

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	SEP 20 1978
DATE ENTERED	DEC 11 1978

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN *HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS*
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC "Concord," White Place

AND/OR COMMON

Annington (preferred) *White Place*

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER *W of Poolesville on*
~~North side of White's Ferry Road, about two miles west of Martinsburg and one mile east of the Potomac~~

CITY, TOWN

Poolesville

VICINITY OF Martinsburg

Eighth

STATE

Maryland

CODE

24

COUNTY

Montgomery

CODE

031

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT USE
<input type="checkbox"/> DISTRICT	<input type="checkbox"/> PUBLIC	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE <input type="checkbox"/> MUSEUM
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BUILDING(S)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE	<input type="checkbox"/> UNOCCUPIED	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCIAL <input type="checkbox"/> PARK
<input type="checkbox"/> STRUCTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> BOTH	<input type="checkbox"/> WORK IN PROGRESS	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATIONAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PRIVATE RESIDENCE
<input type="checkbox"/> SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	<input type="checkbox"/> ENTERTAINMENT <input type="checkbox"/> RELIGIOUS
<input type="checkbox"/> OBJECT	<input type="checkbox"/> IN PROCESS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: RESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> GOVERNMENT <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENTIFIC
	<input type="checkbox"/> BEING CONSIDERED	<input type="checkbox"/> YES: UNRESTRICTED	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRIAL <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO	<input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER:

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME Mrs. Luvie Moore Pearson (owns surrounding farm)
James A. and Carol F. Caywood (Mr. and Mrs.)

STREET & NUMBER

24001 White's Ferry Road / 2820 Dumbarton Avenue, NW

CITY, TOWN

Dickerson / Washington VICINITY OF

Maryland 20753/D.C. 20007

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE, MONTGOMERY COUNTY COURTHOUSE
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Liber #: 43271
Folio #: 036

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Rockville

STATE

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE Historic Medley District, Inc.

DATE

June 1976

FEDERAL STATE COUNTY LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS

Historic Medley District, Inc.

CITY, TOWN

P. O. Box 232, Poolesville

STATE

Maryland 20837

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Annington faces southwest overlooking the Potomac River and the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal on the road to White's Ferry and Leesburg, Virginia. It is located in Medley's district of Montgomery County near Poolesville, Maryland.

The house consists of three two-story sections: a main block three bays wide, a wing to the west two bays wide, and a wing to the east three bays wide. It is constructed of brick, Flemish bond on the main (south) facades and American bond elsewhere. The cornices are of brick laid in a saw-tooth pattern and painted white. At each end of the main block and the outer ends of both wings is an interior chimney. The roof of the main block is accentuated by the parapets at the gable ends.

There are three entrances to the building, a door in the west bay on both facades of the main block and a door in the west bay of the south facade of the east wing. There are windows in all other bays on both floors of the south and north facades. There are no openings in the ends of the sections except in the gables; on either side of each chimney in each gable is a quadrant window, making eight in all. (Windows once existed in the west end of the west wing, but they have been bricked in for some time.) About fifty per cent of the early pressed glass remains in the six-over-six sash windows. The panes measure 11 3/4" x 15 3/4". All windows have gauged brick lintels painted white, and louvered shutters. The doorways into the main block have flat arch brick lintels. The doorway into the east wing is an unusual brick archway: in the recent restoration detached sidelights were placed on either side of this entrance, which had been partially bricked in; there is a rectangular transom above the door and flanking sidelights, and a small quadrant pane above each of the detached sidelights.

The interior of the main block contains a stair hall on the west and two rooms on the east. The staircase in the hall is open to the third floor. It is decorated with raised paneling on the wall beneath and with carved scrollwork step-ends. There is a door to the basement below the stair. The plaster ceiling medallion here has an eagle on it. Wainscoting in the hall is to chair rail level and consists of raised panels like those below the stair.

The south room in the main section is now the dining room. A fireplace is located on the east wall of the room; the mantel consists of a reeded band just under the shelf and two columns flanking the opening. On either side of the fireplace is a cabinet with fluted shell motifs; these were added during the restoration. A partition has been put in the north room in the main section, creating a hall from the stair hall to the kitchen (east)wing.

(SEE CONTINUATION SHEET 1)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	SEP 20 1978
DATE ENTERED	DEC 11 1978

Annington
Montgomery County
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 1

The parlor in the west wing has North Carolina long-leaf pine flooring. Hair plaster has been applied directly over the solid brick walls. The trim for all windows continues to the floor. The fireplace at the west end of the room has a mantel with double columns supporting a stepped, projecting shelf.

The east wing floor plan has a large, open kitchen to the east and a stair hall to the west. A new half-bath has been placed in the south end of the hall; the stairs in the north end are narrow, being only fourteen inches wide from the second floor to the loft. A new fireplace has been put in the east wall of the kitchen. It has not been determined where the original kitchen was located, but there probably was a fireplace in this room before it was partially destroyed by fire.

The floor plan of the second floor of the main block is identical to that of the first, except that the north room has an original partition where the one on the first floor has a new partition, and a full-size bath has been added at the south end of the hall. The west wing has one large bedroom with new closets on either side of the fireplace. The east wing has a full bath and a half-bath in the south end of the stair hall and closets along the east wall of the bedroom in the east where there probably was a fireplace originally. All of the mantels on the second story are similar to that in the dining room.

There are finished rooms on the third floor of the main block, including one room off the stair which is lighted by the quadrant windows on the east side. There is also a small "traveler's room" on the south side above the hall, lighted by a quadrant window on the west.

The basement has brick walls with a brick floor under the central block. An exterior door on the north side leads directly outside beneath the first floor door.

The house has recently been restored with few changes from the original floor plan (changes noted above). The east wing has been reconstructed on the interior since it was damaged in a fire. The beams in the kitchen ceiling have been exposed with charred areas removed

A brick outbuilding located to the northwest of the main house is thought to have been a slave quarter. It is 1 1/2 stories tall and four bays wide with doors in the two center bays and windows in the end bays. There is a dormer in the roof directly above each door. An addition has recently been made to the north side of this building, and it is now occupied as a residence.

(SEE CONTINUATION SHEET 2)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

FOR NPS USE ONLY	
RECEIVED	SEP 20 1978
DATE ENTERED	DEC 11 1978

Annington
Montgomery County
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 7 PAGE 2

There was a brick barn to the west of the main house. It was in ruins when the present owners purchased the property, and the bricks from it were used in the recent restoration work.

Several 20th century outbuildings, including a large barn, also stand on the property.

The 17.6 acres purchased by the Caywoods includes all remaining structures and features. They would like to purchase the remaining 180 acres from Mrs. Pearson when she is willing to sell, in order to preserve the original setting. The land around the house, particularly that between it and the water, is necessary to preserve the significance of the property with reference to its history on the Canal and Potomac.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD		AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW			
<input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING	<input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499	<input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	<input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION	<input type="checkbox"/> LAW	<input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS	<input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE	<input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE	<input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MILITARY	<input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> ART	<input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING	<input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC	<input type="checkbox"/> THEATER	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE	<input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS	<input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY	<input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	<input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES C. 1813 JFT 12/9/78 BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The significance of Annington lies in its style, location, and association with men of national and local repute.

Annington was built during the wheat boom and resulting prosperity that the western counties of Maryland and nearby Virginia experienced with the opening of the Potomac Canal, and later the C & O Canal. It is a house characteristic of "Hangover Georgian," described by Chandler Forman as typical in the interior counties of Maryland in the late 18th century and early 19th century. The house is typically Georgian with Adamesque influence in the plaster decorations. The chimneys are typical of Maryland--wide on the side, thin and high above the ridge, rising on the gable ends of the house flush with the building wall. Annington retains most of its original features and is a fine example of the architecture of the early 19th century in Maryland.

The house was built for Daniel Trundle, Maryland planter, about 1813. Born during the Revolutionary War, he served his young country on Levy Courts, County Commissions, and in the State Legislature for ten years.

The site is a commanding one, overlooking the Potomac River, the C & O Canal, and the Maryland and Virginia countryside. During the War between the States this was to be a strategic lookout point, and the house was occupied at all times by Union officers.

Daniel Dulaney II first owned this land, receiving a grant from the Lord Proprietor of the Province of Maryland in 1721 called "Concord," and a second grant in 1731 divided into "Discord," "Accord," and "Conclusion." The four tracts totalled 4000 acres. This house stands on "Concord." Daniel Dulaney's lands were confiscated by the State of Maryland after the Revolution for his support of the Monarchy, and part of "Concord" was purchased by Thomas Lockett of Loudoun County, Virginia. In 1812 and 1813 Daniel Trundle purchased 555 acres, including "Concord," and built a house on the land. Annington was probably built by Charles Willson, who designed neighboring houses similar in proportion, detailing and general plan.¹

After Daniel Trundle's death, his daughter Ann acquired the house, and lived there with her husband, Dr. Stephen Newton Chiswell White, a prominent local physician and state legislator. The children of Ann White divided their inheritance by court action, with daughter Mary (Mrs. Robert

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Kephart, Mary Ann. "Annington." Ms., Historic Medley District, Inc., Poolesville, Md., June 1976.

Farquhar, Roger Brooke. Historic Montgomery County, Maryland, Old Homes and History. Silver Spring, Md.: Monumental Printing Co., 1952.

(SEE CONTINUATION SHEET #4)

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY about 197 acres

UTM REFERENCES

A	⁴³⁰ 1,8	2 8,4 5,3,0	4,3 3,8 4,6,0	B	²⁶⁰ 1,8	2 8,4 3,5,0	4,3 3,7 6,8,0
	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING		ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C	1,8	2 8,3 6,7,0	4,3 3,7 7,6,0	D	1,8	2 8,2 9,4,0	4,3 3,8 2,9,0

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

E 18 2 8 4 0 4 0 4 3 3 8 8 5 0

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

(Pamela James, National Register Coordinator) mms

Janice Artemel, Cultural Resources Planner

ORGANIZATION

(Maryland Historical Trust)

DATE

DeLew, Cather/Parsons & Associates

September 22, 1977

STREET & NUMBER

(21 State Circle)

TELEPHONE

1201 Connecticut Ave., N. W.

(202) 452-5431

CITY OR TOWN

(Annapolis)

STATE

(Maryland 21401)

Washington

D.C.

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL

STATE

LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

Nancy Hill

9/14/78

TITLE

ACTING STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

Charles R. ...
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

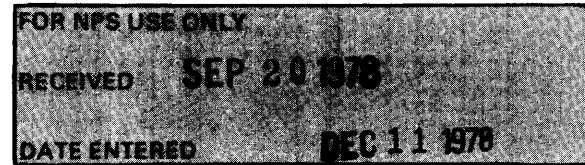
DATE 12-11-78

ATTEST: *Lynn A. Booke*
KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE Dec. 10, 1978

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE



**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

Annington
Montgomery County
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE 3

Smoot) receiving title to Annington. In 1839 a strip of land along the river was sold to the C & O Canal Company.

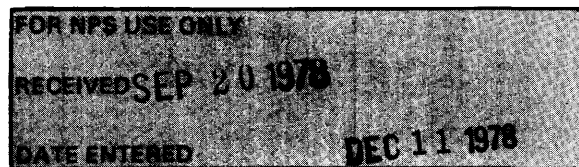
Throughout the Civil War there were troops stationed along the Canal and at White's Ferry watching both to prevent Confederates crossing the river and to prevent sabotage of the Canal. Col. Robert Baker, Senator from Oregon and close friend of President Lincoln, was the Commander of the Union troops stationed in Poolesville. He dined at Annington one night during the War, and proposed a toast to his hosts and guests, saying that his troops would be crossing the Potomac the next day at "Ball's Bluff," to surprise and capture the Confederate troops near Leesburg. The Union troops were defeated however, and Col. Baker was killed.

The Smoot family, descendants of Daniel Trundle, continued to occupy the house until 1901. The house seems to have acquired the name "Annington" in the 20th century when James B. McLaughlin, President of Annington Farm Co., purchased the property in 1912. Between 1920 and 1960 the house was owned and occupied by the Joseph Walter Parkins family. Mrs. and Mrs. Drew Pearson bought the house and farm in 1960 with plans to restore the house, which were never carried out. In 1972, after Drew Pearson's death, the buildings and part of the farm acreage were sold to the Caywood family who have restored the house to its earlier elegance and beauty.

¹Mary Ann Kephart, "Annington." (Poolesville, Md.: Historic Medley District, Inc., Ms., June 1976).

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**



Annington
Montgomery County
Maryland

CONTINUATION SHEET ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 4

Forman, H. Chandlee. Maryland Architecture. Cambridge, Md.: Tidewater Publishers, 1968.

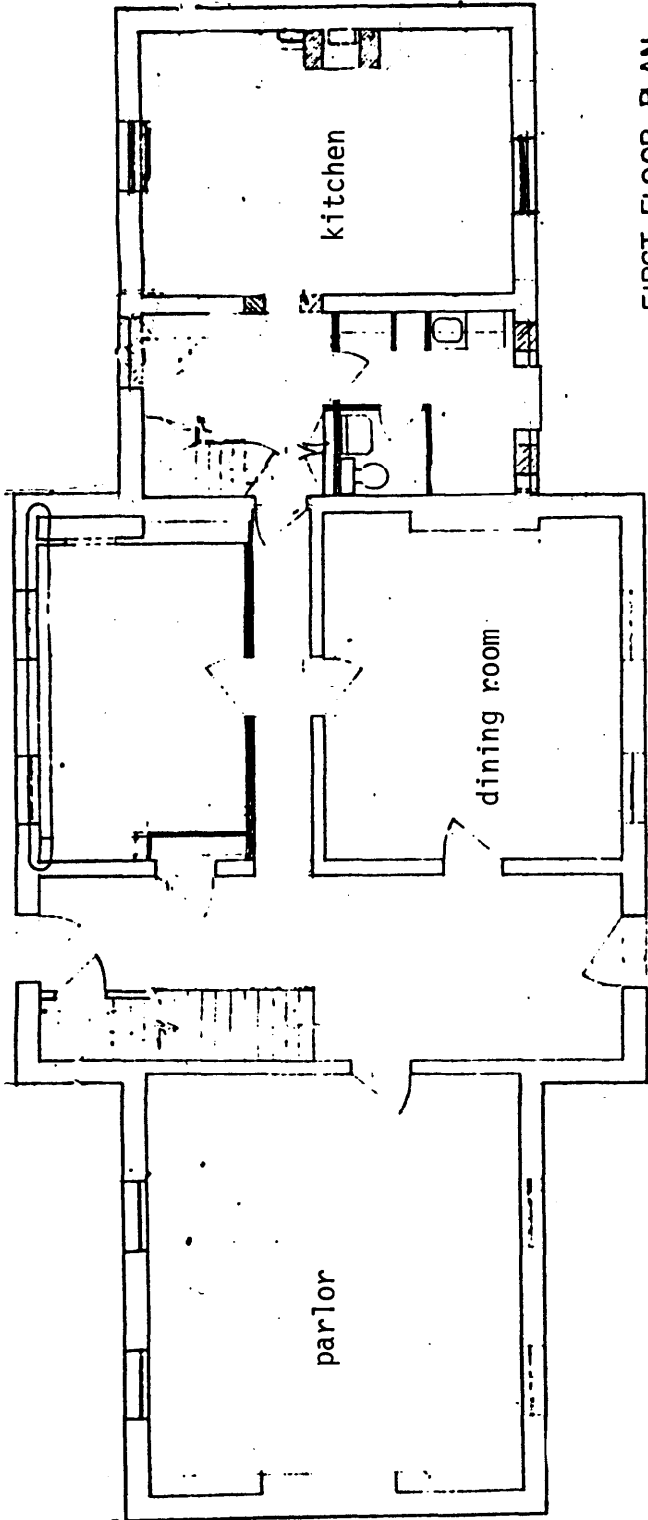
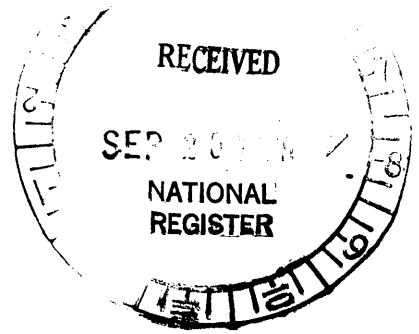
Piantadosi, Roger. "Historic Annington still being restored." The Sentinel Montgomery County, September 2, 1976.

Kephart, Mary Ann and Luise Stevens. "Annington, Chain of Title." Ms. Poolesville, Md.: Historic Medley District, Inc., 1976.

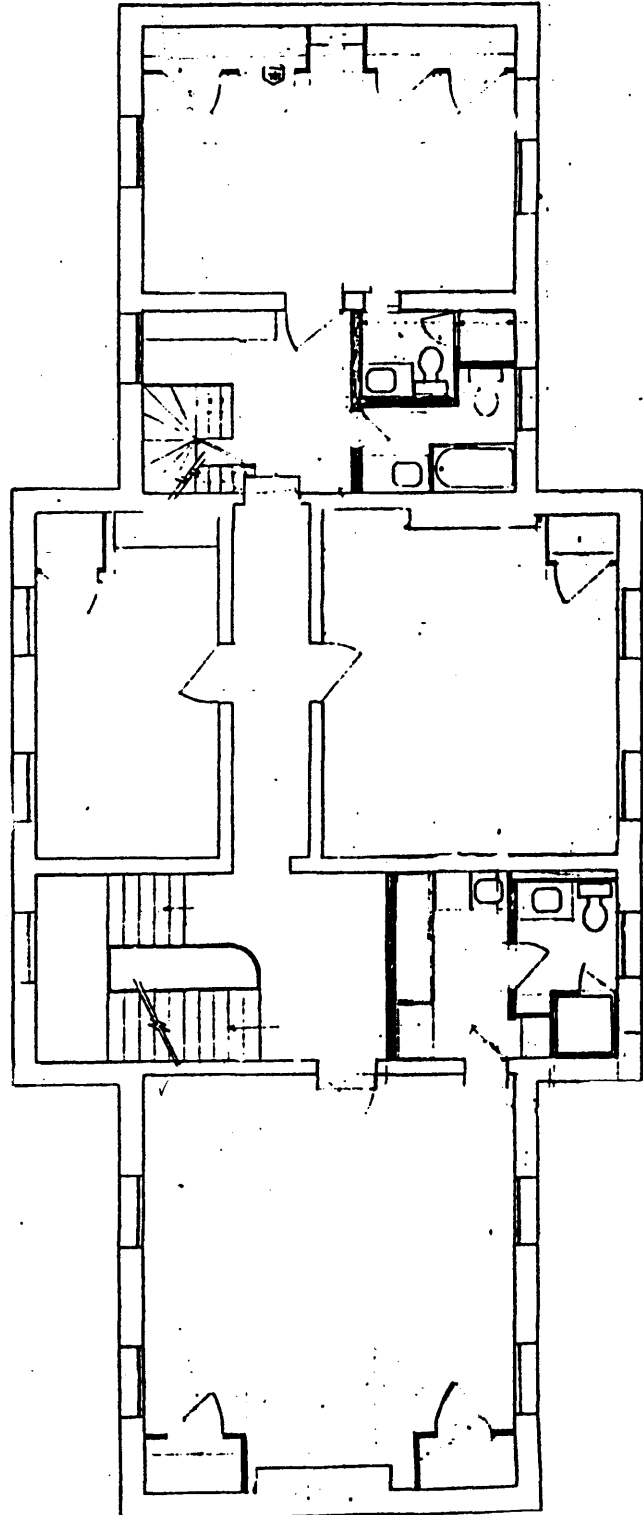
Scharff, Thomas. History of Western Maryland. Vol. I. Baltimore, 1882.

Nelson, Lee H., National Park Service, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation, Interview on dating structural elements of Annington, September 1977.

ANNINGTON, Montgomery County, Maryland
Floor plan from the 1973 restoration drawings
by Stanley N. Allan, architect.
(scale was $\frac{1}{4}'' = 1'$ but drawings have
been reduced)



FIRST FLOOR PLAN



SECOND FLOOR PLAN

