Form	No.	1 <b>0-30</b> 0	(Rev. 10-74)	
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# PH0508926

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

DATA	SHEET
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FOR NPS USE ONLY NOV 7 1977 RECEIVED DATE ENTERED FEB 1.7 1978

## SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS

#### TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

## 1 NAME

(JOSEPH ADAMS HOUSE

AND/OR COMMON

## 2 LOCATION

300 North A	damswood Road	NOT FOR PUBLICAT	ION
Layton		CONGRESSIONAL D	DISTRICT
Utah	CODE 049	county Davis	CODE 011
	Layton		Layton

## **3** CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESI	ENTUSE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC		AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	<u>X</u> PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	BOTH		EDUCATIONAL	X PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		NO	MILITARY	OTHER:

## **4 OWNER OF PROPERTY**

NAME	Minnie N. Adams		
STREET & NUMBER		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	300 North Adamswood		
CITY, TOWN	Larton		STATE
	Layton vicinity	OF	Utah
<b>5 LOCATION O</b>	F LEGAL DESCRIPTI	ON	
COURTHOUSE,			
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.	Recorder's Office		
STREET & NUMBER			
	Davis County Courthouse	<u>e</u>	
CITY, TOWN			STATE
	Farmington		Utah
6 REPRESENTA	<b>TION IN EXISTING</b>	SURVEYS	
TITLE			
	Utah Historic Sites Sur	rvey	
DATE		V	
	March 1977	FEDERAL XSTATECOUN	TYLOCAL
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Utah State Historical	Society	
CITY, TOWN	Salt Lake City	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	state Utah

#### 7 DESCRIPTION

CON	DITION	CHECK ONE	CHECK C	NE
XEXCELLENT	DETERIORATED	X UNALTERED	X_ORIGINAL	SITE
GOOD	RUINS	ALTERED	MOVED	DATE
FAIR	UNEXPOSED			,

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Of the original eighty-acre farm only six acres are included as the National Register property. The six acres include the following buildings: the house, constructed in 1889-1890; the wash house, constructed in 1876; the milk house, constructed c. 1900; the granary, buggy shed, and milking shed, constructed in 1876; and a garage, constructed c. 1920. Also on the property but not included in the nomination is a thresher shed constructed in 1959.

The Adams house is a good example of a basic "T" form, 2-story brick house (with a one-story shed addition), which uses Queen Anne style decorative elements without the variation in plan or massing characteristic of more elaborate Queen Anne buildings. The fine decorative detail, although limited to the front facade, makes for great visual interest. The first floor double two-over-two windows in the gable end framed by a brick arch, with a tracery pattern in the wood infill below the arch. The second floor windows above and the dormer window are set in raised brick corbelling. Both second story windows, one in the gable end and the dormer over the porch, are framed by raised corbelled brick.

The porch projects past the front of the house and is supported by six turned posts with bell and spindle fret work just below the porch roofline. The roof of the porch is broken by a projecting gable over the steps with a turned finial on the gable peak.

The wash house is approximately 10 feet by 14 feet. The log structure was constructed in 1876 for bathing and washing clothes.

The granary, located to the rear, southeast of the house, was constructed in 1876 and is built of wood on a stone foundation which comprises a cellar and is reached by an entry on the west side of the granary. The granary is reached by doors on the north.

Attached to the granary on the east is a buggy shed with three stalls which open to the north. Attached to the buggy shed to the east is the milking shed. It opens to the south. The milk house, a 4 foot by 6 foot wooden shed used to cool the milk is located approximately forty feet west of the granary.

The garage is located east of the house, approximately 120 feet and north of the granary approximately 60 feet. It is a wood frame structure.

The house and out buildings are surrounded by approximately four and a half acres of pasture land.

## 8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	AR	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	ECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	_XARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		
			(	
SPECIFIC DATI	ES 1889-1890	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT Joseph Adams	

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The Joseph Adams House is significant as one of the best remaining examples of the turn-of-the-century farm house in Utah's Davis County. Located between the two large metropolitan areas of Salt Lake City and Ogden, Davis County became the garden spot of the Wasatch front as a considerable number of prosperous family farms were operated in the county; however, in the last few decades much of the farmland has been appropriated for housing subdivisions, schools, shopping centers, highways, and other urban structures. The Joseph Adams House and out buildings, located in a grove of trees and surrounded by pasture land, provides a glimpse of the by-gone rural-agricultural era of Davis County.

#### HISTORY

Joseph Samuel Adams was born at Quincy, Adams County, Illinois, September 19, 1841. Earlier his parents Elias and Malinda Railey Adams had joined the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints and moved to Illinois to be with the main body of Mormons. Following the exodus from Illinois the Adams family moved to Mount Pisgah in May 1846 and remained there until 1850. In the spring of 1850 Elias Adams was released from his assignment at the Mount Pisgah way station and allowed to complete the journey to the Great Salt Lake Valley.

After their arrival in Salt Lake City, September 7, 1850, the Adams family immediately traveled north to the Kaysville settlement where Elias Adams claimed a parcel of land approximately one by two miles.

Joseph Adams remained with his family in Kaysville until 1873 when he was called to serve as a colonizing missionary to northern Arizona. The mission proved a failure, and the group returned to Utah. However Joseph Adams left his mark in Arizona at House Rock Springs where his assessment of the mission, carved in stone, can still be read, "Joseph Adams from Kaysville to Arizona and busted June 4, A.D. 1873."

Joseph returned to Kaysville and in February 1876 married Isabella "Belle" Smith. He purchased 80 acres of land from his father for 450 bushels of grain. In the spring of 1876 a large log house was constructed and several out buildings including the granary, cellar and wash house. The farm proved profitable and in 1889 Adams began construction of the present brick house. Brick for the house was made by Joseph Adams who had learned brick making from his father.

Joseph Adams died October 13, 1901. His wife "Belle" remained in the house until her death in 1944. Prior to that time his son Charles moved into the house and the property passed to him. Charles Adams died in 1966, and his wife, Minnie N. Adams, is the current owner. She has deeded the house and property to her son, Charles P. Adams, who has shown a strong commitment to the preservation of the house and property.

#### 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Deseret News, October 14, 1901, Joseph S. Adams obituary.

Frank D. Adams, Compiler and Editor. <u>Ancestors and Descendents of Elias Adams: The</u> Pioneer, 600-1930. Inland Printing Company, Kaysville, Utah, 1930.

Davis County Daughters of Utah Pioneers. <u>East of Antelope Island</u>. Cass Printing Company, Bountiful, Utah, 1948.

#### **10**GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY SIX ACTES.

A [1,2] [4]2,0[6,0,0] [4,5[4,6]2,1,0] ZONE EASTING NORTHING C \_\_\_\_\_ D \_\_\_ D

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND	COUNTIES FOR PROPER	TIES OVERLAPPING	STATE OR COUNTY BO	DUNDARIES	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE	
STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE	
<b>11</b> FORM PREPARED	BY	**************************************		<u></u>	
NAME / TITLE					
A. Kent Powell, Preservat	ion Historian				
ORGANIZATION			DATE		
Jtah State Historical Soc	ziety		September	: 12, 1977	
STREET & NUMBER			TELEPHONE		
503 East South Temple			(801) 533	3-5755	
CITY OR TOWN			STATE		
alt Lake City			Utah		
12 STATE HISTORIC	JATED SIGNIFICANCE OF			UN	
NATIONAL	STA	ΓΕ	LOCAL X		
As the designated State Historic Pr					
hereby nominate this property for			hat it has been evaluat	ed according to the	
criteria and procedures set forth by	the National Park Service	· \],      47			
STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFF	ICER SIGNATURE	Miffell	1 van		
	allivan, State Hi ion Officer	storic	DATE Oct	cober 3, 1977	
OR NPS USE ONLY					
I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS	PROPERTY IS INCLUDED	IN THE NATIONAL	REGISTER	1	
Robert B.	Rettia	N.	DATE 2	17 78	
Statestate valendated and the	A COM AND UNOTODIC D		ABS ER OF THE TRUE H	ATLONAL REGISTE	
ATTEST		HECENHATION P	DATE Z	.14.25	

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

#### NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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CONTINUATION SHEET	ITEM NUMBER	9	PAGE	2	
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- Charles S. Peterson. <u>Take up Your Mission: Mormon Colonizing Along the Little Colorado</u> River, 1870-1900. University of Arizona Press, Tucson, Arizona, 1973.
- Minnie N. Adams, "Joseph Adams House," Manuscript at Utah State Historical Society, Salt Lake City, Utah.

