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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

FOR NPS USE ONLY FEB 171977

RECEIVED

MATHIOKI			IE ENTERED INV	TO 19/1
SEE	INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW T TYPE ALL ENTRIES (
NAME				
HISTORIC FT	uerte de Vieques (Fo	rt of Vieques)	or Fuerte de Miraso	L
AND/OR COMMON	same			
LOCATION	J			
STREET & NUMBER Calle del	Fuerte		NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN	sabel II	MOINITY OF	CONGRESSIONAL DISTR	СТ
STATE	Isle of Viequ	CODE CODE	COUNTY Puerto Rico	CODE
CLASSIFIC				
, •====================================			•	
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT X BUILDING(S)	X PUBLIC	OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	XMUSEUM (futur
STRUCTURE	PRIVATE BOTH	UNOCCUPIED XWORK IN PROGRESS	COMMERCIAL	_rank
_SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	ENTERTAINMENT	
000201	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	_NO	MILITARY	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER:
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Commonwealth of Puert	to Rico		
STREET & NUMBER				
CITY, TOWN	San Juan	VICINITY OF	STATE Puerto Rico	
LOCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	RIPTION		
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS,	ετα. Registro de la	Propriedad		
STREET & NUMBER	Municipio de Vi	eques		
CITY, TOWN	1		STATE	***
	abel II		ues Puerto Rico	
REPRESEN	NTATION IN EXIST	ING SURVEYS		
TITLE Invento	ory of Historic Monu	ments of Puerto	Rico	
DATE 1976		FEDERAL	XSTATECOUNTYLOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS	Instituto de Cultura	Puertorriqueña		
CITY, TOWN	THELLCULO GE CUICUIA	Tuercorriduella	STATE	
San 3	Juan		Puerto Rico	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

__EXCELLENT

__DETERIORATED

__UNALTERED
X
__ALTERED

X __ORIGINAL SITE

_GOOD X _FAIR __RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The fort is one of many variations of geometrical design which was adopted by the Spanish military engineers. The structure is one of the smaller fortifications to be found in Puerto Rico, probably because Vieques was not as threatened as the main island, where major fortifications existed since the late seventeenth and during the eighteenth centuries. This fort was also built toward the end of the Spanish colonial 'investment'.

The general shape of the exterior wall is an oval, however the oval is interrupted by sharp angles (see attached map). Within the wall is the main structure which is rectangular in plan with a semicircular hexagonal tower at one end. There are two interior courts.

The fort is in two levels, both of which are currently being restored. The materials are timber beam roofing, brick and stone supporting, exterior and interior walls, and local tile flooring. Parts of the structure are painted white others are left exposed, both for the interior and the exterior. The white is lime mortar.

The wall which serves as first line of defense was never completed.

The style of for Spanish Renaissance fortifications was maintained despite the late date of construction of the fort. The whole roof line was crenel ated. In general openings were rectangular, however, in the interior, wide arched openings are used throughout and there are occasional 'gothic' narrow arched doors.

The exterior, 'defense' wall, has a height from the ground to the floor level of the upper story, so that the effect is that the second level of the fort is on an extended protective platform.

The alterations consist mainly of changes in the form of the openings, which at one time were larger, then bricked up, then opened again to what is now considered the original size. Since the fort also served as a jail toward the end of the 19th century, certain alterations were made for security purposes, but no evidence of these changes remain since the start of restoration.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

DEDIAD

PERIOD	AH	LEAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CI	TECK AND JUSTIFT BELOW	
PREHISTORIC	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	_COMMUNITY PLANNING	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION
_1400-1499	ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	LAW	SCIENCE
1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE
1600-1699	X_ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	X MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN
_1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER
X 1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	TRANSPORTATION
X _1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	X_POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	OTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		

SPECIFIC DATES 1845

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The fort was constructed in 1845, during the reign of Isabel II of Spain, by order of Don Rafael de Aristegui y Velez de Gevara, Count Mirasol, to control the passage between Vieques and prevent French and English raids. It is one the few military fortifications remaining in the Caribbean which is also in rather fair condition and in the process of restoration.

The island which was originally occupied in turn by the French and the British, had fortifications built by those powers. These were destroyed by the Spanish fleet which occupied the island in 1647. The British managed to return to Vieques which Em Spain was not defending as vigorously as other more important outposts. In the mid-18th century a small band from Puerto Rico was sent to eradicate the British settlement, and decided to control the island in a more official manner. In 1843 it became a part of Puerto Rico, and Don Santiago Mendez Vigo the Governor, also controlled the island. From then on many sugar plantations flourished on the island, and the population increased. It thus became necessary to build the Fort which was to protect the island from any future intervention as well as to visually establish its importance. It seems to have ended up functioning more as a garrison than a truly defensive bastion. The island still retains the vestiges of its 3 cultures, with many streets and families bearing French and English names.

The Fort is being restored by the Institute of Puerto Rican Culture and shall be used as a museum for art and Vieques history and culture.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

La Guerra del Caribe en el Siglo XVIII, J.M. Zapatero, San Juan, 1964

Diccionario Historico Comentado Bibliografico de Puerto Rico, A Hostos Accademia Puertorriqueña de la Historia, 1976

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10 GEOGRAPHICAL	DATA			· <u> </u>
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VERBAL BOUNDARY DESC	RIPTION			
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LIST ALL STATES ANI	O COUNTIES FOR PROPE	ERTIES OVERLAPPI	NG STATE OR COUNTY BOU	NDARIES
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STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE
11 FORM PREPARED NAME/TITLE A. Ta		architect		STATE OF THE STATE
ORGANIZATION			DATE	7
	o de Cultura Puer	rtorriquena	December 197	76
STREET & NUMBER Plaza San	JOSE		TELEPHONE	
CITY OR TOWN	0036		STATE	
	San Juan		Puerto Ric	co
12 STATE HISTORIC	PRESERVATI	ON OFFICE	O CERTIFICATIO	NT .
	LUATED SIGNIFICANCE			· V
NATIONAL X	51	TATE X	LOCAL X	
As the designated State Historic hereby nominate this property for criteria and procedures set forth I	or inclusion in the Nation	al Register and certif	fy that it has been evaluated	according to the
FEDERAL REPRESENTATIVE SIGNA	ATURE	M Service	8-I-	77
TITLE State Histori	ic Preservation (Officer	DATE	
FOR NPS USE ONLY I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE RELLLE B	s property is includ • Reltig	ED IN THE NATIONA	Jun DATE 11/18	177
ATTEST: Marky	MANUT		MEERER OF THE DATE	ATIONAL REGISTA 1877
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