United States Department of the Interior **Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service**

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms Type all entries—complete applicable sections

1. Name

historic Hugus Hardware and/or common Shively Hardware 2. Location 123 E. Bridge St. not for publication street & number Saratoga vicinity of congressional district city, town Wyoming Carbon 56 state code county code 007 Classification -Carbon County Courthouse Rawlins state Wyoming **Representation in Existing Surveys** WY Historic Site Survey has this property been determined elegible? ____ __yes _X__no

3.

Category	Ownership	Status	Present Use	
district	public	<u> </u>	agriculture	museum
<u>X</u> building(s)	_X_ private	unoccupied	<u> </u>	park
structure	both	work in progress	educational	private residence
site	Public Acquisition	Accessible	entertainment	religious
object	n/a_in process	yes: restricted	government	scientific
	n <u>/a</u> being considered	_x yes: unrestricted	industrial	transportation
		no	military	other:

4. Owner of Property

name	Michael Glode			·	_ ·· · ·	
street & number	Box 605					
city, town	Saratoga	vicinity of	Wyoming	state	82331	
5. Loca	tion of Lega	I Descript	tion			

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. street & number city, town 6. title 1980 date federal ____ state ____ county __ _ local

Wyoming Recreation Commission depository for survey records

Cheyenne city, town

Wyoming state

7. Description

|--|

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

Shively Hardware is a business anchor for the downtown commercial area as well as a dominant structure along Bridge Street in Saratoga, Wyoming. Shively Hardware actually consists of two buildings constructed in different years; the original one-story mercantile/hardware was built in 1888 while the two-story portion was constructed in 1889. As attached-row buildings, basically, the structures have retained their architectural integrity although some of the original storefront windows along Bridge Street have been covered recently with masonite siding. The one-story frame 1888 building with false front or wood parapet has one of the few unaltered storefronts that remain in Saratoga. The two-story frame 1899 building covered in metal siding along with the original structure represents typical smalltown commercial buildings found frequently in Wyoming during the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries. Many of the buildings in Saratoga's commercial area are masonry and were built after Shively Hardware. Only the nineteenth century Shively buildings and their attachments are included within the nomination's boundaries.

SEE ADDENDUM

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art x commerce communications		Iandscape architectur Iaw Iterature Iterature Itary It	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1888–1889	Builder/Architect W	illiam Hugus	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Shively Hardware building merits recognition because of its historical association with the development of the community of Saratoga and the subsequent settlement of Carbon County. As a pivotal building in downtown Saratoga, the hardware store embodies distinctive characteristics that represent typical commercial architecture for a small Wyoming town in the late nineteenth century. The structure retains both its architectural integrity and its original use. The integrity of the structure is not confined to the outer facade of the building but includes the wood floors, sagging ceiling beams, and the original 1899 bank safe. When pioneer merchant and developer William B. Hugus constructed his building which housed a mercantile, saloon, and bank on the west side of the Platte River, he did so with the intention of developing a major trade center for a burgeoning mining and timber community. Previously, Hugus served as post trader at Fort Steele for a number of years and assessed the needs of the immediate community as well as the potential for growth within the valley. In 1888 Hugus built the structure on the west bank of the river; that building today is known as Shively Hardware. The structure's continued operation as a mercantile or hardware store through the mining and timber boom as well as the establishment of a substantial agricultural community currently conveys an understanding of the rural nature of the valley. As a significant building within downtown Saratoga and because of its association with commerce and settlement, Shively Hardware provides an important link to the past, a strong economic base for the present, and therefore deserves to be enrolled in the National Register.

SEE ADDENDUM

9. Major Bibliographical References

SEE ADDENDUM

Quadrangle nar		rty <u>less t</u> toga, WY	han 1 acr	e		Quadrangl	e scale 1:24,000
A 1 3 4 Zone East	911610 ing	4 ₁ 59 ₁ 0 Northing	61010	B Zo	ne Easting		Northing
C E G				D F H			
Verbal bounda SEE AD	ary descript DENDUM	ion and jus	tification				
List all states	and counti	es for prope	erties overla	pping state o	or county bo	undaries	
state n/a			code n/a	county	n/a		code n/a
state n/a			code n/a	county	n/a		code n/a
rganization treet & number	1020 Th	<u> </u>	ion Commi	551011	date telephone	August (307)777	
ity or town	Cheyen	ne			state	Wyoming	I
		storic	Prese	rvatio	n Offic	er C	ertification
	пеп						
12. Sta	فارقبع يرير مسيب مكمتات		y within the st	ate is:			
12. Sta	gnificance of national	this propertys	tate	×_local			
12. Sta The evaluated standard	gnificance of national ed State Histo pminate this p	this property s pric Preservator property for ir	tate tion Officer fo nclusion in the et forth by the	Local r the National I e National Regi e Heritage Cons	ster and certine ster and certine stervation and	'y that it ha	of 1966 (Public Law 89– s been evaluated Service.
he evaluated since the designate (65), I hereby no coording to the	gnificance of national ed State Histo pminate this p criteria and p	this property s pric Preservator property for in procedures s	tatetion Officer fo nclusion in the et forth by the	×local r the National I National Regi	ster and certine ster and certine stervation and	'y that it ha	s been evaluated
12. Sta The evaluated state (65), I hereby no coording to the state Historic Pr	gnificance of national ed State Histo ominate this p criteria and p reservation O	this property s pric Preservator property for in procedures s fficer signatu	tatetion Officer fo nclusion in the et forth by the	Local r the National I National Regi Heritage Cons J. J. Bast	ster and certine ster and certine stervation and	y that it ha Recreatior	s been evaluated
12. Sta The evaluated sta as the designate becording to the State Historic Print itle State For HCRS use	Ignificance of national ed State Histo ominate this p criteria and p reservation O historic only	this property s pric Preservator procedures s fficer signatu Preservat	tate tion Officer fo nolusion in the et forth by the ure <i>Clum</i> tion Office	Local r the National Regi e National Regi d Heritage Cons d J. Bast r e National Reg ed in the	ster and certificervation and	y that it ha Recreation	s been evaluated Service.
12. State The evaluated state As the designate according to the State Historic Print itle State For HCRS use	gnificance of national ed State Histo ominate this p criteria and p reservation Or <u>e Historic</u> only ertify that this	this property s pric Preserva property for in procedures s fficer signatu Preservat s property is	tate tion Officer fo nolusion in the et forth by the ure <i>Clum</i> tion Office	Local r the National H e National Regi e Heritage Cons J. J. Bast r e National Reg	ster and certificervation and	y that it ha Recreatior	s been evaluated Service.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet Description

Item number 7



The original hardware building is a one-story frame structure with a gable roof. Corrigated metal roofing now covers the moderately pitched gable. Painted clapboard siding covers both the original building and its small one-story addition. The structure has a rectangular plan with the small addition to the south. The foundation consists of poured concrete and coursed stone. Through the years modern signs have been nailed to the wood parapet, but the basically simple and unadorned primary facade remains unaltered. The large storefront windows divided into six panes, recessed double doors, and transom render Shively Hardware an unusual structure in Saratoga. Decorative recessed wood panels located below the windows help to accent the storefront. A large overhang constructed of corrigated metal and supported by very large plain wood brackets obscures part of the north The overhang was probably added during the twentieth side of the building. century. Windows and a door on the north face have been covered with matching clapboard siding. Probably constructed for storage purposes in the late nineteenth century, the addition has fixed windows with a large double wood panel door that faces River Street. The roofline of the main store continues over the addition so that the storage area has a sloped roof.

Shively Hardware's 1899 building is a two-story frame structure with a sloped The building has a rectangular plan and poured concrete foundation. The roof. first floor's primary facade which faces Bridger Street consists of iron pilasters with large display windows and accompanying transoms and lower window panels located beside two recessed entrys. Recently some of the large storefront windows were covered with masonite siding. Originally the building had two doorways but now only one entry remains on the east side of the facade. Metallic siding manufactured to look like brick covers the second story and all sides. The siding is probably the original covering used when the structure was built; currently, the metal is showing signs of decay. The fenestration on the second floor is paired, the double hung sash has 1 over 1 lights. The windows on the east side of the primary facade are noticeably larger than the other four windows. All the surrounds are plain. Windows on the west facade of the second story are no longer operable and have been covered with siding. A slightly elevated metal cornice with dentil molding, large paired brackets, and wood bull's eye decorate blocks, provide ornamentation to an otherwise plain facade. The west side wall is stepped while the east wall is not.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet ADDENDUM

Item number

8

Page 1

For NPS use only

received

date entered

Saratoga, flanked by the Medicine Bow and Sierra Madre mountain ranges, is the principle town in the upper North Platte and Encampment river valley. The hot springs sites at Saratoga, where Indian tribes gathered to bathe in the therapeutic waters, were known in the early days as the "Old Indian Bath Tubs." William Caldwell constructed the first settlement, a log cabin trading post and two tub bath houses, on the east side of the river in 1876. According to Fort Steele post trader Fenimore Chatterton, (acting governor of Wyoming from 1903-1905), by 1879 cowboys from Cheyenne and settlers along the Union Pacific Railway from as far east as Omaha, Nebraska, as well as officers from Fort Steele, were coming to Caldwell's Warm Springs to boil out their winter afflictions. The first post office, with Walter French as postmaster, opened in Caldwell's store in 1878 and the settlement became a gathering point for valley residents. When Fenimore Chatterton and William B. Hugus relocated the major portion of the town on the west side of the river in 1884, they christened the new settlement Saratoga. When the community was finally incorporated in 1900, the designation Saratoga, after the New York spa city, referred to the entire town.

Located in the primarily rural Carbon County, Saratoga's economy depends on agriculture, tourism, mining and timber related activities. Early settlement was based upon these same occupations. Emigrants on the Overland Trail, about twelve miles north of Saratoga, frequently ended their westward journey in the rich bottomlands along the Platte. When the Union Pacific passed through the area, surrounding timber provided rails and a population of workers known as "tie hacks." Fort Steele, about twenty-five miles to the northwest, furnished supplies as well as the first groups of tourists, hunters and fishermen. Saratoga became an important supply point during the Grand Encampment mining boom of the 1890's due to its half-way position between the Union Pacific railhead at Fort Steele and the Encampment mining district. When the Fort was abandoned, Saratoga gained importance as a trading center for the growing cattle and mineral industries.

Wilbur B. Hugus, who operated the Fort Steele trading post in partnership with Chatterton, established a second general store on the east bank of the Platte in 1882. After Caldwell put up his new two-story white frame hotel in 1884, several differences of opinion between the storekeeper and the hotel owner caused Hugus to relocate on the west bank. The first iron bridge united the two settlements in 1885 and the eastern section of town was platted in 1886, the western in 1888. Schools, churches, banks and post offices were all a part of the newer west side development after 1890. After 1892 Saratoga quickly grew from a cluster of log cabins on the river bank to a brick and frame town complete with boardwalks.

Hugus put up the building presently known as Shively Hardware in 1889. A general merchandise store, post office, saloon and the Saratoga State Bank were housed in the building. Cosgriff Brothers, who owned various banks and mercantiles in Wyoming, Idaho, Colorado and Utah, purchased the operation in 1899.

National Register of Historic Places **Inventory**—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received date entered 2

Page

ADDENDUM 8 Continuation sheet Item number

They added the extreme west portion of the building, using frame construction because no bricks were immediately available. The bank was located in this section of the building and the original safe is still used in the currently expanded hardware store.

When Saratoga was incorporated in 1900, the town was accessible primarily by the Scribner Stage. In 1905 the Union Pacific entered the area providing an economic boost to the community. When the Grand Encampment mining boom ended in 1910, agricultural products and cattle became the chief freight and the economic basis of the community. A spur line still carries timber products from Saratoga to Walcott Junction.

Edward Shively, his wife Pearle and their son Jack moved from the peach orchards of Grand Junction and Palisades, Colorado to Saratoga in 1919. Shively was employed by William Tilton of Tilton and Sons Hardware and the X-H Ranch at a rate of eight dollars per month. Tilton owned the store for about ten years, but in 1925 he sold the business to Shively. His son became overextended through gambling and Tilton lacked the cash or credit to pay for incoming merchandise. The Shivelys managed the store as a family business until 1935 when they hired their first employee.

In 1946, Shively's daughter Jane and her husband Jack Glode went into business with her parents, taking up residence on the upper floor of the store with their four children. When Ed Shively died in a floating accident on the Platte in 1971, the youngest of those children, Michael Glode took over the management of the family hardware store. The business has grown to fit the needs of the community and now includes all three sections of the original Hugus building as well as a mechanics shop and two warehouses.

Unlike many of the small communities in the North Platte Valley, Saratoga has never really stopped growing. Tourists and summer dwellers have given the town "where the trout leap in main street" a resort status in the area and continued energy related resource development has kept the population stable. Saratoga is currently the second largest of the eleven Carbon County municipalities and serves as a major economic center. Numerous well stocked streams, the Snowy Range Recreation area, several dude ranches and a small airport, Shively Field, have enabled Saratoga to survive and grow while changing little since those early boom town days.

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet BIBLIOGRAPHY

BIBLIOGRAPHY

BOOKS

- Bartlett, I.S., editor. <u>History of Wyoming.</u> Chicago: The S.J. Clarke Publishing Company, 1918.
- Chatterton, Fenimore. <u>Yesterday's Wyoming</u>. Denver, Colorado: Zuech Printing Company, 1957, pp. 32, 41, 42.
- Progressive Men of the State of Wyoming. Chicago: A.W. Bowen and Company, 1903.

NEWSPAPERS

- "An Old Face Gets a New Look," Saratoga Sun, 21 May, 1981, p. 1A.
- "John Paulson," by Franny Stockwell, Saratoga Sun, 14 May, 1981, pp. 2 and 3.

Pioneer Edition, Saratoga Sun, 15 July, 1982, p. 3, 6.

- "Platte Fish Fry," Saratoga Sun, 23 July, 1981, p. 1 and 2.
- "Saratoga Forms Roots," Saratoga Sun, 23 July, 1981, p. 3.
- "Saratoga Hot Springs," Saratoga Sun, 23 July, 1981, p. 8.
- "Saratoga is 75 Years Old," Saratoga Sun, 7 August, 1975, p. 1.
- "Saratoga's Prosperity," Saratoga Sun, 15 December, 1892, p. 1.

"Warm Springs Takes Root," Saratoga Sun, 4 July, 1977. p. 4.

BOOKLETS

- Old West Regional Commission, Impact Analysis: Town of Saratoga, Wyoming 1978 to 1985. Denver, Colorado: Stuart, Nichols Associates, 1978.
- Saratoga Commercial Club, <u>Saratoga and the Platte Valley: A Land of Opportunity</u>. Saratoga, Wyoming: Saratoga Printing, 1918.

JOURNALS

Pennock, Taylor. "Recollections of Taylor Pennock." Annals of Wyoming, VI (July-October, 1929), pp. 199-212. 1

For NPS use only received date entered

Item number 9

Page

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

Continuation sheet BIBLIOGRAPHY

INTERVIEWS

Brock, Mrs. Avon, Saratoga Historic and Cultural Society, Saratoga, Wyoming.

Chastaine, Deborah, Saratoga, Wyoming.

Glode, Mike, Shively Hardware, Saratoga, Wyoming.

MISCELLANEOUS

- "Counties, Carbon, Saratoga," Vertical Files, Wyoming State Historical Department, Cheyenne, Wyoming.
- Haygood, Dorthea L.F., "Jensen Hall Range Theatre," Elva Evans, "Golden Years," Kathy Glode, "Shively of Saratoga," Subject File Folder H81-13, Wyoming State Historical Department, Cheyenne, Wyoming.
- Sierson, Paul, "The History of Carbon County." Wyoming Recreation Commission, Cheyenne, Wyoming, 15 May, 1981.



2

Item number 9 Continuation sheet

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

ADDENDUM

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form



Shively Hardware is located on the southwest corner of the intersection of Bridge and River Streets in Saratoga, Wyoming. This nomination includes both the 1888 one-story portion and the 1899 two-story addition of the hardware store as described within the nomination. The land included in the nomination is best described by the Carbon County clerk's legal description for the property defining it specifically as: Lots 1 through 4 and the east 16 feet of Lot 5, Block 27 and Lots 5,6, and 7, Block 29, Saratoga Real Estate and Improvement Company.

Item number

10

The site is bounded by Bridge Street on the north and River Street on the east, and for purposes of this nomination the curb serves as the boundary on these two sides. The exterior walls of the building serve as boundaries on the south and west because of the building's proximity to other structures which are not eligible and the absence of alleys and/or sidewalks on these two sides. This boundary includes the eligible buildings and the land surface on which it is located while excluding ineligible structures and unnecessary land surface.