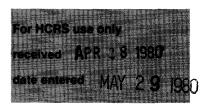
United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Nam	e				
historic	St. John's A.M.E. Church		(D009:6-9)		
and/or common	St. John's A.M.E. C	hurch			
2. Loca			·		
street & number	2402 North 22nd Str			not for publication	
city, town	Omaha	vicinity of	congressional district	Second	
state	Nebraska code	031 county	Douglas	code 055	
3. Clas	sification				
Category district _X_ building(s) structure site object	Ownership public _X private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	Status _X_ occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible _X_ yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence X religious scientific transportation other:	
4. Own	er of Proper	ty			
name	St. John's A.M.E. C	hurch			
street & number	2402 North 22nd Str	eet			
city, town	Omaha	vicinity of	state	Nebraska	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	l Descripti	on		
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Registe	r of Deeds, Omaha	/Douglas County Civ	ic Center	
street & number	18th and Farnam Str	eets			
city, town	Omaha		state	Nebraska	
6. Repi	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys		
	ity Planning Departm c Structure Survey		operty been determined el	egible? yes no	
date 1978			federal sta	te county X local	
depository for su	rvey records Omaha/Dou	glas County Civic	Center		
city, town Qma	ha		state	Nebraska	

7. Description

Condition	ala ka ula una ka al	Check one	Check one	_	
excellent	deteriorated	X unaltered	\underline{X} original si	е	
X good	ruins	altered	moved	date	
fair	unexposed				

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

St. John's African Methodist Episcopal Church at 2402 North 22nd Street in Omaha is located in a mixed residential/commercial neighborhood in which community development programs are initiating major redevelopment efforts. In close proximity is the Webster Telephone Exchange (listed in the National Register 12-5-77), now housing the Great Plains Black Museum.

Designed by Omaha architect Frederick S. Stott, this L-shaped, 78' x 114' Prairie School building was constructed between 1921-56. Walls are of brick construction and there is a partial steel frame system: the foundation is granite, and the two levels are articulated by a continuous stone band.

In 1923, completed work included the raised basement with projecting exterior masonry strips and a stairtower at the northeast and southeast corners that provided access to both the basement (where services were conducted for many years) and to the then-anticipated auditorium. Natural light for the basement is provided by sash windows near the ground level. The entrances contain double doors with transoms and are surrounded by frontispieces that are classical, yet in relation with the other stone and concrete elements of the exterior.

The 42' x 112' auditorium, completed in 1947, is a large rectangular space with a lower side extension on the west. Light is admitted through cantilever-shaded clerestory windows which are partially filled with stained glass illustrating biblical scenes. The flat concrete roof sheltering the auditorium is supported by brick-sheathed steel columns -- ornamentation on the exterior of each column being provided by a small field of blue tile with a red square insert and a slender cross of white tile. Five meeting rooms east of the auditorium were completed in 1956.

Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance— archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture X architecture art commerce communications	c community planning conservation economics education engineering	w ng landscape architectur law literature military music nent philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1921, 1947, 1956	Builder/Architect	Frederick S. Stott	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

St. John's A.M.E. Church is architecturally significant to Nebraska as a fine product of the Prairie School style. Designed by Omaha architect Frederick S. Stott, the structure represents a progressive attitude on the behalf of this black congregation at a time when traditional values in religious architecture remained prevalent.

Antedating Nebraska's statehood by two years, St. John's was organized in 1865 with a membership of five persons. The third and present building to serve the congregation was commenced in 1921 -- worship services being held in the basement for 21 years due to a decision that construction would proceed only as funds allowed. The auditorium was first used in 1947 and auxiliary rooms were finished in 1956.

Frederick Stott, the architect for St. John's, was born in St. Paul, Minnesota, in 1889. He served an apprenticeship in the office of St. Paul architect C. H. Johnson and later worked in Boston, Minneapolis, and with the Construction Division of the U.S. Army in Omaha. From 1919 until the early 1930's, Stott practiced in Omaha alone. Low proportions, emphatic horizontality, and sheltering overhangs are basic design principles of Frank Lloyd Wright that Stott employed in the church building for St. John's. Despite its somewhat lengthy period of construction, all work is as the architect specified: financial limitations prohibited the building campaign from being a one-phased project. Significantly, the congregation agreed to an unadulterated Prairie School building during a period when the Colonial and late Gothic revivals were the norm for ecclesiastical architecture.

9. Major Bibliographical References

See continuation sheet

10. Geograph	ical Data	IITHA MO	T VED	ILILD	
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		D F H			
Verbal boundary description Lot 1, east 81 feet of and the east 81 feet of	the south half				
List all states and counties	for propérties overl	apping state or	county b	oundaries	
state	code	county			code
state	code	county			code
name/title Robert Pete organization City of Oma street & number 18th and Fa	ha Planning Depa		date A	April, 198	
city or town Omaha	·		State	Nebraska	-
12. State Hist The evaluated significance of thi national			Offi	cer Ce	ertification
As the designated State Historic 665), I hereby nominate this propaccording to the criteria and pro-	erty for inclusion in the cedures set forth by the	ne National Registe ne Heritage Conser	er and cer rvation an	tify that it has d Recreation	s been evaluated
State Historic Preservation Office	er signature 🏻 🏻 🃉	arm D	Ku	retto	
For HCRS use only. I hereby conify that this process that the process of the National Register.	State Historica	al Society		date	5/29/80
Attest: ////////////////////////////////////					er pasamutinin Hillion inggirin

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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MAY 29 1980

DATE ENTERED

CONTINUATION SHEET Bibliography ITEM NUMBER 9 PAGE 2

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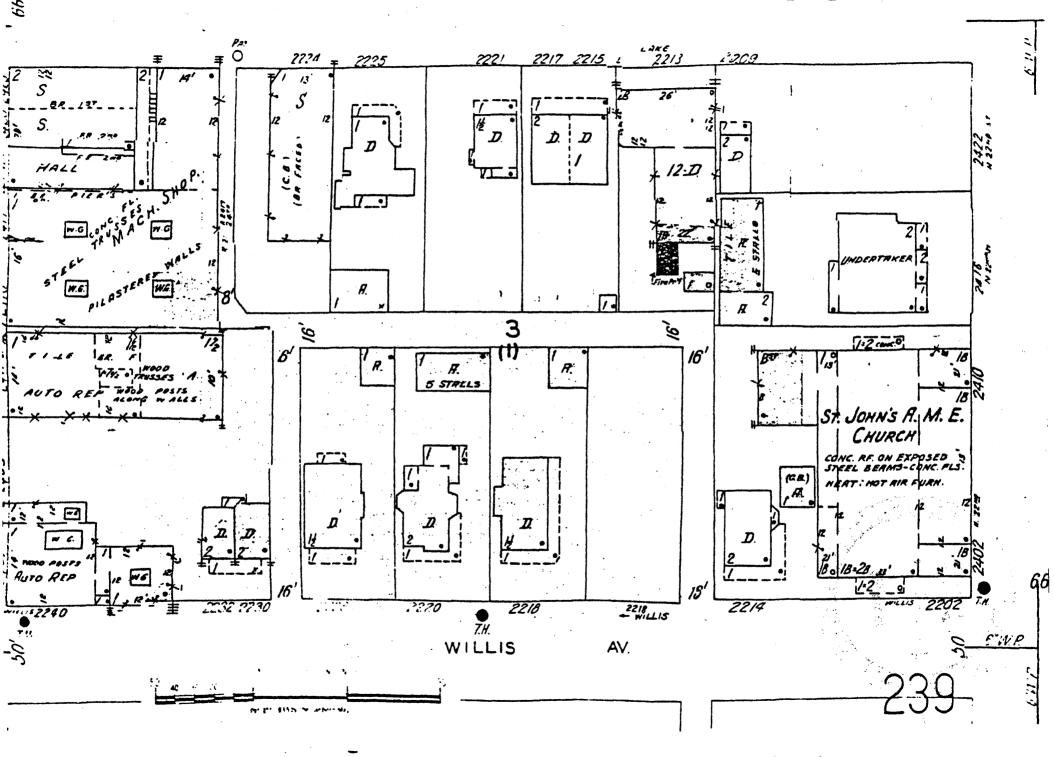
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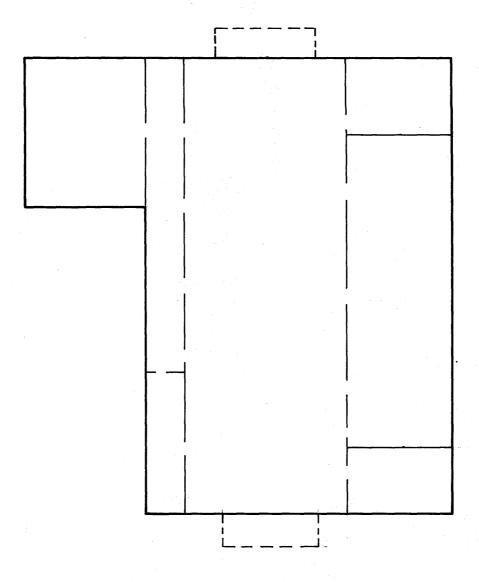
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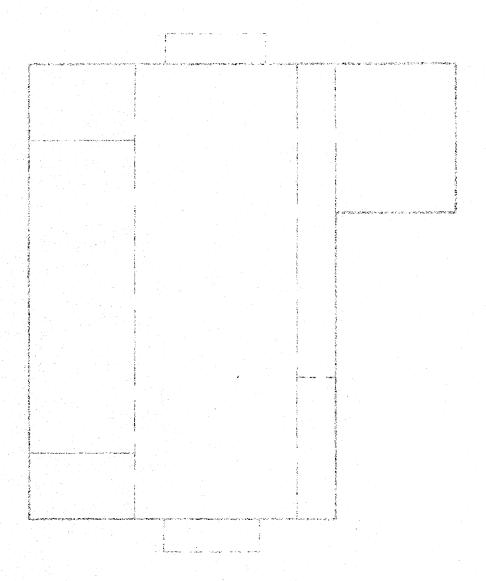
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ST. JOHN'S A.M.E. CHURCH



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