak (3100 feet) and Mt. Storm King (4500 feet) rise nearly vertically opposite each other across the lake. At the foot of Mt. Storm King lies one of the few stretches of flat shoreline, Barnes Point. It is a 135 acre delta formed by the now extinct Barnes Creek Glacier. Rosemarv Inn lies at the center of Barnes Point. It is built around the edge of a meadow and consists of a main lodge, 14 guest cabins and assorted out-buildings.

The landscaping on the site has deteriorated through the years, though some of it is still visible. There are fruit trees and decorative shrubs, including holly, laurel and honeysuckle. Underneath these are patches of heather, ferns and St. Johns wort.

There are two rustic entrances to greet the visitor. One was located near the water for those arriving by steamboat. It consisted of two large poles supporting the words "Rosemary Inn". With the building of U.S. 101 around Lake Crescent in 1922, visitors began to arrive by automobile. A new entrance copied the same "Rosemary Inn" stick lettering motif, covered by a shingle roof and supported by upright logs set on a stone base.

The Rosemary Inn lodge is a 110' X 45' rectangular 1½ story frame structure with double course shingle siding and a medium gable shingle roof. The lodge occupies the south end of the meadow. It is the largest building at Rosemary. Its construction is a combination of milled and hand hewn lumber, fitted together with a high degree of craftsmanship. The foundation is made of 8" X 8" hand axed cedar beams and milled rough cut 2" X 6"'s. There is

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cedar bark siding on the shed dormers. Three porches extend on the side and rear, and a 21' veranda is located at the center of the front elevation. Each is supported by log pillars. Inside the lodge, there is a lobby, meeting room, kitchen, dining room and upstairs sleeping accommodations. There are massive cedar beams on the ceiling that accent the cedar interior. The lobby in the center of the lodge has a massive stone fireplace, a stairway and bannister made of carved madrona wood. There is ample light provided by a large number of windows. There are 76 4' X 2' wood framed windows along the front of the lodge. Inside and out, this lodge has the appearance of a wilderness retreat.

Surrounding the meadow to the north of the lodge, there are fourteen guest cabins. Each of these cabins is of a unique style, yet all share common characteristics. Despite years of neglect, they have survived in an extremely wet, harsh environment. This is due to the superior craftsmanship used in constructing each of the cabins. Milled building materials were expensive and difficult to transport to the site. The foundation and post and beam frame employs a combination of sawn lumber, split cedar beams, and round The siding is board and batten, shingle, log and cedar bark. logs. The cabins are equipped with a covered front porch and rear bath. Heat was provided by wood stoves and fireplaces. Each has its own name and unique appearance. They include "Dixie", a 15' x 13' log structure; "Silver Moon", a 17' x 13' frame building with dimension shingle siding and lattice skirting. "Summerie" is a 14' x 11' frame cabin that illustrates the combination of on-site and transported The siding is clapboard, panel board and batten. materials. The roof is sawn shingle. The porch is supported by upright logs and the gables are covered with cedar bark and a stick relief design.

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The largest cabin at Rosemary is a 42' x 28' one-and-a-half story gambrel roof frame structure with a shingle roof, clapboard and double course shingle siding. In general, the cabins have retained their original appearance. Invading carpenter ants and continual neglect are their main enemies.

There are several out-buildings which contribute to the character of Rosemary. Two 10' x 10' woodsheds are constructed of aternating vertical split cedar boards. The gable roofs are made of split cedar At the lake shore there is a $15' \times 27'$ log saltbox style shakes. barbecue shelter. A stone fireplace is centered on the rear wall. The front is open allowing view of the main lodge. Near the barbecue there is a 27' high windmill, 5' square at the base. While it no longer pumps water, it still works, despite being grown over with honeysuckle and Douglas fir trees. A cooler used for storing the resort's food is located in the woods behind the main lodge. The cement walls are one foot thick and covered with hand split cedar shakes. The roof is hipped and covered with shakes. There is a cupola at the center for ventilation.

Intrusions at Rosemary include two water well heads near the entrance gate, a 30' x 40' pumphouse and a 30' wide water line rightof-way behind the main lodge, all newly constructed in 1978. Otherwise, the resort complex remains essentially as designed in the 1910's and 1920's and retains, in addition, many of its original handcrafted interior furnishings.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC AGRICULTURE &_ARCHITECTURE ART COMMERCE	COMMUNITY PLANNING CONSERVATION ECONOMICS EDUCATION ENGINEERING EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW LITERATURE MILITARY MUSIC PHILOSOPHY	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION
_ X 1900-	COMMUNICATIONS		POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	X_OTHER (SPECIFY) Recreation
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1914	BUILDER/ARCH	John Daum	

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The significance of Rosemary Inn lies in several areas. Its architecture is a superior example of a hand hewn rustic resort. The setting at Rosemary Inn physically relates to the resort era on Lake Crescent and the creation of Olympic National Park.

Lake Crescent was first settled on Barnes Point in the 1890's by the Paul Barnes family. They homesteaded the land and later built the Marymere Hotel to service an increasing flow of tourists to the lake. In the early years of the 1900's, Lake Crescent was the scene of a large number and variety of resorts. In all, there were eleven resorts around the lake that catered to the whims of the early day tourists. Qui Si Sana, on the opposite side of the lake from Rosemary, was built in 1912 at a cost of \$70,000 as a sanatorium and biological institute. Qui Si Sana claimed that a combination of ozone laden air, radium enriched water and biologically prepared food would cure disease and lead to the development of a "better race". Other resorts in the area, made less spectacular appeals for the tourist business, yet all of them offered leisure activity in a wilderness setting. Rosemary Inn was part of this system of lake resorts. Owned by a Mrs. Rose Littleton and Mary Daum (hence the name), Rosemary Inn was built by John Daum, Mary Daum's brother. He always worked alone and never used a power tool in his life. 1914 is the earliest date listed on the Inn's register.

Construction on the lodge, cabins and out-buildings continued until the late 20's. John Daum walked to Lake Crescent every spring to open the resort. He spent the summer working on Rosemary. Examples of his work range from rowing dories made of steamed cedar boards to interior furnishings including tables, chairs and couches. The lodge

Interviews and correspondence with Mrs. Roger O'Meara, niece of	John
and Mary Daum. August 1978.	
Olympic National Park Archives,	
Olympic National Park Museum, Port Angeles, WA	
10GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 7 acres	
QUADRANGLE NAME Lake Crescent QUADRANGLE SCALE 1: 24.0	00
UTM REFERENCES A] 10 4441081810 51323140 B 10 444110210 513213117	
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c[1,0] [4]4,0[8,8,0] [5,3]2,2[9,6,0] $D[1,0]$ [4]4,1[0,2,0] [5,3]2,2[9,6,0]	0
GLILLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLLL	
VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION Rosemary Inn is bounded by the following	
UTM coordinates: 1. 5322960 2. 5322960 3. 5323140 4. 5323170	a n
440910 441003 440910 441003 LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES	
STATE CODE COUNTY CODE	
STATE CODE COUNTY CODE	
11 FORM PREPARED BY	
Pat Neal, Historical Planner DATE	
ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78	
ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE	
ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE 1025 West Boulevard 452-9282 CITY OR TOWN STATE	
ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE 1025 West Boulevard 452-9282 CITY OR TOWN STATE Port Angeles WA	
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ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE 1025 West Boulevard 452–9282 CITY OR TOWN STATE Port Angeles WA 12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: NATIONAL STATE LOCAL LOCAL As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-thereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.	
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ORGANIZATION DATE Clallam County Cultural Resource Survey 12/21/78 STREET & NUMBER TELEPHONE 1025 West Boulevard 452–9282 CITY OR TOWN STATE Port Angeles WA 12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS: NATIONAL STATE As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-thereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE Jamme M Lucure 2 5/19 TITLE DATE	

CBU 031-803

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM



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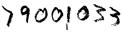
and cabins still contain many examples of this handmade furniture. The buildings at Rosemary are in good condition due to the superior craftsmanship and materials that Daum employed. The construction site was far removed from the suppliers of finished lumber. Until the Olympic Highway was built around Lake Crescent in 1922, transportation to the lake was by wagon road and steam ferry. Because of this, Daum used natural materials such as split cedar boards when supplies of milled lumber ran short. While any carpenter might make a sound building with even lengths of sawn planed lumber, it takes a patient artist to "make do" with random sized pieces of split lumber, and construct a sound, level foundation, wall or roof. John Daum was an artist. The fact that these buildings have survived a wet hostile environment, is a tribute to him.

The setting at Rosemary is still essentially wilderness and will hopefully remain so under the administration of Olympic National Park. The land has had a mixed history as a Forest Reserve and National Monument under Forest Service Administration.

On June 29, 1938, Olympic National Park was established. This was largely due to personal interest in the area expressed by President Franklin D. Roosevelt. President Roosevelt visited Lake Crescent on September 31 and October 1, 1937, as part of his tour of the Olympic Peninsula. The presidential party stayed at Singer's Tavern on Barnes Point. The president ate breakfast at Rosemary Inn and continued west on the Olympic Highway. On June 15, 1946, Olympic National Park was dedicated by Secretary of the Interior Krug. The dedication was conducted at the lodge at Rosemary Inn.

Rosemary Inn remains as a symbol of the wilderness resort era on Lake Crescent and the preservation of this wilderness by the National Park system.

OMB No. 10024-0018



National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determination for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and area of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900A). Use typewriter, word processor or computer to complete all items.

1. Name of Property

historic name <u>Rosemary Inn (A</u> other name/site number <u>Rosem</u>			
2. Location			
street & number <u>Barnes Point, S</u> <u>Crescent Sub-</u> city or town <u>Olympic National</u>	district	ong Highway 101: Lake nor vicinity	t for publication
state Washington	code <u>WA</u> county <u>Clall</u>	<u>am</u> code <u>009</u>	zip code <u>98362</u>
3. State/Federal Agency C	ertification		
As the designated authority under the Nat eligibility meets the documentation stand requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. property be considered again	ards for registering properties in the Nation In my opinion, the property meets nationallystatewide	ally. See continuation sheet f	Register criteria. I recommend that this
Mgm11	/	4.25-07	
Signature of certificing official/Title	1	Date	
WAEHINGON	STATE HISTORIC	- PAGSINUARON	OFFICE
State of Federal agency and bureau			
In my opinion, the property X meet	does not meet the National Regis	ster criteria (See continuatio $6 - 8 - 07$	n sheet for additional comments.)
Signature of certifying official/Title	-	Date	
Nation	nal Park Service		
State of Federal agency and bureau			
4. National Park Service C	ertification		
I hereby certify that the property is:	Signa	ature of the Keeper	Date of Action
entered in the National Register.	7	n.m.	7/13/2007
determined eligible for the Nationa	Register.		
determined not eligible for the Nati	onal Register.		
removed from the National Registe	r		
other, (explain:)			

5. Classification				
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)		ources within Proper ously listed resources in the o	
private	building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing	
public-local	x district		1	buildings
public-State	□ _{site}			sites
x public-Federal	structure	6	1	structures
	object			objects
		6	2	<u>.</u> Total
(Enter N/A if property is not part of Historic Resources of Olympic N		in the National Regist July 17, 1979 nomination lis Rosemary Inn, Manager's fireplace shelter.	sted 16 contributing resour	
6. Function or Use	۰. ۴.		~	•
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Functions (Enter categories from instruction	ons)	
Domestic:Hotel, Camp, Seconda	ary Structure	Domestic:Camp, Secondary Education:School, Education		
7. Description				
Architectural Classificati	on	Materials		
(Enter categories from instructions)		(Enter categories from instruct	ions)	
Late 19th and Early 20th Centur	y American	foundation <u>Post and Pie</u>		
Movements		Walls Weatherboa	<u>rd</u>	
Bungalow/Craftsman		roof <u>Shingle</u>		
		other Log/Stone/	Stucco	

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Summary: Rosemary Inn Historic District, listed in the National Register in 1979, is located in a grassy meadow cleared out of a dense forest at Barnes Point, on the south side of Lake Crescent on the Olympic Peninsula in Washington State. The inn was built on one of the earliest settled tracts of land along the lake. The complex consists of a main lodge, a manager's residence, 12 guest cabins, and assorted outbuildings and appurtenant features. Two of the buildings are of log construction, while the remaining are wood-frame construction. Each of the buildings is unique in its design. A variety of sheathing materials are used on the exterior walls, including horizontal clapboards, vertical board and batten, wood shingles, cedar bark, and stucco. Stylistically, the buildings exhibit strong Bungalow design characteristics. Most of the buildings are sited around the edge of the open meadow on the south shore of Lake Crescent, with the main lodge sited on the south end, forming a "U" shaped cluster. Small scale and landscape features exist throughout the complex including, remnants of one stone drinking fountain, a stone bird bath, a sundial, a low (18") planter wall, and a 27' high metal windmill; and a fire hydrant. All of these features and structures speak to the history of this former destination resort dating to the 1910s. The district has integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

8.	Statement	of Significance	e

Areas of Significance Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property (Enter categories from instructions) for National Register listing.) x A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of Commerce our history. **B** Property is associated with the lives of persons Criterion C: Architecture significant in our past. x **C** Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and **Period of Significance** distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction... 1914 - 1946 **D** Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history. **Criteria Considerations Significant Dates** (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.) Property is: 1914, 1937, 1943, 1946 A owned by a religious institution or used for **Significant Person** religious purposes. (Complete if Criterion B is marked above.) **B** removed from its original location. **C** a birthplace or grave **Cultural Affiliation D** a cemetery. **E** a reconstructed building, object, or structure. **F** a commemorative property. Architect/Builder G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance John Daum within the past 50 years. **Narrative Statement of Significance** (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.) 9. Major Bibliographical References **Bibliography** (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.) Previous documentation on file (NPS): Primary location of additional data: preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67 State Historic Preservation Office has been requested previously listed in the National Register Other State Agency

previously determined eligible by the National Register

designated a National Historic Lan	dmark
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recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey

recorded by Historic American Engineering Record

Criterion A: Entertainment/Recreation

Local government

Federal agency

University	7
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Other

Name of Repository:

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of Property 4.5 acres

UTM References

(Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)

1 10	440910	5323140	3	10	441003	5322960
zone	easting	northing		zone	easting	northing
2 10	441003	5323170		10	440910	5322960
×				See cont	inuation sheet	

Verbal Boundary Description: The boundary is delineated by the polygon whose vertices are situated as noted by the above UTM references and as marked on the accompanying USGS map (Lake Crescent, WA)

Boundary Justification: The boundary is the same as the 1979 nomination, however, the acreage has been corrected for this updated nomination to include the Cultural Landscape. The boundary includes all extant buildings associated with the resort operation, the central open space once a consciously landscaped area, and is embraced by a narrow fringe of wooded area on the west and east, the lake shore on the north, and more recent buildings on the south. There are only two non-contributing buildings included in the district boundaries, and 6 landscape features have been added.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Gail E.H. Evans, Historian/Stephanie Toothman, Regional Historian (1986), Gretchen Luxenberg, Historian (1998), Kirstie L. Haertel, Archeologist (1999), and Jacilee Wray, Anthropologist (2005).

organization National Park Service, Colu	mbia Cascade Support Office	date <u>1986/1998</u>
street & number 909 1st Avenue		telephone (206) 220-4138
city or town Seattle	State Washington	zip code <u>98104-1060</u>

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A 7.5 minute USGS map indicating the property's location.

A sketch map for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative black and white photographs of the property.

Additional Items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items.)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)		
name		
street & number	telephone	
city or town stat	9	zip code

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7	Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA	Page 1
Narrative Description: Located of	on Barnes Point along the south shore of Lake Cresc	ent, Rosemary Inn
Historic District sits in the middle	of what is becoming a very active corner of Olympi	c National Park on the
Olympic Peninsula, Washington.	Barnes Point accommodates a number of uses includ	ling the reconstructed
Storm King Ranger Station (Morg	anroth Cabin), a boat landing, ranger and private res	sidential areas, a number
of day use and parking areas, and	historic Lake Crescent Lodge. Lake Crescent Lodge	is located directly west of
Rosemary Inn and to the east are p	private cottages (inholdings) and National Park Servi	ce residences.
Immediately to the south is a dens	ely wooded tract of land which buffers Highway 101	l from view.

Rosemary Inn was opened in June 1914 by Rose E. Littleton. Of the number of resorts which bordered the shores of Lake Crescent at the turn of the century, only Rosemary Inn and Lake Crescent Lodge remain intact today. Rosemary Inn was a family establishment and Rose Littleton's cooking and family style dining were the main attraction.

In the early 1910s Rose Littleton purchased a 15 acre tract from Paul Barnes to start her resort camp. She, with the help of her lifelong assistant Mary Daum, ran the resort until 1943 when it was sold to the National Park Service. Lodge records show no commercial lodging after 1942. Littleton donated her personal property for operating Rosemary directly to the new concessionaires, National Park Concessions, Inc. (NPC). NPC operated the restaurant until 1951, when it acquired the contract for nearby Lake Crescent Lodge. From 1951 until 1986, Rosemary Inn and its surrounding cabins were used by NPC as employee housing. Beginning in 1988 to the present Rosemary Inn is operated by Olympic Park Institute, as an environmental education center.

Originally, Rosemary Inn was referred to as Rosemary Camp, because it had very few permanent structures. Guests were accommodated in platform tent frames set out along the edge of the camp clearing. A dense forest, still intact today, comprised of hemlock, Douglas fir, red cedar, red alder, and big leaf maple, provided the backdrop and edge to this camp clearing. The tent structures ran perpendicular to the water's edge and faced the clearing. The main lodge was set back opposite to and facing the lake, commanding a view of the entire complex. Over the years additions were made to the lodge and the tent-roofed structures were replaced by a series of 18 unique and individually crafted guest cottages. A number of wood sheds, a barn, garage, shop, employee lodging, a laundry facility, and other utilitarian outbuildings were on the site at various times. Craftsman John Daum, brother to Mary Daum, designed and built these cottages and the inn. Daum is also credited with the construction of the interior and lawn furnishings. Due to its remote location, Daum used materials which were readily available on the site. Fir and cedar were used extensively for the structures and stone from nearby Lake Sutherland was used for many of the outdoor garden features, such as the sundial and a low planting wall north of "Honeysuckle" cabin.

Photographs from c. 1915 show a vegetable garden growing along a center path of the clearing. This garden later evolved into an elaborate floral and ornamental stroll garden and the vegetable garden was relocated to the rear of the main lodge. The stroll garden, complete with rustic log trellises and other vine covered structures cut a diagonal path across the open lawn connecting the southeastern corner of the site to the waterfront. Much of the garden was planted and maintained by John Daum. His craftsmanship, represented in the unique design

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number7Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 2of each of the cottages he built on the site, was also reflected in the garden. Ornamental plants appear to have
been randomly placed in the general area of the diagonal path, many of which stood alone drawing attention to
their individual characteristics, as did each of the cabins.

Remnants of a stone drinking fountain, a stone birdbath, a sundial, and a low (18") planter wall can still be found on the site. A log post and wire fence enclosing a tennis court was located behind "Red Wing" cabin on the east side of the clearing. A photograph dating from 1924 by Asahel Curtis shows a long wooden porch-type swing hanging from two big leaf maples behind the cottage known as "Summerie." Mrs. Katherine Flaherty, daughter of Olympic Forest Ranger Chris Morganroth and an employee at Rosemary in 1934, recalled two other swings, one of which was located on the west side of "Summerie." This swing had a shingled roof and stone bases for the posts. A dinner bell located off of the kitchen porch also appears in later (1950s) photographs, and was recalled by Mrs. Flaherty as being there when she worked at Rosemary Inn in the early 1930s.

Most of the vegetation found on the grounds of the Rosemary Inn is non-native to the Olympic Peninsula. A number of ornamental trees and shrubs were planted throughout the complex, including rosemary, poppies, roses, and daisies. Remnants of poppies can be found near the cabin known as "Alabam." The exact sources for the various perennials and ornamental shrubs are not known. Most of the plant material is quite possibly from surrounding resorts, private gardens, and orchards.

When Rosemary Camp first opened in 1914 there were no roads leading to the south side of the lake and all guests arrived via county ferry, the *Marjory*, which was constructed in 1914, and the *Storm King*, launched in 1915. After traveling the Olympic Highway from Port Angeles, the visitor could pick up a ferry at East Beach and be transported to the various lake resorts. To take advantage of this lakefront arrival and to announce the resort on its beach location, a tall gate made of peeled log poles and rustic lattice work was built. "Rosemary" appeared on the gate in a rustic stick lettering style. The boathouse, two docks, a steel windmill, and the American flag also greeted the early visitor as their ferry approached from the lake.

In 1922, when the Olympic Highway was completed along the south side of the lake, the nature of the approach to the resort changed dramatically. No longer was the beach the main point of arrival and in 1925 ferry service was discontinued. Approach by automobile, which greatly increased business, was acknowledged by another rustic latticed gate displaying "Rosemary" in the same stick lettering motif. This gate had two turn stiles and a low vegetated fence extending from either side. An open front garage with room for 10 cars was located against the forest just southeast of the parking entrance gate. At some unknown time both gates were taken down and the existing entrance gate was erected at the parking lot entrance. This gate is bulkier, but still rustic, and the lettering of this new gate was constructed from the fragments of the gate by the lake.

Once the waterfront was no longer used as the entrance to Rosemary Inn, a fireplace structure was built on the beach. The structure was used for evening gatherings of story telling and campfires. In addition, a number of other family oriented activities were provided at Rosemary. These activities included swimming, croquet, tennis, relaxing on lawn chairs or in the swing, and boating.

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Section number 7	Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA	Page 3
Rosemary's heyday began with the	e completion of the new highway in the early 1920s a	and lasted until the
Depression. The Great Depression	n severely reduced tourism to Lake Crescent. In the 1	930s most registered
guests used the lodge as a place to	o stop while traveling across the Olympic Peninsula,	no longer as a point of
destination as it was originally. A	fter 1942, when the inn operation was sold to NPC, t	he lodge was used only
for serving meals, and then in 195	51 until 1986, as housing for the number of seasonal	employees working at
Lake Crescent Lodge next door.		

In 1988, Olympic National Park created a partnership with Olympic Park Institute (OPI), a private, non-profit organization associated with the Yosemite Institute. OPI became the new tenants of Rosemary, adaptively reusing the property for environmental education programs. The lodge was altered to accommodate enlarged dining facilities and classrooms, with additional restrooms behind the main building. The most extensive modifications occurred outside the boundaries of the historic district. To the southeast of the lodge, a new developed area was established for office space, and employee and guest cabins (part of this area was formerly occupied by Littleton's 10-car garage). A change in the configuration of the guest parking area accommodated more car parking, and the service parking area around the water treatment facility was expanded so truck deliveries to the lodge became possible. An overflow parking area on a formerly forested site off the main driveway was created, and an amphitheater was built in the area to the west of the lodge where Littleton had her vegetable garden. While all of this was underway by OPI, the NPS began rehabilitation of the remaining historic guest cabins, which were completed in 2006.

Rosemary Inn Historic District retains integrity in the following landscape characteristics: spatial organization, buildings and structures, small-scale features, and views and vistas. While most of the ornamental vegetation associated with Rosemary Inn has lost integrity and is not a landscape characteristic, a few remaining plants from the historic period are considered vegetation features and contribute to the significance of the cultural landscape and historic district. The contributing landscape characteristics and their associated features still convey the physical character of the resort as it was conceived, developed, and used between 1914 and 1946. The narrative that follows describes the contributing landscape characteristics:

OVERALL SPATIAL ORGANIZATION

The spatial organization of Rosemary Inn is relatively unchanged since 1946 and still retains integrity. The space is organized within a second-growth forest clearing, adjacent to the south shore of Lake Crescent. Buildings are still sited around the edge of the clearing, and are generally oriented into the center, making the clearing the dominant public space. The pedestrian circulation through the clearing is still oblique, trending from the northwest to the southeast. This orientation historically connected both external access points to the resort through the stroll garden: from the lake at the northwest, and from the guest parking area at the southeast. This pattern still exists, though the northwest access point form the lake shore has been replaced with access from the "Moments in Time Trail" that emerges from the forest at the northwest corner of the clearing.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number 7 **Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA** Page 4 Apart from the primary open space of the clearing, other smaller spaces still exist that were historically part of the organization of the resort. These smaller spaces are still defined by partitions of buildings, vegetation, or topography. The beach is a space that has always been somewhat separated from the main clearing, as the topography drops down towards the lake shore, making the beach lower than the clearing. However, the beach is now more secluded from the rest of the site than it was during the historic period, as maturing conifers and volunteer alders have grown up and obscured the view of the beach from the clearing.

Another important space is at the southeast of the site, located between the Rosemary gate and the lodge. This can be considered an entry space, and is framed by a view through the gate as visitors enter from the guest parking area. A pathway leads from the gate through a large, grassy area defined by trees and buildings. This space remains an authentic part of the organization of the site, and continues to function as the formal entry to the site.

A relatively level, rectangular-shaped space on the east side of the site is another important part of the remaining spatial organization. Located behind "Red Wing" and "Silver Moon" cabins, this space was historically used as the tennis court. During the historic period, this space was maintained as a rolled and mowed lawn court that was surrounded by a post and wire fence. Today, the space is an important remnant and indicator of the former use of the area.

The space on the west side of the lodge has lost integrity due to the addition of an amphitheater built into the site in 1988. This is considered a non-contributing feature of the district.

In summary, the spatial organization of the site retains integrity. The central clearing, the cluster of buildings defining the edge of the developed area, the beach, the southeast entry space and the tennis court site, are spaces that were developed during the historic period and are an important part of the character of the Rosemary Inn Historic District.

VEGETATION

Very few of the ornamental plantings from the historic period remain at the site today. Though the overall character and abundance of ornamental plants have been lost, vegetation is not a landscape characteristic that defines the historic district. However, the few remaining ornamental plants are remnant features that contribute to the significance of the historic district. The remaining ornamental plants are considered vegetation features and include: beautybush, goldenchain tree, Irish yew, mock orange, rockspray cotoneaster, Scots heather, St. John's wort, three domestic apple trees, two common lilacs, and two English laurels.

BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES

Sixteen buildings and seven structures at Rosemary Inn Historic District date from the historic period. These buildings and structures are the most intact landscape characteristic, and provide the greatest contribution to the significance and remaining character of the site. The buildings and structures give a sense of the period in which the resort was developed and most highly used, and in absence of other landscape characteristics and features, they are important to the definition and organization of the site. While the buildings and structures are

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number7Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 5generally located around the edge of the clearing, the majority are oriented to the middle of the site, providing
an indicator of the importance of the central space during the years of operation.Page 5

Rosemary Inn was built in phases. The first was a rectangular two-story frame structure with sleeping rooms above and dining room and lounge below, and a 1-1/2 story east wing housing the kitchen. Sheathing planks were left exposed during the lodge's first season of operation. Cedar shingles, peeled bark cladding, and cornerboards were subsequently applied. For awhile, the lodge and earlier kitchen and residential building existed side by side, the latter being removed before further work on the lodge was undertaken.

Over the years, the lodge experienced several additions east and west. First, the porch on the east end was enclosed and extended further east. A large, rectangular one-story recreation room was added to the west. The kitchen in the east wing was further enlarged and a second floor of sleeping rooms was added above it. At the same time, the dining room was enlarged by extending two walls under shed roofs. Vertical board cladding was placed in the gables.

As construction on the lodge progressed, the tent-roofed structures were gradually replaced by a series of eighteen individually crafted and unique guest cottages. Each had a character and name of its own: Dreamerie, Indiana, Alabam, Honeysuckle, Wren, Blue Bird, Red Wing, Silver Moon, Cara Mia, Dixie, Summerie, La Paloma, Rock-A-Bye, Ol' Virginny, Dardanella, Stra-Lo, Doll House, and Kil Kare. Like the tents, the cottages were, for the most part, sited along the forest edge. The lodge reached its mature form and the cottages were all in place by 1926, the first year guests' quarters were recorded in the registry.

During tenancy by NPC, both the buildings and the landscape experienced neglect and decay. Untended snags from the encroaching forest infested with carpenter ants took their toll: five of the cottages--La Paloma, Ol' Virginny, Stra-Lo, Doll House, and Kil Kare--were torn down due to their deteriorated condition. Blue Bird was burned in error. Miscellaneous outbuildings were removed, including the laundry, employee cabin, toilet house, woodsheds, barn, and the 10-car garage. The majority of the stroll garden's features were removed. By 1985, the rustic "Rosemary" entry gate was replaced (for the third time) with a new rustic version that is bulkier than the earlier twig-like versions but which reused the historic lettering and is compatible with the district. The remaining structures experienced very little modification although all were in a deteriorated condition prior to the onset of the National Park Service's concentrated rehabilitation program. In 1980 and 1981, employee showers were incorporated into what had been the kitchen of the lodge.

A major rehabilitation of the Rosemary Inn Historic District was initiated in 1987. It was a joint effort between Olympic National Park and the Olympic Park Institute, which leases the complex from the NPS for use as an environmental education facility. The rehabilitation was carried out under NHPA stipulations in a Memorandum of Agreement between the NPS, the Washington State Historic Preservation Office, and the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation. A historic landscape report was completed and is guiding the rehabilitation of the grounds, including the plantings, restoration of walks and garden furnishings, and location of new educational facilities.

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Section number7Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 6The main lodge was rehabilitated to accommodate classroom and dining facilities. The exterior was carefully
restored: foundation problems were corrected, a new roof was installed, missing fabric was replaced, and
general repairs of historic fabric and painting were completed. The rear service entrance was modified to accept
truck deliveries of supplies. A covered walkway from the rear dining room entrance connects to a new restroom
and laundry building; the design of this addition was based on a former laundry building at that location
identified in a historic photograph. The significant first floor interior spaces and detailing were left essentially
intact except for the expansion of the dining area into a portion of the old kitchen; a wall was removed and new
flooring installed for this purpose. The existing kitchen equipment was removed, a new floor slab poured and
new equipment installed. On the second floor, the warren of tiny rooms that had haphazardly evolved was
replaced by two larger meeting rooms by means of removing non-supporting walls. A new secondary stair was
added on the east end and the second floor joists were removed and replaced to strengthen the structure.

The individual cabins have been restored and/or rehabilitated by NPS park crews. All of the cabins have been carefully returned to their original appearance. Changes are limited to new wiring and plumbing, replacement of original fabric as needed, and installation of new concrete perimeter foundations that are being screened from view. Some of the other maintenance activities occurring on site included the limbing up and cutting back of coniferous trees close to buildings to permit improved air flow; vegetation was cleared from around the windmill; volunteer trees were cleared from the tennis court area; and the east end of the beach was cleared of alders. The rehabilitation has recaptured the historic charm and ambiance of this significant historic resort complex.

Contributing buildings listed on the National Register in 1979 include: Alabam, Boathouse, Cara Mia, Dardanella, Dixie, Dreamerie, Honeysuckle, Indiana, Red Wing, Rock-A-Bye, Rosemary Inn Lodge, Silver Moon, Summerie, Wren, and Manager's Residence (Tumble Inn). Contributing structures include: Inglenook/Fireplace Shelter (previously listed), and six small-scale features (additions for this updated nomination listed below).

VIEWS AND VISTAS

Some important views still remain intact at Rosemary Inn, and these contribute to the significance of the historic district. One important view is the view of the central clearing and the lake from the lodge. Both the lodge's front veranda and the dining room continue to have unobstructed views of the clearing, though the view to the lake is somewhat obscured by maturing trees. Another important view is the view of the lodge through the gate and entry space, and the view back through the clearing to the lodge from the fireplace shelter and lake shore. These views and vistas enhance the feeling that this property is of a different time and place and further solidifies the integrity of the district.

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Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA

Page 7

SMALL-SCALE FEATURES

Rosemary Inn Historic District has a number of small-scale features that retain integrity from the 1914 to 1946 historic period of significance. These features were created for either utilitarian or aesthetic purposes, and provide depth and detail to the remaining character of the site. Many of these features have endured as they were made of rot-resistant materials, while other small-scale features found around the resort during the historic period did not survive, nor were they ever repaired or replaced.

Of the remaining small-scale features, the windmill is most commonly seen in historic photographs of Rosemary, dating back to the earliest period, when the tent cabins were still in use, pre-1920. The steel windmill was historically used to draw water, though it ceased to function many years ago. The name "Kenwood" is imprinted on its sail. The sundial and two drinking fountains are rock features within the clearing that were historically part of the stroll garden. The drinking fountain located nearest the lodge was historically covered by a wooden shelter. A fire hydrant with a historic stamp is located in the clearing, and a low, rock planter wall partly surrounding the base of a Western red cedar is filled with St. John's wort.

The remaining six small-scale features that contribute to the significance of the Rosemary Inn Historic District include the following: Windmill, Sundial, Fire Hydrant, Drinking Fountain, Birdbath, and Rock Planter Wall.

Small-scale features that have been lost include the dinner bell tower, arbors, trellises, a drinking fountain shelter, swing seats, lawn furniture, and a flagpole. Despite these losses, the historic district retains integrity of its small-scale features which are a contributing landscape characteristic of the property.

SEE ATTACHED INVENTORY CARDS (1982) AND EXCERPTS FROM THE ROSEMARY INN HISTORIC STRUCTURE REPORT (1986) FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION ABOUT INDIVIDUAL BUILDINGS WITHIN THE ROSEMARY INN HISTORIC DISTRICT.

Statement of Significance:

Summary: Established around 1914 by owner and proprietor Rose Littleton, Rosemary Inn is located on Barnes Point on the south shore of Lake Crescent, less than half a mile northeast of Singer's Lake Crescent Tavern (Lake Crescent Lodge). Similar to many Lake Crescent resorts of this vintage, the greatest concentration of Rosemary Inn buildings were constructed over an approximate five to ten year period. The last buildings erected in this ensemble are the boathouse/lumber storage building (1936) and the fireplace shelter structure (1933). Although many design features of the Rosemary buildings exhibit strong links to the Bungalow style, such as the predominance of gable roofs with overhanging eaves and exposed rafters, the existence of small porches, and the predominant use of rustic exterior sheathing materials (wood shingles, cedar bark, half-log boards, and board and batten), the uniquely unorthodox application of these varied materials by local builder and craftsman John Daum gives Rosemary buildings a distinctly vernacular quality. The ubiquitous use of many varied materials on the exterior walls of the buildings, and the incorporation of a peeled stick motif in the interior and exterior of many buildings, are two distinctly vernacular design features found in the Rosemary district.

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Section number 8	Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA	Page 8
In addition to the buildings them	selves, local craftsman John Daum reportedly ha	ndcrafted the furniture
and landscape features at Rosem	ary as well.	

Widely known for its warm, family atmosphere and wholesome home-cooked meals prepared under the direction of affable Rose Littleton, Rosemary presented a less pretentious and formal scene than its neighbor, Singer's Tavern. Tucked under mature second growth trees, the single-story guest cabins and the two-story main lodge encircle a small grassy lawn that extends from the lodge building to the Lake Crescent shoreline. The feeling of enclosure created by the surrounding forest and circle of small resort cabins creates a mood of closeness and intimacy.

Little has been done to erode Rosemary's unique expression of architecture and ambiance. Although the succession of meandering flower beds, trellises, and ornamental fruit trees and shrubs that once occupied a portion of the lawn exists in remnant form only, the open space remains intact with only minor encroachment of native vegetation. Most of the Rosemary cabins and the main lodge remain standing and have been rehabilitated. All the buildings in the Rosemary Inn Historic District contribute to the sense of time and place of this 1910s-1920s resort. In the last decade, two non-compatible resources were added to the ensemble at the rear (south) of the complex and are considered non-contributing within the district (Bathroom/Laundry Building and Amphitheater structure). Rosemary Inn Historic District is eligible for listing in the National Register under Criterion A, for its association with recreation and resort development on the Olympic Peninsula, a theme significant in Olympic National Park history. Rosemary Inn Historic District is also eligible for listing under Criterion C, because it embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type and method of construction and possesses high artistic value. Built by craftsman John Daum using local materials, the Rosemary Inn complex is an excellent example of an artfully fabricated building complex and is an outstanding expression of the Craftsman era in American architecture.

Rosemary Inn Historic District was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1979. This nomination was prepared primarily to provide additional information about the contributing cultural landscape features of the district.

Narrative: The Olympic Peninsula is on land cut off by water from the urban centers east of Puget Sound. It remained, except for its outer fringe, almost untouched and undeveloped by Euro-American settlers until the late 1880s and early 1890s. Located at the foot of the Olympic Mountains and edge of the rainforest, remote but accessible, the beautiful, glacially carved Lake Crescent became an alluring retreat. The 1895 visit of Admiral Leslie Beardslee, who immortalized a variety of large blue-back trout later known as the Beardslee trout, marked the beginning of Lake Crescent's reputation as a haven for sport fishermen. America's growing, fanciful idealization of the healthful, restorative qualities of wilderness settings also prompted Lake Crescent's development as an outdoor recreation area.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number8Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 9Before the turn of the century, visitors from Seattle and Portland, as well as mid-western and eastern seaboard
cities, found the mere beginnings of resort development around the lake. In the early 1890s there were tents,
cabins, and meals at Piedmont on the north side of the lake near the terminus of the Port Crescent Road. By
1895 a rustic, two-story log structure known as the Log Cabin Hotel (or the Hotel Piedmont) replaced the first
crude accommodations at Piedmont. On the lake's eastern shore, at the terminus of the early road from Port
Angeles, another small log cabin resort was established in the 1890s.

The earliest travelers to Lake Crescent effectively spread the word about the lake's abundant Beardslee trout and untrammeled, breathtaking scenery. Soon after 1900, articles appeared in popular regional and national sports and travel magazines and described the lake in hyperbolic prose. Articles such as these greatly stimulated resort development on Lake Crescent. While the hostelries at Piedmont and East Beach continued to welcome summer guests, several other resorts appeared around the lake's wooded perimeters. In 1905, Mr. and Mrs. E.J. Ovington established a resort on the north shore of the lake. At Ovington's the main lodge building, a few small frame cottages, and an assemblage of temporary canvas tents greeted guests who came to fish, boat, swim, hike, or play tennis on the Ovington's private tennis court. The first resort establishment on the lake's shaded south shore opened in 1906 at Barnes Point. Marymere drew immediate acclaim for its homey atmosphere and wholesome meals. One year later, Piedmont received its second hotel, the Hotel Crescent, offering its guests an array of activities and creature comforts. At the far west end of the lake, a modest resort at Fairholme had its early beginnings around 1910. Like the resorts at East Beach and Piedmont, the hotel Fairholme was erected at a strategic point along a major cross-county transportation route. At Fairholme boat traffic connected with a primitive road that led to the western reaches of the Olympic Peninsula.

Of all these early Lake Crescent resort establishments built before 1914, not one remains today. Fire was a constant threat and ultimately claimed Marymere, Hotel Crescent, and Log Cabin Hotel. Others simply fell out of vogue as resort havens and were left to deteriorate, were demolished by new unappreciative owners, or were remodeled so extensively as to lose any semblance of their former appearance.

Unlike the lake's sunny north shore, the rugged, precipitous southern shoreline, cast in the cool shadow of bordering high ridges, did not attract the interest of early Lake Crescent resort builders. There were no roads nearby, as there were at Piedmont, East Beach, and Fairholme to provide extra attraction for establishing a vacation retreat. Marymere, founded on Barnes Point around 1906, stood as the exception to the general dearth of resorts on the lake's south shore.

Resort development on Lake Crescent was intimately linked to the existence and condition of automobile access to the lake. The poor condition or total lack of road access to the lake severely impeded early tourist traffic. By 1911, however, the county completed a new, modern automobile road to East Beach on Lake Crescent from Port Angeles, thus placing the lake within an hour of this growing coastal town.

During the early 1910s, little more than a widened winding path existed along a portion of the south shore of Lake Crescent. Continuing in their endeavor to improve transportation across the north Olympic Peninsula, county government officials moved to strengthen the transportation link between the east and west ends of Lake

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number8Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 10Crescent. In 1914, the county commissioners authorized the construction of a ferry to transport travelers acrossLake Crescent, as well as to various resort establishments around the lake's edge. One year later a second ferrywas launched. For the first time conditions for resort development on the southern shore of Lake Crescentappeared favorable. It was with this backdrop of heightened highway and ferry construction, which marked theofficial opening of the north Olympic Peninsula to tourist traffic, that the two remaining Barnes Point resortswere established and flourished. Construction at Singer's Lake Crescent Tavern (Lake Crescent Lodge) wasbegun in 1914. That same year, Rose Littleton, former proprietress of the fire-ravaged Marymere Inn, foundedthe nearby Rosemary Inn.

Rose Littleton was an enterprising woman. Lured by glowing reports of the beautiful scenery, temperate climate, and fantastic business opportunities, she arrived in Port Angeles in June 1898. There, and later at Lake Crescent, she cooked and successfully operated several restaurants, including that in the Marymere Hotel prior to purchasing it from Sarah Barnes.

Almost immediately after the loss of Marymere by fire in the spring of 1914, Littleton built anew on a 15 acre parcel she had previously acquired from the estate of Sarah Barnes' son, Paul. The Barnes' homestead was north of the creek that bears his name and was the first settlement on Lake Crescent. Rosemary Camp was named for Rose Littleton and her lifelong assistant, Mary Daum.

To reach Rosemary in the first season of operation, a Seattle traveler took a boat on a seven-hour cruise through Puget Sound to Port Angeles. Touring cars were available there for the 20 mile, one-hour drive to East Beach. The lengthy journey undoubtedly heightened the sense of retreat into the wilderness. The extension of the Olympic highway to Port Angeles in 1915 provided the motoring tourist with easy and comfortable access to the lake. From East Beach, ferries transported tourists and their cars down lake to Rosemary. Compared to the stylish and sophisticated Lake Crescent Tavern, Rosemary was from the start a family establishment. Chief among its attractions was Littleton's home cooking par excellence, served family style in the dining room of the main building. The beach provided bathing and swimming for children.

Rosemary first attracted notable attention in July 1915, when the Washington State Newspaper Association and the Washington County Treasurers' Association convened in Port Angeles. Over two hundred of the conventioneers united for a day aboard the newly-commissioned ferry Storm King for a grand tour of Lake Crescent. Present were Governor Lister, U.S. Senator Miles Poindexter, U.S. Congressmen Lin Hadley and Albert Johnson, University of Washington President Dr. Henry Suzallo, and the most prominent editors and treasurers in the state.

The completion of the Olympic Highway along the south shore of Lake Crescent in 1922 profoundly affected the resorts. Previously at a comparative disadvantage because of the Barnes Point location, Rosemary suddenly benefited from much improved accessibility. Weekend getaways from the Puget Sound area became possible, as did jaunts from Port Angeles for Littleton's renowned cooking. Business boomed. Registrations during the summer of 1921 were about 400; in the summer of 1922, they nearly doubled. Rosemary entered its Golden Age, to last through the 1920s.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number8Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WAPage 11The Great Depression severely reduced tourism to Lake Crescent. The nature of the resort's business also
changed. Intended as a point of destination, Rosemary became primarily a stopover enroute across the Olympic
Peninsula after the Olympic Highway was extended around the peninsula. Among Rosemary Inn's most
prominent visitors during the 1930s were United States political leaders who played major roles in the
establishment of the Olympic National Park. Less than a year before the passage of the bill authorizing creation
of the park, President Franklin D. Roosevelt toured the Olympic Peninsula. The Presidential party visited Lake
Crescent and stayed at Singer's. It is possible he had breakfast at Rosemary Inn.

Nineteen hundred and forty-two was the last full season of operation during the Littleton era. Her final guests were U.S. Congressmen Henry Jackson of Washington, and William H. Stevenson of Wisconsin. The dedication ceremony of the Olympic National Park was held June 15, 1946, on the lawn at Rosemary. Present once again was Congressman Henry Jackson, who had established a reputation as a booster of the park. Littleton had by then passed away. Owing to advanced age and declining health, Rose Littleton agreed to sell Rosemary Inn to the National Park Service in 1943. Complications surrounding the transfer of ownership made it difficult for all concerned. Lodge records indicate that the commercial lodging operation at the resort never recommenced after 1942. National Park Concessions operated the restaurant at Rosemary until 1951, when they acquired the contract to operate nearby Lake Crescent Lodge. Rosemary then served as a dormitory for NPC seasonal employees working elsewhere on Barnes Point until 1986.

In 1988, Olympic National Park formed a Cooperative Agreement with Olympic Park Institute (OPI), a private, non-profit organization associated with the Yosemite Institute. OPI became the new tenants of Rosemary Inn, where they would offer environmental educational programs to a broad spectrum of groups and individuals. OPI's tenancy led to numerous changes on what was originally Rose Littleton's 15-acre property. However, the most extensive modifications occurred outside the boundaries of the historic district, as defined in 1979. In partnership with park staff, OPI began a program of adaptive re-use for Rosemary that would ensure its preservation with a new and long-term use. The lodge was converted to classroom space with enlarged dining facilities, and additional restrooms were added immediately behind the lodge. Farther to the southeast of the lodge, nestled in the woods, a new development was built to house offices, employee cabins, parking for employees and service-related activity.

Attitudes towards Rosemary Inn have waxed and waned. It is fondly remembered by old time guests and neighbors. In 1979 Rosemary was successfully nominated to the National Register of Historic Places by Clallam County historian Patrick Neal. Rosemary Inn Historic District is eligible for listing in the National Register under Criterion A, for its association with recreation and resort development on the Olympic Peninsula, a theme significant in Olympic National Park history. It is also eligible under Criterion C, because it embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type and method of construction and possesses high artistic value. Built by craftsman John Daum using local materials, the Rosemary Inn complex is an excellent example of an artfully fabricated building complex and is an outstanding expression of the Craftsman era in American architecture.

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number	8,9 & 10	Rosemary Inn: Clallam County, WA	Page 12
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Bibliography:

Rosemary Inn: A Historic Landscape. Olympic National Park, Renee L. Freier, University of Washington, Professor David Streatfield, Spring Quarter, 1987.

Historic Structures Report, Rosemary Inn, August 1986, Drew Rocker and Hank Florence, NPS, Cultural Resources Division, PNRO.

Cultural Landscapes Inventory, Rosemary Inn, Olympic National Park, National Park Service, 1999.

Verbal Boundary Description: The boundary of the nominated property is delineated by the polygon whose vertices are situated as noted by the UTM references on page 4 of the nomination form and as marked on the accompanying USGS map (Lake Crescent, WA 1:62,500).

Boundary Justification: The district boundary was determined when Rosemary Inn was nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979. The acreage was inaccurately listed as 7; the actual acreage is 4.5. The boundary includes all extant buildings associated with the resort operation, the central open space--once a consciously landscaped area--and a narrow fringe or wooded area that embraces the resort complex on three sides. This new nomination includes six small-scale landscape features that contribute to the significance of the Rosemary Inn Historic District: Windmill, Sundial, Fire Hydrant, Drinking Fountain, Birdbath, and Rock Planter Wall. There are only two non-contributing structures and one non-contributing building included within the district boundaries (Amphitheater, Gate, and Bathroom/Laundry Building).

PNR-100 6/82	DNRO		Westin Building, Room 1920
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixun Awenue Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 372-399	5 ORIGINAL USE 7 CL	7 CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING
ROSEMARY INN DISTRICT	Resort		10 DATE C. 1914-
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Seasonal Housing	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	
4. CITYVICINITY 5. COUNTY 5. COU	state scale , Washington	1:24 OTHEF	ouab Lake Crescent
Department of the Interior. National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362	ice, Olympic National	Park, 600 East Park Ave.,	Port Angeles, WA 98362
13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC. Known for its splendid, Alpine-like scenery, Lake Cresent, separated from the Strait	DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJORALTERATI ake Cresent, separated	tensions. MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND e Cresent, separated from the Strait of Juan de Fuca by five miles of	e Fuca by five miles of
rugged, densely-forested terrain, was among the first beauty spots on the Olympic Peninsula to attract summer Vactic Beginning in the 1890s, a few, small rustic resorts, typically with a central lodge and surrounding sleeping cabins	e first beauty spots o sorts, typically with	first beauty spots on the Olympic Peninsula to attract rts, typically with a central lodge and surrounding sle	attract summer vactionists. nding sleeping cabins or
tents, were built on the lake's shoreline. The arrival that plied Lake Crescent's waters, all in the mid 1910s	e arrival of the autom mid 1910s and early 19	of the automobile, primitive roads, and two automobile ferries and early 1920s, strongly encouraged the development of public	d two automobile terries he development of public
resorts around Lake Crescent's perimeter. Rosem	Rosemary Inn was one of h	ary Inn was one of half a dozen resorts constructed during the height 101/ hy Bose Tittleton the former operator of an earlier Lake Crescent	ucted during the height f an earlier Lake Crescent
resort (Marymere), Rosemary's small wood-frame 1		soon enlarged, and early canvas wall tents were replaced with	tents were replaced with
randomly-sited, bungalow cottages. John Daum, and construction of all of Rosemary's uniquely	ੂ ਦ	local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is credited with the design esigned buildings. plus much of the rustic wood furnishings. During	redited with the design d furnishings. During
Rosemary's early period of growth, informal gard	rdens with abundant fl	flower beds, trellises, shru	ises, shrubs, and winding paths took
form in the open meadow at the center of the cluster of the collages. In the 1940s prietorship of Rose Littleton, Rosemary gained a wide-spread reputation for its whole	a wide-spread reputat	a wide-spread reputation for its wholesome, home-cooked meals	e-cooked meals and warm,
friendly atmosphere. One year before the creation of a breakfast guest at Rosemary while on a 1937 tour of	tion of Olympic Nation tour of the Olympic Pe	Olympic National Park, President Franklin Delano Roosevelt was the Olympic Peninsula to inspect its potential as a national p	Franklin Delano Roosevelt was its potential as a national park.
Dedication ceremonies for Olympic National Park,	Ided		unerous (c
14 CONDITION CELLENT CONDITION CONDITION		NGER OF DEMOLITION?	ES NO BUNKNOWN
<pre>is significance The Rosemary Inn building ensemble was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1979. is historically significant as a representative example of one of a dozen Lake Crescent resorts that were point ness" vacation retreats from the 1890s through the 1920s. Rosemary Inn, located on Barnes Point, was built</pre>	s listed in the Nation e example of one of a the 1920s. Rosemary	listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1979. example of one of a dozen Lake Crescent resorts that were point in the 1920s. Rosemary Inn, located on Barnes Point, was built	sgister of Historic Places in 1979. Rosemary 1 Lake Crescent resorts that were popular "wilder- located on Barnes Point, was built on one of 10 Actional Dark Dresi-
the earliest sectied tracts of land on Lake diescent. Just pilot to the establishment of organize matry for Olympic dent Franklin D. Roosevelt breakfasted at Rosemary Lodge in June 1937. In 1946, the dedication ceremony for Olympic National Park took place in the Rosemary Inn Lodge. Rosemary Inn is associated with events that contributed to the	escent. Just pitol to the mary Lodge in June 1937.] odge. Rosemary Inn is asso	Adde in June 1937. In 1946, the dedication ceremony for Olympia Rosemary Inn is associated with events that contributed to the	in ceremony for Olympic at contributed to the
resort development of the north Olympic Peninsula, with the creation of Olympic National Park, and with important fig- ures in the U.S. national parks movement. Architecturally, each building in the Rosemary Inn group si unique in design,	ula, with the creation chitecturally, each bui	n of Olympic National Park, ilding in the Rosemary Inn	and with important fig- group si unique in design,
and its use of native building materials. Ros	emary exhibits a high	laterials. Rosemary exhibits a high degree of craftsmanship. Alteration to the Although most of the exoric shruks and fruit trees that once grew on the resort	Alteration to the existing rew on the resort grounds
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22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Item 8: UTM 10 441003 5323170 10 441003 5322960 10 440910 5322960 10 440910 5323140	s h s l l g		Rosemary Inn District Olympic National Park UTM: 10 441003 5323170 10 440910 5322960 10 440910 5322960 10 440910 5323140 10 440910 5323140 Sam Manual Park Sam
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NPS DATE 9/		form, "Rosemary Inn." 1978 (Located in OLYM building ions appraisal for National ce Study: Olympic National		LAKE CRESCENT
9/82, 1984		3. Pat Neal. Photocopy. inventory history files.) Park Service. Seattle: Park. Seattle: National		EXANS 82

PNR-100 6/82			FN		PNRO National Park Service Pacific Northwest Barion	Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sivth Aurura	0
1. SITE I.D. NO			INVENT	ORY 0	Cultural Resources Division	Seattle, Washington 98121	
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 372-39 ROSEMARY INN DISTRICT	372-399 ISTRICT		6 OHIGINAL USE	7 CLASSIFICATION	ATION	9. RATING 10. DATE ,	[[
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	â		6. PRESENT USE	8 UTM ZONE	EASTING NORTHING	11. REGION	
4 CITY/VICINITY	COUNTY		STATE	SCALE	1 24 1 1 62 5 UTHER	QUAD NAME	11
12 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS				-			
13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HI IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, (Item 13 continued)	DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC. (Item 13 continued)	RUCTION DATE(S). PHYSICAL	DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	ALTERATIONS, E)	(TANT EQUIPMENT, AND		
dignitaries an for most early Lake Crescent	dignitaries and politicians were held at Rosemary in 1946. While fire, decay, for most early Lake Crescent resorts, Rosemary Inn is one of only two Lake Cree Lake Crescent Tavern) that remains standing and in nearly unaltered condition.	e held at Rosem sorts, Rosemary ins standing an	ary in 1946. Whi Inn is one of on d in nearly unalt	le fire, ly two La ered cond	dignitaries and politicians were held at Rosemary in 1946. While fire, decay, and demolition have spelled the end for most early Lake Crescent resorts, Rosemary Inn is one of only two Lake Crescent resorts (the other is Singer's Lake Crescent Tavern) that remains standing and in nearly unaltered condition.	have spelled the end he other is Singer's	
The Rosemary I and appurtenan Each of the bu cluding horizo buildings exhi meadow at the the 30 foot hi	The Rosemary Inn group consists of a main lodg and appurtenant features. Two of the building Each of the buildings is unique in its design. cluding horizontal clapboards, vertical board buildings exhibit strong bungalow design chara meadow at the shore of Lake Crescent. The pee the 30 foot high windmill, and remnant gardens	of a main lodg of the building in its design. vertical board ow design chara scent. The pee scent gardens	e, the manager's residence, 12 guest s are of log construction, while the A variety of sheathing materials a and batten, wood shingles, cedar bar cteristics. Most of the buildings a led pole "Rosemary Inn" entrance gat are among the landscaping features.	residence truction, eathing m shingles, of the t y Inn" er ndscaping	The Rosemary Inn group consists of a main lodge, the manager's residence, 12 guest cabins, and assorted outbuildings and appurtenant features. Two of the buildings are of log construction, while the remaining are wood-frame construction. Each of the buildings is unique in its design. A variety of sheathing materials are used on the exterior walls, including horizontal clapboards, vertical board and batten, wood shingles, cedar bark, and stucco. Stylistically, the buildings exhibit strong bungalow design characteristics. Most of the buildings are randomly-sited around an open meadow at the shore of Lake Crescent. The peeled pole "Rosemary Inn" entrance gate, three stone and mortar fountains, the 30 foot high windmill, and remnant gardens are among the landscaping features.	l assorted outbullding tre wood-frame constructie exterior walls, in- the exterior walls, in- . Stylistically, the sited around an open one and mortar fountaf	sction.
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are gone, the random spatial arrangement of buildings at the edge of an open meadow is reminiscent of the early period in Rosemary's history. The Rosemary Inn building ensemble possesses integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association.

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? UVES 20. EXISTING HAER NPS

19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY YES, LIMITED YES, UNLIMITED UNKNOWN NO UNKNOWN 21. REFERENCES-HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER NO STATE

AFFILIATION

22. INVENTORIED BY

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2100 C National Park Service Westin Building, Room 1920 Pacific Northwest Region 2001 Sixth Avenue Cultural Resources Division Seattle, Washington 98121	ON 9 RATING 10 DATE C.1914	Lake Cresc	600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362 NT EQUIPMENT AND	Researy Irm Lodge, the principal building and focal point of the inn building ensemble, was among the first buildings constructed in the Rossmary resort compred around 1914. John baum, a prot Angelss building. Construction of the cantral portion of the lodge building. Constructed near the site of Marymere resort which burned a year or two before the establishment of Rosemary. Rosemary inm and Singer's lake Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent Lodge) were among the first two larger and widely publicad resorts located on Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent Lodge) were among the first two larger and widely publicad resorts located on Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent while each resort on Lake Crescent developed distinctive characteristics. Rosemary fun gained a wide reputation for its informal, "mensy" at many page and widely publicad resorts located on Crescent and Prost of the south shore of Lake Crescent while each resort on Lake Crescent developed distinctive characteristics. Rosemary tim gained a wide publiding received two additions, on the east and AFES tends of the building in the 1930s. During President Franklin Rosevelt's olympic Rational Register of Historis of the 1930s. During President Franklin Rosevelt's olympic Rational Register of Historic Places in 1979. The content of allocation ceremonies at the Rosemary int Lodge. The Rosemary Im Lodge building and ddjoring calits were proving the morth and south sloping steeled of alternate wide and narrow widths: gable roof with shed domers on the north and south sloping steeled of the Rosemary Im Lodge. The Rosemary Im Lodge and Internation State and and south slopes and steeles of rods. The Rosemary Im Lodge and adjoring calits and erations wood-frame wall contruction with wood shingles (falternate wide and narrow widths: gable roof with shed domers on the north and south slopes is alternate wide and tracelly was and tracelly the steeled poles support. The Rosemary Im Lodge and narrow widths: gable roof with shed domers on the north and south slopes to fals
PARO INVENTORY	s original use 7 classification Lodge	6 PRESENT USE 5 PRESENT USE Seasonal Seasonal Residence 1 0 Iallam, Washington SCALE	rk Service, Olympic National Park, sisi, physical dimensions, materials, major alterations, extar	building and focal point of the inn building ensemble, was among t complex "Kompleted around 1914. John Daum, a Port Angeles builde of the central portion of the lodge building. Constructed near th r or two before the establishment of Rosemary, Rosemary Inn and Si Lodge) were among the first two larger and widely publicized reso While each resort on Lake Crescent developed distinctive characte ts informal. "homey" atmosphere and excellent healthful meals serv Rose Littleton and her assistant Mary Daum were proprietors of the restred two additions, on the east and week ends of the building, in t's Olympic Peninsula visit in 1937, just one year prior to the 1947, Olympic Rational Park dedication ceremonies at the Rosemary Inn Lc joining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic F setted at Rosemary Inn, in the main lodge. Ten years later, in 1947, Olympic National Park dedication ceremonies at the Rosemary Inn Lc joining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic F sons 86' x 34' with 41' x 38' extension; wood-frame wall construction is shingle roof vith shed dormers on the north and south sloping sile (s; gable roof with shed dormers on the north and south sloping sile (s; gable roof vith shed dormers on the north and south sloping sile is stelly hand-crafted, twisted madrone baluster on main, first 1 west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, first 1 west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, forth west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, forth west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, forth west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, forth west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, forth west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, north uses wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, north west wings, probably in 1930s; alteration of porch on main, intersto ind; located at the south edge of a grassy meadow; part of the Roc ing: located at the south edge
NR-100 6/82 Site I.D. NO	NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 372 LODGE (Rosemary Inn)	SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101 CITYVICINITY Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, C	OWNERVADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East F Description and Background History Including Construction Date(s), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPOSTANT BULDERS ARCHITECTS ENGINEERS, FIG.	Rosemary Imn Lodge, the principal building and focal point of the inn building ensemble, was among the constructed in the Rosemary resort complex %Completed around 1914. John Daum, a Port Angeles builder constructed near the Marymer resort which burned a year or two before the establishment of Rosemary Rosemary Inn and Sug Marymer resort (now Lake Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent Under) and Sig Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent Under) and Sig Crescent Tavern (now Lake Crescent Vhile each resort on Lake Crescent Verbord distinctive characterian pained a wide reputation for its informal, "momey" atmosphere and excellent healthful meals served room of the main lodge building received two additions, on the east and week ended of the 1947, 58 (1) ympic National Park, he breakfasted at Rosemary Inn, in the main lodge. Ten years later, in 1947, 50 (1) ympic National Park, he breakfasted at National Park in building in to distributive and and south shore of the National Park, the breakfasted at National Park dedication ceremonics at the Rosemary Inn lodge building and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Platerater Juluis A. Krug conducted Olympic National Park dedication ceremonics at the Rosemary in lodge interior Juluis A. Krug conducted Olympic National Park dedication ceremonics at the Rosemary in lodge building and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Platerater and south sloping side at a lateration dimension; wood-frame wall construction interior Juluis A. Krug conducted Olympic National Park and South sloping side at a lateration and and any setting and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Plate Rosemary Inn Lodge building and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Plate at the Rosemary Inn Lodge building and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Plate at the Rosemary Inn Lodge building and adjoining cabins were placed on the National Register of Historic Plate at th

22 INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	 Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary Inn Lodge. (Lo Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions Seattle: The Eastman Company. Evans, Gail E. H. with T. Allan Comp. 1983. Historic Resource Stational Park Service, Pacific Northwest Region. McCallum, John and Lorraine Wilcox Ross. 1961. Port Angeles, U.: Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Rosemary Inn. 1953. Photocopy. History file: Superintendents' Monthly Report. June 1946. Photocopy. History file: Superintendents' Northly Report. June 1946. Photocopy. History file: Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Comp. 	NEG. 22:31 NEG. 22:14 19. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? REVES INO INAME 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES. LIMITED VES. UNLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES. LIMITED VES. VINLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES. LIMITED VES. VINLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES. VINLIMITED VES. VINLIMITED VINLINAVAN 21. PEFERENCES- HISTORICAL REFERENCES. PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	
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DATE 9/82, 1984	building inventory history files.) National Park Service. <u>National Park</u> . Seattle: Wood and Reber, Inc.	NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS'8	

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PNR-100 6/82	PNRO	National Park Service Pacific Northwest Pacion	Westin Building, Room 1920 2004 Sixth Austria
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	Cultural Resources Division	Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 373 MANAGER'S RESIDENCE (Rosemary Inn)	s original use 7 class Residence	7 CLASSIFICATION	8. RATING 10. DATE
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6 PRESENT USE		Early
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal & UTW Residence	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	3050
county les S.W. of Port Angeles,	плин Clallam, Washington		ME Lake Cree
Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362 ^{13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND ^{13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND ^{14 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND ^{15 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND ^{15 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND CONSTRUCTED AS PART OF the Rosemary Inn resort ensemble in the late 1920s or early 1930s, the Manager's Residence was built presumably by John Daum, Port Angeles builder and craftsman. Little is known about the building's individual}}}}}	ice. Olympic National Pa Dimensions. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATION ensemble in the late 19 ilder and craftsman. Li	<u>Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362</u> PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND SSOrt ensemble in the late 1920s or early 1930s, the Manager's Residence wa Ss builder and craftsman. Little is known about the building's individual	re Port Angeles. WA 98362 the Manager's Residence was the building's individual
history except that it served as the residence of the resort manager in the 1940s and 1950s, and possibly earlier The one-story shed roof section on the west wall of the house is possibly a later addition. As part of the Rose Inn building ensemble, the Manager's Residence was listed in the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	e of the resort manager in the 1940s and 1950s, wall of the house is possibly a later addition. e was listed in the National Register of Histor:	in the 1940s and 1950s, an sibly a later addition. / onal Register of Historic	and possibly earlier. As part of the Rosemary c Places in 1979.
Irregular in shape; overall dimensions 31' x 38 lower portion; wood shingles upper portion; gan end; post and pier foundation; double-hung sas near edge of clearing; part of the Rosemary Inr	: 38'; 1 1/2 stories; wood- gambrel roof with wood shi sash and projected casemer Inn building group.	: 38'; 1 1/2 stories; wood-frame wall construction with horizontal clapboard gambrel roof with wood shingles, exposed rafters and knee braces on gambrel sash and projected casement windows. Alterations: none known. Siting: Inn building group.	38'; 1 1/2 stories; wood-frame wall construction with horizontal clapboards ambrel roof with wood shingles, exposed rafters and knee braces on gambrel ash and projected casement windows. Alterations: none known. Siting: nn building group.
14 CONDITION SCELLENT GOOD EFAIR		S 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION? TYES	ES DNO RUNKNOWN
16 SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Re character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posses feeling, and association.	Register of Historic Places. esses integrity of design, m	a t	This building contributes to the overall cerials, workmanship, location, setting,

Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Manager's Residence. 1953. Photocopy. History files.	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service. Seattle: The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary Inn Manager's Residence. history files.)	19. PUBLICACCESSIBILITY YES, LIMITED YES, UNLIMITED 20 EXISTING XIAN UNHL 21. REFERENCES-HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	NEG. 22:23		
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22. INVENTORIED BY

Gail E. H. Evans

AFFILIATION

National Park Service

DATE

9/82, 1984

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

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sife ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	6 PRESENT USE Seasonal Residence	8 UTM ZONE	EASTING NORTHING	20 C
CITVVICINITY COUNTY COUNTY COUNTY COUNTY COUNTY ADDECX. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Clallar 2 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Serv	state Clallam, Washington ark Service, Olympic Né	scale 124 OTH OTH	ен. (1:825) Ен. (1:825) 00 East Park Ave.,	esce WA 9
³ DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANY BULLDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC. Dreamerie Cabin was constructed in the late 1920s or early 1930s, presumably by John Daum, Port Angeles builde craftsman. Little is known about its individual history. Dreamerie is one of several sleeping cabins built o twenty year period as part of the Rosemary Inn resort. The Rosemary Inn ensemble of buildings and surrounding grounds were nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	s), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. M ate 1920s or early 19 dividual history. D ry Inn resort. The 1 egister of Historic 1	s major al terations extrant equipa 1930s, presumably by Dreamerie is one of Prosemary Inn ensemb Places in 1979.	<pre>coulPMENT AND y by John Daum, Por of several sleeping semble of buildings</pre>	S. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT AND early 1930s, presumably by John Daum, Port Angeles builder and cory. Dreamerie is one of several sleeping cabins built over a . The Rosemary Inn ensemble of buildings and surrounding istoric Places in 1979.
Square in shape; measures 19' x 19'; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle siding, vertical gable ends with lower ends angle cut; jerkinhead roof with wood shingles; knee braces in gable ends; post foundation; fixed-sash and projected casement windows; recessed corner porch. Alterations: none apparent situated at edge of small neadow; part of the Rosemary Inn bullding ensemble.		construction; od shingles; k ed corner porc llding ensembl	wood shingle sidin nee braces in gable h. Alterations: no c.	wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle siding, vertical board in ead roof with wood shingles; knee braces in gable ends; post and pier windows; recessed corner porch. Alterations: none apparent. Siting: Rosemary Inn bullding ensemble.
14. CONDITION	K FAIR	RUINS	15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION?	ES UNKNOW:
16 SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It pos feeling, and association.	ational Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overal It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,	coric Places. of design, mat	This building contr erials, workmanship	This building contributes to the overall cerials, workmanship, location, setting,

Z. INVENTORIED BY Gail F. H. Evans	Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Dreamerie Cabin. 1953. Photo	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary history files.)	UYES, UNLIMITE	NEC. 22:19		
AFFILIATION National Park Survice	ton. Photocopy. History files.	Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service.	Inn Dreamerie Cabin.			Ro	
DATE 9/82, 1984		ark Service. Seattle:	(Located in OLYM building inventory	HAER ZNPS STATE		ROSEMARY INN NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS'82	

LANE Chencent

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

					2005
PNR-100 6/82					Westin Building, Room 1920
1. SITE I.D. NO		INVENTORY	RY Cuttural Resources Division		2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE "I'INDIANA" CA	имеіsı of structure 375 "INDIANA" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	s. ORIGINAL USE Resort Cabin	7. CLASSIFICATION		9. RATING
3 sire ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; 1	ыт ADOMESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	<pre>A PRESENT USE Seasonal Residence</pre>		1 9 7 5 5 3 2	THING 12 3 0 5 0 10 PNR
A CITYVICINITY Approx. 20 m 12 Ownervadmin Address	COUNTY [les S.W. of Port Angeles,	stare Clallam, Washington	i i	(1:62.5)	OUAD Lake Crescent
Department of	of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park,	Service, Olympic Natic		600 East Park Ave., F	Port Angeles, WA 98362
¹³ DESCRIPTION AND BA Indiana Cab of the cons known of thu nominated to	¹³ DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S). PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BULLDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC. Indiana Cabin is one of fourteen individual sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble. Best estimat of the construction date are the late 1920s or the early 1930s. John Daum is the credited builder. Little is known of the individual history of Indiana Cabin. As part of the Rosemary Inn building group, Indiana Cabin was nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	HYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND all sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble. Os or the early 1930s. John Daum is the credited builder. a Cabin. As part of the Rosemary Inn building group, Indis coric Places in 1979.	LTERATIONS EXTANT EQUIPMENT AN the Rosemary Inn bu John Daum is the he Rosemary Inn bui	o ilding ensemb credited buil lding group,	ole. Best estimates lder. Little is Indiana Cabin was
Square in shape; m wood shingles on u braces in gable en windows. Alterati building ensemble.	<pre>leasures 16' x 16'; 1 pper portion; cedar ds; shed roof porch ons: none apparent.</pre>	wood-f gable id by k near c	Trame wall construction; channel drop siding on lower ends; gable roof with wood shingles; exposed rafters thee braces; post and pier foundation; single-light ca ppen meadow and shaded by trees; part of the Rosemary	l drop siding ngles; expose dation; singl ; part of the	siding on lower portion; exposed rafters and knee single-light casement of the Rosemary Inn
14 CONDITION	CERTENT GOOD KAR		RUINS 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION	DEMOLITION?	S NO KUNKNOWN
16 SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn character of	Group is listed in the Na the Rosemary Inn Group.	ttional Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overal It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,	lc Places. This bu design, materials,	ilding contri workmanship,	This building contributes to the overall terials, workmanship, location, setting,

- ·

feeling, and association.

22 INVENTOR. ED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National The Eastman Company. Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Indiana Cabin. 1953. Photoc	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of files.)	18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? DYVES ON DYNAME RO	
AFFILIATION National Park Service	Park concessions appraisal opy. History files.	Draft history of Rosemary Inn Indiana Cabin. (Located in OL	ROSEMATY INN 20. EXISTING XXNR UNHL UHABS UHAER-1 20. SURVEYS XCOUNTY ULOCAL UOTHER	
DATE 9/82, 1984	for National Park Service. Seattle:.	(Located in OLYM building inventory history	HAER-1 CHAER XNPS OSTATE	ROSEMARY INN NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS' 82

NR-100 6/82		DNRO	- -	National Park Service	Vestin Building, Room 1920	υ γ Room 1920
SITE I.D. NO		INVENTORY		Pacific Northwest Hegion Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121	nue șton 98121
NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 376 "ALABAM" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)		s oniginal use 7 (Resort Cabin	7. CLASSIFICATION			9. RATING 10. DATE
sife ADDRESS (SFIREFT & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway	101	6. PRESENT USE Seasonal Residence	UTM ZONE	EASTING NORTHING	1NG 1230510	Mid 192.05 11. REGION
city/vicinity county county Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles,	Clal.	srare lam, Washington	SCALE 1.24 OTHER	(1:62.5)	QUAD	Lake Crescent
Department of the Interior, National Park	Park Service,	ice, Olympic National Park,	1 Park, 6(600 East Park Ave.,	Port Angeles, WA	WA 98362
Probably constructed in the mid to late 1920s, Alabam Cabin is one of fourteen extan Probably constructed in the mid to late 1920s, Alabam Cabin is one of fourteen extan Rosemary Inn building ensemble. John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman Little is known of the individual building history. Alabam Cabin, as part of the R in the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	contractor interaction of the contractor interactor int	to late 1920s, Alabam Cabin is one of fourteen extant John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, I building history. Alabam Cabin, as part of the Rose oric Places in 1979.	of fourte of fourte as part o	nt n, ose	in t buil was	he .der. listed
Rectangular in shape; measures 14' x 19'; boards in gable end; gable roof with wood log porch roof brackets and handrail. Al of the Rosemary Inn building ensemble.	1 sh ter	'; l story; wood-frame wall od shingles; post and pier f Alterations: none known. Si	construct foundation iting: on	frame wall construction; wood shingle siding; narrow vertical and pier foundation; multi-light casement windows; peeled known. Siting: on the edge of a small open meadow; part	gle siding; narrow vert casement windows; peele small open meadow; part	w vertical peeled 7; part
14 CONDITION EXCELLENT GOOD	X F AIR		RUINS 15	DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)		K UNKNOWN
Is SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, ma feeling, and association.	National R It posse	onal Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overal possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,		This building contributes to the overall terials, workmanship, location, setting,	ributes to the p, location, s	e overall setting,

Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Alabam Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. History files. Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Center.	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions appraisal The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary Inn Alabam Cabin. history files.)	VES. UNLIMITED UNKNOWN AL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	18. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? TYES INO ZINAME ROSEMATY INN	NEC. 22:28
files. or Center.	ions appraisal for National Park Service. Seattle:	Cabin. (Located in OLYM building inventory	XINA ONHL OHABS OHAER-1 OHAER KINPS OSTATE Xicounty Olocal Other		ROSEMARY INN NOT DRAWN TO SCALE ENNIS 82

22 INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	
AFFILIATION National Park Service	
DATE 9/82, 1984	

NR-100 6/82	PNRO	National Park Service	Vestin Building, Room 1920
SITE I D. NO	INVENTORY	Pacific Northwest Region Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 377	5. ORIGINAL USE 7. C	7 CLASSIFICATION	9. AATING
HONEYSUCKLE" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	Resort Cabin		10. DATE
SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		the the trate
arnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Residence		1111
CITV/VICINITY COUNTY ADDRESS	state scale Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) 0THER:	
) <u>edartment of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Pa</u> ³ Description and Background Intervior NGLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MAIOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND ¹ IMPORTANT BULLDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	<mark>e, OLYMPIC National I</mark> Imensions, materials, major altera	2ark. 600 East Park Ave Port Angeles.	rt Angèles. WA 98362
loneysuckle Cabin was probably constructed in the mid to late 1920s by local Port Angeles builder and craftsman Tohn Daum. It is presently one of fourteen extant sleeping cabins that is part of the Rosemary Inn building ensemble. Attle is known of its individual history. As part of the Rosemary Inn resort group, Honeysuckle Cabin was nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	the mid to late 1920s late the mid to late the cabins the part of the Rosemary 1979.	he mid to late 1920s by local Port Angeles builder and craftsman ant sleeping cabins that 'S part of the Rosemary Inn building ensembl part of the Rosemary Inn resort group, Honeysuckle Cabin was nominated 1979.	r and craftsman Inn building ensemble. e Cabin was nominated
rregular in shape; measures 13' x 19' and 5' x 9'; 1 oof with wood shingles; shed roof porch; post and pie all. Alterations: none known. Siting: situated on t insemble.	x 19' and 5' x 9'; 1 story; wood-fr of porch; post and pier foundation; o Siting: situated on the edge of a sr	<pre>< 9'; l story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle siding; gab and pier foundation; casement windows; polygonal bay window on north ted on the edge of a small meadow; part of the Rosemary Inn building</pre>	shingle siding; gable bay window on north semary Inn building
14 CONDITION CEXCELLENT COOD SFAIR	Претеноватер П	AUINS 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION? VES (SPECIFY THREAT)	S NO KUNNN
16 SIGNIFICANCE ROSEMARY INN Group is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, mat feeling, and association.	gister of Historic P. ses integrity of des	tional Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overall It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,	butes to the overall location, setting,

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Olympic National Park, Port Angelea, Waahington. Form 10-768. Honeysuckle Cabin. 1953. Photocopy Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memorial	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National P. The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary history files.)	21. REFERENCES-HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	AIC DISTRICT? BYES DNO BANAME ROSEMATY	NEG. 22:30			17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION
AFFILIATION National Park Service DATE 9/82, 1984	nn. Photocopy. History files. c Memorial Visitor Center.	Olympic National Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service. Seattle:	y Inn Honeysuckle Cabin. (Located in OLYM building inventory			ROSEMARY INN NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS '82	377		

NR-100 6/82	DANG		2 r ∪0' ⁄⁄ Westin Building, Room 1920
SITE I D. NO	INVENTORY	Pacific Northwest Region 2 Cultural Resources Division 5	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
PINME(S) OF STRUCTURE 378	s oniginal use 7 clas Resort Cabin		2. RATING 10. DATE
sife ADDMESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	6 PRESENT USE Seasonal Residence	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	G 15 0 PNR
L CITY/VICINITY COUNTY COUNTY ADDIOX. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Clallan 2 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS	state scale Clallam, Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER	
Department of the Interior, National Park Service, 01ympic National Park, 600 East P 13 Description and background history including construction date(s), physical dimensions, materials, major alterations, extant equipment, and impositive and background history, engineers, etc.	VICE OLYMPIC NATIONAL P	<u>National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362</u> o construction dateis), Physical dimensions, materials, major al tenations, extant equipment, and	rt Angeles. WA 98362
Constructed before 1922, Wren Cabin is one of the earliest built sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn ensemble remains standing. John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is believed to be the builder of Wren Little is known of its individual building history. Wren Cabin is now one of fourteen cabins that, as part of Rosemary Inn building group, was nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	the earliest built slee les builder and craftsma story. Wren Cabin is no the National Register o	1922, Wren Cabin is one of the earliest built sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn ensemble that John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is believed to be the builder of Wren Cabin. its individual building history. Wren Cabin is now one of fourteen cabins that, as part of the ing group, was nominated to the National Register of Historic Places in 1979.	' Inn ensemble that iilder of Wren Cabin. iat, as part of the
Square in shape; measures 10' x 10'; 1 story; wood-frame shingle on the upper portion; gable roof with wood shing post and pier foundation; multi-light casement windows. located among trees approx. 20' from small open meadow;		y; wood-frame wall construction; horizontal, half-round log siding; th wood shingles with exposed rafters and purlins in the gable wood ent windows. Alterations: probably moved from original location. S open meadow; part of the Rosemary Inn building ensemble.	nd log siding; wood the gable wood ends; all location. Siting: bble.
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT GOOD RFAIR		NS 15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION?	NWONNUL ON
<pre>is SIGNIFICANCE ROSEMARY INN Group is listed in the National l character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posse association.</pre>	Register of Historic Places. esses integrity of design, ma	ttional Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overall It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, feeling, and	outes to the overall feeling, and

Z. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Wren Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Mem	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National F The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary files.)	IICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL	-1 1		17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION
AFFILIATION National Park Service	shington. Photocopy. History files. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Center.	Olympic National Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service.	y Inn Wren Cabin. (Located in OLYM building inventory				
DATE 9/82, 1984		k Service. Seattle:	ng inventory history	E		300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300	

LAKE CRESCENT

			21010
PNR-100 6/82	PNRO	National Park Service Pacific Northwest Region	Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sixth Avenue
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENIORY	Cultural Resources Division	Seattle, Washington 98121
2 маме(s) of structure 380 "RED WING" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	s. ORIGINAL USE 7. CLAS Resort Cabin	7 CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING 10. DATE
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6 PRESENT USE		Late
barnes Point; Lake Urescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Residence	I UTM ZONE EASTING I O M 2 4 4 0 4 7 5 5 3 2	5 5 5 6 5
A CITY/VICINITY COUNTY COUNTY SI Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Clallam,	state 1, Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER	OUAD Lake Crescent
12 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Serv	Service, Olympic National Park,	Park, 600 East Park Ave.,	n A
¹³ DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BULLDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC. Red Wing Cabin was probably built in the mid to late 1920s by local Port Angeles built This online is one of fourteen extent cleening in the Resement Inn building oround the	DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIC O late 1920s by local I of the Rosemary Inn but	DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT. AND the mid to late 1920s by local Port Angeles builder and craftsman John Daum. cleaning in the Rosemary Inn huilding oroun that was huilt over a neriod of	craftsman John Daum. It over a neriod of
approximately twenty years. Little is known o listed in the National Register of Historic Pl architecture, high degree of craftsmanship, ph	of the individual historiaces, as part of the Ros isses, as part of the Ros iysical integrity, and co	Places, as part of the Rosemary Inn complex, noted physical integrity, and contribution as a whole to	Red Wing Cabin was for its distinctive the history of resort
Irregular in shape; measures 12' x 24' with b' x 18' rear attachment; 1 story; wood-fram shingle siding: lower portion, board and batten; upper portion, wide spaced batten over roof with hip roof over front porch and shed roof over rear attachment; all sheathed wi rafrers: knee braces at the gable ends: post and pier foundation; diamond-shaped, multi-	<pre>>> x 18' rear attachment; 1 story cen; upper portion, wide spaced b roof over rear attachment; all and pier foundation; diamond-sha</pre>	b' x 18' rear attachment; I story; wood-frame wall construction; wo ten; upper portion, wide spaced batten over stucco in gable ends; g l roof over rear attachment; all sheathed with wood shingles; expos and pier foundation; diamond-shaped, multi-light casement windows.	<pre>/; wood-frame wail construction; wood batten over stucco in gable ends; gable sheathed with wood shingles; exposed aped, multi-light casement windows.</pre>
Siting: situated or	the edge of a small meadow; part of	adow; part of the Rosemary	the Rosemary Inn building group.
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT DGOOD KDFAIR		15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? (SPECIFY THREAT)	TYES ONO BY UNKNOWN
No SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National R character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posse feeling, and association.	Register of Historic Pluesses integrity of desi	tional Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overall It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,	ributes to the overall p, location, setting,

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Olympic Nationa Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Red Wing Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memori	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National P Seattle: The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary files.)	19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES, LIMITED VES, UNLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES, LIMITED VES, UNLIMITED 21. REFERENCES-HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	
AFFILIATION National Park Se	hington. 3. Photocopy. History files. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Center.	Park concessions appraisal	Inn Red Wing Cabin.		
Service		for National	ocated in OLYM build		ROSET NOT DI
DATE 9/82, 1984		Park Service.	(Located in OLYM building inventory history	CHAER XNPS CSTATE	384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384

			21011
PNR-100 6/82	PNRO	_	Westin Building, Room 1920
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	Pacific Northwest Hegion	2001 Sixtn Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 381 "SILVER MOON" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	s ORIGINAL USE Resort Cabin	7 CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING
	• • •		10. DATE
3. SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		Late
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Residence	в UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING 1 1 4 4 1 1 5 5 5 7 <td>6 </td>	6
Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Cla	Clallam, Washington	1.24 (1.62.5) 0THER-	QUAD Lake
12 OWNERADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East	Service, Olympic National	1 Park, 600 East Park Ave., F	Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362
13. DESCHIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	, PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTI	ERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	
Silver Moon Cabin was probably constructed in the mid to late 1920s. John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is credited with the cabin's construction. Silver Moon Cabin is one of fourteen extant sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn building group that was constructed over a period of twenty years. Rosemary functioned on the	l in the mid to late 1920% nstruction. Silver Moon is constructed over a per:	the mid to late 1920s. John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and ruction. Silver Moon Cabin is one of fourteen extant sleeping cab onstructed over a period of twenty years. Rosemary functioned on	eles builder and ant sleeping cabins y functioned on the
American plan where guests slept in individual cabins and took their meals in the main lodge. Little is known of the individual building history of Silver Moon Cabin. In 1979 Silver Moon Cabin was listed in the National Register of Historic Places as part of the Rosemary Inn complex, for its distinctive architecture, physical integrity, and	dual cabins and took the Cabin. In 1979 Silver N in complex, for its disting	ir meals in the main lodge. Moon Cabin was listed in the ctive architecture, physical	Little is known of the National Register of integrity, and
historical contribution to the early resort development on the north Olympic Peninsula.	t development on the nor	th Olympic Peninsula.	
T-shape in plan, measures 16' x 12' and 5' x 4'; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle, butt ended vertical V-groove boards in gable ends; gable roof with wood shingles; cross gable roof porch; knee braces at gab ends; post and pier foundation; multi-light casement windows. Alterations: none known. Siting: situated in a of trees a few feet from an open meadow; one of three cabins in diagonal row in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble	4'; 1 e roof casemer of th	4'; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle, butt ended siding; roof with wood shingles; cross gable roof porch; knee braces at gable asement windows. Alterations: none known. Siting: situated in a grove of three cabins in diagonal row in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble.	<pre>Ingle, butt ended siding; knee braces at gable g: situated in a grove n building ensemble.</pre>
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT DG000 BEFAIR		The second	ES NO SUNKNOWN

16. SIGNIFICANCE

Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overall character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting, feeling, and association.

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E.H. Evans	Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Silver Moon Cabin. 1953. Photocopy Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memorial	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National P The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary history files.)	19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY YES, LIMITED YES, UNLIMITED	AIC DISTRICT? XYYES UNO XYNAME ROSEMATY	
AFFILIATION National Park Service	on. Photocopy. History files. Memorial Visitor Center.	Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service.	Inn Silver Moon Cabin. (Located			ROSEL CRESCHI
DATE 9/82, 1984		k Service. Seattle:	in OLYM building inventory		5	ROSEMARY INN NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS 82

PNR-100 6/82	PNRO		Vietin Building, Room 1920
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	RY Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 382	5. ORIGINAL USE	7 CLASSIFICATION	8. RATING
"CARA MIA" (Rosemary Inn)	Resort Cabin		10. DATE
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		Mid
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Residence	1 0 0 4 4 1 9 3 5	NORTHING 11000 11 REGION
Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Cla	Clallam, ^{srare} hington		OUAD Lake Crescent
12 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park	Service, Olympic Nation	the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave.,	P A
13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR ALTERATIONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS. ARCHITECTS. ENGINEERS. ETC.	PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS. MATERIALS. MAJOR AL	TERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	
Probably built in the early to mid 1920s, John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is credited with the construction of Cara Mia Cabin. Cara Mia Cabin is one of fourteen extant guest cabins in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble. Little is known of its individual building history. Established around 1914, Rosemary Inn is one of the	John Daum, local Port / Cabin is one of fourtee ual building history. I	in Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is credited with the in is one of fourteen extant guest cabins in the Rosemary Inn building building history. Established around 1914, Rosemary Inn is one of the	, is credited with the Rosemary Inn building mary Inn is one of the
earliest resorts on the south shore of Lake Crescent. Rosemary Inn, including Cara Mia Cabin, several other buildings comprising the resort, and the Rosemary grounds, was listed in the National Register of Historic Places for its unique architecture and craftsmanship, physical integrity, and its historical significance in the early resort	ke Crescent. Rosemary] rounds, was listed in th vsical integrity, and it	r Inn, including Cara Mia Cabin, several o the National Register of Historic Places, its historical significance in the early	, several other buildings ric Places, for its the early resort
development on the north Olympic Peninsula.	a .		
L-shape in plan; measures 12' x 12' and 4' x 6'; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction; board and batten siding lower portion, wood shingle in upper third; medium-pitch gable roof with wood shingles, shed roof porch, exposed	Ξ.	6'; I story; wood-frame wall construction; board and batten siding in edium-pitch gable roof with wood shingles, shed roof porch, exposed	and batten siding in roof porch, exposed
ratters; peeled, curved logs serve as brackets supporting porch root; post and pler noundation; multi-light, projected casement windows. Alterations: none known. Siting: 1 of 3 cabins in a diagonal row located in a grove of trees approx. 30' from small meadow; part of the Rosemary Inn ensemble.	ckers supporting portn root; post none known. Siting: 1 of 3 cabi art of the Rosemary Inn ensemble.	of 3 cabins in a diagonal ro ensemble.	u, mutti-tigut, w located in a grove
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT 0000 X FAIR	IR ODETERIORATED	CHUINS 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION	
16 SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National	nal Register of Historic Places.	•	This building contributes to the overall

character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting, feeling, and association.

22 INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	National Park, Port Angeles, Wa m 10-768. Cara Mia Cabin. 195 toric photos. Various dates.	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions Seattle: The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary Inn Car Mia Cabin. history files.)	19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY VES, LIMITED VES, UNLIMITED VES	NEG. 23:15A	
AFFILIATION Nat	ıshington. 3. Photocopy. History files. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Center.	ark concessions ap	Inn Car Mia Cabin			
National Park Service	er.	appraisal for National Park Service.	. (Located in OLYM building inventory		ROS	
DATE 9/82, 1984		: Servíce.	ling inventory	HAER ANPS STATE	NOT DRAWN TO SCALE EVANS'82	

17 PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

LAKE CRESCENT

	Cana	National Park Service	21013 Westin Building, Room 1920
SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	ion /ision	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
NAMEISI OF STRUCTURE 383 "DIXIE" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	s ORIGINAL USE 7 CLASS Resort Cabin	7 CLASSIFICATION	3. RATING
sire ADDMESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	6 PRESENT USE Seasona1		M1d 1920s
	Residence	20NE [FASTING NOATHING 0 4 4 1 1 9 7 5 5 3 2	[3]1] 2[5]
COUNTY	STATE SCALE	(1:62.5)	^{ouAD} Lake Crescent
APPLON. 20 ILLIES 3.W. UL FUIL ANGELES, ULALIAN, OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS	CLALLAM, WASNINGTON	01HEH	NAME
Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362 Description and background history including construction date(s), physical dimensions, maior alterations, extant equipment, and Infortant builders, anchitects, engineers, etc.	CE. OLYMDIC NALIONAL P E DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATION	ark, 600 East Park Ave., P	ort Angeles, WA 98362
Dixie Cabin was constructed in the early to mid 1920s as part of the Rosemary Inn resort complex. John Daum, Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is credited with its construction. Dixie Cabin is one of fourteen extant	1920s as part of the F with its construction.	id 1920s as part of the Rosemary Inn resort complex. ed with its construction. Dixie Cabin is one of four	x. John Daum, local ourteen extant
sleeping cabins constructed over a period of twe Rosemary Inn, established around 1914, was one o	enty years. Little is of the earliest resorts	of twenty years. Little is known of the individual history of this cabin one of the earliest resorts founded on the south shore of Lake Crescent,	istory of this cabin. re of Lake Crescent,
and gained a wide reputation for its inform, gracious atmosphere and excellent cuisine. In 1979 the Kosemary inn building ensemble and grounds were listed in the National Register of Historic Places, for their distinctive architecture, physical integrity, and historical contribution to the early resort development on the north Olympic	gracious atmosphere and excellent the National Register of Historic al contribution to the early resor	gracious atmosphere and excellent cuisine. In 1979 the Kosemary the National Register of Historic Places, for their distinctive al contribution to the early resort development on the north Olym	9 the Kosemary Inn distinctive the north Olympic
Peninsula.			
T-shape in plan, measures 12' x 18' and 5' x 9'; 1 story; log wall construction, common corner joints, logs with avecut and viale roof with wood shingles: exnosed neeled log rafter ends: nost and nier foundation: porch extends	9'; l story; log wall cor xnosed peeled log rafter	story; log wall construction, common corner joints, logs with I neeled log rafter ends: nost and pier foundation: porch ext	joints, logs with dation: porch extends
across main facade, porch posts peeled, rough t	rimmed logs; diamond-sh	trimmed logs; diamond-shape light and rectangular multi-light casement	multi-light casement
windows. Alterations: none apparent. Siting: 1 in a open meadow; part of the Rosemary Inn building group.	I IN A BLOUP OF J CADIN group.	building group.	• 30 Dack LLOI all
14 CONDITION SECELLENT GOOD RFAIR .		S 15. DANGER OF DEMOLITION? TYES	S UNKNOWN
A. SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Re character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posses feeling, and association.	Register of Historic Places. esses integrity of design, m	a a	This building contributes to the overall cerials, workmanship, location, setting,

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	 Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions Seattle: The Eastman Company. Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Dixie Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. History files Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Memorial Visitor C 	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary history files.)	XIVES ONO XINAME ROSEMATY	NEG. 23:17A	17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION
AFFILIATION National Park Service	National Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service. shington. Photocopy. History files. Pioneer Memorial Visitor Center.	Inn Dixie Cabin. (Loc	Inn 20. EXISTING INN ONHL OHABS OHAER-1 SURVEYS ICOUNTY OLOCAL OTHER		
DATE 9/82, 1984	Service.	g inventory		384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384 384	

17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

LANE CREDCENI

NR-100 6/82	DNRO	National Park Service	Z1614 Westin Building, Room 1920
SITE LD. NO	INVENTORY	Pacific Northwest Region Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 384 "SUMMERIE" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	s original use 2 clar Resort Cabin	7 CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING 10. DATE
site ADDRESS (STREET & NO) Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	6. PRESENT USE Seasonal Residence	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	NG NG NG NG NG NR PNR
CITVVICIMITY COUNTY COU	state Washington	07HER-	OUAD Lake C
the Interior, National Park GROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S). RCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	.ce, Olympic National P Dimensions, materials, major alteratic	<u>Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362</u> Physical Dimensions, Materials, Major al Tenations, Extant Equipment, and	ort Angeles, WA 98362
Summerie Cabin, one of fourteen extant sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn 1921, making it one of the oldest cabins in the Rosemary group. John Daum is credited with its construction. Little individual history is known of Inn building group, Summerie Cabin was listed to the National Register of Rosemary Inn and the surrounding grounds are significant for their distinc nearly unaltered physical condition, and their historical contribution to and the north Olympic Peninsula.	cabins in the Rosemary Inn resort Rosemary group. John Daum, local vidual history is known of Summeric o the National Register of Historic gnificant for their distinctive arc historical contribution to the earl	<pre>L resort complex, I, local Port Ange Summerie Cabin. Historic Places i tive architecture the early resort</pre>	complex, was constructed by Port Angeles builder and craftsman, Cabin. As part of the Rosemary Places in 1979. As a group, hitecture and craftsmanship, their y resort development of Lake Crescent
Irregular in shape; measures 14' x 20' and 6' x lower portion, board and batten; mid-portion, w roof, wood shingles; post and pier foundation; r edge of a small meadow; part of the Rosemary In	x 8'; l story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingles in gable ends; gable roof with ; multi-light casement windows; porch extends Inn building group.		horizontal clapboard siding; cross gable forming porch from main facade porch roof
		VS 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION? VES	S DNO KNOWN
s significance Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Re character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posses feeling, and association.	Register of Historic Places. esses integrity of design, m	at	This building contributes to the overall erials, workmanship, location, setting,

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic ttle: The Eastman Company. National Park, Port Angeles, Wa m 10-768. Summerie Cabin. 195 toric photos. Various dates.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosem files.)	19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY TYSES LIMITED TES. UNLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY TYSES, LIMITED TES. UNLIMITED 21. REFERENCES-HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	9A INO	
AFFILIATION National Park Service	Park concessions appraisal copy. History files. lemorial Visitor Center.	Draft history of Rosemary Inn Summerie Cabin. (Located	20 EXISTING TANA DINHL DHABS	NEC. 23: 20A	
DATE 9/82, 1984	for National Park Service.	Located in OLYM building inventory history	3 DHAER-I DHAER WNPS DSTATE	TAKE CRESCENT	

PNR-100 6/82	DNRO		National Park Service	21015 Westin Building, Room 1920
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	21.12	Pacific Northwest Region Cultural Resources Division	2001 Sixth Avenue Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 386	5. ORIGINAL USE	7 CLASSIFICATION		9 RATING
KUCK-A-BIE CABIN (KOSEMARY INN)	Kesort Cabin			10 DATE
3 SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	8 PRESENT USE			Late
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Seasonal Residence	B UTM ZONE	AILO 0 2 5 3 3	0001162
les S.W. of	county state Port Angeles, Clallam, Washington	SCALE 1:24 OTHER	(1:62.5)	OUAD I NAME
12 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park	Service, Olympic Nati	onal Park, 60) East Park Ave.	Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port Angeles, WA 98362
13 DESCHIPTION AND BACKGHOUD HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATEISI, PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATEHIALS, MAJOH ALTEHATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC	PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOH	ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQ	UIPMENI, ANU	
Built in the mid 1920s to early 1930s, Rock-A-Bye Cabin is one of fourteen extant sleeping cabins in the Rosemary Inn building ensemble. John Daum, local Port Angeles builder and craftsman, is creditied with the building's design and	ck-A-Bye Cabin is one Angeles builder and c	of fourteen e raftsman, is	xtant sleeping cal creditied with the	oins in the Rosemary Inn e building's design and
construction. Little is known of its individual history. Rosemary Inn resort building group, including Ro Cabin, is distinctive for its unique architectural design, its nearly unaltered physical condition, and its contribution to the social history of early resort development on Lake Crescent and the north Olympic Penin	<pre>ividual history. Rose itectural design, its ly resort development</pre>	mary Inn reso nearly unalte on Lake Cresc	rt building group, red physical condi ent and the north	story. Rosemary Inn resort building group, including Rock-A-Bye design, its nearly unaltered physical condition, and its development on Lake Crescent and the north Olympic Peninsula.
L-plan in shape; measures 12' x 11' and 6' x 7'; 1 story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle siding; u portion, board and batten; lower portion, hip roof sheathed with wood shingles, exposed rafters; post and pier	' x 7'; l story; wood- hip roof sheuthed wit	frame wall co h wood shingl	nstruction; wood s es, exposed rafter	7'; l story; wood-frame wall construction; wood shingle siding; upper b roof sheuthed with wood shingles, exposed rafters; post and pier
foundation with concrete; multi-light, fixed at the edge of meadow; part of the Rosemary	xed and projected casement windows. Alterations: none ry Inn building ensemble.	ment windows. le.	Alterations: non	ne apparent. Situated
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT DG00D KFAIR			IS DANGER OF DEMOLITION?	TYES NO BUNKNOWN
<pre>Ms SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It pos feeling, and association.</pre>	ttional Register of Historic Places. This building contributes to the overal It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting,	ic Places. T design, mate	his building cont rials, workmanshi	This building contributes to the overall terials, workmanship, location, setting,

	LAKE CRESCENT	
17. PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION		
		378 377 575 575
		377
	ROSEN	Ζ
NEG. 22: 10 19. LOCATED IN AN HISTORIC DISTRICT? ED YES IN NO ED NAME ROSEMATY INN		NUI DRAWN ID JEANE EVANS DE
VES. UNLIMITED		
NCES. PERSONA		
Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary history files.)	Inn Rock-A-Bye Cabin. (Located	in OLYM building inventory
Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Pa Seattle: The Eastman Company.	National Park concessions appraisal for National Park Service.	Service.
Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Rock-A-Bye Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. Histo Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Visitor Center.	copy. History files. itor Center.	
22 INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	AFFILIATION National Park Service	DATE 9/82, 1984

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NR-100 6/82	PNRO	_	2 (0 1 7 Westin Building, Room 1920
SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	Pacific nor unvest hegion Cuttural Resources Division	2001 Sixun Awarwa Seattle, Washington 98121
NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 388	5. ORIGINAL USE 7 CI	7 CLASSIFICATION	8. RATING
"DARDANELLA" CABIN (Rosemary Inn)	Resort Cabin		10 DATE 10 27
SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		76.67
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Residence	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	NG 15 PNR
CITV/VICINITY COUNTY	STATE SCALE	LE 1:24 (1:62.5)	
Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Clall ownervapmin appress Department of the Interior, National Park Se	llam, Washington Service, Olympic National	Park, 600 East Park Ave., Port	ort Angeles, WA 98362
DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC	IVSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERA	TIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	
Probably built in the early 1930s by local Port Angeles builder and craftsman John Daum,	Port Angeles builder and		Dardanella Cabin is one of
fourteen extant sleeping cabins that make up the Rosemary Inn resort building ensemble. Dardanella Cabin is located near the site of an early row of canvas wall tents used as sleeping accommodations, after Rosemary Inn's establishment around 1914. As the resort grew and expanded numerous small uniquely designed rabins were constructed on the Rosemary	וס the Rosemary Inn resort building ensemble. Ll tents used as sleeping accommodations, afte לפל הווהברטוג small uniquely designed cabins על	the Rosemary Inn resort building ensemble. Dardanella Cabin is located tents used as sleeping accommodations, after Rosemary Inn's establishment numerous small uniquely designed rabins were constructed on the Rosemar	Dardanella Cabin is located Rosemary Inn's establishment e constructed on the Rosemary
سلم ٧٧	ttle is known of the indi- bardanella Cabin, was lis	Little is known of the individual history of Dardanella Cabin. In 1979 © Dardanella Cabin, was listed in the National Register of Historic Pla	n Cabin. In 1979
for its distinctive architecture, physical : the resort development of Lake Crescent and	integrity of buildings and gr the north Olympic Peninsula.	nd grounds, and its historical contribution to sula.	al contribution to
in shape; overall dimensions 12'	×	18'6"; 1 story; wood-frame; channel drop siding, upper portion; wood flared, nointed ends in vable end of main facade: medium-pitch zable	upper portion; wood medium-pitch gable
sumptes, tower poterou, we treat your we rafters; po Alterations: possible replacement of windows building group.	• 0 • • 11	st and pier foundation; single-light projected casement windows. . Siting: situated at the edge of small meadow; part of the Rosemary Inn	ement windows. Art of the Rosemary Inn
I CONDITION DEXCELLENT DOOD STAFAIR	DETERIORATED	AUINS IS DANGER OF DEMOLITION? TYES (SPECIFY THREAT)	NMONNNO ES
significance Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National	al Register of Historic Places.	1 ·	This building contributes to the overall

character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting, feeling, and association. ž

22 INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans	Olympic National Park, Port Angeles, Washington. Form 10-768. Dardanella Cabin. 1953. Photocopy. Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Visitor	Eastman, Leslie W., Jr. 1977. Olympic National Park concessions Seattle: The Eastman Company.	Dembo, Jonathan. 1982. Draft history of Rosemary Inn Dardanella Cabin. history files.)	19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY YES, LIMITED YES, UNLIMITED 19. PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY YES, LIMITED YES, UNLIMITED 21. REFERENCES- HISTORICAL REFERENCES, PERSONAL CONTACTS, AND/OR OTHER	
AFFILIATION National Park Service	shington. 953. Photocopy. History files. Pioneer Visitor Center.	ark concessions appraisal for National Park Service.	Inn Dardanella Cabin. (Located in OLYM building inventory	20 EXISTING X NA ONHL CHABS CHAER-1 SURVEYS X COUNTY CLOCAL OTHER	ROSE ROSE
DATE 9/82, 1984		k Service.	uilding inventory	HAER NPS STATE	304 304 304 304 300 304 300 300 300 300

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PNR-100 6/82	JZZ	National Park Service Pacific Northwest Region	Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sixth Avenue
1. SITE I.D. NO	INVENTORY	• ••••	Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 398	5. ORIGINAL USE 7. CLA	7. CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING
FIREPLACE SHELTER (Rosemary Inn)	Fireplace		10 DATE
3. SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6. PRESENT USE		
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Fireplace	I UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING I	THING 3 2 3 1 2 5 2 PNR
 CITY/VICINITY COUNTY /ul>	State Clallam, Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER	OUAD Lake Crescent
12 OWNERVADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Service, Olympic National Park, 600 East Park Ave.,	ice, Olympic National H		Port Angeles, WA 98362
13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR AL TERATIC	ONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	
Constructed in the early to mid 1930s, the Rosen sixteen-building Rosemary Inn ensemble. The F Rosemary entrance gate that welcomed visitors (mary Inn Fire Shelter f 'ire Shelter is located crossing Lake Crescent	emary Inn Fire Shelter is one of the last built structures in the Fire Shelter is located near the site of the peeled pole-motif s crossing Lake Crescent by ferry or launch. After the completion of	tructures in the ed pole-motif r the completion of
<u> </u>	d by automobile over a rontage then became use John Daum local Port A	ed by automobile over a long wooded driveway connecting the Rosemary frontage then became used exclusively for recreational purposes, at John Daum local Port Angeles builder and crafteman is credited with	ecting the Rosemary ional purposes, at man is credited with
Ц Ц	e Rosemary Inn building Places.	the Rosemary Inn building complex, including the Fire Shelter, was ric Places.	ire Shelter, was
Rectangular in shape; measures 14' x 26'; 1 story; horizontal, peeled log wall construction; open on one side; common corner notching; shallow pitch, gable roof with corrugated galvanized metal; stone and mortar foundation and flooring multi-light casement windows: expansive stone and mortar fireplace; chairs cut from a single log. Alterations: none	ory; horizontal, peeled h corrugated galvanized and mortar fireplace; c	story; horizontal, peeled log wall construction; open on one side; common vith corrugated galvanized metal; stone and mortar foundation and flooring we and mortar fireplace; chairs cut from a single log. Alterations: none	pen on one side; common foundation and flooring; og. Alterations: none
	Lake Crescent at the r	f Lake Crescent at the north edge of an open meadow; part of the	ow; part of the
14 CONDITION EXCELLENT GOOD	DETERIORATED	NS 15 DANGER OF DEMOLITION?	ES ONO KOWN
is significance Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National R character of the Docemary Inn Crown It nosed	Register of Historic Places. Asses integrity of design ma		This building contributes to the overall terials workmanshin location setting

character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It possesses integrity of design, materials, workmanship, location, setting, feeling, and association.

 Marce Cossibility St. INNITED AVES. UNINITED AVES. UNINITED AVES SUMPEY SCOUNT ON CONTREPORT AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	NEG. 22.7
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Form 10-768. Fire Shelter. 1953. Photocopy. History Tiles. Historic photos. Various dates. Pioneer Visitor Center.

22. INVENTORIED BY Gail E. H. Evans

AFFILIATION National Park Service

DATE 9/82, 1984

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NR-100 6/82	PNRO		2 (622) Westin Building, Room 1920 2001 Sixth Avenue
SITE LD. NO	INVENTORY	Cultural Resources Division	Seattle, Washington 98121
2 NAME(S) OF STRUCTURE 399 BOATHOUSE/LUMBER STORAGE	s original use 7. CLA Boathouse	7. CLASSIFICATION	9. RATING
(Rosemary Inn)			10. DATE
I SITE ADDRESS (STREET & NO)	6 PRESENT USE		
Barnes Point; Lake Crescent; Highway 101	Boathouse/	UTM ZONE EASTING NORTHING	231150 PNR
Approx. 20 miles S.W. of Port Angeles, Clallam,	state scale , Washington	1:24 (1:62.5) OTHER	QUAD Lake Crescent
2 OWNER/ADMIN ADDRESS Department of the Interior, National Park Servi	Park Service, Olympic National	Park, 600 East Park Ave.,	Port Angeles, WA 98362
13 DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND HISTORY INCLUDING CONSTRUCTION DATE(S), PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR ALTERATIONS, EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND IMPORTANT BUILDERS, ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, ETC.	DIMENSIONS, MATERIALS, MAJOR AL TERATIO	ONS. EXTANT EQUIPMENT, AND	
Constructed around 1936, the Rosemary Inn Boathouse was probably the last structure built in the existing Rosemary Inn building complex. The present Boathouse stands near the site of an earlier structure that possibly served the same	suse was probably the site of an	Boathouse was probably the last structure built in the existing Rosemary I stands near the site of an earlier structure that possibly served the same	existing Rosemary Inn ibly served the same
function. John Daum is the presumed builder. Little is known of the individual history of this building. As part of the sixteen-building Rosemary Inn ensemble, the Boathouse was listed in the National Register of Historic Places, for its contribution to a building ensemble with unique architecture, physical integrity, and for the Inn's contri-	 Little is known of the individuation the Boathouse was listed in the with unique architecture, physical boath and the north Olympic I 	. Little is known of the individual history of this building. e, the Boathouse was listed in the National Register of Historic with unique architecture, physical integrity, and for the Inn's	s building. As part ir of Historic Places, or the Inn's contri-
DULION LO LNE EALLY LESOLL DEVELOPMENT ON DAKE OLESCENT		I ATAMPTC I CUITURATE.	
Rectangular in shape; measures 18.6' x 31'; 1 s roof sheathed with wood shingles; exposed rafte projected casement windows; painted, peeled log situated near the Lake Crescent shoreline at th	story; wood-frame wall ters and knee braces on og porch posts and brac the edge of a densely f	l story; wood-frame wall construction with board and batten siding; gable ifters and knee braces on gable ends; post and pier foundation; multi-light log porch posts and brackets. Alterations: none apparent. Building : the edge of a densely forested area; part of the Rosemary Inn building	d batten siding; gable foundation; multi-light parent. Building kosemary Inn building
group.			
ъ.			
14 CONDITION DEXCELLENT DGOOD ELFAIR		IS. DANGER OF DEMOLITION' TYES (SPECIFY THREAT)	S ONO SUNKNOWN
<pre>** SIGNIFICANCE Rosemary Inn Group is listed in the National Re character of the Rosemary Inn Group. It posses feeling, and association.</pre>	Register of Historic Places. esses integrity of design, m	at at	This building contributes to the overall erials, workmanship, location, setting,

Gail E. H. Evans

National Park Service

9/82, 1984

17 PHOTOS AND SKETCH MAP OF LOCATION

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LAKE CRESCENT

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