Researcher:

Linda L. Bonar

Date:

9/6/79

Site No. <u>BV-04-324</u> SIGN, SITE # 57

Utah State Historical Society Historic Preservation Research Office

Structure/Site Information Form

LESS THAN ONE ALRE

IDENTIFICATION	Street Address:	195 E. 200 North			PlatA	BI.46	Southeas Ouarter LOT 1
	Name of Structure:					 R.	S.
	Present Owner: Rex M. amd Carol M. Carter			UTM: 12/356725/			
IDE	Owner Address:	Beaver, UT 84713			Tax #:	B-19	
AGE/CONDITION/USE	Original Owner: /Si	dney Tanner /	Construction Da	ate: 1868	Demoliti	on Da	ite:
	Original Use: residence						
	Present Use: Single-Family Multi-Family Public Commercial	□ Park □ Industrial □ Agricultural	□ Vacant □ Religious □ Other		Occup	oants:	
	Building Condition Excellent Good Deteriorated	ີ່ Site □ Ruins	Integrity: Dunaltered Minor Alterations Major Alterations				
3	Preliminary Evaluate Significant Contributory Not Contributory Intrusion	ition:	Final Register Status: National Landmark District National Register Multi-Resource State Register Thematic				
DOCUMENTATION 4	Photography: Date of Slides: Views: Front □ Side □	I Rear □ Other □	Date of Photog Views: Front	graphs: □ Side □ Rear (□ Other □		
	Research Sources:						
	Abstract of Title Plat Records Plat Map Tax Card & Photo Building Permit Sewer Permit Sanborn Maps	 □ City Directories □ Biographical Encycl □ Obituary Index □ County & City History ☑ Personal Interviews □ Newspapers □ Utah State Historica 	opedias ries	LDS Church Ard LDS Genealogic U of U Library BYU Library USU LIbrary SLC Library Other field	al Society		

Bibliographical References (books, articles, records, interviews, old photographs and maps, etc.):

William Hutchings, interviewed August, 1976 in Beaver, by L.L. Bonar

Architect/Builder: ปมหมองอเอเล

Building Materials: adobe & stucco

Building Type/Style:

Description of physical appearance & significant architectural features:

(Include additions, alterations, ancillary structures, and landscaping if applicable)

This home's appearance is quite unusual in Beaver because it was built as a $2\frac{1}{2}$ story duplex in 1868. The entire, original duplex is built of adobe brick that was then stuccoed white. The front facade displays bilateral symmetry, but the piercings are not evenly spaced. Altogether there are 16 piercings, being eight over eight with two doors on the ground floor. There are wooden lintels over the doors and windows and many of the original window panes are still extant. On the corners of the duplex, there are plaster quoins and underneath some of the deteriorated plaster, the adobe bricks are visible. They are laid in a common bond and are approximately 8"x3". There is a Greek Revival style cornice on thehouse and on the gable ends it forms a boxed return. There are no windows in the gables but there is a chimney on each gable end as well as one in the center. On the interior, each duplex was divided into a hall and parlor plan, with a staircase on the rear wall.

On the rear of the home is a historic brick extension, with a lean-to built on to that.

Statement of Historical Significance:

- □ Aboriginal Americans
- □ Agriculture
- ✗ Architecture
- ☐ The Arts
- □ Commerce

- □ Communication
- □ Conservation
- □ Education
- ☐ Exploration/Settlement
- □ Industry
- ☐ Military
- □ Mining
- □ Minority Groups
- □ Political
- □ Recreation

- □ Religion
- ☐ Socio-Humanitarian
- ☐ Transportation

The home is significant for several reasons. It was built in 1868 which is a very early date in Beaver for such a large, permanent residence. It is built of adobe brick and is one of the few extant adobe structures in Beaver that has not been covered with siding or some material that diminishes its historic architectural integrity. The home is also interesting for its duplex plan. The current owner, who has lived in the home for many years, believes the home was never a "polygamy house" but instead served as a duplex for Sidney Tanner and his brother.

Sidney Tanner was a freighter during the 1850's and 60's. He used his teams to freight goods between Salt Lake City and San Bernardiano, California, and later between various towns in Utah. It is recorded that he used his teams to haul black rock in 1873 when Fort Cameron was built near Beaver, Mr. Tanner served as a town coundilman in 1867 as well as First Councilor in the LDS Church from 1869 to 1873.