Form No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) PH\$366552

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

St. Paul

DATA SHEET

Minnesota

FOR NPS USE ONLY

RECEIVED MAY 3 1976

DATE FAITERED

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INVENTORY	NOMINATION	rukm (DATE 5	NTERED JU	N 7 19/ 0
SEE II	NSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (O COMPLETE NATIONA COMPLETE APPLICABL		S
NAME				
HISTORIC	<i>{</i>			
M HISTORIC	Jones, Harry W., H	ouse ("Elmwood")		
AND/OR COMMON	ooned, narry was in			
	Jones, Harry W., H	ouse ("Elmwood")	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
LOCATION				
STREET & NUMBER		•		
	5101 Nicollet Aven	5101 Nicollet Avenue		
CITY, TOWN			CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
	Minneapolis	VICINITY OF	Fifth	
STATE	Minneson	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
	Minnesota	27	Hennepin	053
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	XOCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
$\underline{X}_{BUILDING(S)}$	XPRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	X_PRIVATE RESIDENCE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	
OBJECT	IN PROCESS	X YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
		_NO	MILITARY	OTHER:
OWNER OF	PROPERTY			
NAME				
	George and Rose Sci	hlosser		
STREET & NUMBER	F101 11			
	5101 Nicollet Avenu	ue		·
CITY, TOWN	Minnognalia	Mahuma	STATE	.
	Minneapolis	VICINITY OF	Minneso	ca.
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION	•	
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	TC. Registry of Deeds	- Hennepin County Go	vernment Center	
STREET & NUMBER				•
	Fifth Street and Th	nird Avenue		ì.
CITY, TOWN			STATE	
	Minneapolis		Minneso	ta
REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE				
	Statewide Historic	Sites Survey		
DATE		·		
	1975	FEDERAL _S1	ATECOUNTYLOCAL	<u>-</u>
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Minnesota Historica	al Society - Buildin	g 25, Fort Snell	ing
CITY, TOWN			STATE	

X_EXCELLENT

__GOOD

__FAIR

CONDITION

__DETERIORATED

__UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

UNALTERED XALTERED

XORIGINAL SITE

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

"Elmwood" is situated on a large sloping wooded lot at the southeast corner of the intersection of Nicollet Avenue and Fifty-first Street South in Minneapolis. It is approximately one block north of Minnehaha Creek and on the western edge of a neighborhood known as "Tangle Town" for its winding streets and residences placed in direct relation to the contour of the land.

Erected in 1887 in the mode of a shingle-style Norman chateau, "Elmwood" is executed on an "L" plan. It is two storeys in height with a high, finished attic and full walk-out basement, creating essentially four storeys of usable space. The north facade is nearly symmetrical with central entry flanked by prominent circular corner towers with conical roofs. This facade was formerly graced by a multi-columned spindlework wrap-around porch. This porch has been removed; a metal awning has been installed over the entry in the space between the two towers. With the exception of the removal of the proch and the stuccoing of the exterior basement walls, the exterior of the house retains the 1887 configuration and appearance.

The interior of the Jones residence has survived in a relatively unaltered state. The main floor is comprised of four major rooms (parlor, living room, dining room and kitchen) accessible through a central stairhall. Woodwork throughout is oak. Of the rooms on this floor, the most prominent in decorative treatment is the living room. This room is well-lighted by large windows on the south and west sides. The ceiling is treated with transverse oak beams and there is an inglenook with Syrian arched brick fireplace, flanking oak benches, and latticework arch; a round leaded window with bulls-eye glass is located above one of the benches and provides the only direct source of natural light to the nook. French doors on the south wall open to provide access to the lawns and gardens to the rear of the house.

The second storey is similar in room arrangement to the first storey, with three bedrooms, bathroom and a nursery. The nursery is directly above the kitchen, and is the only upstairs room to be provided with a fireplace. Directly above the living room is the room formerly designated as Harry Jones' own room. It is approximately one-half the size of the room below; the remaining space is devoted to a sun-porch/sleeping porch.

There are three rooms on the attic level, presumably intended for use by domestic servants.

In general, "Elmwood" is in a good state of preservation and maintenance and has retained its original character with the exception of the alterations to the north facade. There are no immediate plans to reconstruct the former wrap-around porch. The house continues to function as a private residence.

Sto over

PERIOD	AF	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH	IECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
<u>X</u> 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1887

BUTH DER/ARCHITECT Harry Wild Jones

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

"Elmwood" is significant as the residence of one of Minneapolis' most noteworthy architects whose career spanned nearly fifty years of highly accomplished expertise in a wide variety of architectural styles. Jones designed "Elmwood" as a shingle-styled Norman chateau in 1887 and resided there until his death in 1935.

Harry Wild Jones was born on 9 June 1859 in Schoolcraft, Michigan, the son of a Baptist minister. He received his educational training at Brown University where he obtained a Bachelor of Arts Degree, after which he enrolled at Massachusetts Institute of Technology where he received a Bachelor of Science degree. Thereafter, Jones travelled and studied architecture in France and Italy. Upon his return, he gained entrance into the architectural profession as a draftsman in the office of Henry Hobson Richardson in Boston. (Many of Jones' designs of the late 1880s and early 1890s are distinctly "Richardsonian").

Jones settled in Minneapolis in 1883, and by 1885 he had opened his own architectural practice. During the early years, his work was of a general nature, concentrating primarily upon residential and commercial buildings. (Unfortunately, Jones' most significant "Richardsonian" work, the First National Bank of Commerce building has been demolished.)

By the turn of the century, Jones had turned his attention to primarily ecclesiastical architecture, resulting in the design of churches in such locations as China, India, and Burma as well as throughout the United States. One of the most noteworthy Jones designs in Minneapolis is the former Fowler Methodist Church (now the Scottish Rite Temple - listed on the National Register of Historic Places). Jones later designed and supervised the construction of the Lakewood Cemetery Chapel, patterned in the mode of a Byzantine church. Italian craftsmen were brought to Minneapolis to cover the entire interior with mosaics, a project which required three years to complete.

Harry Jones is recognized as a master of a variety of architectural styles applied to a variety of building types. In addition to the Romanesque and Near-Eastern/Oriental motifs, Jones was accomplished in the Neo-Classic, Georgian Revival, Shingle, and Gothic Revival styles. His most important application of gothicism is found in his design for a warehouse building for Butler Brothers in Minneapolis; this building is also listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES	
Burnquist, Joseph A.A., Minnesota And Its People, Chicago St. Paul Pioneer Press - September 26, 1935. Minneapolis Journal - September 26, 1935. Minneapolis Star - January 1, 1974. Jones, Harry Wild, Papers (1884-1933) (1 box, incl. 1 Vol.	
10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY <u>less than 1 acre</u> UTM REFERENCES	
ZONE EASTING NORTHING ZONE EAST C VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION	ING NORTHING
	•
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LIOTALE STATES AND COONTEST ON THOSE HITES OVEREAT TING STA	
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
STATE CODE COUNTY	CODE
11 FORM PREPARED BY NAME / TITLE	
Marjorie A. Lund (Intern)/Charles W. Nelson, Architecto	ural Historian
Minnesota Historical Society	16 April 1976
STREET & NUMBER	TELEPHONE 612 726 1171
Building 25, Fort Snelling CITY OR TOWN	612-726-1171 STATE
St. Paul	Minnesota
12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CE	RTIFICATION
THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITH	
NATIONAL STATE	LOCAL X
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation of the National Register and certify that criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.	
TITLE Russell W. Fridley	DATE 21 - 30 7/
State Historic Preservation Officer	4-30-16
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REG	ISTER
1 Was I Vac	DATE 6/9/96
ATTEST	DATE 5- 48-26
REFER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER RER-(

Form No. 10-300a (Rev. 10-74)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Jones, Harry W., House

("E1mwood") ITEM NUMBER 8 PAGE

In addition to this practice, Harry Jones was active in civic as well as professional activities. He was professor of architecture at the University of Minnesota, lecturer on church architecture at the University of Chicago, president of the Minnesota Chapter of the American Institute of Architects, director of the State Art Society, a member of the Minneapolis Board of Park Commissioners, and district vocational officer for Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota and Montana for the Federal Board of Rehabilitation (Veterans Bureau).