Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90)	RECEIVED 2280
United States Department of the Interior National Park Service	JUN 1 8 2008
NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM	NAT. REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and <i>Places Registration Form</i> (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions,	"x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item do

and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer,

1. Name of Property

state North Dakota

to complete all items.

historic name Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library		
other names/site number		
2. Location		
street & number 139 3rd Street West	N/A	□ not for publicatio
city or town Dickinson	N/A	□ vicinity

code ND county Stark code 089

zip code 58601

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

for determination of eligibility meet	e National Historic Preservation Act of 1986, as amended, I he ts the documentation standards for registering properties in the irements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the prop	e National Register of Historic Places and meets
Register Criteria. I recommend that t	his property be considered significant \Box nationally \boxtimes statewing \Box	
State or Federal agency and bureau		
	bes not meet the National Register criteria. (□ See continuation sheet	

Signature of commenting or other official

Date

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
Kinda My Ullland	7/31/08

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Name of Property Stark, ND County and State

5. Classification		1.		
5. Classification Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply) private X public-local public-State public-Federal	Category of Property (Check only one box) building(s) district site structure object	(Do not include pre	sources within I eviously listed resou Noncontributin 0 0 0 0 0 0	rces in the count)
Name of related multiple p (Enter "N/A" if property is not part			tributing resountional Register	irces previously
Philanthropically Establishe	d Libraries in North Dakota	0		
6. Function or Use				
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)		Current Funct (Enter categories fr	om instructions)	
EDUCATION: library			: library	
7. Description				
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions) Neo classical Beaux Arts		Materials (Enter categories fi foundation <u>ST</u> walls <u>BRICK</u>	ONE	
		roof <u>ASPHA</u> other <u>STONE</u>		

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

Section number __7 Page 1

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Description

As it has for 100 years, the Dickinson Carnegie Area Public Library stands proudly at 139 Third Street West in Dickinson, North Dakota, serving the area's library and communication needs. The library is located on the Northwest quadrant of Block 16 of the Original plat of Dickinson, North Dakota at the intersection of Second Avenue West and Third Street North. Built beginning in 1908 and first used in January 1910, the building has been used continuously as the public library for the Dickinson, ND area. Grand Forks, North Dakota architect Joseph DeRemers designed the 48x 36 foot raised one-story building, including vestibule, using white mottled brick with trimmings of Bedford stone.

Through sensitive restoration the 1908/38 building is still the core antecedent, the focus and center of everything in the building. She's a stalwart, proud, and dignified landmark for Dickinson and its surrounding area and stands as a showplace for sensitive historical preservation. Following is a chronological history of the building's architecture.

The following indented text is the description of the 1908 Original Library Building as printed in the Dickinson Press, October 1, 1909.

The focal point is its north-facing front which features stone pillars topped by cornice and pediment. The interior is highlighted by a fireplace of dark bronze brick with a mottled marble mantel, designed and constructed by the Dickinson Fire and Pressed Brick Company. Its CEO, W.S. Russell of Dickinson, supervised the building construction and incorporated local materials where possible. Soules and Butler Construction Company was contracted to construct the building.

The exterior basement finish of dark brick is separated from the main light brick by a course of molded light colored stone. All the brick used was the product of the Dickinson Fire and Pressed Brick Company. Outside woodwork was painted to match the stone trim. The roof was covered with 14 oz. sheet copper with double locked seams. The grade course around the entire building and the steps in front were of Kettle River sandstone.

The entrance to the building suggests Doric architecture, having massive stone pillars on each side topped by cornice and pediment. Above the entrance is the inscription "Public Library, 1908." The wide swinging doors are of quartered oak and beveled plate glass while the narrow windows on each side of the door and the transom above are of small diamond shaped panes of bevel plate glass, leaded.

In the vestibule, a flight of stairs on either side lead to the basement. The floor of the vestibule has a border of marble, with inset of floor glass which lights the lavatory and janitor closet below. Marble steps lead up through the inner doors to the large central rotunda.

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Section number _7 Page 2

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Description (continued)

The first object that strikes the eye on entering the rotunda is the massive fireplace on the facing south wall. This is of bronze brick designed and made by the Dickinson Fire and Pressed Brick Co. The fireplace is entirely a home product with the exception of the dark mottled mantle shelf.

The two wings of the building are separated from the rotunda by large pillars of oak. Light is provided through six wide full windows and six high ones. Al windows are of polished plate glass except in the basement where they are of double strength glass. The floors are matched fir covered with cork matting.

The finish of the library both in the main room and in the basement is of quarter-sawn red oak in natural rubbed finish.

The walls are painted and stippled a warm buff. The ceiling of the rotunda is a high steel-lined dome and the reading rooms have covered steel ceilings with oak frieze. The ceilings are painted buff beginning at the frieze and gradually shading to pure white in the center.

In the pillar at the right of the librarian's desk which stands before the fireplace and will be the distributing point for books, is placed a switch which controls all lights in the rotunda and wings. A switch in one of the pillars of the vestibule controls the vestibule and basement lights.

Two nooks formed by the pillars between the rotunda and wings on each side of the vestibule provide cloak rooms and are fitted up with seats and hooks for wraps.

The basement is well lighted by numerous large windows which are protected by iron frame screens. It contains a lecture room, twenty two by twenty-three feet, which is finished and painted to match the main floor of the library.

The remainder of the basement is divided into boiler room, store room, lavatory and janitor's closet. Steam heat for the building is furnished by a Burnham boiler. The basement floor is tile and cement.

1938 addition

L. W. Veigel designed a two story addition to the west side of the library which was built with Works Progress Administration labor. The addition continued the exterior elements of the original building, but used molded concrete to imitate the original stone of the trim. A west entrance at grade provided easy access to the building's basement which contained the children's area complete with custom made cabinets and furniture sized for children. A long fitted semicircular desk was included for the children's librarian's use. This addition enhanced the architecture of the original bldg.

1975 addition

The 1975 east addition was not in keeping with the original building. It added elements of a large eyebrow window and the elements and trim overshadowed the original scale of the building. The library entrance was moved to the ground level of this addition.

Section number _7 Page 3

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Description (continued)

The 1975 addition has been completely refaced and re-windowed to bring it in keeping with the 1908-38 building.

The interior of the original library has been restored to the description of it in 1909.

The Carnegie Library building in 2008-preserved and restored

Dickinson architect, Janet Prchal, grew up using the Dickinson library and remembered the library as it was following the 1938 addition. In 2004, she was commissioned by the Dickinson Library Foundation to design a new addition to the library which would be faithful to the Carnegie building, to redesign the 1975 addition to subsume it under the original Carnegie building's style and to return elements of the entire building to the spirit of the original. The attention to detail and dedication to retaining, restoring and replicating original design elements are evident in the entire building.

The 1908 building entrance has been returned to near-original state. Refer to exterior photo #1. The triangular glass panes surrounding the double wood doors had, at some time been replaced by glass brick. Now leaded glass triangular panes replace the glass brick. The 1908/38 building has retained most of its original features through the years. The entrance, exterior, fireplace, square columns, basement balustrades and newel posts, even the benches in the entrance are original. The marble entrance floor and stairs still serve.

The wide swinging doors of quartered oak remain, though safety glass has replaced the beveled plate glass. The two staircases leading from the vestibule to the basement are as they were in 1909. The marble stairs of the vestibule lead through inner doors to a large central rotunda, the metal ceiling tiles of which have been uncovered and restored. See interior photographs # 4 and #6. In fact, a Canadian supplier, (Brian Greer Tin Ceilings, 1572 Mannheim, RR#2 Petersburg, Ontario NOB 2HO, phone# (519)743-9710) made a special trip to Dickinson to make drawings of missing ceiling tiles and produced replacements to complete the ceiling. The two wings of the 1909 building still are separated by oak pillars. The rounded pillars in the 1910 interior photograph (#5) were removed at some point, but one was retained and cut down to serve as a coatrack which is used in the library to this day. The wood finish in the main room and the basement is quarter sawn red oak in natural rubbed finish. Walls have been painted and stippled in warm buff colors. The children's area which was a part of the 1938 addition has been rededicated to children's use.

The two-story new addition is constructed of light brick from Nebraska, the best match available to the original. The addition is set well back from the original building so that the 1908 building is still the dominant presence. See photograph #3. (In fact, the addition is connected by a wide hall --umbilical cord-- so as to interfere as little as possible with the original historic structure. It connects with the 1908 structure only at the lower level on the southeast corner.) The resulting courtyard fronting the new addition is lighted by period street lamps--six here and two in the original entrance area to unify the whole. On entering its west entrance's large wood and glass doors, one notices immediately a floor medallion inset in marble and porcelain tile, suggesting the original building entrance's marble floor. Straight ahead is a glass elevator surrounded by specially molded domed wrought iron "birdcage" reminiscent of elevators in hotels, department stores and libraries of a 1909 vintage.

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Name of Property

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

(Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for National Register listing)

- A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history.
- □ B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
- C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
- D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

(Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)

Property is:

- A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
- □ B removed from its original location.
- C a birthplace or a grave.
- D a cemetery
- □ E a reconstructed building, object or structure.
- F a commemorative property.
- **G** less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography (Cite the books, articles, and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.) Primary location of additional data: Previous documentation on file (NPS):

preliminary determination of individual	\boxtimes	State Historic Preservation Office
listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested.		Other State agency
previously listed in the National Register		Federal agency
previously determined eligible by the National Register		Local government
designated a National Historic Landmark		University
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey		Other
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	Name o	of repository:

Stark, ND

County and State

Areas of Significance

(Enter categories from instructions)

EDUCATION/SOCIAL HISTORY

ARCHITECTURE

Period of Significance

1908-1956

Significant Dates

1909

1937

Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above) N/A

Cultural Affiliation N/A

Architect/Builder DeRemer, Joseph Bell, Architect Soules & Butler, W. S. Russell, Builders

Section number _____7, 8 ___ Page ____4

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Description (continued)

The hanging white dome lights again echo the original building. All the wood moldings have been specially milled to follow the forms of the original building's beautiful oak. New cabinetry uses the original newel posts and window lintels as models. Prchal designed columns like the original ones still standing in the 1908 building and has placed them in the community room of the new addition. One column hides the sprinkler system pipes. This large high-ceilinged room is finished in buff with ceiling going to white echoing the color scheme of the original library. All the woodwork surrounding windows and walls has been specially milled to use motifs found in the original building. The colors and materials chosen throughout--even for bathroom tile and paint--were carefully selected to reinforce the feeling of the Carnegie original. Although door handles must meet ADA standards, they are oiled bronze finish and visually fit the 1909 spirit.

Still standing proudly as she has for 100 years, the Dickinson Carnegie Area Library anchors the architectural history of Dickinson, ND. It still serves the purpose for which it was designed in 1908, and the beautiful, functional building continues to be a source of pride for the Dickinson community. The Friends of the Library Foundation runs a used bookstore, "Twice Sold Tales" manned entirely by volunteers. Their efforts along with other fundraising efforts, bequests, and community support have made the financing for this sensitive restoration and addition possible. Every effort has been made to retain, maintain, and, where needed, restore the architectural integrity of this building. Such diligence and attention to detail are rare and worthy of recognition.

Statement of Significance

Social/cultural history

In January, 1908, the Dickinson Press newspaper in Dickinson, North Dakota, began reporting that interest in obtaining a public library was growing. An enthusiastic crowd attended a public meeting to gauge the interest and 72 citizens signed a petition following the meeting. When a committee first approached the Carnegie Foundation, it was thought that \$15,000 would build a building meeting the community's library needs; however, before the vote was held, the amount requested was reduced to \$12,500. The city would be responsible for funding a 10% per year perpetual maintenance fund, and it was thought that \$1200 would be as much as citizens would obligate themselves to paying. In February of the same year an application was made to the Carnegie Foundation for \$12,500. In March word came of the application's acceptance.

Construction still depended upon a favorable vote of constituents and the Dickinson Press for days ran letters of support from prominent citizens advocating the measure's passage. Superintendent of Schools Berg made an eloquent speech in which he said, "a university is just a great gathering of books." Free rides to the polls were offered in some of Dickinson's first automobiles April 6, 1908 to give further incentive to voters to turn out. By an overwhelming margin, the citizens of Dickinson voted to tax themselves to maintain the library.

Once the referendum for maintaining the library passed successfully, local organizations began benefits to furnish the building and buy books. As an example, the PEO women's organization bargained with the Unique Theater's management to turn over the theater for a benefit night, the proceeds to go to the library's purchases. The same organization also donated a distinctive clock for above the library fireplace. Book and magazine donations were

Section number 8 Page 5

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Statement of Significance (continued)

solicited in September and October and the library opened January 3, 1910. On February 26, the Press reported that Miss Hargrave, the librarian, showed 434 borrowers of books and 1,062 (book) loans made to children in January. She also reported that 573 new books were ready for circulation. By the end of the first year of library operation, Miss Hargrave reported an inventory of 7,054 adult books, 8, 205 juvenile books, and 871 borrowers.

The 1915 publication, <u>Queen City of the Prairies</u>, reports that the book compartments of the (Dickinson Carnegie) library held 4200 volumes, 40 current magazine subscriptions and five newspaper subscriptions. "Country people enjoy the privileges of the institution without additional fee." About 1000 patrons are listed.

In 1960, an elegant reception marking the library's fiftieth year of operation featured former board members and survivors of founders celebrating the success of its operation. Few would deny that the library has been a center of social and educational importance in Dickinson from its beginning.

The Centennial publication of 1982 remarked on the changed services of the library over those years.

... newer mediums including cassette tapes, video equipment, microfilm, and listening equipment. The library has also sponsored film series and programs of public interest as well as becoming a gallery for local and regional artists to display their work. The Dickinson Library serves as a repository for materials collected during the 1975 Jubilee, for Bicentennial historical projects, and for microfilm of the city's newspapers from 1882-1917 and 1952-1959. The original tax levy provides the primary support for the service. The staff in 1982 numbered three full-time, two half-time and three part-time workers under the direction of Cheryl Tollefson.

In the 1950's one farmer would come into the library weekly during the winter months to check out the six books allowed. The next week he'd bring them back, read, and ready for another six. The library newspaper stands have provided a "home" for older people who congregate in the area daily. One of those old men was Mr. Frederick Simpson Messersmith whose family home was the first built in Dickinson. Each day Mr. Messersmith, a bachelor, would spend at the library just a few doors from his home. He wore tattered clothing, but was a great humanitarian valuing kindness to people and animals. He read the daily newspapers and magazines and was always up to date on current affairs. He would lend a hand at the library, helping to set up for meetings and also helped the Friends of the Library with their Used Book Sales. When he died, in the 1990's he left a considerable estate, a large part going to support the library that had provided his "real" home and "family" for many years.

One longtime popular program of the library has been the noontime "brown bag lunch" programs that feature speakers, often local, giving programs on travels, living abroad, veterans projects, and various other topics of interest. These programs are "hot tickets" in the Dickinson area. There is often a waiting list to attend. The new addition provides a large community room to hold many more people at these events.

The Friends of the Library help support the library through donations and through proceeds from the "Twice Sold Tales" used book store it owns and operates on the library block. The Dickinson Area Public Library Foundation, which was formed as a fund raising arm of the Friends of the Library in 1992 has provided the funding for the present library

<u>Dickinson</u> Name of P		ea) Public Library					<u>Stark, ND</u> County and State
10. Geogr	aphical Data						
Acreage o	of Property _	less than one					
UTM Ref		nces on a continuation sheet)					
1 13 Zone	6 6 8 5 3 7 Easting	5 1 9 4 4 0 4 Northing	3	Zone	Easting	Northing	
2			4				
Zone	Easting	Northing		Zone	Easting e continuat	Northing	
Describe the Boundary	Justification	ne property on a continuation she					
11. Form	Prepared By						
name/title	Pat Grantier						
organizati	on Friends o	f the Dickinson Library				date2006	
street & n	umber 107 W	Avenue A	telephone	(701)22	22-0970		
city or tow	n Bismarck			state <u>NI</u>)	zip code	58501
	1.0			_			
	al Documenta ollowing items w	tion ith the completed form:					
Continua	tion Sheets						
Maps A USG	S map (7.5 or	15 minute series) indicati	ng the property's lo	cation.			
	and the second se	storic districts and property			imerous re	sources.	
Photogra	phs						
Repres	entative black	and white photographs of	of the property.				
Additiona	al items						
(Check with	h the SHPO or I	FPO for any additional items)					
Property	Owner			_			
	his item at the req ity of Dickinso	uest of the SHPO or FPO.) on					
street & n	umber <u>99 2nd</u>	Street East			_ telepho	ne	
city or tow	vn <u>Dickinsor</u>	1		sta	ate <u>ND</u>	zip code	59601
							atura da Marina da An
		s information is being collected for applications to equired to obtain a benefit in accordance with the				g or determine eligibility for I	isting, to list properties, and to an
	egarding this burden estim	rting burden for this form is estimated to average ate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Admin Washington, DC 20503.					

Section number 8, 9, 10 Page 6

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND

Statement of Significance (continued)

expansion and renovation work. Hattie Starcher, daughter of Joe Ridl Jr., left 1/3 of her estate to the library to set up a memorial to her family. The share from this estate consisted of nearly \$55,000.00 plus mineral interests. The mineral leases are located in the Eland Field, a top producing oil field west of Dickinson. The monthly oil royalty checks have been invested by the Foundation and these funds are being used to fund the Library Expansion and Renovation, as well as the funds from other estates including the Frederick S. Messersmith Estate.

Always seeking to meet community needs, the library is open Sunday afternoons, Labor Day through May, as well as every day of the week, a boon to those for whom Sunday afternoons spent alone can get very long. The Library maintains a webpage at <u>www.dickinsonlibrary.com</u> and indicates the degree to which the library has kept abreast of current technology and provides the broadest possible information for its patrons. The Dickinson Library, for nearly 100 years, has been a center of community spirit--a place where all feel welcome and are served. Its importance to the Dickinson area's social and cultural history is indisputable. As James Sperry noted in his 1989 nomination of multiple properties/philanthropically sponsored libraries, "Extant Carnegie libraries in Dickinson and Devils Lake present good integrity and are currently eligible for nomination." Recent refurbishment enhances the building integrity further, and the building usage remains a public library, the purpose for which it was built.

Bibliography

Cole, Janell, editor. Centennial Roundup a history of Dickinson, North Dakota. Assumption Abbey Press. 1982

Dickinson Press newspaper, Dickinson, ND 58601. Issues from February, March, April 1908; October 1909, January 1910

"Historical and Architectural Survey of Portions of Dickinson, North Dakota." Prepared by Cultural Research and Management, Inc. for State Historical Society of North Dakota. 1983

"Queen City of the Prairies." Promotional brochure. 1915

Sperry, James, State Historic Preservation Officer (North Dakota) "National Register of Historic Places Multiple Property Documentation Form for Philanthropically established libraries in North Dakota." Especially, Page G 2. November 21, 1989

Veigel, L.W. and committee. <u>People and Places...</u>a walking tour of the original plat prepared for the Dickinson Centennial celebration. Brochure. 1982.

Verbal boundary description

Original Building Occupies Lots 23 and 24 of Block 16 of Original Plat of the City of Dickinson.

Verbal boundary justification

Addition occupies Lots 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22 of Block 16, Original Plat.

Section number Floor Plan Upper Level Page 7

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND



Section number Floor Plan Lower Level Page 8

Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library Stark County, ND



United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Name of Property

County and State

Section number _____ Page

Name of multiple property listing (if applicable)

SUPPLEMENTARY LISTING RECORD

NRIS Reference Number: 08000735

Property Name: Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library

County: Stark State: North Dakota

Multiple Name: Philanthropically Established Libraries in North Dakota

.....

This property is listed in the National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the attached nomination documentation subject to the following exceptions, exclusions, or amendments, notwithstanding the National Park Service certification included in the nomination documentation.

July 31, 2008 Date of Action Signature of the Keeper

Amended Items in Nomination:

Section 3. Certification

The level of significance is, hereby, amended to recognize the building's significance at the local level commensurate with the level of documentation presented in the nomination.

Section 10: Geographical Data

On Page 6, the statement under the Boundary Justification that the library addition occupies Lots 16 thru 22 of Block 16, Original Plat, is, hereby, moved to the entry for the Verbal Boundary Description, and the following is, hereby, entered as the new justification: "The nominated parcel includes the land historically associated with the 1908 1 ibrary and its additions."

The staff of the North Dakota State Historic Society was notified of this amendment.

DISTRIBUTION: National Register property file Nominating Authority (without nomination attachment) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

> NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION

PROPERTY Dickinson (Carnegie Area) Public Library NAME:

MULTIPLE Philanthropically Established Libraries in North Dakota MPS NAME:

STATE & COUNTY: NORTH DAKOTA, Stark

DATE RECEIVED	6/18/08	DATE OF	PENDING LIST:	7/08/08
DATE OF 16TH		DATE OF	45TH DAY:	8/01/08
DATE OF WEEKL	Y LIST:			

REFERENCE NUMBER: 08000735

REASONS FOR REVIEW:

APPEAL:	N	DATA PROBLEM:	N	LANDSCAPE:	N	LESS THAN 50 YEARS:	N
OTHER :						PROGRAM UNAPPROVED:	
REQUEST:	Y	SAMPLE:	N	SLR DRAFT:	Y	NATIONAL:	N

COMMENTEWAIVER anNoropically Established

ACCEPT RETURN REJECT DATE

ummary: This Carnegie Library was built in 1908-10 ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS: and has served the community for almost one full conterry. It is all my rear the local level social architecture at although the certification period of 318 rignificance). This Dunding ice ito 40 imphasis 10 p as an 's Next the building RECOM. / CRITERIA prese and recent although Attis DISCIPLINE REVIEWER nomination is poorly on DATE TELEPHONE DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR/Y/N by the MPS If a nomination is returned to the nominating authority, the the unjo. Wet nomination is no longer under consideration by the NPS. to demonstructe sugibility

prexent



Dickinson Carnegie Arca Pablic Library Philantheopically Est. Libraries in ND Stark County, ND Ron Sticka North Side Camera Pointing South 1 of 6



Dickinson Carnegie Area Public Library Philantropically Est. Librarius in ND Stark County, ND Ron Sticka North Facade, Camero pointing S 2 of 6



Dickinson Carnegie Area-Public Library Philanthropically Est. Libraries in ND Stark-County, ND Ron Sticka West Facade, Camero-printing East #3 of 6



Dickinson Carnigie Area Public Library Philanthropically Est. Libraries in ND Stark County, ND Ron Sticka Interior, 1908 Building, Camera points W #4 of 6



Dickinson Carnegie Area Public Library Philantropically Est. Libraries in ND Stark County, ND Ron Sticka Historic Photo Interior Camera pointing West # 5 of 6



Dickinson Carnegie Area Public Library Philanthropically Est. Libraries in ND Stark County, ND Ron Sticka Interior, Original Fireplace, Camera pointing # 6 of 6







John Hoeven Governor of North Dakota

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Douglass Prchal Director Parks and Recreation Department

Francis Ziegler Director Department of Transportation

> Merlan E. Paaverud, Jr. Director

> > Accredited by the American Association of Museums

June 12, 2008

TO: Keeper, National Register of Historic P				
FROM:	Merlan E. Paaverud, Jr./Amy Munson	AND		
DATE:	June 12, 2008			
SUBJECT:	National Register Nomination			

The following materials are submitted on June 12, 2008, for nomination of the <u>Dickinson</u> (<u>Carnegie Area</u>) <u>Public Library, Stark County, ND</u> to the National Register of Historic Places.

1 National Register of Historic Places nomination form on archival paper

Multiple Property Nomination form on archival paper

6 Photographs, black and white

1 Original USGS map(s)

Sketch map(s)/figure(s)/exhibit(s)

Piece of correspondence

1 Other: Photo CD

COMMENTS:

Please insure that this nomination is reviewed

This property has been certified under 36 CFR 67

The enclosed owner objections _____ do ____ do not constitute a majority of property owners

Other: