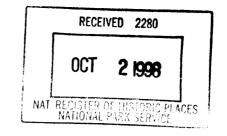
NPS Form 10-900 (Oct. 1990)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Posiotor of Historia Pla



1304

OMB No. 10024-0018

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places registration Form* (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

	·
1. Name of Property	
historic name Newman, Captain James, House other names/site number KN.2867	
2. Location	
street & number _ 8906 Newman Lane city or town _ Knoxville	not for publication N/A ☑ vicinity ode 093 zip code 37920
3. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby cert request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set for in 36 CFR Part 60. meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered by the statewide in the property of the part of certifying official/Title in the part of certifying official/Title in the part of the part of the property o	in the National Register of In my opinion, the property lered significant nationally ssion
Signature of certifying official/Title Date State or Federal agency and bureau	
L	
4. National Park Service Certification	A 1
I hereby certify that the property is:	Date of Action 10/30/46

Newman, Captain James,	House	Kn	ox County, Tennessee		
Name of Property			unty and State		
5. Classification					
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)	Category of Property (Check only one box)	Number of Resourd (Do not include previously	ces within Property listed resources in count)		
□ private □ public-local	building(s) district	Contributing	Noncontributing		
☐ public-State	☐ site	1	0	buildings	
public-Federal	☐ structure	3		sites	
	object	6	1	structures	
				objects	
		10	1	Total	
Name of related multiple (Enter "N/A" if property is not part		Number of Contrib in the National Reg	uting resources previ gister	ously listed	
Historical Architectural Re and Knox County, Tennes		0			
6. Function or Use					
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions	s)	Current Functions (Enter categories from ins	tructions)		
DOMESTIC: single dwellir	ng	DOMESTIC: single	dwelling		
DOMESTIC: secondary st	ructure	DOMESTIC: secondary structure			
TRANSPORTATION: water	er-related	TRANSPORTATION	N: water-related		
AGRICULTURE: agricultu	ral field	AGRICULTURE: ag	ricultural field		

Materials

roof

other

(Enter categories from instructions)

walls weatherboard

METAL

foundation STONE; CONCRETE

STUCCO; WOOD

Narrative Description

7. Description

Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)

OTHER: East Tennessee Vernacular

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Newman, Captain James, House	Knox County, Tennessee		
Name of Property	County and State		
8. Statement of Significance			
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing.)	Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)		
A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.	ARCHITECTURE TRANSPORTATION AGRICULTURE		
■ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.			
☑ C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity who's components lack individual distinction.	Period of Significance 1893 - circa 1930		
D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.			
Criteria Considerations N/A (Mark "x" in all boxes that apply.)	Significant Dates 1893; circa 1920		
Property is: A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.			
☐ B removed from its original location.	Significant Person (complete if Criterion B is marked) N/A		
C moved from its original location.			
☐ D a cemetery.	Cultural Affiliation N/A		
☐ E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.			
☐ F a commemorative property	Architect/Builder		
☐ G less than 50 year of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.	unknown		
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets	3.)		
9. Major Bibliographical References			
Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on o	one or more continuation sheets.)		
Previous documentation on file (NPS): N/A preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested previously listed in the National Register Previously determined eligible by the National Register designated a National Historic Landmark recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Primary location of additional data: State Historic Preservation Office Other State Agency Federal Agency Local Government University Other Name of repository: Knoxville/Knox County Metro Planning Commission		

Newman, Captain James, House	Knox County, Tennessee			
Name of Property	County and State			
10. Geographical Data		_		
10. Geographical Data		_		
Acreage of Property approximately 86 acres	_ Boyds Creek, TN			
UTM References				
(place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet.)				
1 17 256422 2082520	3 17 257100 3982060			
1 17 256423 3982520 Northing	3 17 257100 3982060 Zone Easting Northing	_		
2 17 257980 398370	4 17 256520 3981880			
201000 000010	See continuation sheet			
	See continuation sneet			
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)				
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)				
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title _Ann K. Bennett, Senior Planner and Pamela Dishorganization Knoxville/Knox County Metropolitan Commissi				
street & number 403 City County Building, 400 Main Street				
city or town Knoxville	state TN zip code 37902			
City of towii Knoxville	State 111 Zip code 37902			
Additional Documentation				
submit the following items with the completed form:				
Continuation Sheets				
Maps A USGS map (7.5 0r 15 minute series) indicating the	e property's location			
A Sketch map for historic districts and properties hav	ving large acreage or numerous resources.			
Photographs				
Representative black and white photographs of the	e property.			
Additional items				
(Check with the SHPO) or FPO for any additional items				
(Check with the SHPO) or FPO for any additional items Property Owner		_		
		_		
Property Owner				
Property Owner (Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)	telephone 687-0760			

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listing. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.)

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P. O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Projects (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20303.

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Narrative Description

The Captain James Newman House, located at 8906 Newman Lane, sits on the north bank of the French Broad River, across the river from the Seven Islands Community. The house faces the river to the southwest. It is visible from the Seven Islands Church, on the other side of the river, but it is not visible from any of the roads north of the river. A gravel drive about a mile in length and surrounded by forest on the north and fields on the south, leads west from Newman Lane to the rear of the house. A split rail fence runs along the drive to the north. The fence, partially relocated, when portions of the property sold out of the Newman estate in 1978 is in good repair. New wood rails replace older ones as they decay, however, the form of the fence remains the same. Surrounding the house are a series of late nineteenth century and early twentieth century outbuildings including a corn crib, well house, wood shed, barn, garage, chicken house and a scale house. The description of the outbuildings will be at the conclusion of this section. The historic farm fields and landing site complete the setting for the Captain James Newman House.

The style of Captain James Newman House is East Tennessee Vernacular with Classical Revival details, a variant of the standard I-house. It is a two-story frame, three bay T-plan residence built in 1893. The house has a one story rear ell located to the west, perpendicular to the front section of the house. Originally the story and half section of the house was only one room deep with a one-story ell that included the dinning room and the kitchen. This configuration forms a T. Originally open porches ran along both sides of the ell and rear of the house. The house has a stone pier and concrete block foundation, standing seam, metal gable roof, weatherboard siding and three interior brick chimneys covered with stucco. Corner boards have the appearance of engaged pilasters with a decorative capital. Located beneath the eaves on each gable end (north and south facades) are metal attic vents and plain, wide fascia boards. On the main facade there is a full length, one story porch with a shed roof and wood columns. The main entrance consists of a door with two vertical glass panels and two wood panels below. There are two other doors identical to the front one on each side of the original kitchen leading to the porches. Windows are the original wood four-overfour, double-hung sashes. Circa 1981 vinyl shutters flank the first floor windows and the front door.

The majority of changes to the house have occurred in the ell area of the structure. On the northwest facade of the ell is a one-story porch with sawn wood posts. Circa 1920 this porch was enclosed with screen. In 1981 the current owner replaced the screened openings with windows. The porch consists of a flat board siding and a series of seven one-over-one windows. Although enclosed the porch still exhibits the features of the early ell porch (see photo # 2). The southeast facade of the ell had a one story porch with sawn wood posts running three-quarters of the ell. It was enclosed in 1981 to provide space for a bathroom.

Through the entry on the front facade is a central hall that contains the original set of steep, straight-run stairs. These stairs, originally built without a balustrade, still remain without a balustrade. There is a four-paneled door beneath the stairs that opens into a closet. The central hall also consists of the original wide plank pine floors, walls and ceilings. There is a fourteen-inch baseboard in the entrance hall. The front door is a four-paneled door with two lights in the upper panel. Original door locks and knobs are present through out the house. There are three, four panel doors in the hall leading to the parlors and dinning room respectively.

The first floor consists of two rooms and the hall in the main portion of the house and two rooms in the ell.

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The entries into the two rooms flanking the entry hall consist of the original four panel doors. Each room contains identical fireplace mantels with mantel shelves, pilasters and brick surrounds. Each fireplace is sealed shut. A closet flanks each fireplace. The closet doors are also four-panel, wood with porcelain knobs. Floors in each of the front rooms also consist of the original wide plank floorboard. However, the floors are currently covered with carpeting. The windows in the main section of the house are two-over-two lights with plain surrounds consisting of plain board with quarter round edges.

Modifications made to the house circa 1981 include turning the dining room into the kitchen, enclosing the southeast side porch to provide an interior bathroom (prior to this time there was no interior plumbing) and placing one-over-one storm windows in the screen window section of the side porch in the northwest. The original kitchen now serves as a sitting room or den. The original fireplace mantel with mantel shelves, pilasters and brick surrounds exists although a wood burning stove is on the hearth. Currently this is the only heat in the house. The kitchen's modernization included linoleum floor covering and modern cabinets.

The second floor consists of two bedrooms and a central hall. The central hall has a wood four-over-four double-hung window that overlooks the river, the original wide plank pine floor, wide plank sheathing on walls and a smooth finished plaster ceiling. A tongue and groove door leads from the central area to attic storage over the rear or east portion of the house. The bedrooms that flank the central hall have four-over-four windows on the north and south end and front facade and the original wide plank floors. There are no fireplaces in the upper rooms. Closets with four panel doors appear beside each chimney stack.

The house sits on a bluff overlooking the river, the Long Island, and the Seven Island Church (N.R. 3/18/1997). Long Island, one of the largest of the Seven Island group owned by Captain Newman, was traditionally farmed, with corn being the major crop. The landing site itself is directly in front of the house approximately seventy-five feet southwest of the porch of the house. There is a second rise in the land leading from the river up to the house. Thus the house appears to sit on a terraced site. The second rise creates a knoll that runs around the house site and provides a buffer against flooding. Prior to TVA prevention, the worst flood in 1936 surrounded the house on all sides, yet did not reach the foundations of the house.

Gently rolling hills and valleys or hollows compose the property owned Captain Newman. The river landing, located at the mouth of a hollow, is a prominent feature of the property. However, the property was also a working farm with corn being the principal crop. The historic field lines are in evidence today. There is a field in the flood plain to the north of the house. There are fields running northeast up the hollow from the back of the chicken house to Kelly Lane. Newman Lane, which now dead ends into Kelly Lane, served as a Knox County road until circa 1955.

The outbuildings sit in a convenient arrangement around the house. The chicken house is to the southeast side of the house, between the house and the stream that runs to the south of the house that provided water for the chickens. Between the house and the chicken house was the location of the family garden. The corncrib is to the north of the house that is close to the field traditionally planted with corn. The horizontal openings in the southeast elevation of the corncrib enabled a wagon to pull up and toss corn in from the bed of the wagon. The well house is convenient to the kitchen just off the north corner of the northwest porch (the current screened in porch). The wood shed is near the roadway that leads from the Newman Lane to the

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river landing. The barn is on the south edge of the driveway, with the scale or weight house further north on the north edge of the drive.

Secondary buildings and sites include:

- 1. Corn Crib (circa 1890). A small shed located southwest of the house, covered with vertical wood boards, contains two horizontal openings beneath the roof along the east facade. Located on the north facade is a board door and the shed roof is metal v-crimp roofing. (C)
- 2. Well House (circa 1890). Gable end roof with metal roof covering, wide vertical wood board wall covering, four-light casement windows on the east and west facades. (C)
- 3. Wood Shed (circa 1890). Gable end roof with metal roof covering, weather vane along west end and wide, vertical wood plank wall covering. Double doors with wrought iron hinges on south facade. (C)
- 4. Barn (circa 1920). Two story, frame structure with gable end roof with metal roof covering, shed roof covering above entrance along the west facade. Concrete foundation. This is the third barn on this site (the other two burned). (C)
- 5. Garage (circa 1981). One story frame building with weatherboard wall covering, concrete block foundation and metal covered gable end roof. (NC)
- 6. Chicken House (circa 1910). Barn sized gable roof structure with shed roof extensions along the north and south facades and wide, vertical wood wall covering. Metal roof covering. Two sets of double doors with wrought iron hinges on the east facade. (C)
- 7. Scale or Weight House. (circa 1890). Log framed structure with wide wood vertical board siding, gable end roof with metal roof covering. The scale used in weighing produce or animals for shipping is still in this structure. (C)
- 8. The Steamboat Landing. (1889). Southwest from the house is on the banks of the French Broad River, at the edge of the front yard. The landing dates 1889 from the era of steamboat traffic on the French Broad River. (C)
- 9. Agricultural Fields. (circa 1890). Located along the river to the west of the house and up the hollow running northeast from the house the fields retain the same use. (C)
- 10. Warehouse Foundation. (c)

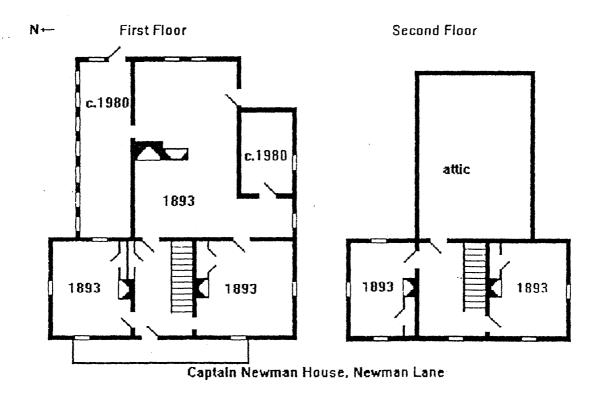
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Newman, Captain James, House Knox County, Tennessee

Floor Plan



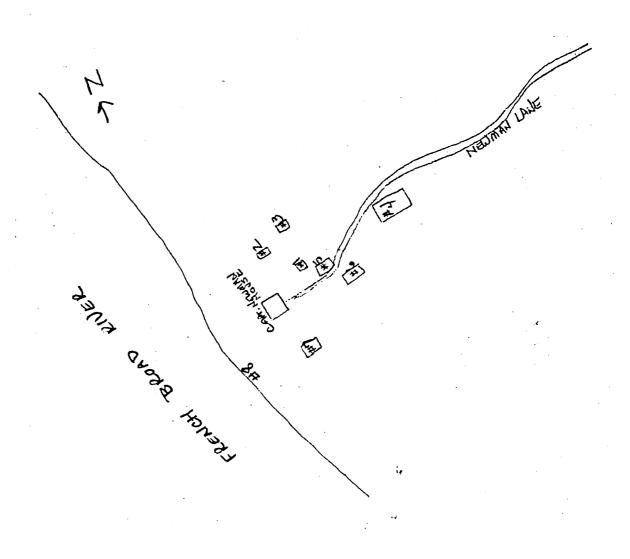
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Site Map



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Newman Cantain James House

Statement of Significance

Captain James Newman, a noted steamboat captain, built his house on the French Broad River. The land on which the Captain James Newman House sits is part of a circa 1800 land grant, totaling approximately 300 acres. Captain Newman built the house several years after establishing his French Broad River Steamboat Company. Brownlow Newman, one of Captain Newman sons, inherited the house and some of the land from his father. Brownlow Newman had four children and when they inherited the property, in the 1950s, some of them sold their parcels. The current owner of the Captain Newman House bought the house and 142 acres at that time. Newman family members still live in the area, on portions of the original land grant. However, this house is the oldest remaining structure. The land remains in farming, the same as when Captain Newman owned the property. Steamboats traveled the French Broad, linking Dandridge (in Jefferson County, Tennessee) and Sevierville (in Sevier County) with Knoxville. A landing in the front yard of the dwelling dates to the era of Captain Newman's career as a steamboat captain (1889).

The first steamboat on the Tennessee River, the *Atlas*, reached Knoxville in 1825 and traveled to the point where the French Broad and Holston Rivers join. In 1847, the steamer *Sam Martin* traveled from Knoxville to Dandridge. Travel by steamboat continued to increase on the river. In the mid 1800s, the Army Corps of Engineers constructed rock spur dikes in an attempt to stabilize the deep-water channel in the French Broad River. The spur dikes are still visible.

Ferry landings served as docks for the steamboats that plied the French Broad, as did individual properties if a landing site was available. Residents along the French Broad River could tie a red rag to the post located on the riverbank when they wished to ride the boat or to have goods shipped. Several of those posts still exist. Mail and a variety of supplies for local stores came upriver from Knoxville, and produce from farmers who lived along the river returned. Wheat and corn were weighed, bagged and marked with the owner's name and sent to large commercial mills. Hogs and chickens were transported in barges towed by the steamers. The distance from Knoxville to Catlettsburg by boat was almost forty miles; passengers from Sevierville traveled to Catlettsburg by flatboat. Catlettsburg, located, along the Pigeon River (a tributary of the French Broad River) sat about three miles north of Sevierville. A steamboat could carry between forty and fifty passengers.

In 1889, Captain James E. Newman and Bart McSpadden formed the French Broad River Navigation Company and built a boat, naming it the *Lucille Borden* for McSpadden's daughter. The *Lucille Borden*, piloted by Captain James Newman of Seven Islands, made the trip from Knoxville upriver ninety-six times in 1891. The *Lucille Borden* offered passenger accommodations and freight shipping, advertising meals and staterooms. Captain Newman's son Brownlow was a cabin boy at age 11, in 1892. His duties included stoking a fire for passengers in cold water and operating a concession stand where he sold newspapers, cigars and peanuts, and visiting the stores to collect orders for future deliveries. Captain Newman also carried out banking for his customers. Other steamboats operated by Captain Newman were the *Hattie McDaniel* and the *Mae Tillman*.

The era of the steamboat ended on the French Broad River in the 1920s, when automobiles and trucks became more available, and their availability encouraged the building of roads and bridges. The passing of steamboat transportation really signaled the passing of the river as a focus of communities.

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Both Captain Newman and Browlow Newman were active in the steamboat line for as long as it operated. The river landing is still in use for boating up and down the River. This landing is an important landing on the French Broad due to the warehouse located adjacent to the river west of the current landing. Customers could have their products weighed on the scales, do their banking and catch the steamboat for Knoxville. This made this location a gathering place for farm products and passengers for the north side of the river surrounding Newman property. Not many of the landings used by the Newman steamboat line are visible today due to the TVA dams and changes in the river flow.

The Captain James Newman House is unique in Knox County as the single example of an extant river boat captain's house. Although the steamboat trade on the French Broad was extremely important, no other extant buildings associated with the development of steamboat transportation were identified in the Knox County survey. This nomination includes the house, outbuildings built during the Newman family's ownership of the site, fields used by the Newman family and the steamboat landing on the river in front of the house.

The Captain James Newman House retains its original exterior appearance and the majority of its original interior features. The house and outbuildings have been well maintained in recent years. They depict many of the outbuildings that are representative of a self-sufficient farm of the late nineteenth century. In addition, they provide an excellent illustration of river settlement patterns and the importance of the steamboat in nineteenth century transportation. Architecturally this East Tennessee Vernacular house with its classical revival details, massing and trim is an excellent example of styles prevalent during the era of steamboats.

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Bibliography

Dropsy, Larry. Personal interview with Pamela Dishongh. September 12, 1992. Personal interview with Nancy Jane Baker. December 3, 1997.

Historical Architectural Resources of Knoxville and Knox County, Tennessee

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PHOTOGRAPHS
Newman, Captain James, House
8906 Newman Lane
Knoxville, TN
Photographs by: Nancy Jane Baker
Negatives: Tennessee Historical Commission

Date: 1997

Facing northeast, southwest facade of the structure 1 of 23

Facing south, north elevation of the structure 2 of 23

Facing southwest, northeast elevation of the structure 3 of 23

Facing north, south elevation of the structure 4 of 23

Detail of the woodwork of the window surround 5 of 23

Interior stairs and interior wood siding 6 of 23

Interior view of front door facing southwest 7 of 23

Fireplace in old kitchen (current den) 8 of 23

Detail of original door hardware 9 of 23

Interior view of enclosed north side porch showing the original porch siding and wood board ceiling 10 of 23

Detail of the built in closet doors 11 of 23

Interior door 12 of 23

23 of 23

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Detail of interior 13 of 23	wood sidin	g and wi	ndow surround		
Outbuildings and	d Sites:				
Corn crib, facing 14 of 23	west				
Chicken House, 15 of 23	facing sou	th			
Facing southwes	st, the north	neast ele	vation of the We	ell house and the Wood Shed	
Facing northeas 17 of 23	t, the south	nwest ele	vation of the We	ell House, Wood Shed, new Garage, and the Barr	1
Facing northeas 18 of 23	t, the south	nwest ele	vation of the Wo	ood Shed, Barn, and Garage	
Facing southwes	st, the Rive	r Landin	g		
Facing southwes 20 of 23	st, the Long	g Island a	and river landing	area	
Facing northeas 21 of 23	t, the Drive	way			
Facing northeas 22 of 23	t, the Drive	way/Cou	inty Road		
Cedar line fence	row				

